

## T-test Assignment

① Given,  $\mu_p = 72$ ,  $n = 25$ ,  $\bar{X} = 69$ ,  $\sigma = 6.5$

$$t = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{69 - 72}{\frac{6.5}{\sqrt{25}}} = \frac{-3(5)}{6.5} = -2.307$$

Here, Null  $\rightarrow$  heart beat didn't change

Alternative  $\rightarrow$  heart beat changed

$$t_{\text{critical}} = -1.07 \quad (\text{taking } \alpha \text{ as } 5\%)$$

Since  $t < t_{\text{critical}}$ , we reject null with 95% confidence.

② Given,  $\mu_p = 15$ ,  $n = 30$ ,  $\bar{X} = 17$ ,  $\sigma = 5.5$ ,  $\alpha = 0.05$

Null  $\rightarrow \mu = 15$

Alternative  $\rightarrow \mu \neq 15$

$$t = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{17 - 15}{\frac{5.5}{\sqrt{30}}} = 1.99$$

$$t_{\text{critical}} = 2.12$$

As t-value falls in the curve region, we accept null, with 95% confidence.

③ Given,  $\mu_p = 100$

Control:  $\bar{X}_1 = 30$ ,  $S_1 = 6.63$ ,  $n_1 = 15$

Relaxation:  $\bar{X}_2 = 26$ ,  $S_2 = 6.20$ ,  $n_2 = 15$

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\frac{S_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{S_2^2}{n_2}}} = \frac{30 - 26}{\sqrt{2.93 + 2.74}} = 1.71$$

$$t_{\text{critical}} = 2.048 \quad (\text{with } \alpha \text{ as } 5\%)$$

Since  $t < t_{\text{critical}}$ , the outcome is not statistically significant.

④ This problem is related to previous problem.  
Given,

|          |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| pairs:   | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| control: | 38 | 40 | 35 | 36 | 35 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 28 | 26 | 24 | 21 | 18 | 32 | 25 |
| Relax:   | 35 | 32 | 30 | 34 | 30 | 32 | 28 | 27 | 22 | 22 | 18 | 17 | 17 | 25 | 25 |

Let  $D$  be the difference b/w control & relax.

then  $\sum D = 60$ , mean of  $D = 4$ ,  $\sum D^2 = 332$ ,  $\sigma$  of  $D = 2.58$

to find  $t$ , we have

$$t = \frac{\sum D / N}{\sqrt{\frac{\sum D^2 - (\sum D)^2 / N}{N(N-1)}}}$$

$$t = \frac{60/15}{\sqrt{\frac{332 - (60)^2/15}{15(14)}}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{\frac{332 - 240}{210}}} = \frac{4}{0.66} = 6.06$$

$$t_{critical} = 2.145$$

As  $t_{value} > t_{critical}$ , relaxation is significantly different than control group. Outcome is statistically significant.

⑤ Given,  $\mu = 16$ ,  $n = 10$ ,  $s = 2.05$ ,  $\bar{x} = 18$ ,  $\alpha = 0.01$

Null ( $H_0$ )  $\Rightarrow \mu = 16$  Alternative  $\Rightarrow \mu \neq 16$

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{SE} = \frac{18 - 16}{\frac{2.05}{\sqrt{10}}} = 3.08$$

$$t_{critical} = 3.24$$

As  $t < t_{critical}$ , we ~~reject~~ null with 99.1 confidence  
accept