CO4 In an industry, there are only three consumers - A, B and C and only three [05] Q3. firms - X, Y and Z. The demand functions for the three consumers are: $Q_A = 130 - 0.2P$

 $Q_B = 50 - 0.4P$

 $Q_C = 70 - 0.4P - 0.05P^2$

The supply functions for the three firms are:

 $Q_X = 100 + 0.5P$

 $Q_Y = 50 + 0.5P$

 $Q_Z = 50 + 1.5P + 0.1P^2$

Calculate the equilibrium price of the product

CO₄ After a careful statistical analysis Nazareth & Co., concludes that the demand 1051 Q4. function for its product is Q = 500 - 3P + 2Pr + 0.11; where, Q is the quantity demanded of its product, P is the price of its product, Pr is the price of its rival 's product and I is the per capita disposable income. At present P = Rs. 10, Pr = Rs. 20 and I = Rs. 6000.

What is the cross elasticity of demand between the firm's product and the rival's product?

Let's say a financial analyst at XYZ Corporation wants to predict the revenue Q5. [06] for XYZ's new product line, Alpha Electronics, for the upcoming year. She holds the belief that the data from the last 12 quarters of sales (as displayed in the following presentation) accurately reflects what can be expected for next year's sales. Calculate seasonal index. Formulate the regression equation using seasonal index and estimate the next year sales.

Quarterly Sales					
Year	Q1	Q2	Q3	04	
1	46	51	90	70	
2	48	53	95	67	
3	50	55	97	73	

CO5

Er. No. 2111083 Academic Year: 2023-24

Jaypee University of Engineering & Technology, Guna

T-2 (Odd Semester 2023)

21B14HS547 - Concept of Economics

Maximum Duration: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 25

Notes:

- 1. This question paper has 05 questions.
- 2. Write relevant answers only.
- 3. Do not write anything on question paper (Except your Er. No.).
- 4. Calculator is allowed.

in Rs 340 is:

		Marks	CO No.
Q1.	Consider the demand equation Q = 10P-2.5, where Q is quantity demanded and P is the selling price. Calculate the point-price elasticity of demand	[04]	СОЗ
Q2.	Vinod has a monthly income of Rs 340. Being an addict to fruit juices, he spends all his income on Apple, Mango and Orange juices. The prevailing prices of Apple, Mango and Orange juices are Rs 20, Rs 40 and Rs 50 per bottle, respectively. The total utility school of the control of the cont	[05]	CO4

Bottles Total Utility (Utils) Consumed Apple Juice Mango Juice Orange Juice 1 140 170 320 2 260 330 580 3 340 420 820 4 410 500 1020 5 460 570 1180 6 500 630 1300 7 520 670 1360

bottle, respectively. The total utility schedule of Vinod is given below. Vinod spent Rs 340 to achieve the maximum utility. The total utility that Vinod got