13/04/2023, 00:07

```
In [1]: import Pkg
        Pkg.activate(@__DIR__)
        Pkg.instantiate()
        import MathOptInterface as MOI
        import Ipopt
        import FiniteDiff
        import ForwardDiff as FD
        import Convex as cvx
        import ECOS
        using LinearAlgebra
        using Plots
        using Random
        using JLD2
        using Test
        using MeshCat
        const mc = MeshCat
        using TrajOptPlots
        using StaticArrays
        using Printf
          Activating environment at `~/ocrl_ws/16745-ocrl/HW4_S23-new/Project.toml`
```

Q2

```
In [2]: include(joinpath(@__DIR__, "utils", "fmincon.jl"))
        include(joinpath(@__DIR__, "utils", "walker.jl"))
```

Out[2]: update_walker_pose! (generic function with 1 method)

(If nothing loads here, check out walker.gif in the repo)

NOTE: This question will have long outputs for each cell, remember you can use cell -> all output -> toggle scrolling to better see it all

Q2: Hybrid Trajectory Optimization (60 pts)

In this problem you'll use a direct method to optimize a walking trajectory for a simple biped model, using the hybrid dynamics formulation. You'll pre-specify a gait sequence and solve the problem using Ipopt. Your final solution should look like the video above.

The Dynamics

Our system is modeled as three point masses: one for the body and one for each foot. The state is defined as the x and y positions and velocities of these masses, for a total of 6 degrees of freedom and 12 states. We will label the position and velocity of each body with the following notation:

$$r^{(b)} = \begin{bmatrix} p_x^{(b)} \\ p_y^{(b)} \end{bmatrix} \qquad v^{(b)} = \begin{bmatrix} v_x^{(b)} \\ v_y^{(b)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$r^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} p_x^{(1)} \\ p_y^{(1)} \end{bmatrix} \qquad v^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} v_x^{(1)} \\ v_y^{(1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(2)$$

$$r^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} p_x^{(1)} \\ p_y^{(1)} \end{bmatrix} \qquad v^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} v_x^{(1)} \\ v_y^{(1)} \end{bmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$r^{(2)} = egin{bmatrix} p_x^{(2)} \ p_y^{(2)} \end{bmatrix} \qquad v^{(2)} = egin{bmatrix} v_x^{(2)} \ v_y^{(2)} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (3)

Each leg is connected to the body with prismatic joints. The system has three control inputs: a force along each leg, and the torque between the legs.

The state and control vectors are ordered as follows:

$$x = egin{bmatrix} p_x^{(b)} \ p_y^{(b)} \ p_y^{(1)} \ p_y^{(1)} \ p_y^{(2)} \ p_x^{(2)} \ v_x^{(b)} \ v_y^{(b)} \ v_x^{(1)} \ v_y^{(1)} \ v_y^{(2)} \ v_y^{(2)} \ \end{bmatrix}$$

where e.g. $p_x^{(b)}$ is the x position of the body, $v_y^{(i)}$ is the y velocity of foot i, $F^{(i)}$ is the force along $\log i$, and τ is the torque between the $\log x$.

Q2

The continuous time dynamics and jump maps for the two stances are shown below:

```
In [3]: function stancel dynamics(model::NamedTuple, x::Vector, u::Vector)
              # dynamics when foot 1 is in contact with the ground
              mb,mf = model.mb, model.mf
              g = model.g
              M = Diagonal([mb mb mf mf mf mf])
              rb = x[1:2] # position of the body
              rf1 = x[3:4] # position of foot 1
              rf2 = x[5:6] # position of foot 2
              v = x[7:12] # velocities
              \ell 1x = (rb[1]-rf1[1])/norm(rb-rf1)
              \ell 1y = (rb[2]-rf1[2])/norm(rb-rf1)
              \ell 2x = (rb[1] - rf2[1]) / norm(rb - rf2)
              \ell 2y = (rb[2] - rf2[2]) / norm(rb - rf2)
              B = [\ell 1x \quad \ell 2x \quad \ell 1y - \ell 2y;
                    \ell 1y \quad \ell 2y \quad \ell 2x - \ell 1x;
                                 0;
                     0
                        0
                                 0;
                     0 - \ell 2x \ell 2y;
                     0 - \ell 2y - \ell 2x
              \dot{v} = [0; -g; 0; 0; 0; -g] + M \setminus (B*u)
              \dot{x} = [v; \dot{v}]
              return \dot{x}
         end
         function stance2_dynamics(model::NamedTuple, x::Vector, u::Vector)
              # dynamics when foot 2 is in contact with the ground
              mb,mf = model.mb, model.mf
              g = model.g
              M = Diagonal([mb mb mf mf mf])
              rb = x[1:2] # position of the body
              rf1 = x[3:4] # position of foot 1
              rf2 = x[5:6] # position of foot 2
              v = x[7:12] # velocities
              \ell 1x = (rb[1]-rf1[1])/norm(rb-rf1)
              \ell 1y = (rb[2]-rf1[2])/norm(rb-rf1)
              \ell 2x = (rb[1] - rf2[1]) / norm(rb - rf2)
              \ell 2y = (rb[2] - rf2[2]) / norm(rb - rf2)
              B = [\ell 1x \quad \ell 2x \quad \ell 1y - \ell 2y;
                   \ell 1y \quad \ell 2y \quad \ell 2x - \ell 1x;
                  -\ell 1 \times 0 -\ell 1 y;
                  -{1y
                          0 ℓ1x;
                     0
                          0
                                0;
                     0
                          0
                                0]
              \dot{v} = [0; -g; 0; -g; 0; 0] + M \setminus (B*u)
              \dot{x} = [v; \dot{v}]
              return x
         end
         function jump1 map(x)
              # foot 1 experiences inelastic collision
              xn = [x[1:8]; 0.0; 0.0; x[11:12]]
              return xn
         end
         function jump2_map(x)
              # foot 2 experiences inelastic collision
              xn = [x[1:10]; 0.0; 0.0]
              return xn
         end
         function rk4(model::NamedTuple, ode::Function, x::Vector, u::Vector, dt::Real)::Vector
              k1 = dt * ode(model, x,
              k2 = dt * ode(model, x + k1/2, u)
              k3 = dt * ode(model, x + k2/2, u)
              k4 = dt * ode(model, x + k3, u)
```

```
return x + (1/6)*(k1 + 2*k2 + 2*k3 + k4)
end
```

Out[3]: rk4 (generic function with 1 method)

We are setting up this problem by scheduling out the contact sequence. To do this, we will define the following sets:

$$\mathcal{M}_1 = \{1:5, 11:15, 21:25, 31:35, 41:45\} \tag{4}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_2 = \{6:10, 16:20, 26:30, 36:40\} \tag{5}$$

where \mathcal{M}_1 contains the time steps when foot 1 is pinned to the ground (stance1_dynamics), and \mathcal{M}_2 contains the time steps when foot 2 is pinned to the ground (stance2_dynamics). The jump map sets \mathcal{J}_1 and \mathcal{J}_2 are the indices where the mode of the next time step is different than the current, i.e. $\mathcal{J}_i \equiv \{k+1 \notin \mathcal{M}_i \mid k \in \mathcal{M}_i\}$. We can write these out explicitly as the following:

$$\mathcal{J}_1 = \{5, 15, 25, 35\} \tag{6}$$

$$\mathcal{J}_2 = \{10, 20, 30, 40\} \tag{7}$$

Another term you will see is set subtraction, or $\mathcal{M}_i \setminus \mathcal{J}_i$. This just means that if $k \in \mathcal{M}_i \setminus \mathcal{J}_i$, then k is in \mathcal{M}_i but not in \mathcal{J}_i .

We will make use of the following Julia code for determining which set an index belongs to:

```
In [4]: let
                                                  for i = 1:5]...) # stack the set into a vector
            M1 = vcat([ (i-1)*10]
                                       .+ (1:5)
            M2 = vcat([((i-1)*10 + 5) .+ (1:5)) for i = 1:4]...) # stack the set into a vector
            J1 = [5,15,25,35]
            J2 = [10, 20, 30, 40]
            @show M1
            @show M2
            @show (5 in M1) # show if 5 is in M1
            @show (5 in J1) # show if 5 is in J1
            @show !(5 in M1) # show is 5 is not in M1
            @show (5 in M1) && !(5 in J1) # 5 in M1 but not J1 (5 \in M_1 \ J1)
        end
        M1 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45]
        M2 = [6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40]
        5 \text{ in M1} = \text{true}
        5 in J1 = true
        !(5 in M1) = false
        5 in M1 && !(5 in J1) = false
```

We are now going to setup and solve a constrained nonlinear program. The optimization problem looks complicated but each piece should make sense and be relatively straightforward to implement. First we have the following LQR cost function that will track x_{ref} (Xref) and u_{ref} (Uref):

$$J(x_{1:N},u_{1:N-1}) = \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \left\lceil \frac{1}{2} (x_i - x_{ref,i})^T Q(x_i - x_{ref,i}) + \frac{1}{2} (u_i - u_{ref,i})^T R(u_i - u_{ref,i}) \right\rceil + \frac{1}{2} (x_N - x_{ref,N})^T Q_f(x_N - x_{ref,N})$$

Which goes into the following full optimization problem:

Out[4]: false

$$\min_{x_{1:N}, u_{1:N-1}} \quad J(x_{1:N}, u_{1:N-1}) \tag{8}$$

$$st \quad x_1 = x_{ic} \tag{1}$$

$$x_N = x_g \tag{2}$$

$$x_{k+1} = f_1(x_k, u_k)$$
 for $k \in \mathcal{M}_1 \setminus \mathcal{J}_1$

$$x_{k+1} = f_2(x_k, u_k) \qquad \qquad ext{for } k \in \mathcal{M}_2 \setminus \mathcal{J}_2$$

$$x_{k+1} = g_2(f_1(x_k,u_k)) \qquad \qquad ext{for } k \in \mathcal{J}_1$$

$$x_{k+1} = g_1(f_2(x_k, u_k)) \qquad \qquad ext{for } k \in \mathcal{J}_2$$

$$x_k[4] = 0 for k \in \mathcal{M}_1 (7)$$

$$x_k[6] = 0$$
 for $k \in \mathcal{M}_2$ (8)

$$0.5 \leq \|r_k^{(b)} - r_k^{(1)}\|_2 \leq 1.5$$
 for $k \in [1, N]$ (9)

$$0.5 \le \|r_k^{(b)} - r_k^{(2)}\|_2 \le 1.5$$
 for $k \in [1, N]$ (10)

$$x_k[2,4,6] \ge 0$$
 for $k \in [1,N]$ (11)

Each constraint is now described, with the type of constraint for fmincon in parantheses:

- 1. Initial condition constraint (equality constraint).
- 2. Terminal condition constraint (equality constraint).
- 3. Stance 1 discrete dynamics (equality constraint).
- 4. Stance 2 discrete dynamics (equality constraint).
- 5. Discrete dynamics from stance 1 to stance 2 with jump 2 map (equality constraint).
- 6. Discrete dynamics from stance 2 to stance 1 with jump 1 map (equality constraint).

Q2 13/04/2023, 00:07

- 7. Make sure the foot 1 is pinned to the ground in stance 1 (equality constraint).
- 8. Make sure the foot 2 is pinned to the ground in stance 2 (equality constraint).
- 9. Length constraints between main body and foot 1 (inequality constraint).
- 10. Length constraints between main body and foot 2 (inequality constraint).
- 11. Keep the y position of all 3 bodies above ground (primal bound).

And here we have the list of mathematical functions to the Julia function names:

```
• f_1 is stance1_dynamics + rk4
• f_2 is stance2_dynamics + rk4
• g_1 is jump1 map
• g_2 is jump2_map
```

For instance, $g_2(f_1(x_k, u_k))$ is jump2_map(rk4(model, stance1_dynamics, xk, uk, dt))

Remember that $r^{(b)}$ is defined above.

```
In [5]: function reference_trajectory(model, xic, xg, dt, N)
            # creates a reference Xref and Uref for walker
            Uref = [[model.mb*model.g*0.5;model.mb*model.g*0.5;0] for i = 1:(N-1)]
            Xref = [zeros(12) for i = 1:N]
            horiz v = (3/N)/dt
            xs = range(-1.5, 1.5, length = N)
            Xref[1] = 1*xic
            Xref[N] = 1*xg
            for i = 2:(N-1)
                Xref[i] = [xs[i],1,xs[i],0,xs[i],0,horiz_v,0,horiz_v,0,horiz_v,0]
            end
            return Xref, Uref
        end
```

Out[5]: reference_trajectory (generic function with 1 method)

To solve this problem with Ipopt and fmincon, we are going to concatenate all of our x's and u's into one vector (same as HW3Q1):

$$Z = \left[egin{array}{c} x_1 \ u_1 \ x_2 \ u_2 \ dots \ x_{N-1} \ u_{N-1} \ x_N \end{array}
ight] \in \mathbb{R}^{N \cdot nx + (N-1) \cdot nn}$$

where $x \in \mathbb{R}^{nx}$ and $u \in \mathbb{R}^{nu}$. Below we will provide useful indexing guide in create_idx to help you deal with Z. Remember that the API for fmincon (that we used in HW3Q1) is the following:

$$egin{array}{lll} \min_{z} & \ell(z) & ext{cost function} & (9) \ & ext{st} & c_{eq}(z) = 0 & ext{equality constraint} & (10) \ & c_{L} \leq c_{ineq}(z) \leq c_{U} & ext{inequality constraint} & (11) \ & & ext{cost function} & (2) \leq c_{U} & ext{inequality constraint} & (2) \leq c_{U} & ext{i$$

st
$$c_{eq}(z) = 0$$
 equality constraint (10)

$$c_L \le c_{ineq}(z) \le c_U$$
 inequality constraint (11)

$$z_L \le z \le z_U$$
 primal bound constraint (12)

Template code has been given to solve this problem but you should feel free to do whatever is easiest for you, as long as you get the trajectory shown in the animation walker.gif and pass tests.

```
In [19]: # feel free to solve this problem however you like, below is a template for a
         # good way to start.
         function create_idx(nx,nu,N)
             # create idx for indexing convenience
             \# \times i = Z[idx.x[i]]
             \# u_i = Z[idx.u[i]]
             # and stacked dynamics constraints of size nx are
             # c[idx.c[i]] = <dynamics constraint at time step i>
             # feel free to use/not use this
             # our Z vector is [x0, u0, x1, u1, ..., xN]
             nz = (N-1) * nu + N * nx # length of Z
             x = [(i - 1) * (nx + nu) .+ (1 : nx) for i = 1:N]
             u = [(i - 1) * (nx + nu) .+ ((nx + 1):(nx + nu))  for i = 1:(N - 1)]
             # constraint indexing for the (N-1) dynamics constraints when stacked up
```

```
c = [(i - 1) * (nx) .+ (1 : nx) for i = 1:(N - 1)]
    nc = (N - 1) * nx # (N-1)*nx
    return (nx=nx, nu=nu, N=N, nz=nz, nc=nc, x=x, u=u, c=c)
end
function walker_cost(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Real
    # cost function
    idx, N, xg = params.idx, params.N, params.xg
    Q, R, Qf = params.Q, params.R, params.Qf
    Xref,Uref = params.Xref, params.Uref
    # TODO: input walker LQR cost
    J = 0
    for i = 1:(N-1)
        J += 0.5 * (Z[idx.x[i]] - Xref[i])' * Q * (Z[idx.x[i]] - Xref[i])
        J += 0.5 * (Z[idx.u[i]] - Uref[i])' * R * (Z[idx.u[i]] - Uref[i])
    end
   J += 0.5 * (Z[idx.x[N]] - Xref[N])' * Qf * (Z[idx.x[N]] - Xref[N])
    return J
end
function walker_dynamics_constraints(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
    idx, N, dt = params.idx, params.N, params.dt
    M1, M2 = params.M1, params.M2
    J1, J2 = params.J1, params.J2
    model = params.model
    # create c in a ForwardDiff friendly way (check HW0)
    c = zeros(eltype(Z), idx.nc)
    # TODO: input walker dynamics constraints (constraints 3-6 in the opti problem)
    for i = 1:(N-1)
        xi = Z[idx.x[i]]
        xiplus1 = Z[idx.x[i+1]]
        ui = Z[idx.u[i]]
        if (i in M1) && !(i in J1)
            c[idx.c[i]] .= rk4(model, stancel_dynamics, xi, ui, dt) .- xiplus1
        end
        if (i in M2) && !(i in J2)
            c[idx.c[i]] .= rk4(model, stance2_dynamics, xi, ui, dt) .- xiplus1
        end
        if (i in J1)
            c[idx.c[i]] .= jump2_map(rk4(model, stancel_dynamics, xi, ui, dt)) .- xiplus1
        end
        if (i in J2)
            c[idx.c[i]] .= jump1_map(rk4(model, stance2_dynamics, xi, ui, dt)) .- xiplus1
        end
    end
    return c
end
function walker stance constraint(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
    idx, N, dt = params.idx, params.N, params.dt
    M1, M2 = params.M1, params.M2
    J1, J2 = params.J1, params.J2
    model = params.model
    # create c in a ForwardDiff friendly way (check HWO)
    c = zeros(eltype(Z), N)
    # TODO: add walker stance constraints (constraints 7-8 in the opti problem)
    for i = 1:N
        xi = Z[idx.x[i]]
        if i in M1
            c[i] = xi[4]
        end
        if i in M2
            c[i] = xi[6]
        end
    end
    return c
end
function walker_equality_constraint(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
    N, idx, xic, xg = params.N, params.idx, params.xic, params.xg
    # TODO: stack up all of our equality constraints
```

```
# should be length 2*nx + (N-1)*nx + N
   # inital condition constraint (nx)
                                           (constraint 1)
   # terminal constraint (nx)
                                           (constraint 2)
   # dynamics constraints
                               (N-1)*nx (constraint 3-6)
   # stance constraint
                              N
                                           (constraint 7-8)
    return [Z[idx.x[1]] - xic;
           Z[idx.x[N]] - xg;
       walker_dynamics_constraints(params, Z);
       walker_stance_constraint(params, Z)]
end
function walker_inequality_constraint(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
    idx, N, dt = params.idx, params.N, params.dt
   M1, M2 = params.M1, params.M2
   # create c in a ForwardDiff friendly way (check HW0)
   c = zeros(eltype(Z), 2*N)
   # TODO: add the length constraints shown in constraints (9-10)
   # there are 2*N constraints here
    for i = 1:N
       rb = Z[idx.x[i]][1:2] # position of the body
       rf1 = Z[idx.x[i]][3:4] # position of foot 1
       rf2 = Z[idx.x[i]][5:6] # position of foot 2
       c[2*i-1] = norm(rb - rf1)
       c[2*i] = norm(rb - rf2)
    end
    return c
end
```

Out[19]: walker_inequality_constraint (generic function with 1 method)

```
In [20]: @testset "walker trajectory optimization" begin
             # dynamics parameters
             model = (g = 9.81, mb = 5.0, mf = 1.0, \ell_min = 0.5, \ell_max = 1.5)
             # problem size
             nx = 12
             nu = 3
             tf = 4.4
             dt = 0.1
             t_vec = 0:dt:tf
             N = length(t_vec)
             # initial and goal states
             xic = [-1.5;1;-1.5;0;-1.5;0;0;0;0;0;0;0]
             xg = [1.5;1;1.5;0;1.5;0;0;0;0;0;0;0]
             # index sets
             M1 = vcat([(i-1)*10 .+ (1:5) for i = 1:5]...)
             M2 = vcat([((i-1)*10 + 5) .+ (1:5)  for i = 1:4]...)
             J1 = [5, 15, 25, 35]
             J2 = [10, 20, 30, 40]
             # reference trajectory
             Xref, Uref = reference_trajectory(model, xic, xg, dt, N)
             # LQR cost function (tracking Xref, Uref)
             Q = diagm([1; 10; fill(1.0, 4); 1; 10; fill(1.0, 4)]);
             R = diagm(fill(1e-3,3))
             Qf = 1*Q;
             # create indexing utilities
             idx = create idx(nx,nu,N)
             # put everything useful in params
             params = (
                 model = model,
                 nx = nx,
                 nu = nu,
                 tf = tf,
                 dt = dt,
                 t_vec = t_vec,
                 N = N,
                 M1 = M1,
                 M2 = M2
                 J1 = J1,
                 J2 = J2,
                 xic = xic,
                 xg = xg,
                 idx = idx,
```

```
Q = Q, R = R, Qf = Qf,
        Xref = Xref,
        Uref = Uref
    # TODO: primal bounds (constraint 11)
    x_l = -Inf*ones(idx.nz) # update this
    x u = Inf*ones(idx.nz) # update this
    for i = 1:N
        x_l[idx.x[i]][2] = 0
        x_l[idx.x[i]][4] = 0
        x_l[idx.x[i]][6] = 0
    end
    # TODO: inequality constraint bounds
    c_l = (0.5) * ones(2*N) # update this
    c_u = (1.5) * ones(2*N) # update this
    # TODO: initialize z0 with the reference Xref, Uref
    z0 = zeros(idx.nz) # update this
    for i = 1:(N-1)
        z0[idx.x[i]] = Xref[i]
        z0[idx.u[i]] = Uref[i]
    end
    z0[idx.x[N]] = Xref[N]
    # adding a little noise to the initial guess is a good idea
    z0 = z0 + (1e-6)*randn(idx.nz)
    diff_type = :auto
    Z = fmincon(walker_cost, walker_equality_constraint, walker_inequality_constraint,
                x_l,x_u,c_l,c_u,z0,params, diff_type;
                tol = 1e-6, c_tol = 1e-6, max_iters = 10_000, verbose = true)
    # pull the X and U solutions out of Z
    X = [Z[idx.x[i]] \text{ for } i = 1:N]
    U = [Z[idx.u[i]] \text{ for } i = 1:(N-1)]
    # -----plotting-----
    Xm = hcat(X...)
    Um = hcat(U...)
    plot(Xm[1,:],Xm[2,:], label = "body")
    plot!(Xm[3,:],Xm[4,:], label = "leg 1")
    display(plot!(Xm[5,:],Xm[6,:], label = "leg 2",xlabel = "x (m)",
                  ylabel = "y (m)", title = "Body Positions"))
    display(plot(t_vec[1:end-1], Um',xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "U",
                 label = ["F1" "F2" "τ"], title = "Controls"))
    # -----animation-----
    vis = Visualizer()
    build_walker!(vis, model::NamedTuple)
    anim = mc.Animation(floor(Int,1/dt))
    for k = 1:N
        mc.atframe(anim, k) do
            update_walker_pose!(vis, model::NamedTuple, X[k])
    end
    mc.setanimation!(vis, anim)
    display(render(vis))
    # -----testing-----
    # initial and terminal states
    @test norm(X[1] - xic, Inf) <= 1e-3
    @test norm(X[end] - xg,Inf) \ll 1e-3
#
     i = 0
    for x in X
         i = i+1
         @show i
        # distance between bodies
        rb = x[1:2]
        rf1 = x[3:4]
        rf2 = x[5:6]
        (0.5 - 1e-3) \le norm(rb-rf1) \le (1.5 + 1e-3)
        (0.5 - 1e-3) \leftarrow norm(rb-rf2) \leftarrow (1.5 + 1e-3)
        # no two feet moving at once
        v1 = x[9:10]
        v2 = x[11:12]
        @test min(norm(v1,Inf),norm(v2,Inf)) <= 1e-3</pre>
        # check everything above the surface
        0 = x[2] >= (0 - 1e-3)
        0 \text{test } x[4] >= (0 - 1e-3)
```

Q2

13/04/2023, 00:07 Q2

@test x[6] >= (0 - 1e-3)
end
end

Q2

```
-----checking dimensions of everything-----
-----all dimensions good-----
-----diff type set to :auto (ForwardDiff.jl)----
-----testing objective gradient-----
-----testing constraint Jacobian-----
-----successfully compiled both derivatives-----
------IPOPT beginning solve-----
This is Ipopt version 3.13.4, running with linear solver mumps.
NOTE: Other linear solvers might be more efficient (see Ipopt documentation).
Number of nonzeros in equality constraint Jacobian...:
                                                       401184
Number of nonzeros in inequality constraint Jacobian.:
                                                        60480
Number of nonzeros in Lagrangian Hessian....:
Total number of variables....:
                                                          672
                    variables with only lower bounds:
                                                            0
               variables with lower and upper bounds:
                                                            0
                    variables with only upper bounds:
                                                            0
Total number of equality constraints....:
                                                          597
                                                           90
Total number of inequality constraints....:
       inequality constraints with only lower bounds:
                                                            0
   inequality constraints with lower and upper bounds:
                                                           90
       inequality constraints with only upper bounds:
                                                            0
iter
       objective
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
                                                        0.00e+00 0.00e+00
    5.8705593e-10 1.47e+00 2.56e-05
                                     0.0 0.00e+00
     7.8623691e+01 1.08e+00 3.12e+03
                                     -6.3 1.18e+02
                                                         2.61e-01 3.55e-01h
     1.9268562e+02 5.87e-01 3.37e+03
                                      0.4 8.99e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 4.51e-01h 1
                                      0.0 7.01e+01
   3 2.1726651e+02 5.18e-01 3.09e+03
                                                         4.66e-01 1.32e-01H 1
     2.9064996e+02 3.25e-01 2.29e+03
                                                         1.00e+00 4.17e-01h
                                     -0.1 5.98e+01
     4.0595397e+02 4.59e-01 1.77e+02
                                      0.3 3.75e+01
                                                         4.75e-01 1.00e+00h
     4.2555082e+02 7.83e-01 1.24e+02
                                     -0.2 6.68e+01
                                                         4.44e-01 1.00e+00h
     3.4659206e+02 3.00e-01 1.93e+02
                                                         2.59e-01 1.00e+00f
                                      0.4 3.49e+01
   8
     3.0788347e+02 6.52e-02 7.08e+01
                                     -0.0 1.64e+01
                                                         9.99e-01 1.00e+00f
                                      0.2 3.33e+01
   9
     3.1196825e+02 1.04e-01 2.65e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
                    inf pr inf du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha du alpha pr ls
iter
       objective
  10 2.7842587e+02 2.41e-02 2.24e+01
                                     -0.1 1.18e+01
                                                         9.97e-01 1.00e+00f
  11 2.6890116e+02 5.74e-03 4.79e+00
                                                         9.93e-01 1.00e+00f
                                     -0.8 1.24e+01
                                     -1.3 3.04e+01
                                                         9.58e-01 1.00e+00f
     2.5927308e+02 3.50e-02 6.78e+00
     2.5517338e+02 3.42e-02 4.98e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.69e-01f
                                     -0.8 8.24e+01
                                     -0.9 2.50e+01
     2.6525675e+02 5.99e-03 6.75e+00
                                                         9.73e-01 1.00e+00H
                                                                            1
  15 2.5249420e+02 4.17e-02 6.05e+00 -1.0 9.85e+00
                                                         9.89e-01 1.00e+00f
                                     -1.9 5.07e+00
    2.5021834e+02 2.65e-03 1.84e+00
                                                         9.98e-01 1.00e+00f
     2.4995351e+02 9.54e-04 1.06e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
                                     -2.5 1.62e+00
     2.4954295e+02 3.01e-04 9.34e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
                                     -3.5 1.40e+00
     2.4944842e+02 3.54e-03 2.20e+00 -4.2 4.63e+00
  19
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f 1
iter
        objective
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
     2.4879223e+02 4.20e-03 3.15e+00
  20
                                    -4.7 7.84e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f 1
  21 2.5008884e+02 1.43e-04 4.30e+00 -5.3 8.27e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
  22 2.4823357e+02 1.75e-03 9.75e-01 -5.9 3.65e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f 1
    2.4853043e+02 1.02e-04 1.26e+00 -6.5 1.93e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
  24 2.4789631e+02 1.04e-03 2.00e-01 -7.4 1.83e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
    2.4788667e+02 5.02e-05 3.05e-01 -8.6 8.76e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  26 2.4783224e+02 2.81e-04 8.47e-01 -10.0 2.04e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
     2.4781761e+02 4.60e-04 1.36e+00 -10.5 1.52e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.25e-01f
     2.4781170e+02 6.21e-04 1.41e+00 -11.0 6.31e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 5.00e-01f
  29
     2.4778373e+02 4.60e-04 1.29e+00 -11.0 3.18e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 5.00e-01f 2
iter
        objective
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  30 2.4775801e+02 2.04e-04 3.14e-01 -11.0 7.62e-01
  31 2.4774062e+02 1.97e-05 1.08e-01 -11.0 3.44e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  32 2.4773691e+02 4.86e-06 6.69e-02 -11.0 2.29e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  33 2.4773684e+02 3.65e-05 1.62e-01 -11.0 8.52e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
                                                         1.00e+00 2.50e-01h
     2.4773259e+02 4.56e-05 3.18e-01 -11.0 3.37e+00
     2.4777260e+02 3.30e-07 3.59e-01 -11.0 9.52e-01
  35
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00H 1
  36 2.4772925e+02 5.72e-05 8.92e-02 -11.0 1.11e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  37 2.4777735e+02 8.95e-05 2.42e-01 -11.0 5.45e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
    2.4772851e+02 6.78e-05 1.79e-02 -11.0 5.28e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
    2 4772824e+02 2 73e-08 8 66e-03 -11 0 1 98e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
       objective
  40 2.4772792e+02 1.96e-06 7.06e-02 -11.0 1.11e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.25e-01f
  41 2.4772870e+02 6.29e-09 6.16e-02 -11.0 2.33e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
  42 2.4772814e+02 2.16e-06 4.18e-02 -11.0 9.93e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  43 2.4772753e+02 1.02e-06 2.41e-02 -11.0 1.15e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
                                                                           1
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
  44 2.4772769e+02 4.84e-07 1.93e-02 -11.0 2.16e-02
  45 2.4772752e+02 3.06e-07 2.03e-03 -11.0 2.38e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
  46 2.4772752e+02 2.94e-10 1.66e-03 -11.0 1.97e-03
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  47 2.4772755e+02 6.42e-11 1.63e-02 -11.0 4.26e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00H 1
  48 2.4772753e+02 7.31e-08 2.55e-02 -11.0 4.21e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 5.00e-01f
     2.4772752e+02 1.07e-07 6.53e-03 -11.0 4.16e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
iter
       objective
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
  50 2.4772762e+02 2.03e-10 3.42e-02 -11.0 4.97e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00H 1
  51 2.4772751e+02 2.36e-07 2.45e-03 -11.0 5.60e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  52 2.4772756e+02 7.40e-08 1.75e-02 -11.0 2.50e-02
  53 2.4772751e+02 6.23e-08 1.15e-03 -11.0 2.25e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  54 2.4772751e+02 4.08e-10 2.11e-03 -11.0 2.68e-03
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  55 2.4772751e+02 2.29e-10 3.41e-04 -11.0 1.59e-03
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     2.4772751e+02 5.23e-11 1.76e-04 -11.0 3.42e-04
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
```

```
57 2.4772751e+02 2.74e-11 4.09e-04 -11.0 7.88e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
  58 2.4772751e+02 1.49e-12 3.14e-03 -11.0 9.46e-03
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
  59 2.4772751e+02 1.04e-08 1.81e-04 -11.0 5.93e-03
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00f 1
iter
       objective
                    inf pr inf du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha du alpha pr ls
  60 2.4772751e+02 1.07e-11 1.06e-04 -11.0 3.16e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  61 2.4772751e+02 7.84e-16 1.88e-04 -11.0 3.50e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
  62 2.4772751e+02 8.45e-12 4.37e-05 -11.0 2.23e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     2.4772751e+02 8.89e-13 3.61e-05 -11.0 1.37e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     2.4772751e+02 2.66e-15 6.69e-04 -11.0 2.25e-03
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
     2.4772751e+02 1.87e-10 1.22e-04 -11.0 1.26e-03
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  66 2.4772751e+02 7.62e-11 3.67e-04 -11.0 7.35e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
    2.4772751e+02 5.86e-11 3.84e-05 -11.0 5.98e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  68 2.4772751e+02 9.75e-13 3.05e-05 -11.0 5.75e-05
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  69 2.4772751e+02 1.73e-13 6.59e-06 -11.0 2.35e-05
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
                    inf pr inf du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha du alpha pr ls
iter
       objective
     2.4772751e+02 8.48e-14 8.71e-06 -11.0 1.74e-05
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  70
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  71 2.4772751e+02 4.55e-13 2.11e-05 -11.0 8.39e-05
  72 2.4772751e+02 6.66e-16 6.52e-05 -11.0 4.82e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
  73 2.4772751e+02 4.72e-16 1.06e-04 -11.0 2.65e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
  74 2.4772751e+02 1.11e-11 3.39e-05 -11.0 4.55e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  75 2.4772751e+02 5.55e-12 2.58e-05 -11.0 1.25e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 5.00e-01h
  76 2.4772751e+02 4.33e-13 1.06e-05 -11.0 9.99e-05
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     2.4772751e+02 2.64e-13 1.51e-05 -11.0 3.58e-05
  77
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     2.4772751e+02 1.49e-13 1.86e-06 -11.0 3.20e-05
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     2.4772751e+02 2.31e-14 3.43e-06 -11.0 5.56e-06
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
                   inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
       objective
    2.4772751e+02 1.09e-14 3.37e-07 -11.0 3.58e-06
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
```

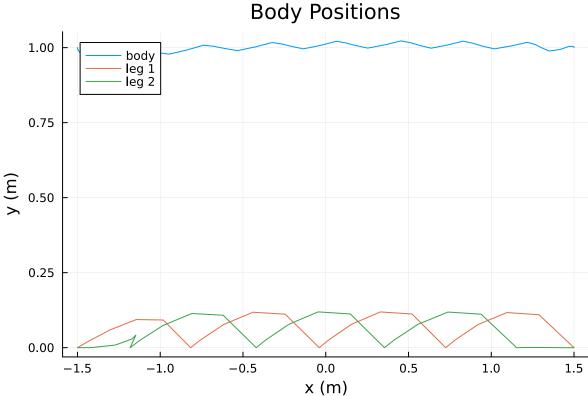
Q2

Number of Iterations....: 80

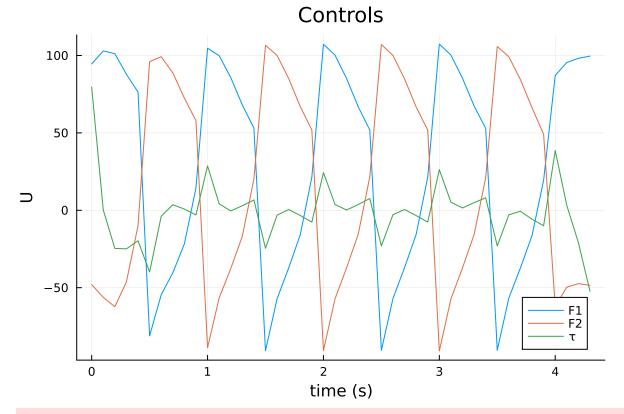
```
(scaled)
                                                          (unscaled)
Objective....:
                           2.4772750671476896e+02
                                                    2.4772750671476896e+02
                           3.3732523109508694e-07
                                                    3.3732523109508694e-07
Dual infeasibility....:
Constraint violation...:
                           1.0880185641326534e-14
                                                    1.0880185641326534e-14
Complementarity....:
                           1.0000000000000003e-11
                                                    1.0000000000000003e-11
Overall NLP error...:
                           3.3732523109508694e-07
                                                    3.3732523109508694e-07
```

```
Number of objective function evaluations
                                                      = 138
Number of objective gradient evaluations
                                                      = 81
Number of equality constraint evaluations
                                                      = 138
Number of inequality constraint evaluations
                                                      = 138
Number of equality constraint Jacobian evaluations
Number of inequality constraint Jacobian evaluations = 81
Number of Lagrangian Hessian evaluations
                                                      = 0
Total CPU secs in IPOPT (w/o function evaluations)
                                                           105.402
Total CPU secs in NLP function evaluations
                                                            15.324
```

EXIT: Optimal Solution Found.



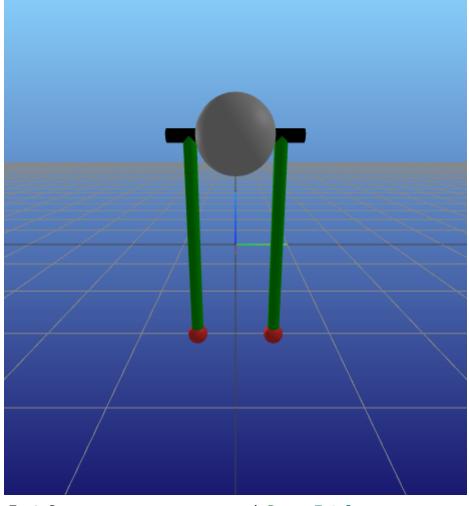
13/04/2023, 00:07



Info: MeshCat server started. You can open the visualizer by visiting the following URL in your browser: http://127.0.0.1:8709

Q2

Open Controls



Test Summary: | **Pass Total** walker trajectory optimization | 272 272

Out[20]: Test.DefaultTestSet("walker trajectory optimization", Any[], 272, false, false)

In []:

In []: