DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING ACHARYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BANGALORE-560107



Presentation on

"SPARSHA"

'Assistive Device for Blind-Deaf Person to shop at Supermarket'

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Problem Statement

"TO DESIGN AND DEVELOP A DEVICE FOR ASSISTING A BLIND-DEAF PERSON IN HIS/HER SHOPPING AT SUPERMARKET THAT INCLUDES SELECTING A PRODUCT AND VALIDATING TRANSACTION I.E., PAID AND RETURN AMOUNT(CASH)"

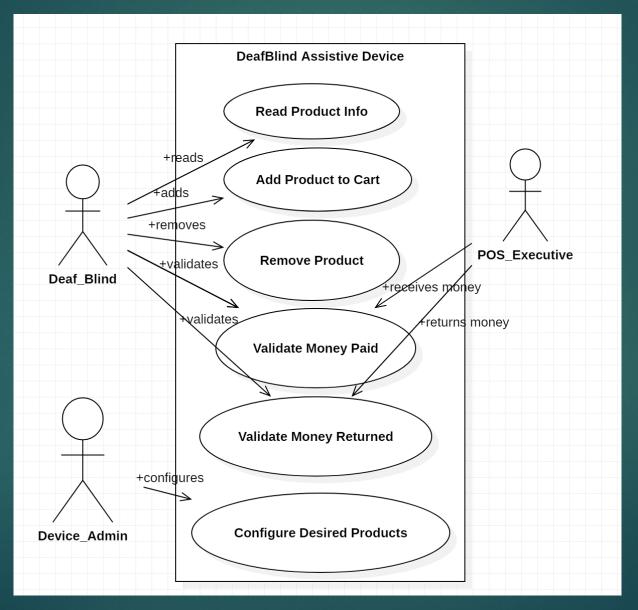
Agenda

- > FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT
- > FLOWCHART
- > ARCHITECTURES
- > ALGORITHMS
- > DETAILED DESIGN

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

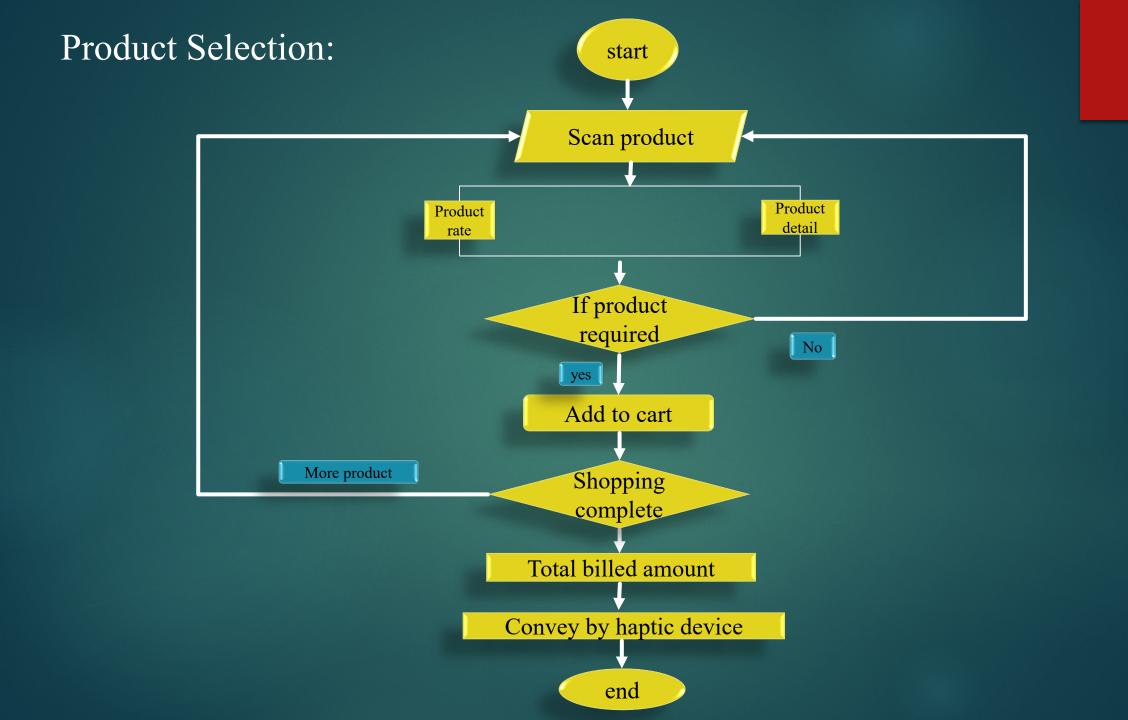
- Read Product Info: <<Deaf_Blind_Person>> Read the product information and convey by braille haptic device
- Add Product to Cart: <<Deaf_Blind_Person>> This should increment the amount automatically
- Remove Product from Cart: <<Deaf_Blind_Person>> This should decrement the amount automatically
- Scan the denomination << Deaf_Blind_Person, POS_Executive>> and convey by braille haptic device
 - Conveys the total billed amount
 - Alarm if amount does not tally
 - Alarm if Paid amount is more than billed amount
- Scan the return denomination and convey by braille haptic device <<Deaf_Blind_Person, POS_Executive>>
- Upload required configuration data to the device << Device_Admin>>

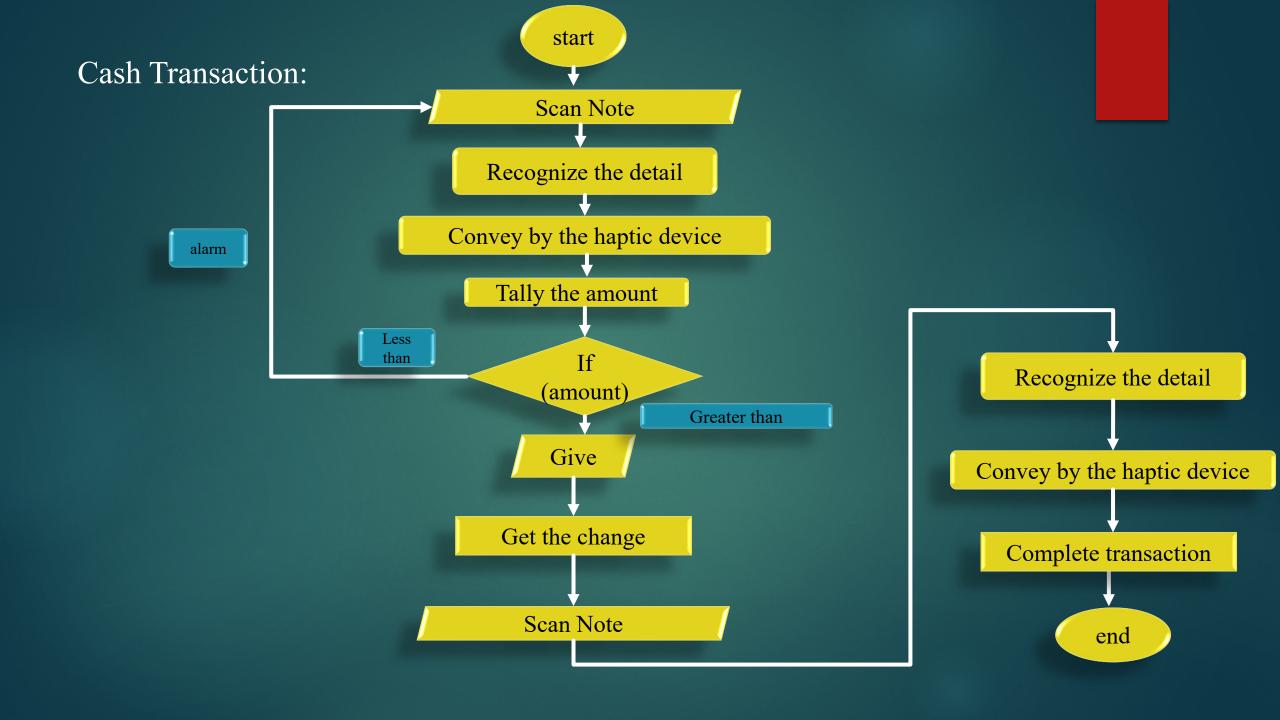
Functional Requirements - Use Case Diagram



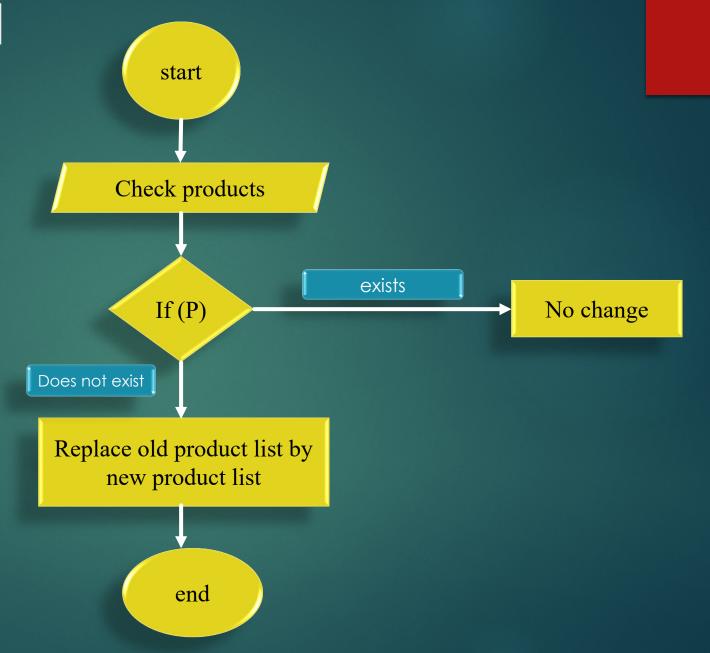
FLOWCHART

- ▶ Product Selection
- Cash Transaction
- ▶ Product Upload

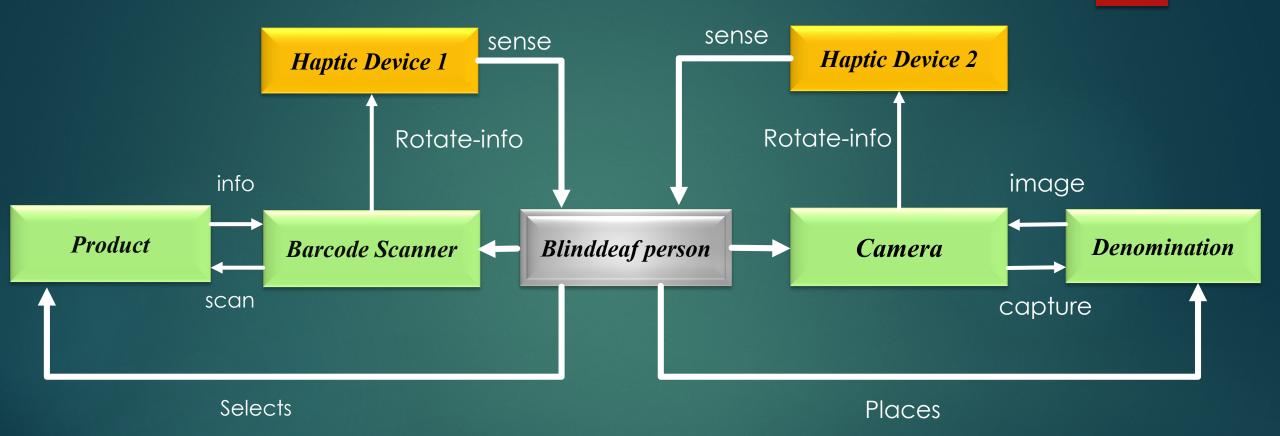




Product upload



Architecture



Algorithms:

- ▶ Algorithm for developing Barcode Recognition system.
- Scale-invariant feature transform(SIFT) algorithm for feature detection
- ▶ Image Hashing
- Arduino and RF Transmitter Receiver Module
- Customized algorithm for motor rotation

1. Algorithm for developing Barcode Recognition system.

- ▶ It involves two steps for automatic scanning of all the barcodes:
 - 1. To find the position of a barcode
 - 2. To decode the barcode.
- Steps involved
 - 1. Cropping
 - 2. Contrast Enhancement
 - 3. Converting to ideal barcode image
 - 4. Edge detection

2. Scale-invariant feature transform (SIFT) algorithm for feature detection

- ► The scale-invariant feature transform (SIFT) is a feature detection algorithm in computer vision to detect and describe local featurees in images.
- Steps involved
 - 1. Scale-space Extrema Detection
 - 2. Keypoint Localization
 - 3. Orientation Assignment
 - 4. Keypoint Descriptor
 - 5. Keypoint Matching

3. Image Hashing

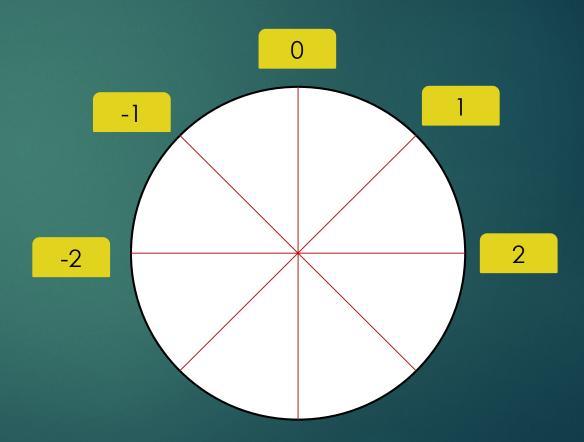
- Perceptual hash algorithms describe a class of comparable hash functions. Features in the image are used to generate a distinct integer and these integers are comparable.
- Steps involved
 - 1. Reduce size.
 - 2. Reduce color.
 - 3. Average the colors.
 - 4. Compute the bits
 - 5. Construct the hash

4. Arduino and RF Transmitter Receiver Module

- RF Module comprises of a transmitter and a receiver that operate at a radio frequency range
- Arduino is a low cost solution for microcontroller applications with open source hardware and software. Arduino can be used in many small to real time applications with simple programming and hardware components.
- By combining the two objects i.e. wireless communication with Arduino, we can create a wide range of applications like simple data transfer.

5. Customized algorithm for motor rotation

```
rotate(curr_slot,dest_slot)
{
    curr_slot=0;
    new_dest=dest_slot-curr_slot;
    curr_slot=new_dest;
}
```



DETAILED DESIGN

▶ Haptic device 1 : For product selection



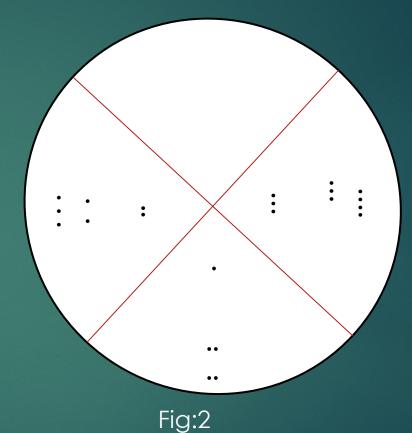




Fig:3

- 1. Outer disc of the Haptic device
- 2. Inner disc of the Haptic device
- 3. Stepper motor for rotation

▶ Haptic device 2: Cash Transaction



Fig:1

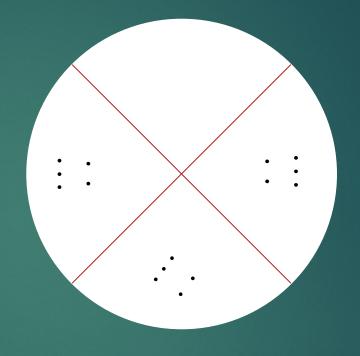


Fig:2



Fig:3

- 1. Outer disc of the Haptic device
- 2. Inner disc of the Haptic device
- 3. Stepper motor for rotation

Final Design:

20 inch

Haptic device 1 Haptic device 2 15 inch To Capture note **Product Scanner** inch **SPARSHA**

4 inch

8 inch

6 inch

References:

- 1. https://www.pyimagesearch.com/
- 2. https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~ajitvr/CS763/SIFT.pdf
- 3. How-To: Python Compare Two Images by Adrian Rosebrock
- 4. Robust Digital Image Hashing Algorithms for Image Identification by Xudong Lv

THANK YOU