考試時間 120 分鐘,題目卷為兩張紙,共三頁,滿分 110 分。所有題目的答案都請依題號順序依序寫在答案卷上,而是非與填充題必須寫在第一頁。答案卷務必寫學號、姓名,題目卷不必繳回。考試開始 30 分鐘後不得入場,開始 40 分鐘內不得離場。考試期間禁止使用字典、計算機、任何通訊器材並請勿自行攜帶任何紙張,違者成績以零分計算,監試人員不得回答任何關於試題的疑問。 Questions are to be answered on the answer sheet provided.

是非題 **True or False** (20 points),請答 **T** (True) 或 **F** (False)。每題 2 分。 (不需詳列過程,請依題號順序依序寫在答案卷第一頁上。)

- 1. $\lim_{x \to c} [f(x)g(x)] = \lim_{x \to c} f(x) \cdot \lim_{x \to c} g(x)$ is true.
- 2. $\lim_{x\to 2^-} \frac{x-3}{x^2-4} = \infty$.
- **3.** If $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{3-x}$, then the domain of composite function $g \circ f$ is [0,9].
- **4.** If $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{f(x)}{x} = 1$ then $\lim_{x\to 0} f(x) = 0$.
- 5. If $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = 0$, there must be a number c such that $|f(c)| < 10^{-5}$.
- 6. Since $\sec 0 = 1$ and $\sec \pi = -1$, so by the Intermediate Value Theroem, there is a number $x_0 \in (0, \pi)$ such that $\sec x_0 = 0$.
- 7. The graph of the function $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x + 1}$ has two horizontal asymptotes.
- **8.** The graph of $y = \tan 4x$ is a horizontal stretch of the graph of $y = \tan x$ by a factor of 4.
- 9. The quotient

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x-h)}{2h}$$

may have a limit as $h \to 0$ when f has no derivative at x.

10. If f(x) is an even function, then f'(0) = 0.

填充題 Short answer questions (40 points), 每題 $5 \, \odot$

(不需詳列過程,僅將答案依題號順序依序寫在答案卷第一頁上即可。)

1. Find the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} (\sqrt{x^2 + 3x} - \sqrt{x^2 - 2x}).$$

Answer : ______.

2. Find the limit.

$$\lim_{t\to 0} \frac{\tan t \sec 2t}{3t}$$

Answer : ______.

3. Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve

$$y = \frac{\pi \sin x}{r}$$

at $x = \pi$. Answer: _____.

- **4.** At which points the function $f(x) = |x^2 3x|$ is continuous but not differentiable? Answer: ______.
- **5.** How many asymptotes are there in the graph of $f(x) = \frac{8}{x^2 16}$? Answer: _____.
- 6. Find the limit.

$$\lim_{x \to 0^-} x \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor$$

Answer : ______.

- 7. Let $f(u) = 1 \frac{1}{u}$ and $u = g(x) = \frac{1}{1-x}$. Find the value of $(f \circ g)'$ at x = -1. Answer:
- 8. Let

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x^2 - 4}, \quad x \neq 2.$$

Let F(x) be the continuous extension of f(x) to x = 2. Find F(2).

Answer : ______.

計算問答證明題 Please show all your work (50 points),每題 10 分,請依題號順序依 序寫在答案卷上,可以用中文或英文作答。 **請詳列計算過程**,否則不予計分。需標明題號但不 必抄題。

- 1. (10 points) Use implicit differentiation to find the value of dy/dx at the point (0,0) if $\sin(x+y) = y^2 \cos x$.
- 2. (10 points)

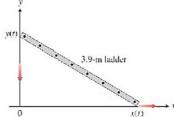
a. Find
$$\frac{dy}{dt}$$
, if $y = \left(1 + \tan^4\left(\frac{t}{12}\right)\right)^3$.

- b. Find y'' if $y = \tan x$.
- 3. (10 points) Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \sin \frac{1}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}.$$

Find f'(0).

- 4. (10 points) A 3.9-m ladder is leaning against a house when its base starts to slide away (see accompanying figure). By the time the base is 3.6 m from the house, the base is moving at the rate of 1.5 m/s.
 - a. How fast is the top of the ladder sliding down the wall then?
 - b. At what rate is the area of the triangle formed by the ladder, wall, and ground changing then?



- 5. (10 points) Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} a^2x 2a, & x \ge 2\\ 12, & x < 2 \end{cases}$
 - a.) For what values of a will f(x) be continuous for all values of x? Given reasons for your answer.
 - **b.)** For what values of a will f(x) be differentiable for all values of x? Given reasons for your answer.

(試題結束)

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- 1. The definite integral $\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \sqrt{1+x^2} \, dx = 0.$
- **2.** Let f be a continuous function on a closed interval. If f has a local minimum at x = c then f'(c) = 0.
- **3.** For any $x, y \in (-\pi, \pi)$, we have $\left| \tan \frac{x}{2} \tan \frac{y}{2} \right| \ge \frac{\left| x y \right|}{2}$.
- **4.** Let y = f(x) be continuous on the closed interval [a, b], then there exists a number $c \in [a, b]$ such that $\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx = f(c)(b a)$.
- **5.** If y = f(x), f is increasing and differentiable, and $\Delta x > 0$, then $\Delta y \ge dy$.
- **6.** Suppose $\int_{2}^{-2} f(x)dx = -4$, $\int_{2}^{5} f(x)dx = 3$, $\int_{-2}^{5} g(x)dx = 2$. Then $f(x) \le g(x)$ on the interval $-2 \le x \le 5$.
- 7. If f is continuous on [0,2] such that $\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} f(2x) dx = -\frac{1}{2}$ and $\int_1^2 f(x) dx = 1$, then f(c) = 0 for some point c in [0,2].
- 8. The function $f(x) = |x^3 9x|$ have 5 critical points.
- **9.** If y = f(x) is continuously differentiable and f(0) = 0, then

$$\int_{0}^{\alpha} \sqrt{1 + \left[f'(t)\right]^{2}} dt \ge \sqrt{\alpha^{2} + \left[f(\alpha)\right]^{2}}$$

for $\alpha > 0$.

10. Suppose that the first derivative of y = f(x) is $y' = 6(x+1)(x-2)^2$, there is no inflection points.

填充題 Short answer questions (40 points), 每題 5 分。

(不需詳列過程,僅將答案依題號順序依序寫在答案卷第一頁上即可。)

1. Find the limit

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} \frac{\sqrt{n^2 - k^2}}{n^2}.$$

Answer : ______.

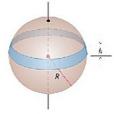
- **2.** Find the area of the region enclosed by the curves $x + (y 1)^2 = 0$ and $x + 3(y 1)^2 = 1$. Answer: _____.
- **3.** Evaluate $\int \frac{\csc \theta}{\csc \theta \sin \theta} d\theta$. Answer:
- 4. A solid is generated by revolving about the x-axis the region bounded by the graph of the positive continuous function y = f(x), the x-axis, the fixed line x = a, and the variable line x = b, b > a. Its volume, for all b, is b² ab. Find f(x). Answer: ______.
- 5. Find the mass of a thin plate covering the region bounded above by the parabola $y=4-x^2$ and below by the x-axis. Assume the density of the plate at the point (x,y) is $\delta=2x^2$, which is twice the square of the distance from the point to the y-axis. Answer: ______.
- **6.** What values of a and b with a < b maximize the value of $\int_a^b (x x^2) dx$. Answer: ______.
- 7. Find the length of the curve $x^2 4y^3 = 0$ from x = 0 to x = 2. Answer: ______.
- 8. If f is a continuous function, find the value of the following integral

$$I = \int_0^4 \frac{f(4-x)}{f(x) + f(4-x)} \, dx.$$

Answer : ______.

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1. (10 points) The shaded band shown here is cut from a sphere of radius R by parallel planes h units apart. Show that the surface area of the band is $2\pi Rh$.

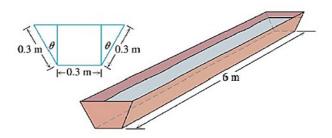


2. (10 points) Find the linearization of

$$f(x) = 2 - \int_{2}^{x^2 + 1} \frac{9}{1 + t} dt$$

at x = 1.

- 3. (10 points) Let $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + x 1}{x^2 1}$. Find a. its domain, b. critical points, c. intervals of increasing/decreasing, d. local(relative) maximum/minimum values, e. intervals of concavity, f. inflection points, g. slant(oblique), horizontal and vertical asymptotes. h. Then sketch the graph of f(x).
- 4. (10 points) The trough (水槽) in the figure is to be made to the dimensions shown. Only the angle θ can be varied. What value of θ will maximize the trough's volume?



5. (10 points) Find the set of values for k such that $x^3 - 12x - 4 = k$ has more than two (i.e. > 2) distinct real roots.

(試題結束)

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- 1. The graph of the function $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x + 1}$ has two horizontal asymptotes.
- 2. The quotient

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x-h)}{2h}$$

may have a limit as $h \to 0$ when f has no derivative at x.

- 3. For any $x, y \in (-\pi, \pi)$, we have $\left|\tan \frac{x}{2} \tan \frac{y}{2}\right| \ge \frac{\left|x y\right|}{2}$.
- **4.** Let P(x)/Q(x) be a proper rational function where Q(x) factors as a product of distinct linear factors $(x a_i)$. Then $\int \frac{P(x)}{Q(x)} dx$ may be contain a term involving the arctangent.
- 5. $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^p}$ converges for p < 1.
- **6.** $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 + 1}{2x + 1} = \lim_{x \to 1} \frac{2x}{2} = 1.$
- 7. If f(0) = f(1) = 0 and f'' is continuous on [0, 1] then

$$\int_0^1 f''(x)f(x)dx = -\int_0^1 f'(x)^2 dx.$$

8. If f grows at the same rate as g as $x \to \infty$, and g grows at the same rate as h as $x \to \infty$, then f grows at the same rate as h as $x \to \infty$.

9. If f is increasing and concave down, then its inverse function is concave down.

10.
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x}} dx$$
 is convergent.

填充題 Short answer questions (40 points) · 每題 5 分。

(不需詳列過程,僅將答案依題號順序依序寫在答案卷第一頁上即可。)

1. Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \sin \frac{1}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}.$$

Find f'(0). Answer : _____.

- **2.** Evaluate the integral $\int_0^{\pi/4} \tan^3 x dx$. Answer: _____.
- **3.** Find the value $\tan\left(\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$. Answer:_____.
- **4.** Evaluate $\int_0^\pi \sin 3x \cos 5x \ dx$. Answer: _____. 公式列表如下,請參考:
 - a. $\sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta$.
 - **b.** $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta \sin \alpha \sin \beta$.
- 5. Let $f(x) = \int_2^x \frac{dt}{\sqrt{1+t^4}}$. Then find $(f^{-1})'(0)$. Answer:
- **6.** Assuming N(x) is a polynomial with the degree of N(x) < 7, write the following rational function in the form of partial fraction decomposition.

$$\frac{N(x)}{(x-4)^3(x^2+12)^2} = \frac{A}{x-4} + \cdots$$

Do NOT find the constants in the decomposition.

Answer : ______.

7. Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0^+} (1+\sin x)^{1/x}$.

Answer:_____.

8. Which of the following is not true?

a.
$$x + \ln x = O(x)$$
 b. $x + \ln x = o(x)$

b.
$$x + \ln x = o(x)$$

c.
$$\ln x = O(x)$$
 d. $\ln x = o(x)$

d.
$$\ln x = o(x)$$

Answer : ______.

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1. (10 points) Find the linearization of

$$f(x) = 2 - \int_{2}^{x^{2}+1} \frac{9}{1+t} dt$$

at x = 1.

2. (10 points) Use integration, the Direct Comparison Test, or the Limit Comparison Test to test the integrals for convergence.

a.
$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1 - \sin x}{x^2} dx$$

$$\mathbf{b.} \int_{2}^{\infty} \frac{dv}{\sqrt{v-1}}$$

3. (10 points) Evaluate the integrals.

a.
$$\int_{-2}^{2} \frac{dx}{4+x^2}$$

b.
$$\int_{1}^{2} x \ln x \, dx$$

b.
$$\int_{1}^{2} x \ln x \, dx$$

4. (10 points) Evaluate the integrals.

a.
$$\int 5^x dx$$

b.
$$\int_0^2 \frac{\log_2(x+2)}{x+2} dx$$

5. (10 points) Evaluate the integrals.

a.
$$\int_{-1}^{4} \frac{1}{\sqrt{|x|}} dx$$

b.
$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\ln x}} dx$$

(試題結束)