## Calculus Homework Assignment 5

Class:

Student Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_



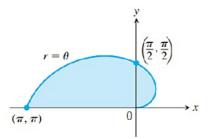
- 1. Identify the symmetries of the curve  $r = \sin\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$ . Then 2. Sketch the region defined by the inequalities sketch the curves in the xy-plane.
  - $-1 \le r \le 2$  , and  $-\frac{\pi}{2} \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

 $[\S 10.4 - 7]$ 

 $[\S 10.4 - 29]$ 

- 3. Find the areas of the blue regions. Which bounded by the 4. Find the lengths of polar curve spiral  $r = \theta$  for  $0 \le \theta \le \pi$ .

$$r = \theta^2, \ 0 \le \theta \le \sqrt{5}.$$



 $[\S 10.5 - 21]$ 

 $[\S 10.5 - 1]$ 

5. Give the position vectors of particles moving along various curves in the xy-plane. In each case, find the particle's velocity and acceleration vectors at the stated times and sketch them as vectors on the curve. Motion on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

$$\mathbf{r}(t)=(\sin t)\mathbf{i}+(\cos t)\mathbf{j},\quad t=\frac{\pi}{4} \text{ and } \frac{\pi}{2}.$$
 [§12.1 – 9]

6. As mentioned in the text, the tangent line to a smooth curve  $r(t) = f(t)\mathbf{i} + g(t)\mathbf{j} + h(t)\mathbf{k}$  at  $t = t_0$  is the line that passes through the point (f(t0), g(t0), h(t0)) parallel to  $v(t_0)$ , the curve's velocity vector at  $t_0$ . Find parametric equation for the line that is tangent to the given curve at the given parameter value  $t = t_0$ .

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = (\sin t)\mathbf{i} + (t^2 - \cos t)\mathbf{j} + e^t\mathbf{k}, \ t_0 = 0$$
 [§12.1 – 23]

7. Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left[ \cos t \mathbf{i} - \sin 2t \mathbf{j} + \sin^2 t \mathbf{k} \right] dt.$$

 $[\S 12.2 - 9]$ 

8. At time t=0, a particle is located at the point (1,2,3). It travels in a straight line to the point (4,1,4), has speed 2 at (1,2,3) and constant acceleration  $3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ . Find an equation for the position vector  $\mathbf{r}(t)$  of the particle at time t.

 $[\S 12.2 - 21]$