```
import numpy as np # importing numpy module.
np.__version__ #numpy version
→ 12 0 21
list_new = [1,2,3,4,5] #declaring a list and assigning to numpy
numpy_array_new = np.array(list_new) # declaring as array in numpy
print(array_new)
→ [1 2 3 4 5]
#creating 2D array
array_2D = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]])
print(array_2D)
→ [[1 2 3]
      [4 5 6]]
# creating 3D array
array_3D = np.array([[[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]]])
print(array_3D)
→ [[[1 2 3]
       [4 5 6]
       [7 8 9]]]
# dtype
array_dtype_int = np.array([1,2,3], dtype=int)
print(array_dtype_int)
array_dtype_float = np.array([1,2,3], dtype=float)
print(array_dtype_float)
array_dtype_complex = np.array([1,2,3], dtype=complex)
print(array_dtype_complex)
array_dtype_bool = np.array([1,2,4,5,0], dtype=bool)
print(array_dtype_bool)
→ [1 2 3]
    [1. 2. 3.]
     [1.+0.j 2.+0.j 3.+0.j]
    [ True True True False]
Start coding or generate with AI.
# example for arange in numpy
numpy_arange = np.arange(7)
numpy_array_new
\Rightarrow array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
numpy_arange_2 = np.arange(7,2)
numpy_arange_2
→ array([], dtype=int64)
np.arange(1,25,2)
\rightarrow array([ 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23])
np.arange(1,11).reshape(5,2) # prints a 2D matrices
→ array([[ 1, 2],
           [ 3, 4],
[ 5, 6],
            [ 7, 8],
[ 9, 10]])
```

```
np.zeros((4,5)) # printing a 4X5 matrices with float zeros
→ array([[0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]])
np.zeros([4,5], dtype='int32')
\rightarrow array([[0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
            [0, 0, 0, 0, 0]], dtype=int32)
# np.ones and np.zeros
np.ones((5,5), dtype=float) # prints ones
\rightarrow array([[1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
            [1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
            [1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
            [1., 1., 1., 1., 1.],
[1., 1., 1., 1., 1.]])
np.ones((5,5), dtype=int) # prints ones as int
\Rightarrow array([[1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
            [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
            [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
            [1, 1, 1, 1, 1],
            [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]])
np.ones((5,5), dtype=bool) # prints ones as bool
⇒ array([[ True, True, True, True],
              True, True, True,
                                    True,
                                           True],
            [ True, True, True, True, True], [ True, True, True, True, True, True, True, True],
            [ True, True, True, True]])
np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5) # reshape (should be a correct multiples for forming matrix)
[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# Another Type --> random()
np.random.random((4,3))
→ array([[0.49779078, 0.48233881, 0.8649055],
            [0.24197386, 0.4710522, 0.42753976],
            [0.0461131 , 0.8895131 , 0.41924359],
            [0.31095083, 0.14695276, 0.8225554 ]])
np.ndarray
→ numpy.ndarray
b = np.random.randint(10,20,(5,4))
→ array([[17, 14, 13, 19],
            [16, 13, 12, 12],
            [18, 19, 11, 13],
            [13, 15, 11, 10],
            [19, 15, 11, 16]])
b[1:3]
\rightarrow array([[16, 13, 12, 12],
           [18, 19, 11, 13]])
b[1, 0]
→ np.int64(16)
```

```
b[0:-2]
⇒ array([[17, 14, 13, 19], [16, 13, 12, 12],
             [18, 19, 11, 13]])
# trying with 10 X 10 matrix
arr2 = np.random.randint(0,100,(10,10))
arr2
→ array([[20, 86, 61, 9, 77, 63, 11, 20, 0, 33],
             [78, 94, 21, 33, 81, 24, 6, 10, 6, 56],
             [16, 32, 8, 62, 79, 70, 24, 26, 3, 58],
             [39, 68, 7, 84, 49, 5, 41, 46, 89, 66],
             [40, 33, 66, 2, 36, 19, 35, 74, 6, 79], [89, 64, 59, 86, 13, 72, 3, 49, 5, 49],
             [25, 17, 55, 50, 9, 31, 48, 59, 61, 22],
             [81, 8, 95, 77, 79, 23, 98, 16, 70, 79],
             [94, 32, 5, 34, 58, 88, 22, 1, 50, 77],
             [96, 15, 46, 53, 9, 39, 99, 10, 74, 26]])
print(arr2[::-1])
→ [[96 15 46 53 9 39 99 10 74 26]
      [94 32 5 34 58 88 22 1 50 77]
      [81 8 95 77 79 23 98 16 70 79]
      [25 17 55 50 9 31 48 59 61 22]
      [89 64 59 86 13 72 3 49 5 49]
      [40 33 66 2 36 19 35 74 6 79]
       [39 68 7 84 49 5 41 46 89 66]
      [16 32 8 62 79 70 24 26 3 58]
      [78 94 21 33 81 24 6 10 6 56]
      [20 86 61 9 77 63 11 20 0 33]]
print(arr2[::-2])
→ [[96 15 46 53 9 39 99 10 74 26]
      [81 8 95 77 79 23 98 16 70 79]
      [89 64 59 86 13 72 3 49 5 49]
      [39 68 7 84 49 5 41 46 89 66]
      [78 94 21 33 81 24 6 10 6 56]]
print(arr2[::-3])
⋽ [[96 15 46 53 9 39 99 10 74 26]
      [25 17 55 50 9 31 48 59 61 22]
      [39 68 7 84 49 5 41 46 89 66]
      [20 86 61 9 77 63 11 20 0 33]]
#arr2[0:10:3]
# This slices rows from index 0 to 9, taking 3rd row
→ array([[20, 86, 61, 9, 77, 63, 11, 20, 0, 33],
             [78, 94, 21, 33, 81, 24, 6, 10, 6, 56],
             [16, 32, 8, 62, 79, 70, 24, 26, 3, 58],
             [39, 68, 7, 84, 49, 5, 41, 46, 89, 66],
             [40, 33, 66, 2, 36, 19, 35, 74, 6, 79],
             [89, 64, 59, 86, 13, 72, 3, 49, 5, 49],
             [25, 17, 55, 50, 9, 31, 48, 59, 61, 22], [81, 8, 95, 77, 79, 23, 98, 16, 70, 79], [94, 32, 5, 34, 58, 88, 22, 1, 50, 77], [96, 15, 46, 53, 9, 39, 99, 10, 74, 26]])
arr2[0:10:3]
→ array([[20, 86, 61, 9, 77, 63, 11, 20, 0, 33],
             [39, 68, 7, 84, 49, 5, 41, 46, 89, 66], [25, 17, 55, 50, 9, 31, 48, 59, 61, 22], [96, 15, 46, 53, 9, 39, 99, 10, 74, 26]])
arr2[0:10:4]
→ array([[20, 86, 61, 9, 77, 63, 11, 20, 0, 33],
             [40, 33, 66, 2, 36, 19, 35, 74, 6, 79],
             [94, 32, 5, 34, 58, 88, 22, 1, 50, 77]])
arr2
```

array([[20, 86, 61, 9, 77, 63, 11, 20, 0, 33], [78, 94, 21, 33, 81, 24, 6, 10, 6, 56],

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1D1U5RRFex34KHCzSXZJHf0yzrmFM1RoY#scrollTo=-CuQod4OF8em&printMode=true

```
[16, 32, 8, 62, 79, 70, 24, 26, 3, 58],
             [39, 68, 7, 84, 49, 5, 41, 46, 89, 66],
             [40, 33, 66, 2, 36, 19, 35, 74, 6, 79],
             [89, 64, 59, 86, 13, 72, 3, 49, 5, 49],
             [25, 17, 55, 50, 9, 31, 48, 59, 61, 22],
             [81, 8, 95, 77, 79, 23, 98, 16, 70, 79],
[94, 32, 5, 34, 58, 88, 22, 1, 50, 77],
[96, 15, 46, 53, 9, 39, 99, 10, 74, 26]])
Numpy Array Functions
print(arr2.max())
→ 99
print(arr2.min())
→ 0
print(arr2.mean())
→ 44.71
print(arr2.mode())
     AttributeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-85-e65b1ba001bc> in <cell line: 0>()
      ----> 1 print(arr2.mode())
     AttributeError: 'numpy.ndarray' object has no attribute 'mode'
 Next steps: (Explain error
from numpy import \ast
a = median(arr2)
→ np.float64(43.5)
arr2
\rightarrow array([[20, 86, 61, 9, 77, 63, 11, 20, 0, 33],
             [78, 94, 21, 33, 81, 24, 6, 10, 6, 56],
             [16, 32, 8, 62, 79, 70, 24, 26,
                                                  3, 58],
             [39, 68, 7, 84, 49, 5, 41, 46, 89, 66], [40, 33, 66, 2, 36, 19, 35, 74, 6, 79],
             [89, 64, 59, 86, 13, 72, 3, 49, 5, 49],
             [25, 17, 55, 50, 9, 31, 48, 59, 61, 22],
             [81, 8, 95, 77, 79, 23, 98, 16, 70, 79],
             [94, 32, 5, 34, 58, 88, 22, 1, 50, 77],
             [96, 15, 46, 53, 9, 39, 99, 10, 74, 26]])
row = 5
col = 6
print(arr2[row,col])
→ 3
print(arr2[6,5])
→ 31
print(arr2[5:6, 2:3])
→ [[59]]
arr2[7:10]
\Rightarrow array([[81, 8, 95, 77, 79, 23, 98, 16, 70, 79],
             [94, 32, 5, 34, 58, 88, 22, 1, 50, 77],
[96, 15, 46, 53, 9, 39, 99, 10, 74, 26]])
arr2[:,col] # prints the column as blow is the result of column
```

```
\rightarrow array([11, 6, 24, 41, 35, 3, 48, 98, 22, 99])
print(row)
print(col)
→ 5
print(arr2[row,:])
→ [89 64 59 86 13 72 3 49 5 49]
print(arr2[:,-1])
→ [33 56 58 66 79 49 22 79 77 26]
print(arr2[:])
→ [[20 86 61 9 77 63 11 20 0 33]
     [78 94 21 33 81 24 6 10 6 56]
     [16 32 8 62 79 70 24 26 3 58]
     [39 68 7 84 49 5 41 46 89 66]
     [40 33 66 2 36 19 35 74 6 79]
     [89 64 59 86 13 72 3 49 5 49]
     [25 17 55 50 9 31 48 59 61 22]
     [81 8 95 77 79 23 98 16 70 79]
     [94 32 5 34 58 88 22 1 50 77]
```

Masking:

[96 15 46 53 9 39 99 10 74 26]]

Masking means applying a condition to a numpy arry to filter/select elements based on True/False values.

arr2 > 50 # This will just set the values greater than 50 to True and 50 and less than to False

```
Fr array([[False, True, True, False, True, False, F
                                          [ True, True, False, False, False, False, False, False,
                                                True],
                                          [False, False, False, True, True, False, False, False,
                                                True],
                                          [False, True, False, True, False, False, False, True,
                                                True],
                                          [False, False, True, False, False, False, True, False,
                                                True],
                                          [ True, True, True, False, True, False, False, False,
                                              False],
                                          [False, False, True, False, False, False, True, True,
                                              False],
                                          [ True, False, True, True, False, True, False, True,
                                                 True],
                                          [ True, False, False, False, True, True, False, False, False,
                                                 True],
                                          [ True, False, False, True, False, True, False, True,
                                             False]])
```

print(arr2[arr2 > 50]) # this would give the values greater than 50

```
      186
      61
      77
      63
      78
      94
      81
      56
      62
      79
      70
      58
      68
      84
      89
      66
      66
      74
      79
      89
      64
      59
      86
      72

      55
      59
      61
      81
      95
      77
      79
      98
      70
      79
      94
      58
      88
      77
      96
      53
      99
      74
```

Start coding or $\underline{\text{generate}}$ with AI.