1: Take a number n from the user and print all the even numbers between 1 and n(inclusive). Do this using while and do while loop separately.

Using while loop:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number (n): ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    int i = 1;
    cout << "Even numbers between 1 and " << n << ": ";</pre>
    while (i <= n) {
         if (i % 2 == 0) {
            cout << i << " <u>"</u>;
         i++;
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Using do while loop:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number (n): ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    int i = 1;
    cout << "Even numbers between 1 and " << n << ": ";
    do {
        if (i % 2 == 0) {
            cout << i << " ";
        }
        i++;
    } while (i <= n);</pre>
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

2: Find the factorial of a number n using a while loop and do a while loop.

Using while loop:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number (n): ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    int factorial = 1;
    int i = 1;
    while (i <= n) {
        factorial *= i;
        i++;
    }
    cout << "Factorial of " << n << " is: " <<</pre>
factorial << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

Using do While loop:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number (n): ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    int factorial = 1;
    int i = 1;
    do {
         factorial *= i;
         i++;
    } while (i <= n);</pre>
    cout << "Factorial of " << n << " is: " <<</pre>
factorial << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

3: Given a number n, print all the numbers from 1 to n(inclusive) which are not divisible by 3 and 5. (use Continue here).

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number (n): ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    cout << "Numbers from 1 to " << n << " not divisible by</pre>
3 and 5: ";
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        if (i % 3 == 0 && i % 5 == 0) {
             continue; // Skip numbers divisible by both 3
and 5
        cout << i << " ";
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

4: Given a number n, print the corresponding month of it. For n=1, print Jan, n=2, print Feb..., if the user puts any invalid number, don't do anything. (Use switch here)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number (1-12): ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    cout << "Month: ";</pre>
    switch (n) {
         case 1:
             cout << "Jan";</pre>
              break;
         case 2:
             cout << "Feb";</pre>
              break;
         case 3:
              cout << "Mar";</pre>
              break;
         case 4:
              cout << "Apr";</pre>
              break;
         case 5:
             cout << "May";</pre>
             break;
         case 6:
              cout << "Jun";</pre>
```

```
break;
         case 7:
              cout << "Jul";</pre>
              break;
         case 8:
              cout << "Aug";</pre>
              break;
         case 9:
              cout << "Sep";</pre>
              break;
         case 10:
              cout << "Oct";</pre>
              break;
         case 11:
              cout << "Nov";</pre>
              break;
         case 12:
              cout << "Dec";</pre>
              break;
         default:
             // Handle invalid input (numbers not in
the range 1-12)
              break;
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

5: Print all the Capital and small letters using a while loop. It means A-Z, then a-z.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    char uppercase = 'A';
    char lowercase = 'a';
    cout << "Uppercase letters (A-Z): ";</pre>
    while (uppercase <= 'Z') {</pre>
         cout << uppercase << " ";</pre>
         uppercase++;
    }
    cout << "\nLowercase letters (a-z): ";</pre>
    while (lowercase <= 'z') {</pre>
         cout << lowercase << " ";</pre>
         lowercase++;
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
```

6: Give a number n, find if it is prime or not, use a while loop and break here to solve it.

Logic: We will get the divisor of number till n/2 if there is any. If there is a divisor it's **not a prime number** otherwise it is a **prime number**.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int n;
    cout << "Enter a number (n): ";</pre>
    cin >> n;
    if (n <= 1) {
        cout << n << " is not a prime number." << endl;</pre>
        return 0;
    }
    int i = 2;
    bool isPrime = true;
    while (i \le n / 2) {
        if (n % i == 0) {
```

```
isPrime = false;
    break; // If n is divisible by any number

from 2 to n/2, it's not prime
    }
    i++;
}

if (isPrime) {
    cout << n << " is a prime number." << endl;
} else {
    cout << n << " is not a prime number." << endl;
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```