```
%[ip, fs] = audioread('440pure.mp4', [1 20000]); %[1 20000]
%a = csvread('low e 10k.csv', 11);
a = csvread('high_e_10kHz.csv', 11);
% a = csvread('d_10k.csv', 11);
%a = csvread('a_10k.csv', 11);
%a = textread('a 10k.csv',%d, 11);
ip = a(:,2);
axis = a(:,1);
%scale CSV
ip = ip*100;
%center at zero
avg = mean(ip);
ip = ip -avg;
%Sampling rate
fs = 10e3;
min_expected_period = 50;
max expected period = 500;
%number of samples
frame len = 1024;
figure(1)
plot(axis, ip);
xlabel('Time')
xlim([0.2024])
ylabel('Voltage')
for k = 1 : length(ip)/(frame_len -1)
  range = (k-1)*frame_len + 1:k*frame_len;
   frame = ip(range);
     %frame = ip ;
    %Perform autocorrelation
    %this is the equivalent computation as a series of discrete sums
    %but in the frequency domain
    fftx = fft(frame);
    magSquare = abs(fftx).*abs(fftx);
    rxx = ifft(magSquare);
    %normalized by the amount of energy in the signal
    %the origin of the autocorrelated is the energy, E, contained
    %in the signal
    ryy = rxx/rxx(1);
```

```
%zero out negative correlations
    index = find(ryy<0);
   ryy(index) = 0;
    %find standard deviation and mean
   dev = std(ryy);
   avg = mean(ryy);
    %zero out terms less than threshold
   indexes = find(ryy<(avg+dev));</pre>
   ryy(indexes) = 0;
    %onlyPeaks = ryy(indexes);
    onlyPeaks = ryy;
    %%perform rudimentary peak detection
    for i = 2:(length(onlyPeaks)-1)
        if((onlyPeaks(i) - onlyPeaks(i-1) > 0) && ((onlyPeaks(i+1) -
onlyPeaks(i)) < 0))
            the Peak Is = i;
        elseif((onlyPeaks(i) - onlyPeaks(i-1) > 0))
            continue
        elseif((onlyPeaks(i+1) - onlyPeaks(i)) < 0)</pre>
            continue
        end
   end
   %returns mirror image on other end of array
    %calculate note value
   note = fs/(frame_len-thePeakIs)
    %create x-axis dimension
   x = 1:1:length(rxx);
   figure(2)
   plot(x, ryy)
   xlabel('n (sample)')
   ylabel('Magnitude (Normalized)')
    %pause and wait for use input
   pause
end
```

note =

344.8276





