# RWorksheet\_Pastor#4

### Vincent Pastor

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## RWorksheet #4

1. The table below shows the data about shoe size and height. Create a data frame.

```
##
      Shoesize Height Gender Shoe_size Height_ Gender_
## 1
            6.5
                   66.0
                                      13.0
            9.0
## 2
                   68.0
                              F
                                      11.5
                                                 72
                                                           Μ
## 3
            8.5
                   64.5
                              F
                                       8.5
                                                 59
                                                           F
                                                           F
## 4
            8.5
                              F
                                       5.0
                                                 62
                   65.0
           10.5
                   70.0
                                      10.0
                                                 72
                                                           М
## 5
                              М
                                                           F
## 6
            7.0
                   64.0
                              F
                                       6.5
                                                 66
                              F
                                                           F
## 7
            9.5
                   70.0
                                       7.5
                                                 64
## 8
            9.0
                              F
                                       8.5
                  71.0
                                                 67
                                                           М
## 9
           13.0
                   72.0
                              М
                                      10.5
                                                 73
                                                           М
                                                           F
## 10
            7.5
                   64.0
                                       8.5
                              F
                                                 69
                                                 72
## 11
           10.5
                   74.5
                              Μ
                                      10.5
                                                           М
                                                 70
                                                           M
## 12
            8.5
                   67.0
                                      11.0
## 13
           12.0
                   71.0
                                       9.0
                                                 69
                                                           Μ
                              М
## 14
           10.5
                   71.0
                              М
                                      13.0
                                                 70
```

# a. Describe the data. - The data shows the different shoe size among male and female in different hei

b. Find the mean of shoe size and height of the respondents. Copy the codes and results.

```
mean1 <- mean(Shoesize)
mean1

## [1] 9.321429

mean2 <- mean(Shoe_size)
mean2

## [1] 9.5

result1 <- c(mean1, mean2)
result1</pre>
```

```
## [1] 9.321429 9.500000
# Total shoe size mean.
shoemean <- mean(result1)</pre>
shoemean
## [1] 9.410714
mean3 <- mean(Height)
mean3
## [1] 68.42857
mean4 <- mean(Height_)</pre>
mean4
## [1] 68.71429
result2 <- c(mean3, mean4)
result2
## [1] 68.42857 68.71429
# Total height mean.
heightmean <- mean(result2)
heightmean
## [1] 68.57143
  c. Is there a relationship between shoe size and height? Why? -
gtm <- mean(c(shoemean, heightmean))</pre>
gtm
## [1] 38.99107
```

Yes, there is a relationship between shoe size and height, the shoe sizes is big when the respondents is also tall. If the height of the respondents is below 70.0 their shoe size will be small.

## **FACTORS**

## [15] May

August

## [22] November February

July

April

2.Construct character vector months to a factor with factor() and assign the result to factor\_months\_vector. Print out factor\_months\_vector and assert that R prints out the factor levels below the actual values. Consider data consisting of the names of months:

August

August

September

3. Then check the summary() of the months\_vector and factor\_months\_vector. Interpret the results of both vectors. Are they both equally useful in this case?

December

## 11 Levels: April August December February January July March May ... September

```
smry <- summary(months_vector)</pre>
smry
##
      Length
                  Class
                              Mode
##
          24 character character
smry2 <- summary(factor_months_vector)</pre>
smry2
##
                 August December February
                                                 January
                                                                July
                                                                          March
       April
                                                                                       May
##
                       4
##
                October September
    November
##
            5
                       1
4. Create a vector and factor for the table below.
factor_data <- c("East" = '1', "West" = '4', "North" = '3')</pre>
factor_data
##
   East West North
            "4"
                  "3"
##
     "1"
new_order_data <- factor(factor_data,levels = c("East" = '1', "West" = '4', "North" = '3'))</pre>
print(new_order_data)
##
   East West North
##
       1
              4
## Levels: 1 4 3
5. Enter the data below in Excel with file name = import march.csv
  a. Import the excel file into the Environment Pane using read.table() function. Write the code.
import <- read.table("/cloud/project/RWorksheet_Pastor#4/import_march.csv", header = TRUE, sep= ",")</pre>
import
##
     Students Strategy.1 Strategy.2 Strategy.3
## 1
         Male
                         8
                                    10
                                                 8
## 2
                         4
                                     8
                                                 6
## 3
                         0
                                     6
                                                 4
## 4
       Female
                        14
                                     4
                                                15
                                     2
## 5
                        10
                                                 2
## 6
                         6
                                     0
                                                 9
. View the dataset. Write the code and its result.
view <- read.csv("/cloud/project/RWorksheet_Pastor#4/import_march.csv")</pre>
view
     Students Strategy.1 Strategy.2 Strategy.3
##
## 1
         Male
                         8
                                    10
                                                 8
## 2
                         4
                                     8
                                                 6
                         0
                                     6
                                                 4
## 3
## 4
                        14
                                     4
                                                15
       Female
## 5
                        10
                                                 2
```

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## 6

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