

Testing Habits of Developers @ Worldline

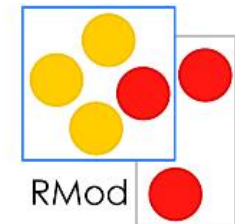
An Empirical Study

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PhD Context

- ▶ Does test selection modify developers' habits and enhance software quality?
- ▶ Second year PhD student
 - SDCO
 - Partnership with Inria
 - Rmod team:
Re-modularization of applications



Summary

- ▶ Problem
- ▶ Our Experiment
- ▶ Results
- ▶ Future Actions

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Problem

Problem

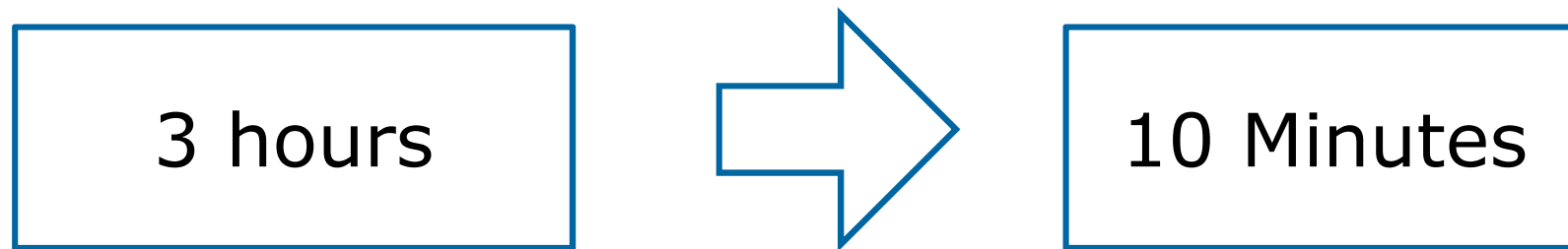
Running tests takes time!

- ▶ No immediate feedback to the developer
- ▶ Bugs detected too late

Solution

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Select only the tests related to the changes
and run only those ones



► Propose a tool for the developers

But Before

Field Study

- ▶ How to evaluate the impact of the tool we will propose?
 - Current use of tests in daily practice?
 - How is test selection made? Why?
- ▶ Based on the replication of 2 experiments

When, How, and Why Developers Test

Beller et. Al. (2015)

- ▶ Open-source experiment: Anyone can take part into it
- ▶ Monitor 416 software engineers

Main conclusions

- Majority of the developers rarely test in their IDE
- Quick tests do not lead to more test executions
- Some failing tests are fixed later:
50% of the test repairs happen within 10 minutes
whereas 75% within 25 minutes

Comparison of Manual and Automated Test Selection – Gligoric et al. (2014)

- ▶ How developers manually select tests and compare them to an automatic selection
- ▶ Academic experiment:
 - 14 developers: 5 professionals + 9 students

Main conclusions

- Need for better automated test selection techniques
- Better integration with developer IDEs

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Our Experiment

Experiment

- ▶ @Worldline
- ▶ Gather developers behavior about tests
- ▶ Install a plugin recording anonymously test executions in IDE

Developers selection

1. Through networking

- SDCO, BlueKiwi, Testing community
- 25 developers since April

2. Tombola



Gathered Data

- ▶ Anonymized id
 - ▶ Project name
 - ▶ Repository URLs
 - ▶ Repository version
 - ▶ Test session start
 - ▶ Test session end
- ▶ Tests executed
 - Fully qualified method name
 - Test duration
 - Test status

Tests Session

- ▶ Execution of JUnit tests or Maven tests
 - Launched in one click
 - Indivisible group of tests (class, package, project)
- But, not representing the reality of the action:
 - Limitations due to the IDEs
 - Group sessions

3 Results

Summary of the experiment

	Beller et al. (2015)	Gligoric et al. (2014)	Worldline
# Developers	48	14	19
# Projects	73	17	27
# Test sessions	3 424	5 757	3 801
# Test executions	10 840	264 562	41 996
Tests / Session	3	46	12
Sessions / Developer	71	411	200

How and why developers run tests?

Do developers test their code changes?

- ▶ Correlate:
 - Number of test runs
 - Amount of code changes
- ▶ 0.66 for test code changes, 0.38 for production code changes for Beller
- ▶ 0.45 for Worldline
- ▶ Weak: more code change \sim > more tests

How long does a test run take?

		Min	Median	Max
Test session duration (sec)	Worldline	0	3.0	15 820 (4h24)
	Beller	0	0.5	73.8

- ▶ Longer test sessions @Worldline
- ▶ Broader in scope?
- ▶ Seems to be more integration tests than unit ones

Do quick tests lead to more test executions?

► Correlate:

- Test execution length
- Number of times test is executed

► Expect Negative correlation:

Short tests exercised more often

► Positive correlation: 0.26 (Beller) and 0.12 (Worldline)

No relevant correlation

Do developers practice test selection?



		Min	Median	Max
% of executed tests in the project	Worldline	0.1%	1.8%	100%
	Beller	0%	1%	100%

- ▶ Test Selection occurs in 60% for Gligoric, 96% for Beller and 91% for Worldline
- ▶ Test Selection is practiced @WL

What are common scenarios for manual selection?

► 2 scenarios:

- Running again a part of the test suite until all the tests are green
- Fix tests one after the other, re-running only a single failing test until it passes

How do developers react to test runs?

How frequently tests pass and fail?

	Pass		Fail		Skipped	
Worldline	88%	36 784	11%	4 478	1%	734
Beller	35%	3 793	65%	7 047	-	-

► Lower number of tests failing

How long does it take to fix a failing test?

		Min	Med	Avg	Max
Time to fix failing test (min)	Worldline	0	63	6 397 (4.5j)	140 800 (97j)
	Beller	0	9	65.1	4 881 (3.4j)

- ▶ Problems take more time to fix
- ▶ Tests broader in scope? more difficult to pinpoint the error
- ▶ Less skills? More turnover?

How and why developers perform test selection?

Does manual test selection depend on amount of code changes?

- ▶ Correlation:
 - Number of tests selected in each test session
 - Size of recent code changes
- ▶ Expected: More tests after large code changes
- ▶ Gligoric: 0.28; Worldline: 0.14
- ▶ Test selection and execution is not significantly influenced by the number of changes

How do developers commonly perform manual test selection?

- ▶ Selecting individual test method, class or project
- ▶ Commenting the @Test
- ▶ Adding @Ignore
- ▶ Creating test scripts

How good is IDE support for manual test selection?

- ▶ IDE is not well suited
 - Cannot define easily a group of tests
 - Can relaunch only one method, class, package, project
 - Advanced features are difficult to set
- ▶ Improve the IDE for more advanced test selection features

Automatic vs Manual Selection

- ▶ Ratio of manually selected tests that are correct
40% (precision)
- ▶ Ratio of required tests that were manually selected
34% (recall)
- ▶ Manual test selection is not accurate (as expected)

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Conclusion and Future Steps

Conclusion

- ▶ Test practice at Worldline is good compared to open source developers practice
- ▶ Test selection performed to a high degree
- ▶ Manual test selections is not accurate: minimality rather than safeness
- ▶ Test selection does not depend on the size of the test suite nor on the duration of the tests

Future Steps

- ▶ Propose a test selection plugin
- ▶ Compare impact against current data

Who is in?

What kind of tool for test selection?

- ▶ Integrated in the IDE? Or in maven?
- ▶ Make test selection for you:
 - In background?
 - On demand?
- ▶ Propose a list of tests?
And you decide when to run them?
- ▶ ...

Thanks

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For more information please contact:
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