## File Handling

## 1. File1.c //reading character from file and displaying it

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  FILE *file;
   file= fopen("G:\\CProgram\\Hello1.c", "r+");
  if (file == NULL) {
     printf("File not found or could not be opened.\n");
     return 1;
  // Read and display initial content
  char ch;
  while ((ch = fgetc(file)) != EOF) {
     putchar(ch);
  // Move the file pointer to the beginning
  rewind(file);
  // Write to the file
  fprintf(file, "Hello, World!");
  fclose(file);
  return 0;
```

## 2. reading string from file and displaying it File2.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    FILE *file = fopen("G:\\CProgram\\data2.txt", "r");
    if (file == NULL) {
        printf("File not found.\n");
        return 1;
    }
    char line[100];
    while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), file) != NULL) {
        printf("%s", line);
    }
    fclose(file);
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

## 3. writing string to the file

```
//Print String
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  // Open file in write mode
  FILE *file = fopen("G:\\CProgram\\example100.txt", "w+");
  if (file == NULL) {
    puts("Error opening file");
    return 1;
  }
  // String to write
  char str[] = "Hello, this is a test string.";
  // Write string to the file
  if (fputs(str, file) == EOF) {
     printf("Error writing to file");
    fclose(file);
    return 1;
  }
  printf("String written to the file successfully.\n");
  // Close the file
  fclose(file);
```

```
return 0;
}
4. writing multiple lines of string to the file
// read paragraph
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  // Open file in write mode
  FILE *file = fopen("G:\\CProgram\\example5.txt", "w");
  if (file == NULL) {
    puts("Error opening file");
    return 1;
  }
  // Array of strings to write
  char *lines[50] = {
     "Line 1: Writing strings to a file.\n",
     "Line 2: Using fputs() in C.\n",
     "Line 3: End of file.\n"
  };
  // Write each string to the file
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
     if (fputs(lines[i], file) == EOF) {
       perror("Error writing to file");
       fclose(file);
       return 1;
    }
```

```
}
  printf("Strings written to the file successfully.\n");
  // Close the file
  fclose(file);
  return 0;
}
5. writing records to the file using fwrite ,fprintf
//Read structure
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Record {
  int id;
  char name[50];
  float salary;
};
int main() {
  struct Record rec;
  FILE *file;
  // Writing records to a text file
  file = fopen("G:\\CProgram\\records.txt", "w+");
  if (file == NULL) {
    puts("Error opening file for writing");
    return 1;
```

```
}
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
  printf("Enter details for record %d:\n", i + 1);
  printf("ID: ");
  scanf("%d", &rec.id);
  printf("Name: ");
  scanf(" %[^\n]", rec.name);
  printf("Salary: ");
  scanf("%f", &rec.salary);
  // Write the record to the file
  fprintf(file, "%d %s %.2f\n", rec.id, rec.name, rec.salary);
}
fclose(file);
// Reading records from the text file
file = fopen("G:\\CProgram\\records.txt", "r");
if (file == NULL) {
  perror("Error opening file for reading");
  return 1;
}
printf("\nRecords in the file:\n");
while (fscanf(file, "%d %49s %f", &rec.id, rec.name, &rec.salary) == 3) {
  printf("ID: %d, Name: %s, Salary: %.2f\n", rec.id, rec.name, rec.salary);
}
fclose(file);
```

```
return 0;
}
```