



# Predictive Analytics and Modelling of Data

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# Knowledge

Unsupervised learning
Clustering
Supervised learning
Regression
Classification

# **Practice**

Data pre-processing

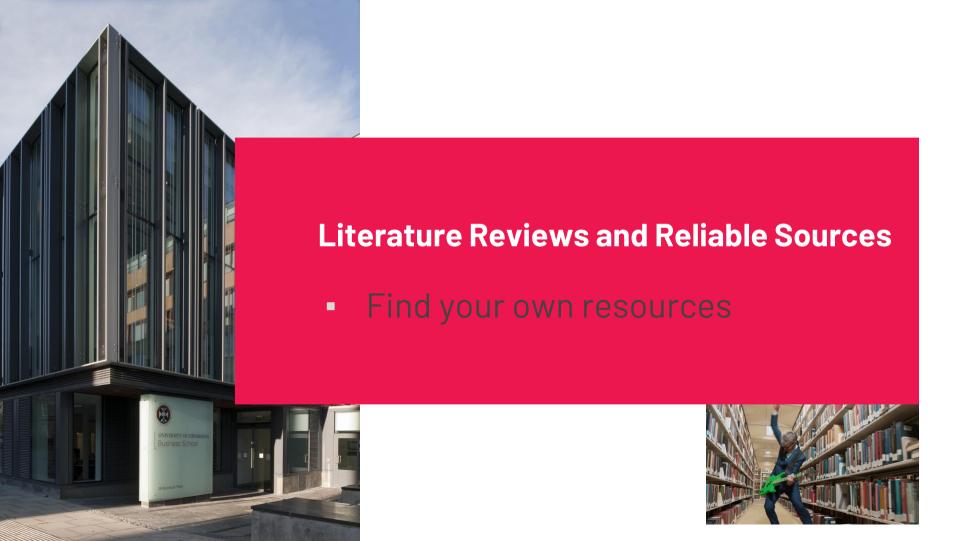
Feature selection

Result visualization

#### **Case Studies**

Exercises Hands-on projects Python Report







# Undertaking a literature review: key principles

- Independent thinking and critical analysis
- Search engines and reliable sources:
  - Wikipedia, especially where provided with adequate referencing
  - Stackoverflow, mathoverflow, math.stackexchange/stats.stackexchange
  - Course notes from universities
    - Implementation note of big software packages (for example, scikit-learn, R, pandas, Weka, and so on).
- Academic and subject-specific sources
  - Google Scholar, Scopus, JSTOR, and DBLP
  - How many works and citations do the authors have.
  - Is it a journal or conference? → impact factor.
    - For conferences, http://portal.core.edu.au/conf-ranks/
  - For journal: journal home page or http://portal.core.edu.au/jnl-ranks/



### Undertaking a literature review: Practice

It might be worthwhile to keep track of the following things in a paper:

- What variables are used in the model?
- How is the pollution measured? What scale is used?
- What dataset is used?
- What other techniques are benchmarked?
- What are the key takeaways?

Try to find 5 academic papers to help determining visitor counts for Edinburgh Castle and filling in the following table:

Source	Application	Technique	Area
Acme Torism Journal	Visitor return rate	Linear regression	Tourism



# **Python and Predictive Modelling**

Play with Python;)



# Python and Predictive Modelling

- Programming languages: Java, C(++), SQL, SAS, Python, R, Scala, MATLAB, ...
- Python & R are both supported by <u>Jupyter (JUlia PYThon R) notebooks</u>
  '\*.ipynb'
- Python modules (library/packages):
  - NumPy: <a href="https://numpy.org/doc/stable/">https://numpy.org/doc/stable/</a>
  - pandas: <a href="https://pandas.pydata.org/">https://pandas.pydata.org/</a>
  - scikit-learn: https://scikit-learn.org/stable/
- Python Programming with Dr Pawel Orzechowski <a href="mailto:rechowski">rechowski</a>



- Study the following file for some basic concepts of python 1-the\_essentials\_of\_python\_reading.ipynb (Optional)
- If you are confident about your programing skill, try directly the exercises in 2 - exercises\_on\_the\_basics\_of\_python\_activity1.ipynb
- You may open the files via Notable
  <a href="https://noteable.edina.ac.uk/login">https://noteable.edina.ac.uk/login</a>
  Or Jupyter Notebook installed on your computer



- Study the following file 3 - numpy\_pandas\_and\_scikit\_learn\_reading.ipynb (Optional)
- Try the following exercise4 trying\_out\_numpy\_pandas\_and\_scikit\_learn\_activity2.ipynb



# Share your experiences on discussion board

- What did you like about the exercises?
- Were there any hard parts?
- Was there anything you could not work out yourself?
- Did you need a lot of external help?



# Application: Predicting visitor count

Imagine that you are **the marketing director of Edinburgh Castle**, you are tasked with analysing the visitor behaviour for marketing purposes.

- Now let's discuss how to proceed:
  - What to predict exactly?
  - What information can be helpful?
  - How to interpret the outcome?
  - How can we use it for marketing purpose?
  - • •



# Application: Predicting visitor count

- Assumptions predict the future based on the past
- Data availability you cannot build a model without data
- Modeling technique- big/small dataset
- Result reliability/interpretation
- ...



