

Using the Binary Search Algorithm and trace table examples at the end of this document, complete the trace tables below for the Color Array. Upload this document to github and submit the link to your repository to the dropbox.

1st search: violet

First	Last	Middle	Comparison
0	10	5	Violet > indigo
6	10	7	Violet > magenta
8	10	9	Violet = Violet

2nd search: green

First	Last	Middle	Comparison
0	10	5	Green < indigo
0	4	2	Green > Chartreuse
3	4	3	Green > Dark Brown
4	4	4	Green = Green

3rd search: yellow

First	Last	Middle	Comparison
0	10	5	Yellow > indigo
6	10	8	Yellow > red
9	10	9	Yellow > Violet
10	10	10	Yellow = yellow

Color array:

aqua	[0]
brown	[1]
chartreuse	[2]
dark brown	[3]
green	[4]
indigo	[5]
lavender	[6]
magenta	[7]
red	[8]
violet	[9]
yellow	[10]

Binary Search

```

Set first to 0
Set last to length-1
Set found to FALSE
WHILE (first <= last AND NOT found)
    Set middle to (first + last)/ 2
    IF (item equals data[middle])
        Set found to TRUE
    ELSE
        IF (item < data[middle])
            Set last to middle - 1
        ELSE
            Set first to middle + 1
RETURN found
    
```

Above: Binary Search Algorithm

Binary Search

Length	Items	
11	ant	[0]
	cat	[1]
	chicken	[2]
	cow	[3]
	deer	[4]
	dog	[5]
	fish	[6]
	goat	[7]
	horse	[8]
	rat	[9]
	snake	[10]
	.	
	.	
	.	

FIGURE 7.9 Binary search example

Searching for cat

First	Last	Middle	Comparison
0	10	5	cat < dog
0	4	2	cat < chicken
0	1	0	cat > ant
1	1	1	cat = cat Return: true

Searching for fish

First	Last	Middle	Comparison
0	10	5	fish > dog
6	10	8	fish < horse
6	7	6	fish = fish Return: true

Searching for zebra

First	Last	Middle	Comparison
0	10	5	zebra > dog
6	10	8	zebra > horse
9	10	9	zebra > rat
10	10	10	zebra > snake
11	10		first > last Return: false

FIGURE 7.10 Trace of the binary search