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```
In [10]: import Pkg
         Pkg.activate(@__DIR__)
         Pkg.instantiate()
         import MathOptInterface as MOI
         import Ipopt
         import FiniteDiff
         import ForwardDiff
         import Convex as cvx
         import ECOS
         using LinearAlgebra
         using Plots
         using Random
         using JLD2
         using Test
         import MeshCat as mc
           Activating environment at `~/ocrl_ws/16745-ocrl/HW3_S23/Project.toml`
```

Q1

```
In [11]: include(joinpath(@__DIR___, "utils", "fmincon.jl"))
         include(joinpath(@__DIR__, "utils","cartpole_animation.jl"))
```

Out[11]: animate\_cartpole (generic function with 1 method)

NOTE: This question will have long outputs for each cell, remember you can use cell -> all output -> toggle scrolling to better see it all

#### Q1: Direct Collocation (DIRCOL) for a Cart Pole (30 pts)

We are now going to start working with the NonLinear Program (NLP) Solver IPOPT to solve some trajectory optimization problems. First we will demonstrate how this works for simple optimization problems (not trajectory optimization). The interface that we have setup for IPOPT is the following:

$$c_{eq}(x) = 0$$
 equality constraint (2)  
 $c_L \le c_{ineq}(x) \le c_U$  inequality constraint (3)

$$x_L \le x \le x_U$$
 primal bound constraint (4)

where  $\ell(x)$  is our objective function,  $c_{eq}(x)=0$  is our equality constraint,  $c_L \leq c_{ineq}(x) \leq c_U$  is our bound inequality constraint, and  $x_L \leq x \leq x_U$  is a bound constraint on our primal variable x.

#### Part A: Solve an LP with IPOPT (5 pts)

To demonstrate this, we are going to ask you to solve a simple Linear Program (LP):

$$\min_{x} \quad q^T x \tag{5}$$

st 
$$Ax = b$$
 (6)

$$Gx \le h$$
 (7)

Your job will be to transform this problem into the form shown above and solve it with IPOPT. To help you interface with IPOPT, we have created a function fmincon for you. Below is the docstring for this function that details all of the inputs.

```
In [12]: """
         x = fmincon(cost, equality_constraint, inequality_constraint, x_l, x_u, c_l, c_u, x_0, params, diff_type)
         This function uses IPOPT to minimize an objective function
          `cost(params, x)`
         With the following three constraints:
          'equality constraint(params, x) = 0'
          `c_l <= inequality_constraint(params, x) <= c_u`
          `x_l <= x <= x_u`
         Note that the constraint functions should return vectors.
         Problem specific parameters should be loaded into params::NamedTuple (things like
         cost weights, dynamics parameters, etc.).
         args:
                                                 - objective function to be minimzed (returns scalar)
              cost::Function
              equality_constraint::Function
                                                 - c_{eq}(params, x) == 0
              inequality_constraint::Function - c_l <= c_ineq(params, x) <= c_u</pre>
                                                 - x_l <= x <= x_u
              x_l::Vector
                                                 - x_l <= x <= x_u
              x_u::Vector
              c_l::Vector
                                                 - c_l <= c_ineq(params, x) <= x_u</pre>
              c_u::Vector
                                                 - c_l <= c_ineq(params, x) <= x_u</pre>
```

```
x0::Vector
                                   - initial guess
   params::NamedTuple
                                   - problem parameters for use in costs/constraints
   diff type::Symbol
                                   - :auto for ForwardDiff, :finite for FiniteDiff
   verbose::Bool
                                   - true for IPOPT output, false for nothing
optional args:
   tol

    optimality tolerance

   c tol

    constraint violation tolerance

   max iters
                                   - max iterations
   verbose
                                   - verbosity of IPOPT
outputs:
                                   - solution
   x::Vector
You should try and use :auto for your `diff type` first, and only use :finite if you
absolutely cannot get ForwardDiff to work.
This function will run a few basic checks before sending the problem off to IPOPT to
solve. The outputs of these checks will be reported as the following:
-----checking dimensions of everything-----
-----all dimensions good-----
-----diff type set to :auto (ForwardDiff.jl)----
-----testing objective gradient-----
-----testing constraint Jacobian-----
-----successfully compiled both derivatives-----
-----IPOPT beginning solve-----
If you're getting stuck during the testing of one of the derivatives, try switching
to FiniteDiff.jl by setting diff_type = :finite.
```

01

```
In [13]: @testset "solve LP with IPOPT" begin
             LP = jldopen(joinpath(@__DIR___,"utils","random_LP.jld2"))
             params = (q = LP["q"], A = LP["A"], b = LP["b"], G = LP["G"], h = LP["h"])
             # return a scalar
             function cost(params, x)::Real
                 # create cost function with params and x
                 return params.q' * x
             end
             # return a vector
             function equality_constraint(params, x)::Vector
                 \# create equality constraint function with params and x
                 return params.A * x - params.b
             end
             # return a vector
             function inequality_constraint(params, x)::Vector
                 # create inequality constraint function with params and x
                 return params.G * x - params.h
             end
             # TODO: primal bounds
             # you may use Inf, like Inf*ones(10) for a vector of positive infinity
             x_l = -Inf * ones(20)
             x_u = Inf * ones(20)
             # TODO: inequality constraint bounds
             cl = -Inf * ones(20)
             c u = 0 * ones(20)
             # initial quess
             x0 = randn(20)
             diff type = :auto # use ForwardDiff.jl
               diff type = :finite # use FiniteDiff.jl
             x = fmincon(cost, equality_constraint, inequality_constraint,
                         x_l, x_u, c_l, c_u, x0, params, diff_type;
                         tol = 1e-6, c_tol = 1e-6, max_iters = 10_000, verbose = true);
             @test isapprox(x, [-0.44289, 0, 0, 0.19214, 0, 0, -0.109095,
                                -0.43221, 0, 0, 0.44289, 0, 0, 0.192142,
                                0, 0, 0.10909, 0.432219, 0, 0], atol = 1e-3)
         end
```

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```
-----checking dimensions of everything------
-----all dimensions good-----
-----diff type set to :auto (ForwardDiff.jl)----
-----testing objective gradient-----
-----testing constraint Jacobian-----
-----successfully compiled both derivatives-----
------IPOPT beginning solve-----
This is Ipopt version 3.14.4, running with linear solver MUMPS 5.4.1.
Number of nonzeros in equality constraint Jacobian...:
                                                       80
Number of nonzeros in inequality constraint Jacobian.:
                                                      400
Number of nonzeros in Lagrangian Hessian....:
Total number of variables....:
                                                       20
                   variables with only lower bounds:
              variables with lower and upper bounds:
                   variables with only upper bounds:
                                                        0
Total number of equality constraints....:
                                                        4
Total number of inequality constraints....:
                                                       20
       inequality constraints with only lower bounds:
                                                        0
   inequality constraints with lower and upper bounds:
                                                        0
       inequality constraints with only upper bounds:
                                                       20
                  inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
       objective
   0 2.3071134e+00 1.97e+00 3.33e-01 0.0 0.00e+00
                                                   - 0.00e+00 0.00e+00
   1 3.7831510e+00 6.92e-01 2.02e+00 -0.5 1.94e+00
                                                   - 2.22e-01 6.48e-01f 1
   2 3.1911447e+00 2.22e-16 7.86e-04 -1.6 1.06e+00
                                                   - 9.98e-01 1.00e+00h 1
   3 1.5717719e+00 2.22e-16 1.26e-07 -1.7 1.18e+00
                                                   - 1.00e+00 8.87e-01f 1
   4 1.2788550e+00 1.11e-16 1.33e-08 -2.7 9.23e-02
                                                   - 1.00e+00 7.91e-01f 1
                                                   - 9.16e-01 9.93e-01f 1
  5 1.1797701e+00 5.55e-17 1.93e-09 -3.9 3.55e-02
   6 1.1763544e+00 2.22e-16 1.40e-11 -9.7 2.15e-03
                                                   - 9.93e-01 9.99e-01f 1
     1.1763494e+00 2.22e-16 6.27e-15 -11.0 4.25e-06
                                                   - 1.00e+00 1.00e+00f 1
Number of Iterations....: 7
                                (scaled)
                                                      (unscaled)
Objective....: 1.1763493513091967e+00
                                                 1.1763493513091967e+00
Dual infeasibility....:
                                                 6.2741891675300036e-15
                         6.2741891675300036e-15
Constraint violation...:
                         2.2204460492503131e-16
                                                 2.2204460492503131e-16
0.0000000000000000e+00
Complementarity...... 3.5916654841833766e-11
                                                 3.5916654841833766e-11
Overall NLP error....: 3.5916654841833766e-11
                                                 3.5916654841833766e-11
Number of objective function evaluations
Number of objective gradient evaluations
                                                = 8
Number of equality constraint evaluations
                                                = 8
Number of inequality constraint evaluations
Number of equality constraint Jacobian evaluations = 8
Number of inequality constraint Jacobian evaluations = 8
Number of Lagrangian Hessian evaluations
Total seconds in IPOPT
                                                = 1.970
EXIT: Optimal Solution Found.
Test Summary:
                  | Pass Total
solve LP with IPOPT |
```

#### Part B: Cart Pole Swingup (20 pts)

Out[13]: Test.DefaultTestSet("solve LP with IPOPT", Any[], 1, false, false)

We are now going to solve for a cartpole swingup. The state for the cartpole is the following:

$$x = [p, heta, \dot{p}, \dot{ heta}]^T$$

Where p and  $\theta$  can be seen in the graphic <code>cartpole.png</code> .



where we start with the pole in the down position ( $\theta = 0$ ), and we want to use the horizontal force on the cart to drive the pole to the up position ( $\theta = \pi$ ).

$$\min_{x_{1:N}, u_{1:N-1}} \quad \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \left[ \frac{1}{2} (x_i - x_{goal})^T Q(x_i - x_{goal}) + \frac{1}{2} u_i^T R u_i \right] + \frac{1}{2} (x_N - x_{goal})^T Q_f(x_N - x_{goal})$$
 (8)

st 
$$x_1 = x_{\rm IC}$$
 (9)

$$x_N = x_{qoal} \tag{10}$$

$$f_{hs}(x_i, x_{i+1}, u_i, dt) = 0 \quad \text{for } i = 1, 2, \dots, N-1$$
 (11)

$$-10 \le u_i \le 10 \quad \text{for } i = 1, 2, \dots, N-1$$
 (12)

Where  $x_{IC} = [0, 0, 0, 0]$ , and  $x_{goal} = [0, \pi, 0, 0]$ , and  $f_{hs}(x_i, x_{i+1}, u_i)$  is the implicit integrator residual for Hermite Simpson (see HW1Q1 to refresh on this). Note that while Zac used a first order hold (FOH) on the controls in class (meaning we linearly interpolate controls between

time steps), we are using a zero-order hold (ZOH) in this assignment. This means that each control  $u_i$  is held constant for the entirety of the timestep.

Q1

```
In [14]: # cartpole
         function dynamics(params::NamedTuple, x::Vector, u)
             # cartpole ODE, parametrized by params.
             # cartpole physical parameters
             mc, mp, l = params.mc, params.mp, params.l
             g = 9.81
             q = x[1:2]
             qd = x[3:4]
             s = sin(q[2])
             c = cos(q[2])
             H = [mc+mp mp*l*c; mp*l*c mp*l^2]
             C = [0 - mp*qd[2]*l*s; 0 0]
             G = [0, mp*g*l*s]
             B = [1, 0]
             qdd = -H\setminus(C*qd + G - B*u[1])
             xdot = [qd;qdd]
              return xdot
         function hermite_simpson(params::NamedTuple, x1::Vector, x2::Vector, u, dt::Real)::Vector
             # input hermite simpson implicit integrator residual
             xk dot = dynamics(params, x1, u)
             xk1_dot = dynamics(params, x2, u)
             xk half = 0.5 * (x1 + x2) + dt .* (xk dot - xk1 dot) / 8
             xk half dot = dynamics(params, xk half, u)
              return x1 + dt .* (xk_dot + 4 * xk_half_dot + xk1_dot) / 6 - x2
         end
```

Out[14]: hermite\_simpson (generic function with 1 method)

To solve this problem with IPOPT and fmincon, we are going to concatenate all of our x's and u's into one vector:

$$Z = egin{bmatrix} x_1 \ u_1 \ x_2 \ u_2 \ dots \ x_{N-1} \ u_{N-1} \ x_N \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \cdot nx + (N-1) \cdot nu}$$

where  $x \in \mathbb{R}^{nx}$  and  $u \in \mathbb{R}^{nu}$ . Below we will provide useful indexing guide in create idx to help you deal with Z.

It is also worth noting that while there are inequality constraints present ( $-10 \le u_i \le 10$ ), we do not need a specific inequality\_constraints function as an input to fmincon since these are just bounds on the primal (Z) variable. You should use primal bounds in fmincon to capture these constraints.

```
In [15]: function create_idx(nx,nu,N)
             # This function creates some useful indexing tools for Z
             \# \times i = Z[idx.x[i]]
             \# u i = Z[idx.u[i]]
             # Feel free to use/not use anything here.
             # our Z vector is [x0, u0, x1, u1, ..., xN]
             nz = (N-1) * nu + N * nx # length of Z
             x = [(i - 1) * (nx + nu) .+ (1 : nx) for i = 1:N]
             u = [(i - 1) * (nx + nu) .+ ((nx + 1):(nx + nu))  for i = 1:(N - 1)]
             # constraint indexing for the (N-1) dynamics constraints when stacked up
             c = [(i - 1) * (nx) .+ (1 : nx) for i = 1:(N - 1)]
             nc = (N - 1) * nx # (N-1)*nx
             return (nx=nx, nu=nu, N=N, nz=nz, nc=nc, x=x, u=u, c=c)
         end
         function cartpole_cost(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Real
             idx, N, xg = params.idx, params.N, params.xg
             Q, R, Qf = params.Q, params.R, params.Qf
```

```
# input cartpole LQR cost
    J = 0
    for i = 1:(N-1)
       xi = Z[idx.x[i]]
        ui = Z[idx.u[i]]
        J += 0.5 * (xi - xg)' * Q * (xi - xg) + 0.5 * ui' * R * ui
    end
    # dont forget terminal cost
    J += 0.5 * (Z[idx.x[N]] - xg)' * Qf * (Z[idx.x[N]] - xg)
    return J
end
function cartpole_dynamics_constraints(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
    idx, N, dt = params.idx, params.N, params.dt
    # create dynamics constraints using hermite simpson
    # create c in a ForwardDiff friendly way (check HWO)
    c = zeros(eltype(Z), idx.nc)
    for i = 1:(N-1)
        xi = Z[idx.x[i]]
        ui = Z[idx.u[i]]
        xip1 = Z[idx.x[i+1]]
        # hermite simpson
        c[idx.c[i]] = hermite simpson(params, xi, xip1, ui, dt)
    end
    return c
end
function cartpole_equality_constraint(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
    N, idx, xic, xg = params.N, params.idx, params.xic, params.xg
    # return all of the equality constraints
    return [Z[idx.x[1]] - xic;
            Z[idx.x[N]] - xg;
            cartpole_dynamics_constraints(params, Z)]
      return cartpole_dynamics_constraints(params, Z)
end
function solve cartpole swingup(;verbose=true)
    # problem size
    nx = 4
    nu = 1
    dt = 0.05
    tf = 2.0
    t_vec = 0:dt:tf
    N = length(t_vec)
    # LQR cost
    Q = diagm(ones(nx))
    R = 0.1*diagm(ones(nu))
    Qf = 10*diagm(ones(nx))
    # indexing
    idx = create_idx(nx,nu,N)
    # initial and goal states
    xic = [0, 0, 0, 0]
    xg = [0, pi, 0, 0]
    # load all useful things into params
    params = (Q = Q, R = R, Qf = Qf, xic = xic, xg = xg, dt = dt, N = N, idx = idx, mc = 1.0, mp = 0.2, l = 0.5)
    # TODO: primal bounds
    x_l = -Inf * ones(idx.nz)
    x_u = Inf * ones(idx.nz)
    for i = 1:N-1
        x_l[idx.u[i]] = -10
        x_u[idx.u[i]] = 10
    end
    # inequality constraint bounds (this is what we do when we have no inequality constraints)
    c_l = zeros(0)
    c u = zeros(0)
    function inequality_constraint(params, Z)
        return zeros(eltype(Z), 0)
    # initial guess
```

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```
z0 = 0.001*randn(idx.nz)
    # choose diff type (try :auto, then use :finite if :auto doesn't work)
    diff_type = :auto
     diff_type = :finite
    Z = fmincon(cartpole cost, cartpole equality constraint, inequality constraint,
                x l,x u,c l,c u,z0,params, diff type;
                tol = 1e-6, c_tol = 1e-6, max_iters = 10_000, verbose = verbose)
    # pull the X and U solutions out of Z
    X = [Z[idx.x[i]] \text{ for } i = 1:N]
    U = [Z[idx.u[i]] \text{ for } i = 1:(N-1)]
    return X, U, t vec, params
end
@testset "cartpole swingup" begin
    X, U, t_vec = solve_cartpole_swingup(verbose=true)
    # -----testing-----
    (\text{dtest isapprox}(X[1], \text{zeros}(4), \text{ atol} = 1\text{e-}4))
    (etest isapprox(X[end], [0,pi,0,0], atol = 1e-4))
    Xm = hcat(X...)
    Um = hcat(U...)
    # -----plotting-----
    display(plot(t_vec, Xm', label = ["p" "\theta" "p" "\theta"], xlabel = "time (s)", title = "State Trajectory"))
    display(plot(t_vec[1:end-1],Um',label="",xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "u",title = "Controls"))
    # meshcat animation
    display(animate_cartpole(X, 0.05))
end
```

Q1

```
-----checking dimensions of everything-----
-----all dimensions good------
-----diff type set to :auto (ForwardDiff.jl)----
-----testing objective gradient-----
-----testing constraint Jacobian-----
-----successfully compiled both derivatives-----
------IPOPT beginning solve-----
This is Ipopt version 3.14.4, running with linear solver MUMPS 5.4.1.
Number of nonzeros in equality constraint Jacobian...:
                                                        34272
Number of nonzeros in inequality constraint Jacobian.:
                                                            0
Number of nonzeros in Lagrangian Hessian....:
                                                            0
Total number of variables....:
                                                          204
                    variables with only lower bounds:
                                                            0
               variables with lower and upper bounds:
                                                           40
                    variables with only upper bounds:
                                                            0
Total number of equality constraints....:
                                                          168
Total number of inequality constraints....:
                                                            0
       inequality constraints with only lower bounds:
                                                            0
   inequality constraints with lower and upper bounds:
                                                            0
       inequality constraints with only upper bounds:
                                                            0
iter
       objective
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr
     2.4668465e+02 3.14e+00 3.62e-04
                                                         0.00e+00 0.00e+00
                                      0.0 0.00e+00
     2.7495449e+02 2.38e+00 7.99e+00
                                     -5.0 1.28e+01
                                                         4.90e-01 2.43e-01h
     2.9800245e+02 2.16e+00 1.03e+01
                                     -0.5 1.05e+01
                                                         6.11e-01 9.26e-02h
     3.3417253e+02 1.87e+00 1.40e+01
                                     -0.4 1.29e+01
                                                         6.48e-01 1.33e-01h
                                                         8.79e-01 1.40e-01h
     3.7111067e+02 1.61e+00 2.08e+01
                                     -0.5 1.19e+01
                                      -0.8 1.00e+01
     4.1954974e+02 1.33e+00 2.73e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.74e-01h
     4.4373136e+02 1.20e+00 3.19e+01
                                       0.3 1.84e+01
                                                         6.33e-01 9.61e-02h
     4.7556102e+02 1.07e+00 3.53e+01
                                       0.2 1.80e+01
                                                         6.47e-01 1.12e-01h
                                                         6.12e-01 1.17e-01h
   8
     5.1167839e+02 9.43e-01 3.90e+01
                                       0.3 2.25e+01
                                                         8.73e-01 9.51e-02h 3
     5.2133501e+02 8.53e-01 3.84e+01
   9
                                       0.3 1.15e+01
                                          ||d|| lg(rg) alpha du alpha pr ls
iter
        objective
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu)
     5.1533080e+02 7.71e-01 4.12e+01
                                                         5.18e-01 9.70e-02f
                                       0.4 2.61e+01
  11 5.0923158e+02 7.01e-01 4.40e+01
                                       0.5 2.68e+01
                                                         5.97e-01 9.06e-02f
     5.0681641e+02 6.26e-01 4.91e+01
                                                         8.46e-01 1.07e-01f
  12
                                       0.4 3.52e+01
     5.0844912e+02 5.59e-01 5.71e+01
                                       0.6 2.68e+01
                                                         3.33e-01 1.06e-01h
     5.3530304e+02 3.51e-01 7.08e+01
                                       0.4 1.99e+01
                                                         1.94e-01 3.71e-01h
                                                         2.68e-01 2.20e-01h
     5.3505331e+02 2.74e-01 7.29e+01
  15
                                       0.2 1.78e+01
                                                                            1
     5.4192440e+02 1.90e-01 7.58e+01
                                                         3.88e-01 3.09e-01f 1
                                       0.7 1.63e+01
                                       0.6 1.18e+01
  17
     5.3760775e+02 1.18e-01 8.54e+01
                                                         7.66e-01 3.75e-01h 1
     5.4054375e+02 8.77e-02 7.83e+01
                                       0.6 9.63e+00
                                                         8.00e-01 5.53e-01h
     5.2842831e+02 9.21e-02 5.78e+01
                                                         8.15e-01 9.69e-01h 1
  19
                                       0.4 6.87e+00
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
       objective
     5.0251932e+02 3.95e-02 2.13e+01
                                       0.1 2.39e+00
                                                         9.71e-01 1.00e+00f
  20
  21 4.8256354e+02 6.12e-02 2.47e+01
                                      0.1 1.02e+01
                                                         5.27e-01 3.35e-01f
  22
     4.6953842e+02 4.34e-02 1.77e+01
                                     -0.1 5.15e+00
                                                         9.23e-01 4.65e-01f
  23
     4.6319920e+02 2.27e-01 4.29e+01
                                     -0.1 3.14e+01
                                                         3.04e-01 2.92e-01f
     4.6215449e+02 1.64e-01 5.91e+01
                                      0.4 1.93e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 3.21e-01f
     4.4566372e+02 7.12e-03 2.84e+01
                                     -0.1 2.84e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
     4.4068492e+02 5.58e-03 2.00e+01
                                     -0.9 1.72e+00
                                                         9.96e-01 1.00e+00f
  26
  27
     4.3812554e+02 2.32e-03 1.89e+01
                                     -1.5 1.35e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
                                     -2.2 7.12e-01
     4.3723714e+02 2.85e-04 1.78e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  28
  29
     4.3666209e+02 3.34e-03 1.85e+01 -2.8 1.38e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 9.97e-01f
       objective
                   inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
  30 4.3686462e+02 4.71e-02 1.68e+01 -0.8 1.19e+01
                                                         2.16e-01 7.28e-01f
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  31 4.3236676e+02 4.30e-02 1.37e+01 -1.4 4.47e+00
  32 4.3293853e+02 2.43e-02 1.32e+01 -0.7 3.46e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  33 4.3344139e+02 8.06e-02 2.31e+01 -0.4 2.44e+01
                                                         6.68e-01 2.72e-01f
     4.3320582e+02 8.96e-02 3.57e+01 -0.6 2.28e+01
                                                         4.53e-01 1.47e-01f
     4.2803343e+02 3.52e-02 3.12e+01
                                     -0.6 3.91e+00
  35
                                                         5.78e-01 8.66e-01f
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  36
     4.2177849e+02 3.01e-03 3.56e+01 -1.2 3.53e+00
     4.2066409e+02 2.02e-02 1.95e+01 -1.2 5.10e+00
  37
                                                         1.00e+00 9.57e-01f
     4.1990357e+02 9.71e-04 1.70e+01 -0.8 2.51e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
     4.1660440e+02 6.81e-03 2.17e+01 -1.3 4.03e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00F
       objective inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
  40 4.1686813e+02 1.31e-02 2.95e+01 -0.6 1.05e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 2.98e-01f
  41 4.1403636e+02 1.06e-02 2.13e+01 -0.7 6.16e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00F
                                     -0.5 1.80e+00
  42 4.1685841e+02 3.73e-03 1.71e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  43 4.1502335e+02 4.08e-03 1.97e+01 -0.6 1.30e+00
  44 4.1657785e+02 1.35e-03 1.85e+01 -0.3 3.65e+00
                                                         9.39e-01 1.00e+00F
                                                                            1
                                                         9.99e-01 1.00e+00f
  45 4.1136302e+02 1.23e-02 2.61e+01 -0.8 3.27e+00
                                                                            1
  46 4.0871210e+02 3.25e-03 1.73e+01 -1.2 2.58e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
                                                         9.98e-01 1.00e+00f
  47 4.0852141e+02 4.87e-03 1.05e+01 -1.4 1.58e+00
  48 4.0832794e+02 2.17e-03 1.43e+01 -1.0 2.01e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00F
     4.0565080e+02 1.04e-02 2.10e+01 -0.7 4.13e+00
  49
iter
        objective
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg)
                                                         alpha du alpha pr ls
  50 4.0555902e+02 9.68e-03 1.47e+01 -0.9 2.59e+00
                                                         9.97e-01 1.00e+00h
  51 4.0697803e+02 1.24e-02 1.13e+01
                                     -0.1 1.02e+01
                                                         3.41e-01 1.64e-01f
  52 4.0675441e+02 3.36e-02 2.16e+01
                                                         5.51e-01 2.73e-01f
                                     -0.6 1.63e+01
     4.0434740e+02 4.98e-03 1.83e+01
                                     -0.6 5.95e+00
                                                         6.79e-01 1.00e+00F
  54 4.0192004e+02 2.34e-03 1.90e+01
                                     -0.9 2.64e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
    4.0091123e+02 2.89e-04 1.82e+01
                                     -1.5 7.27e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  55
     4.0051268e+02 1.11e-03 1.81e+01
                                     -2.5 8.99e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
     4.0021069e+02 1.28e-03 2.24e+01 -1.7 3.19e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 3.16e-01f 1
```

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```
58 4.0019378e+02 2.04e-02 2.79e+01 -1.8 4.40e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f 1
 59
    4.0069332e+02 2.07e-02 1.75e+01 -0.9 5.42e+00
                                                         9.82e-01 1.00e+00f 1
                   inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
       objective
iter
 60 3.9945861e+02 2.81e-02 2.97e+01 -1.0 4.71e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
 61 4.0246664e+02 7.24e-03 7.89e+00 -0.4 5.33e+00
                                                         9.86e-01 1.00e+00f
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f 1
 62 3.9970069e+02 2.26e-02 1.64e+01 -0.5 3.89e+00
 63 3.9690108e+02 1.32e-03 1.20e+01 -0.5 1.23e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
 64 3.9530030e+02 2.15e-03 2.76e+00
                                    -1.2 1.31e+00
                                                         9.91e-01 1.00e+00f
     3.9484971e+02 3.89e-03 7.55e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
                                     -2.2 1.81e+00
 66 3.9487685e+02 4.59e-03 1.95e+01 -2.8 4.22e+00
                                                         9.90e-01 1.00e+00H
 67 3.9409418e+02 2.42e-03 1.42e+01 -2.1 1.37e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f 1
 68 3.9371712e+02 8.90e-05 8.32e+00 -2.3 5.61e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
 69 3.9364013e+02 1.52e-03 7.17e+00 -2.8 1.84e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 5.90e-01f 1
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
       objective
  70 3.9346987e+02 1.67e-04 8.15e-01 -2.8 6.82e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  71 3.9344621e+02 4.45e-05 5.44e-01 -3.9 5.71e-01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00F
  72 3.9344921e+02 1.14e-06 3.02e-01 -4.3 2.28e-01
                                                         9.99e-01 1.00e+00H 1
 73 3.9344862e+02 1.11e-06 5.45e-02 -5.9 4.61e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 9.99e-01h 1
 74 3.9344840e+02 1.22e-06 1.79e-02 -7.0 3.33e-02
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
 75 3.9344834e+02 6.46e-09 8.97e-05 -8.7 2.00e-03
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
 76 3.9344834e+02 2.49e-10 6.33e-06 -11.0 4.50e-04
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
 77 3.9344834e+02 2.64e-12 1.50e-06 -11.0 5.11e-05
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
 78 3.9344834e+02 3.20e-14 3.79e-07 -11.0 1.50e-05
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
```

Q1

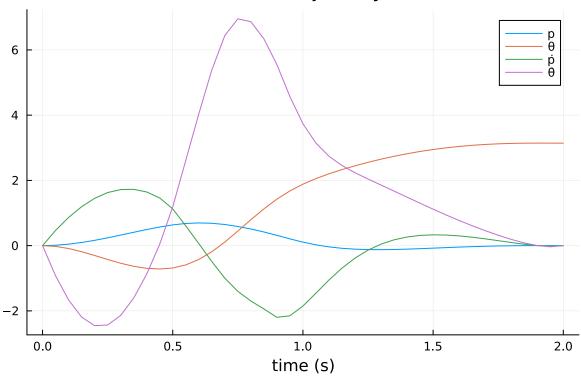
Number of Iterations...: 78

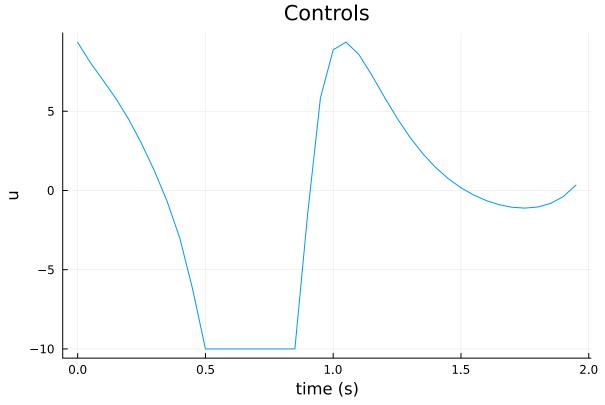
(scaled) (unscaled) Objective....: 3.9344833576223027e+02 3.9344833576223027e+02 Dual infeasibility....: 3.7890749433606510e-07 3.7890749433606510e-07 Constraint violation...: 3.1974423109204508e-14 3.1974423109204508e-14 Variable bound violation: 9.9997231828297117e-08 9.9997231828297117e-08 Complementarity....: 1.0000651658239830e-11 1.0000651658239830e-11 3.7890749433606510e-07 Overall NLP error...: 3.7890749433606510e-07

Number of objective function evaluations = 166
Number of objective gradient evaluations = 79
Number of equality constraint evaluations = 166
Number of inequality constraint evaluations = 0
Number of equality constraint Jacobian evaluations = 79
Number of inequality constraint Jacobian evaluations = 0
Number of Lagrangian Hessian evaluations = 0
Total seconds in IPOPT = 10.899

EXIT: Optimal Solution Found.

#### State Trajectory







Test Summary: | Pass Total cartpole swingup | 2 2

Out[15]: Test.DefaultTestSet("cartpole swingup", Any[], 2, false, false)

# Part C: Track DIRCOL Solution (5 pts)

Now, similar to HW2 Q2 Part C, we are taking a solution X and U from DIRCOL, and we are going to track the trajectory with TVLQR to account for model mismatch. While we used hermite-simpson integration for the dynamics constraints in DIRCOL, we are going to use RK4 for this simulation. Remember to clamp your control to be within the control bounds.

```
In [16]: function rk4(params::NamedTuple, x::Vector,u,dt::Float64)
    # vanilla RK4
    kl = dt*dynamics(params, x, u)
    k2 = dt*dynamics(params, x + kl/2, u)
    k3 = dt*dynamics(params, x + k2/2, u)
    k4 = dt*dynamics(params, x + k3, u)
    x + (1/6)*(kl + 2*k2 + 2*k3 + k4)
end

@testset "track cartpole swingup with TVLQR" begin

    X_dircol, U_dircol, t_vec, params_dircol = solve_cartpole_swingup(verbose = false)

    N = length(X_dircol)
    dt = params_dircol.dt
    x0 = X_dircol[1]

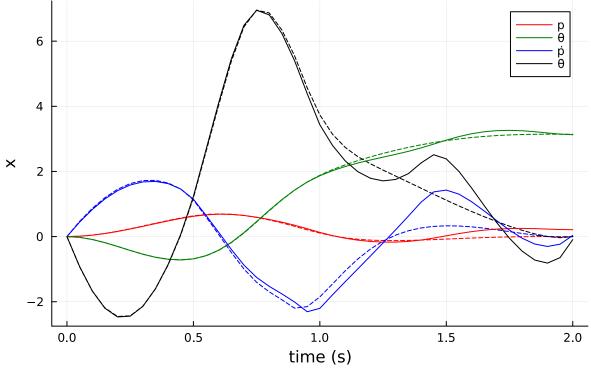
# TODO: use TVLQR to generate K's
```

```
# use this for TVLQR tracking cost
   Q = diagm([1,1,.05,.1])
   Qf = 100*Q
   R = 0.01*diagm(ones(1))
   nx = 4
   nu = 1
   A = [zeros(nx,nx) for i = 1:N-1]
   B = [zeros(nx,nu) for i = 1:N-1]
   K = [zeros(nu,nx) for i = 1:N-1]
   P = [zeros(nx,nx) for i = 1:N]
    for i = 1:N-1
       A[i] = ForwardDiff.jacobian(dx->rk4(params_dircol, dx, U_dircol[i], dt), X_dircol[i])
       B[i] = ForwardDiff.jacobian(du->rk4(params_dircol, X_dircol[i], du, dt), U_dircol[i])
    end
   P[N] = deepcopy(Qf)
   # Ricatti
    for k = N-1:-1:1
       K[k] = (R + B[k]' * P[k+1] * B[k]) \setminus (B[k]' * P[k+1] * A[k])
       P[k] = Q + A[k]' * P[k+1] * (A[k] - B[k] * K[k])
    end
   # simulation
   Xsim = [zeros(4) for i = 1:N]
   Usim = [zeros(1) for i = 1:(N-1)]
   Xsim[1] = 1*x0
   # here are the real parameters (different than the one we used for DIRCOL)
   # this model mismatch is what's going to require the TVLQR controller to track
   # the trajectory successfully.
    params_real = (mc = 1.05, mp = 0.21, l = 0.48)
   # TODO: simulate closed loop system
    for i = 1:(N-1)
       # TODO: add feeback control (right now it's just feedforward)
       Usim[i] = clamp.(U\_dircol[i] - K[i] * (Xsim[i] - X\_dircol[i]), -10, 10) # update this
       Xsim[i+1] = rk4(params_real, Xsim[i], Usim[i], dt)
    end
    # -----testing-----
   xn = Xsim[N]
   (atest norm(xn)) > 0
   @test le-6<norm(xn - X_dircol[end])<.8</pre>
   @test abs(abs(rad2deg(xn[2])) - 180) < 5 # within 5 degrees</pre>
   (Usim, Inf)) <= (10 + 1e-3)
   # -----plotting-----
   Xm = hcat(Xsim...)
   Xbarm = hcat(X_dircol...)
    plot(t_vec,Xbarm',ls=:dash, label = "",lc = [:red :green :blue :black])
    display(plot!(t_vec,Xm',title = "Cartpole TVLQR (-- is reference)",
                xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "x",
                label = ["p" "\theta" "\dot{p}" "\theta"], lc = [:red :green :blue :black]))
   Um = hcat(Usim...)
   Ubarm = hcat(U_dircol...)
    plot(t_vec[1:end-1],Ubarm',ls=:dash,lc = :blue, label = "")
    display(plot!(t_vec[1:end-1],Um',title = "Cartpole TVLQR (-- is reference)",
                xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "u", lc = :blue, label = ""))
    # -----animate-----
    display(animate cartpole(Xsim, 0.05))
end
```

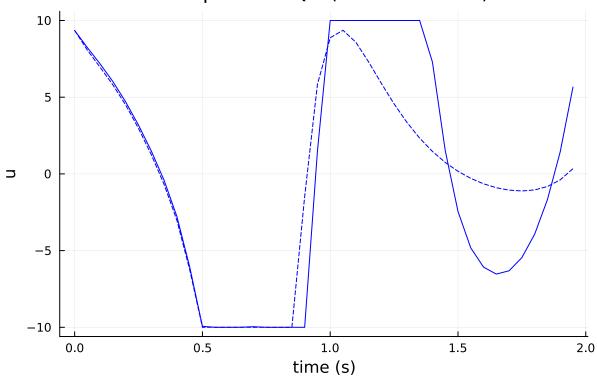
01

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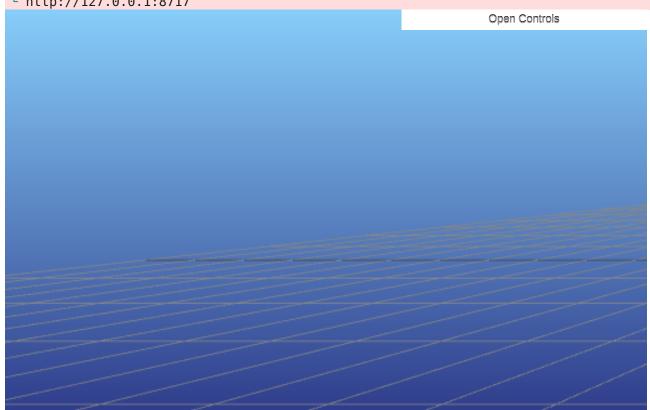
## Cartpole TVLQR (-- is reference)



## Cartpole TVLQR (-- is reference)



Info: MeshCat server started. You can open the visualizer by visiting the following URL in your browser: http://127.0.0.1:8717



Test Summary: | Pass Total track cartpole swingup with TVLQR | 4 4

Out[16]: Test.DefaultTestSet("track cartpole swingup with TVLQR", Any[], 4, false, false)

```
In [1]: import Pkg
    Pkg.activate(@__DIR__)
    Pkg.instantiate()

import MathOptInterface as MOI
    import Ipopt
    import ForwardDiff as FD
    import Convex as cvx
    import ECOS
    using LinearAlgebra
    using Plots
    using Random
    using JLD2
    using Test
    import MeshCat as mc
    using Printf
```

Q2

Activating environment at `~/ocrl\_ws/16745-ocrl/HW3\_S23/Project.toml`

# Q2: iLQR (30 pts)

In this problem, we are going to use iLQR to solve a trajectory optimization for a 6DOF quadrotor. This problem we will use a cost function to motivate the quadrotor to follow a specified aerobatic manuever. The continuous time dynamics of the quadrotor are detailed in quadrotor.jl, with the state being the following:

$$x=[r,v,{}^Np^B,\omega]$$

where  $r \in \mathbb{R}^3$  is the position of the quadrotor in the world frame (N),  $v \in \mathbb{R}^3$  is the velocity of the quadrotor in the world frame (N),  $v \in \mathbb{R}^3$  is the Modified Rodrigues Parameter (MRP) that is used to denote the attitude of the quadrotor, and  $\omega \in \mathbb{R}^3$  is the angular velocity of the quadrotor expressed in the body frame (B). By denoting the attitude of the quadrotor with a MRP instead of a quaternion or rotation matrix, we have to be careful to avoid any scenarios where the MRP will approach it's singularity at 360 degrees of rotation. For the manuever planned in this problem, the MRP will be sufficient.

The dynamics of the quadrotor are discretized with rk4, resulting in the following discrete time dynamics function:

```
In [2]: include(joinpath(@_DIR__, "utils","quadrotor.jl"))

function discrete_dynamics(params::NamedTuple, x::Vector, u, k)
    # discrete dynamics
    # x - state
    # u - control
    # k - index of trajectory
    # dt comes from params.model.dt
    return rk4(params.model, quadrotor_dynamics, x, u, params.model.dt)
end
```

Out[2]: discrete\_dynamics (generic function with 1 method)

### Part A: iLQR for a quadrotor (25 pts)

iLQR is used to solve optimal control problems of the following form:

$$x_{k+1} = f(x_k, u_k)$$
 for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, N-1$  (3)

where  $x_{IC}$  is the inital condition,  $x_{k+1} = f(x_k, u_k)$  is the discrete dynamics function,  $\ell(x_i, u_i)$  is the stage cost, and  $\ell_N(x_N)$  is the terminal cost. Since this optimization problem can be non-convex, there is no guarantee of convergence to a global optimum, or even convergence rates to a local optimum, but in practice we will see that it can work very well.

For this problem, we are going to use a simple cost function consisting of the following stage cost:

$$\ell(x_i, u_i) = rac{1}{2} (x_i - x_{ref,i})^T Q(x_i - x_{ref,i}) + rac{1}{2} (u_i - u_{ref,i})^T R(u_i - u_{ref,i})$$

And the following terminal cost:

$$\ell_N(x_N) = rac{1}{2}(x_N - x_{ref,N})^T Q_f(x_N - x_{ref,N})$$

This is how we will encourange our quadrotor to track a reference trajectory  $x_{ref}$ . In the following sections, you will implement iLQR and use it inside of a solve\_quadrotor\_trajectory function. Below we have included some starter code, but you are free to use/not use any of the provided functions so long as you pass the tests.

Q2

We will consider iLQR to have converged when  $\Delta J < \mathrm{atol}$  as calculated during the backwards pass.

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```
In [3]: # starter code: feel free to use or not use
         function stage cost(p::NamedTuple,x::Vector,u::Vector,k::Int)
             # return stage cost at time step k
             return 0.5 * (x - p.Xref[k])' * p.Q * (x - p.Xref[k]) + 0.5 * (u - p.Uref[k])' * p.R * (u - p.Uref[k])
         end
         function term cost(p::NamedTuple,x)
             # return terminal cost
             return 0.5 * (x - p.Xref[p.N])' * p.Qf * (x - p.Xref[p.N])
         end
         function stage cost expansion(p::NamedTuple, x::Vector, u::Vector, k::Int)
             # TODO: return stage cost expansion
             \# if the stage cost is J(x,u), you can return the following
             # \nabla_x {}^2J, \nabla_x J, \nabla_u {}^2J, \nabla_u J
               stage\_cost\_arr(x,u) = [stage\_cost(p,x,u,k)]
               \nabla_x^2 J = FD.hessian(dx -> stage\_cost(p, dx, u, k), x)
               \nabla_x J = FD.jacobian(dx -> stage\_cost\_arr(dx,u),x)
               \nabla_u^2 J = FD.hessian(du -> stage\_cost(p, x, du, k), u)
               \nabla_u J = FD.jacobian(du -> stage\_cost\_arr(x, du), u)
             \nabla \times^2 J = p.Q
             \nabla_{x}J = p.Q * (x - p.Xref[k])
             \nabla u^2 J = p.R
             \nabla_u J = p.R * (u - p.Uref[k])
              \nabla_u J = p.R * (u)
             return \nabla_x^2 J, \nabla_x J, \nabla_u^2 J, \nabla_u J
         function term_cost_expansion(p::NamedTuple, x::Vector)
             # TODO: return terminal cost expansion
             # if the terminal cost is Jn(x,u), you can return the following
             # \nabla x^2 J n, \nabla x J n
             \nabla_{x}^{2}J = p.Qf
             \nabla_x J = p.Qf * (x - p.Xref[p.N])
             return ∇x²J, ∇xJ
                                                                # useful params
         function backward_pass(params::NamedTuple,
                                  X::Vector{Vector{Float64}}, # state trajectory
                                  U::Vector{Vector{Float64}}) # control trajectory
             # compute the iLQR backwards pass given a dynamically feasible trajectory X and U
             # return d, K, ΔJ
             # outputs:
             # d - Vector{Vector} feedforward control
                   K - Vector{Matrix} feedback gains
                   ΔJ - Float64
                                       expected decrease in cost
             nx, nu, N = params.nx, params.nu, params.N
             # vectors of vectors/matrices for recursion
             P = [zeros(nx,nx) for i = 1:N] # cost to go quadratic term
             p = [zeros(nx) for i = 1:N] # cost to go linear term
             d = [zeros(nu) for i = 1:N-1] # feedforward control
             K = [zeros(nu,nx) for i = 1:N-1] # feedback gain
             Q = params.Q
             R = params.R
             # TODO: implement backwards pass and return d, K, ΔJ
             N = params.N
             \Delta J = 0.0
             \nabla_{x}^{2}JN, \nabla_{x}JN = term cost expansion(params ,X[N])
             p[N] = \nabla_x JN
             P[N] = \nabla_x^2 JN
             for k = (N-1):-1:1
                 \nabla_x^2 J, \nabla_x J, \nabla_u^2 J, \nabla_u J = stage cost expansion(params, X[k], U[k], k)
                  A = FD.jacobian(dx -> discrete_dynamics(params, dx, U[k], k),X[k])
                  B = FD.jacobian(du -> discrete_dynamics(params, X[k], du, k),U[k])
                  gx = \nabla_x J + A' * p[k+1]
                  gu = \nabla_u J + B' * p[k+1]
                  Gxx = \nabla_x^2J + A'*P[k+1]*A
```

```
Guu = \nabla_u^2 J + B'*P[k+1]*B
        Gxu = A' * P[k+1] * B
        Gux = B' * P[k+1] * A
        d[k] = Guu \setminus gu
        K[k] = Guu \setminus Gux
        p[k] = gx - K[k]' * gu + K[k]' * Guu * d[k] - Gxu * d[k]
        P[k] = Gxx + K[k]' * Guu * K[k] - Gxu * K[k] - K[k]' * Gux
        \Delta J += gu' * d[k]
    end
      @show "successfully completed a backward pass"
    return d, K, ΔJ
end
function trajectory_cost(params::NamedTuple,
                                                     # useful params
                         X::Vector{Vector{Float64}}, # state trajectory
                         U::Vector{Vector{Float64}}) # control trajectory
    # compute the trajectory cost for trajectory X and U (assuming they are dynamically feasible)
   N = params.N
   J = 0
    # TODO: add trajectory cost
    for k = 1:N-1
        J += stage_cost(params, X[k], U[k], k)
    end
    J += term cost(params, X[N])
    return J
end
                                               # useful params
function forward_pass(params::NamedTuple,
                      X::Vector{Vector{Float64}}, # state trajectory
                      U::Vector{Vector{Float64}}, # control trajectory
                      d::Vector{Vector{Float64}}, # feedforward controls
                      K::Vector{Matrix{Float64}}; # feedback gains
                      max_linesearch_iters = 20) # max iters on linesearch
   # forward pass in iLQR with linesearch
    # use a line search where the trajectory cost simply has to decrease (no Armijo)
    # outputs:
         Xn::Vector{Vector} updated state trajectory
          Un::Vector{Vector} updated control trajectory
    #
    #
         J::Float64
                              updated cost
         \alpha::Float64.
                             step length
   nx, nu, N = params.nx, params.nu, params.N
   Xn = [zeros(nx) for i = 1:N] # new state history
   Un = [zeros(nu) for i = 1:N-1] # new control history
    # initial condition
   Xn[1] = 1*X[1]
   # initial step length
    \alpha = 1.0
    # TODO: add forward pass
   J = trajectory_cost(params, X, U)
    Jprev = Inf
    for k = 1:max linesearch iters
          @show J
          @show Jprev
         @show Jprev - J
        if Jprev < J</pre>
            return Xn, Un, Jprev, α
        end
        for i = 1:N-1
            Un[i] = U[i] - \alpha * d[i] - K[i] * (Xn[i] - X[i])
            Xn[i+1] = discrete dynamics(params, Xn[i], Un[i], i)
        end
        \alpha = 0.5 * \alpha
         @show Xn
        Jprev = trajectory_cost(params, Xn, Un)
    end
    error("forward pass failed")
```

Out[3]: forward\_pass (generic function with 1 method)

In [4]: function iLQR(params::NamedTuple, # useful params for costs/dynamics/indexing

```
Q2
             x0::Vector, # initial condition
             U::Vector{Vector{Float64}}; # initial controls
             atol=le-3, \# convergence criteria: \Delta J < atol
             \max iters = 250,
                                     # max iLQR iterations
                                      # print logging
             verbose = true)
   # iLQR solver given an initial condition x0, initial controls U, and a
   # dynamics function described by `discrete dynamics`
   # return (X, U, K) where
    # outputs:
        X::Vector{Vector} - state trajectory
         U::Vector{Vector} - control trajectory
         K::Vector{Matrix} - feedback gains K
   # first check the sizes of everything
   @assert length(U) == params.N-1
   @assert length(U[1]) == params.nu
   @assert length(x0) == params.nx
   nx, nu, N = params.nx, params.nu, params.N
   X = [zeros(nx) for i = 1:N]
   X[1] = x0
   # initial rollout
    for i = 1:N-1
       X[i+1] .= discrete_dynamics(params, X[i], U[i], i)
    end
    for ilqr iter = 1:max iters
       d, K, \Delta J = backward pass(params, X, U)
       X, U, J, \alpha = forward_pass(params, X, U, d, K)
       # termination criteria
       if \Delta J < atol
           if verbose
               @info "iLQR converged"
           end
           return X, U, K
       end
       # -----logging -----
       if verbose
           dmax = maximum(norm.(d))
           if rem(ilqr_iter-1,10)==0
               @printf "iter J \Delta J |d| \alpha
               @printf "-----
           end
           @printf("%3d %10.3e %9.2e %9.2e %6.4f \n",
             ilqr_iter, J, \DeltaJ, dmax, \alpha)
       end
    error("iLQR failed")
end
```

Out[4]: iLQR (generic function with 1 method)

```
In [5]: | function create_reference(N, dt)
            # create reference trajectory for quadrotor
            Xref = [ [R*cos(t);R*cos(t)*sin(t);1.2 + sin(t);zeros(9)]  for t = range(-pi/2,3*pi/2, length = N)]
            for i = 1:(N-1)
                Xref[i][4:6] = (Xref[i+1][1:3] - Xref[i][1:3])/dt
            Xref[N][4:6] = Xref[N-1][4:6]
            Uref = [(9.81*0.5/4)*ones(4) for i = 1:(N-1)]
            return Xref, Uref
        function solve_quadrotor_trajectory(;verbose = true)
            # problem size
            nx = 12
            nu = 4
            dt = 0.05
            tf = 5
            t vec = 0:dt:tf
            N = length(t_vec)
            # create reference trajectory
            Xref, Uref = create reference(N, dt)
            # tracking cost function
            Q = 1*diagm([1*ones(3);.1*ones(3);.1*ones(3);.1*ones(3)])
            R = .1*diagm(ones(nu))
            Qf = 10*Q
```

```
# dynamics parameters (these are estimated)
    model = (mass=0.5,
            J=Diagonal([0.0023, 0.0023, 0.004]),
            gravity=[0,0,-9.81],
            L=0.1750,
            kf=1.0,
            km=0.0245, dt = dt
    # the params needed by iLQR
    params = (
        N = N,
        nx = nx,
        nu = nu,
        Xref = Xref
        Uref = Uref,
        Q = Q
        R = R,
        Qf = Qf,
        model = model
    # initial condition
    x0 = 1*Xref[1]
    # initial guess controls
    U = [(uref + .0001*randn(nu)) for uref in Uref]
    # solve with iLQR
    X, U, K = iLQR(params, x0, U; atol=1e-4, max_iters = 250, verbose = verbose)
    return X, U, K, t_vec, params
end
```

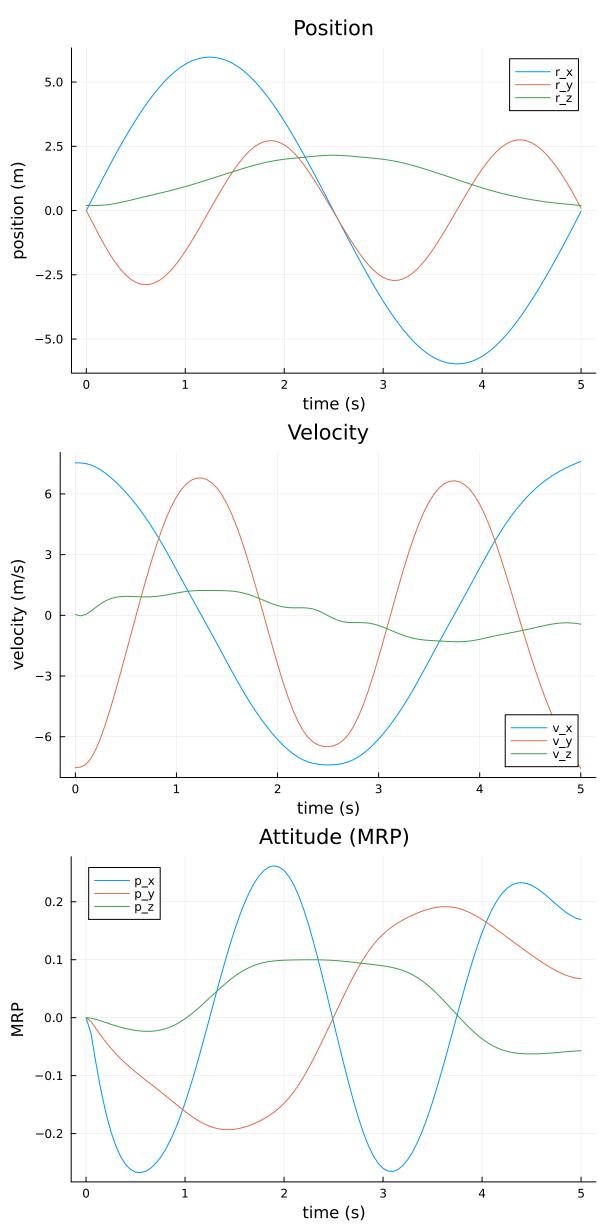
Q2

Out[5]: solve\_quadrotor\_trajectory (generic function with 1 method)

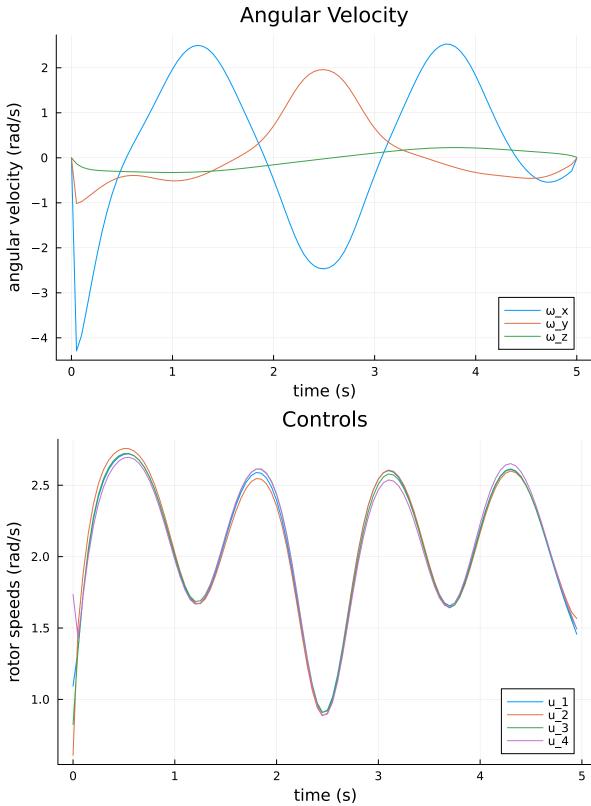
```
In [8]: @testset "ilqr" begin
           # NOTE: set verbose to true here when you submit
           Xilqr, Uilqr, Kilqr, t_vec, params = solve_quadrotor_trajectory(verbose = true)
           # -----testing-----
           Usol = load(joinpath(@__DIR___,"utils","ilqr_U.jld2"))["Usol"]
           @test maximum(norm.(Usol .- Uilqr,Inf)) <= 1e-2</pre>
           # ------plotting-----
           Xm = hcat(Xilqr...)
           Um = hcat(Uilqr...)
           display(plot(t_vec, Xm[1:3,:]', xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "position (m)",
                                         title = "Position", label = ["r_x" "r_y" "r_z"]))
           display(plot(t_vec, Xm[4:6,:]', xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "velocity (m/s)",
                                         title = "Velocity", label = ["v_x" "v_y" "v_z"]))
           display(plot(t_vec, Xm[7:9,:]', xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "MRP",
                                          title = "Attitude (MRP)", label = ["p_x" "p_y" "p_z"]))
           display(plot(t_vec, Xm[10:12,:]', xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "angular velocity (rad/s)",
                                          title = "Angular Velocity", label = ["w_x" "w_y" "w_z"]))
           display(plot(t_vec[1:end-1], Um', xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "rotor speeds (rad/s)",
                                          title = "Controls", label = ["u_1" "u_2" "u_3" "u_4"]))
           display(animate_quadrotor(Xilqr, params.Xref, params.model.dt))
       end
```

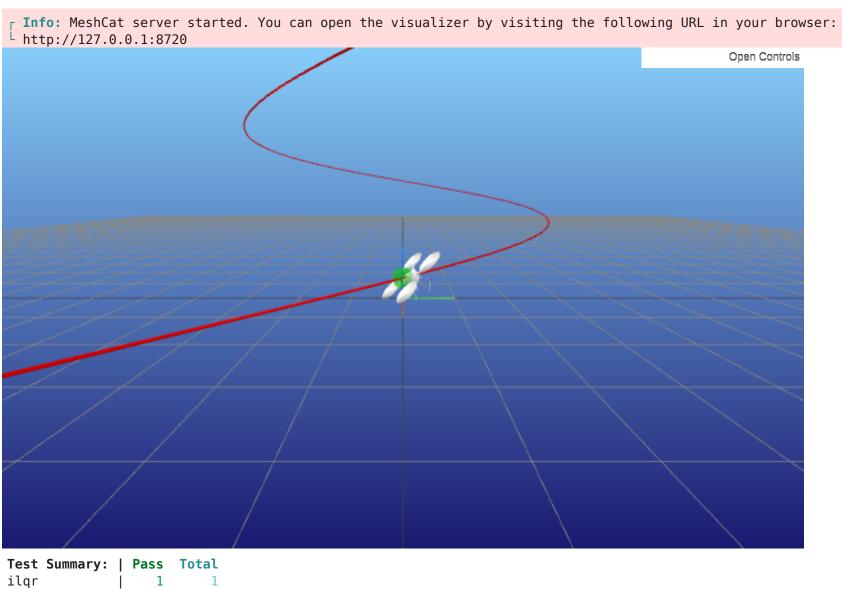
```
ΔJ
        J
iter
                              |d|
      2.971e+02 1.38e+05 2.91e+01 0.5000
 1
 2
      1.073e+02 5.27e+02 1.35e+01 0.2500
 3
      4.903e+01 1.33e+02 4.74e+00 0.5000
      4.428e+01 1.14e+01 2.49e+00 0.5000
  5
      4.402e+01
                  7.97e-01
                             2.51e-01 0.5000
                                      0.5000
  6
      4.398e+01
                  1.43e-01
                             8.17e-02
 7
      4.396e+01
                  3.73e-02
                             7.23e-02
                                      0.5000
                                      0.5000
 8
      4.396e+01
                  1.27e-02
                             3.74e-02
                  4.98e-03
                             3.16e-02 0.5000
  9
      4.396e+01
      4.396e+01
 10
                  2.23e-03
                             1.93e-02 0.5000
iter
        J
                    ΔJ
                              |d|
11
      4.396e+01
                  1.11e-03
                             1.59e-02 0.5000
                                      0.5000
12
      4.395e+01
                  6.04e-04
                             1.08e-02
 13
      4.395e+01
                  3.52e-04
                             8.81e-03
                                      0.5000
 14
      4.395e+01
                  2.15e-04
                             6.51e-03 0.5000
                             5.31e-03 0.5000
 15
      4.395e+01
                  1.35e-04
[ Info: iLQR converged
```

05/04/2023, 20:14 Q2



05/04/2023, 20:14 Q2





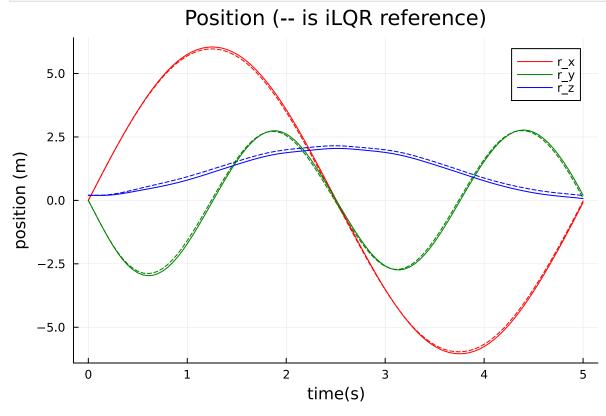
Out[8]: Test.DefaultTestSet("ilqr", Any[], 1, false, false)

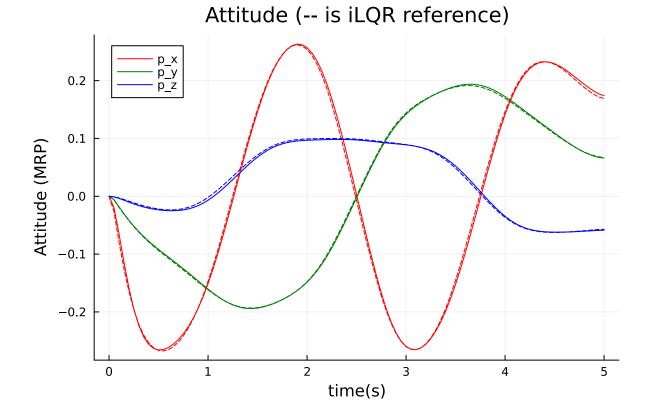
Part B: Tracking solution with TVLQR (5 pts)

Here we will do the same thing we did in Q1 where we take a trajectory from a trajectory optimization solver, and track it with TVLQR to account for some model mismatch. In DIRCOL, we had to explicitly compute the TVLQR control gains, but in iLQR, we get these same gains out of the algorithmn as the K's. Use these to track the quadrotor through this manuever.

Q2

```
In [7]: @testset "iLQR with model error" begin
           # set verbose to false when you submit
           Xilqr, Uilqr, Kilqr, t_vec, params = solve_quadrotor_trajectory(verbose = false)
           # real model parameters for dynamics
           model real = (mass=0.5,
                   J=Diagonal([0.0025, 0.002, 0.0045]),
                   gravity=[0,0,-9.81],
                   L=0.1550,
                   kf = 0.9,
                   km=0.0365, dt = 0.05)
           # simulate closed loop system
           nx, nu, N = params.nx, params.nu, params.N
           Xsim = [zeros(nx) for i = 1:N]
           Usim = [zeros(nx) for i = 1:(N-1)]
           # initial condition
           Xsim[1] = 1*Xilqr[1]
           # TODO: simulate with closed loop control
           for i = 1:(N-1)
               Usim[i] = clamp.(Uilqr[i] - Kilqr[i] * (Xsim[i] - Xilqr[i]), -10, 10)
               Xsim[i+1] = rk4(model_real, quadrotor_dynamics, Xsim[i], Usim[i], model_real.dt)
           end
           # -----testing-----
           @test le-6 <= norm(Xilqr[end] - Xsim[end],Inf) <= .3</pre>
           # -----plotting-----
           Xm = hcat(Xsim...)
           Um = hcat(Usim...)
           Xilqrm = hcat(Xilqr...)
           Uilqrm = hcat(Uilqr...)
           plot(t_vec,Xilqrm[1:3,:]',ls=:dash, label = "",lc = [:red :green :blue])
           display(plot!(t_vec,Xm[1:3,:]',title = "Position (-- is iLQR reference)",
                        xlabel = "time(s)", ylabel = "position (m)",
                        label = ["r_x" "r_y" "r_z"], lc = [:red :green :blue]))
           plot(t_vec,Xilqrm[7:9,:]',ls=:dash, label = "",lc = [:red :green :blue])
           display(plot!(t_vec,Xm[7:9,:]',title = "Attitude (-- is iLQR reference)",
                        xlabel = "time(s)", ylabel = "Attitude (MRP)",
                        label = ["p_x" "p_y" "p_z"],lc = [:red :green :blue]))
           display(animate_quadrotor(Xilqr, params.Xref, params.model.dt))
       end
```





 $\Gamma$  Info: MeshCat server started. You can open the visualizer by visiting the following URL in your browser: http://127.0.0.1:8719

Open Controls

Q2

Test Summary: | Pass Total iLQR with model error | 2

Out[7]: Test.DefaultTestSet("iLQR with model error", Any[], 2, false, false)

```
In [1]: import Pkg
        Pkg.activate(@__DIR__)
        Pkg.instantiate()
        import MathOptInterface as MOI
        import Ipopt
        import FiniteDiff
        import ForwardDiff
        import Convex as cvx
        import ECOS
        using LinearAlgebra
        using Plots
        using Random
        using JLD2
        using Test
        import MeshCat as mc
        using Statistics
          Activating environment at `~/ocrl_ws/16745-ocrl/HW3_S23/Project.toml`
In [2]: include(joinpath(@__DIR__, "utils", "fmincon.jl"))
        include(joinpath(@__DIR__, "utils","planar_quadrotor.jl"))
```

Out[2]: check\_dynamic\_feasibility (generic function with 1 method)

## Q3: Quadrotor Reorientation (40 pts)

In this problem, you will use the trajectory optimization tools you have demonstrated in questions one and two to solve for a collision free reorientation of three planar quadrotors. The planar quadrotor (as described in lecture 9) is described with the following state and dynamics:

$$x = egin{bmatrix} p_x \ p_z \ heta \ v_x \ v_z \ \omega \end{bmatrix},$$
 (1) $\dot{x}$  =

where  $p_x$  and  $p_z$  are the horizontal and vertial positions,  $v_x$  and  $v_z$  are the corresponding velocities,  $\theta$  for orientation,  $\omega$  for angular velocity,  $\ell$  for length of the quadrotor, m for mass, g for gravity acceleration in the -z direction, and a moment of inertia of J.

You are free to use any solver/cost/constraint you would like to solve for three collision free, dynamically feasible trajectories for these quadrotors that looks something like the following:



(if an animation doesn't load here, check out <code>quadrotor\_reorient.gif</code> .)

Here are the performance requirements that the resulting trajectories must meet:

- The three quadrotors must start at xlic, x2ic, and x2ic as shown in the code (these are the initial conditions).
- The three quadrotors must finish their trajectories within .2 meters of x1g , x2g , and x2g (these are the goal states).
- The three quadrotors must never be within **0.8** meters of one another (use  $[p_x, p_z]$  for this).

There are two main ways of going about this:

- 1. **Cost Shaping**: Design cost functions for each quadrotor that motivates them to take paths that do not result in a collision. You can do something like designing a reference trajectory for each quadrotor to use in the cost. You can use iLQR or DIRCOL for this.
- 2. **Collision Constraints**: You can optimize over all three quadrotors at once by creating a new state  $\tilde{x} = [x_1^T, x_2^T, x_3^T]^T$  and control  $\tilde{u} = [u_1^T, u_2^T, u_3^T]^T$ , and then directly include collision avoidance constraints. In order to use constraints, you must use DIRCOL (at least for now).

#### Hints

- You should not use <code>norm() >= R</code> in any constraints, instead you should square the constraint to be <code>norm()^2 >= R^2</code>. This second constraint is still non-convex, but it is differentiable everywhere.
- If you are using DIRCOL, you can initialize the solver with a "guess" solution by linearly interpolating between the initial and terminal conditions. Julia let's you create a length N linear interpolated vector of vectors between a::Vector and b::Vector like this: range(a, b, length = N) (experiment with this to see how it works).

You can use either RK4 (iLQR or DIRCOL) or Hermite-Simpson (DIRCOL) for your integration. The dt = 0.2, and tf = 5.0 are given for you in the code (you may change these but only if you feel you really have to).

```
In [3]: function single quad dynamics(params, x,u)
            # planar quadrotor dynamics for a single quadrotor
            # unpack state
            px,pz,\theta,vx,vz,\omega = x
            xdot = [
                VX,
                ٧Z,
                ω.
                (1/params.mass)*(u[1] + u[2])*sin(\theta),
                (1/params.mass)*(u[1] + u[2])*cos(\theta) - params.g,
                 (params.\ell/(2*params.J))*(u[2]-u[1])
            ]
            return xdot
        end
        function combined_dynamics(params, x,u)
            # dynamics for three planar quadrotors, assuming the state is stacked
            # in the following manner: x = [x1; x2; x3]
            # NOTE: you would only need to use this if you chose option 2 where
            # you optimize over all three trajectories simultaneously
            # quadrotor 1
            x1 = x[1:6]
            u1 = u[1:2]
            xdot1 = single_quad_dynamics(params, x1, u1)
            # quadrotor 2
            x2 = x[(1:6) .+ 6]
            u2 = u[(1:2) .+ 2]
            xdot2 = single_quad_dynamics(params, x2, u2)
            # quadrotor 3
            x3 = x[(1:6) + 12]
            u3 = u[(1:2) .+ 4]
            xdot3 = single_quad_dynamics(params, x3, u3)
            # return stacked dynamics
            return [xdot1;xdot2;xdot3]
        end
        function hermite_simpson(params::NamedTuple, x1::Vector, x2::Vector, u, dt::Real)::Vector
            # input hermite simpson implicit integrator residual
            xk_dot = combined_dynamics(params, x1, u)
            xk1_dot = combined_dynamics(params, x2, u)
            xk_half = 0.5 * (x1 + x2) + dt .* (xk_dot - xk1_dot) / 8
            xk_half_dot = combined_dynamics(params, xk_half, u)
            return x1 + dt .* (xk_dot + 4 * xk_half_dot + xk1_dot) / 6 - x2
        end
```

Out[3]: hermite\_simpson (generic function with 1 method)

```
In [4]: | function quadrotor_cost(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Real
            idx, N, xg = params.idx, params.N, params.xg
            Q, R, Qf = params.Q, params.R, params.Qf
            # input cartpole LQR cost
            J = 0
            for i = 1:(N-1)
                xi = Z[idx.x[i]]
                ui = Z[idx.u[i]]
                J += 0.5 * (xi - xg)' * Q * (xi - xg) + 0.5 * ui' * R * ui
            # dont forget terminal cost
            J += 0.5 * (Z[idx.x[N]] - xg)' * Qf * (Z[idx.x[N]] - xg)
            return J
        end
        function quadrotor_dynamics_constraints(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
            idx, N, dt = params.idx, params.N, params.dt
            # create dynamics constraints using hermite simpson
            # create c in a ForwardDiff friendly way (check HWO)
            c = zeros(eltype(Z), idx.nc)
            for i = 1:(N-1)
                xi = Z[idx.x[i]]
                ui = Z[idx.u[i]]
```

```
xiplus1 = Z[idx.x[i+1]]
        # hermite simpson
        c[idx.c[i]] = hermite_simpson(params, xi, xiplus1, ui, dt)
    end
    return c
end
function quadrotor equality constraint(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
    N, idx, xic, xg = params.N, params.idx, params.xic, params.xg
    # return all of the equality constraints
    return [Z[idx.x[1]] - xic;
            Z[idx.x[N]] - xg; # TODO change this to a inequality condt
            quadrotor_dynamics_constraints(params, Z)]
end
function quadrotor_inequality_constraint(params::NamedTuple, Z::Vector)::Vector
    N, idx, xic = params.N, params.idx, params.xic
    c = zeros(eltype(Z), 3, N-1)
    for i = 1:(N-1)
        xi1 = Z[idx.x[i]][1:2]
        xi2 = Z[idx.x[i]][7:8]
        xi3 = Z[idx.x[i]][13:14]
        c[:,i] = [norm(xi1-xi2)^2;norm(xi2-xi3)^2;norm(xi3-xi1)^2]
    return c[:]
end
```

Out[4]: quadrotor\_inequality\_constraint (generic function with 1 method)

```
In [12]: function create_idx(nx,nu,N)
             # This function creates some useful indexing tools for Z
             \# x_i = Z[idx.x[i]]
             \# u_i = Z[idx.u[i]]
             # Feel free to use/not use anything here.
             # our Z vector is [x0, u0, x1, u1, ..., xN]
             nz = (N-1) * nu + N * nx # length of Z
             x = [(i - 1) * (nx + nu) .+ (1 : nx) for i = 1:N]
             u = [(i - 1) * (nx + nu) .+ ((nx + 1):(nx + nu)) for i = 1:(N - 1)]
             # constraint indexing for the (N-1) dynamics constraints when stacked up
             c = [(i - 1) * (nx) .+ (1 : nx) for i = 1:(N - 1)]
             nc = (N - 1) * nx # (N-1)*nx
             return (nx=nx, nu=nu, N=N, nz=nz, nc=nc, x=x, u=u, c=c)
         end
         0.00
             quadrotor_reorient
         Function for returning collision free trajectories for 3 quadrotors.
             x1::Vector{Vector} # state trajectory for quad 1
             x2::Vector{Vector} # state trajectory for quad 2
             x3::Vector{Vector} # state trajectory for quad 3
             u1::Vector{Vector} # control trajectory for quad 1
             u2::Vector{Vector} # control trajectory for quad 2
             u3::Vector{Vector} # control trajectory for quad 3
             t vec::Vector
             params::NamedTuple
         The resulting trajectories should have dt=0.2, tf=5.0, N=26
         where all the x's are length 26, and the u's are length 25.
         Each trajectory for quad k should start at `xkic`, and should finish near
         `xkg`. The distances between each quad should be greater than 0.8 meters at
         every knot point in the trajectory.
         function quadrotor reorient(;verbose=true)
             # problem size
             nx = 18
             nu = 6
             dt = 0.2
             tf = 5.0
             t_vec = 0:dt:tf
             N = length(t_vec)
             # indexing
             idx = create_idx(nx,nu,N)
```

```
# initial conditions and goal states
   lo = 0.5
    mid = 2
    hi = 3.5
    x1ic = [-2, lo, 0, 0, 0, 0] # ic for quad 1
    x2ic = [-2, mid, 0, 0, 0, 0] # ic for quad 2
    x3ic = [-2,hi,0,0,0,0] # ic for quad 3
    xic = [x1ic; x2ic; x3ic]
    x1g = [2,mid,0,0,0,0] # goal for quad 1
    x2g = [2,hi,0,0,0,0]
                          # goal for quad 2
    x3g = [2,lo,0,0,0,0]
                            # goal for quad 3
    xg = [x1g; x2g; x3g]
    # load all useful things into params
    # TODO: include anything you would need for a cost function (like a Q, R, Qf if you were doing an
    # LQR cost)
    Q = diagm(ones(nx))
    R = 0.1*diagm(ones(nu))
    Qf = 10*diagm(ones(nx))
    separation_radius = 0.8
    params = (xlic=xlic,
              x2ic=x2ic,
              x3ic=x3ic,
              x1g = x1g,
              x2g = x2g,
              x3g = x3g,
              xic = xic,
              xg = xg,
              Q = Q,
              Qf = Qf,
              R = R,
              dt = dt,
              N = N,
              idx = idx,
              mass = 1.0, # quadrotor mass
              g = 9.81, # gravity
              \ell = 0.3, # quadrotor length
              J = .018) # quadrotor moment of inertia
    # primal bounds
    x_l = -Inf * ones(idx.nz)
    x u = Inf * ones(idx.nz)
    # solve for the three collision free trajectories however you like
    # inequality constraint bounds (this is what we do when we have no inequality constraints)
    c l = separation radius^2 * ones( 3 * (idx.N-1))
    c_u = Inf * ones(3 * (idx.N-1))
    # initial guess
    z0 = 0.001*randn(idx.nz)
    x_initial_guess = range(xic, xg, length = N)
    for i = 1:(N)
        z0[idx.x[i]] = x_initial_guess[i]
    end
    diff type = :auto
    Z = fmincon(quadrotor_cost,quadrotor_equality_constraint,quadrotor_inequality_constraint,
                x_l,x_u,c_l,c_u,z0,params, diff_type;
                tol = 1e-6, c_tol = 1e-6, max_iters = 10_000, verbose = verbose)
    # return the trajectories
    x1 = [Z[idx.x[i]][1:6] for i = 1:N]
    x2 = [Z[idx.x[i]][7:12] for i = 1:N]
    x3 = [Z[idx.x[i]][13:18] for i = 1:N]
    u1 = [Z[idx.u[i]][1:2] for i = 1:(N-1)]
    u2 = [Z[idx.u[i]][3:4] for i = 1:(N-1)]
    u3 = [Z[idx.u[i]][5:6] for i = 1:(N-1)]
    return x1, x2, x3, u1, u2, u3, t_vec, params
end
```

```
Out[12]: quadrotor_reorient
```

```
In [ ]: @testset "quadrotor reorient" begin

X1, X2, X3, U1, U2, U3, t_vec, params = quadrotor_reorient(verbose=true)

#-----testing------
# check lengths of everything
```

```
Qtest length(X1) == length(X2) == length(X3)
    @test length(U1) == length(U2) == length(U3)
    @test length(X1) == params.N
    @test length(U1) == (params.N-1)
    # check for collisions
    distances = [distance_between_quads(x1[1:2], x2[1:2], x3[1:2]) for (x1, x2, x3) in zip(X1, X2, X3)]
    @test minimum(minimum.(distances)) >= 0.799
    # check initial and final conditions
    @test norm(X1[1] - params.xlic, Inf) <= 1e-3</pre>
    @test norm(X2[1] - params.x2ic, Inf) <= 1e-3</pre>
     (3[1] - params.x3ic, Inf) <= 1e-3 
    @test norm(X1[end] - params.x1g, Inf) <= 2e-1</pre>
    @test norm(X2[end] - params.x2g, Inf) <= 2e-1</pre>
    @test norm(X3[end] - params.x3g, Inf) <= 2e-1</pre>
    # check dynamic feasibility
    @test check_dynamic_feasibility(params,X1,U1)
    @test check_dynamic_feasibility(params, X2, U2)
    @test check_dynamic_feasibility(params,X3,U3)
    #-----plotting/animation-----
    display(animate_planar_quadrotors(X1,X2,X3, params.dt))
    plot(t_vec, 0.8*ones(params.N),ls = :dash, color = :red, label = "collision distance",
         xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "distance (m)", title = "Distance between Quadrotors")
    display(plot!(t_vec, hcat(distances...)', label = ["|r_1 - r_2|" "|r_1 - r_3|" "|r_2 - r_2|"]))
    X1m = hcat(X1...)
    X2m = hcat(X2...)
    X3m = hcat(X3...)
    plot(X1m[1,:], X1m[2,:], color = :red,title = "Quadrotor Trajectories", label = "quad 1")
    plot!(X2m[1,:], X2m[2,:], color = :green, label = "quad 2", xlabel = "p_x", ylabel = "p_z")
    display(plot!(X3m[1,:], X3m[2,:], color = :blue, label = "quad 3"))
    plot(t_vec, X1m[3,:], color = :red,title = "Quadrotor Orientations", label = "quad 1")
    plot!(t_vec, X2m[3,:], color = :green, label = "quad 2", xlabel = "time (s)", ylabel = "\theta")
    display(plot!(t_vec, X3m[3,:], color = :blue, label = "quad 3"))
end
```

```
-----checking dimensions of everything-----
-----all dimensions good-----
-----diff type set to :auto (ForwardDiff.jl)----
-----testing objective gradient-----
-----testing constraint Jacobian-----
-----successfully compiled both derivatives-----
-----IPOPT beginning solve-----
This program contains Ipopt, a library for large-scale nonlinear optimization.
 Ipopt is released as open source code under the Eclipse Public License (EPL).
        For more information visit https://github.com/coin-or/Ipopt
This is Ipopt version 3.14.4, running with linear solver MUMPS 5.4.1.
Number of nonzeros in equality constraint Jacobian...:
                                                     300348
Number of nonzeros in inequality constraint Jacobian.:
                                                      46350
Number of nonzeros in Lagrangian Hessian....:
                                                         0
Total number of variables....:
                                                       618
                   variables with only lower bounds:
                                                         0
               variables with lower and upper bounds:
                                                         0
                                                         0
                   variables with only upper bounds:
Total number of equality constraints....:
                                                       486
Total number of inequality constraints....:
                                                        75
       inequality constraints with only lower bounds:
                                                        75
   inequality constraints with lower and upper bounds:
       inequality constraints with only upper bounds:
                                                         0
                   inf pr inf du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha du alpha pr ls
iter
       objective
   0 2.7183001e+02 1.96e+00 1.37e+00
                                    0.0 0.00e+00
                                                      0.00e+00 0.00e+00
                                                      4.96e-02 9.59e-04h
   1 5.2798461e+02 1.96e+00 4.15e+04 -5.8 1.24e+04
                                                                         5
                                                      3.68e-02 1.09e-03h 5
    9.2660165e+02 1.98e+00 4.35e+04
                                    1.4 6.59e+03
                                   -5.8 4.94e+03
                                                      1.82e-02 1.26e-03h 3
   3 1.4227349e+03 1.98e+00 3.03e+04
    2.0989277e+03 1.99e+00 4.08e+04
                                    1.0 4.11e+03
                                                      2.80e-02 1.60e-03h
     2.5849381e+03 1.98e+00 3.58e+04
                                     0.3 3.10e+03
                                                      1.27e-02 1.29e-03h
     2.4733499e+03 1.95e+00 5.28e+04
                                                      1.77e-02 1.48e-02f
   6
                                     1.6 5.76e+01
                                    -5.6 3.80e+01
     2.8266888e+03 1.87e+00 1.83e+05
                                                      1.93e-02 7.07e-02h
     2.7731387e+03 1.82e+00 2.31e+05
                                    -5.6 4.30e+01
                                                      2.95e-03 2.65e-02f
     2.7679586e+03 1.81e+00 2.41e+05
                                                      3.28e-03 6.08e-03f 1
                                     0.8 5.06e+01
       objective
                  inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
  10 1.3454633e+03 4.09e+00 2.95e+05
                                    -0.3 2.83e+01
                                                      1.99e-01 4.67e-01f 1
  11 1.5337366e+03 5.49e+00 3.54e+04
                                     0.2 1.11e+01
                                                      2.67e-01 8.98e-01h 1
  12 1.4562930e+03 3.93e+00 2.71e+04
                                     0.3 9.75e+00
                                                      5.70e-01 3.20e-01f 1
  13 1.4670894e+03 3.36e+00 2.39e+04 -0.5 4.44e+00
                                                      1.63e-01 1.58e-01h 1
  14 1.5391567e+03 1.82e+00 1.34e+04 -0.1 4.05e+00
                                                      3.28e-01 4.92e-01h
     1.3344251e+03 2.31e+00 3.84e+03
                                                      3.63e-01 7.05e-01f
                                    -0.0 8.23e+00
  16 1.4127907e+03 6.98e-01 6.65e+02 -0.5 1.62e+00
                                                      7.61e-01 8.37e-01h 1
  17 1.4128311e+03 6.20e-01 5.96e+02 -1.1 1.63e+00
                                                      4.56e-01 1.12e-01h 1
  18 1.4093991e+03 6.07e-01 5.81e+02 -2.0 6.21e+00
                                                      1.47e-01 2.28e-02f
    1.3372249e+03 5.70e-01 2.25e+02 -1.7 1.18e+01
                                                      2.38e-01 5.66e-01f 1
       objective
                   inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
  20 1.3224277e+03 5.50e-01 2.09e+02 -0.9 1.14e+01
                                                      3.43e-01 6.92e-02f 1
     1.2925473e+03 8.73e-01 1.76e+02 -0.4 2.79e+01
                                                      4.02e-01 1.28e-01f
  22 1.2673384e+03 1.45e+00 1.07e+02 -2.6 1.58e+01
                                                      3.10e-01 3.13e-01f
  23 1.2362180e+03 1.03e+00 1.06e+02 -0.4 1.24e+01
                                                      3.27e-01 2.54e-01f 1
  24 1.2082060e+03 6.27e-01 7.19e+01 -6.7 1.19e+01
                                                      2.37e-01 4.46e-01f 1
  25 1.2292110e+03 4.24e-01 1.53e+01 -0.2 9.02e+00
                                                      4.09e-01 1.00e+00F
  26 1.1808716e+03 3.80e-01 1.61e+01 -0.5 7.16e+00
                                                      5.34e-01 1.00e+00f 1
  27 1.1520299e+03 1.45e-01 1.29e+01 -0.9 4.33e+00
                                                      9.86e-01 8.10e-01f 1
  28 1.3554510e+03 2.57e-01 2.51e+01
                                                      3.51e-02 1.27e-01f 1
                                    1.1 2.31e+02
  29 1.2230321e+03 2.55e+00 1.57e+01
                                   0.1 2.19e+01
                                                      9.79e-02 1.00e+00f 1
                  inf pr inf du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha du alpha pr ls
iter
       objective
  30 1.1422136e+03 7.93e-01 7.87e+00 0.1 6.35e+00
                                                    - 3.78e-01 1.00e+00f 1
  31 1.1009566e+03 1.54e-01 4.16e+00 -5.9 9.46e+00
                                                    - 8.11e-01 8.18e-01f 1
    1.0813585e+03 1.82e-01 5.39e+00 -1.1 5.68e+00
                                                      1.00e+00 4.43e-01f 1
  33 1.0738637e+03 1.09e+00 1.87e+01 -0.1 1.43e+02
                                                      1.98e-01 3.00e-02f 3
                                   -0.2 3.27e+01
  34 1.0638314e+03 1.10e+00 2.06e+01
                                                      4.87e-01 1.23e-01f
  35 1.0499528e+03 1.20e+00 1.46e+01
                                    -1.1 8.43e+00
                                                      9.79e-01 7.66e-01f
                                   -1.6 2.05e+00
  36 1.0200504e+03 5.54e-01 1.51e+01
                                                      8.06e-01 5.38e-01f
     9.9913718e+02 5.85e-02 7.50e+00
                                    -1.2 2.11e+00
                                                      6.58e-01 1.00e+00f
                                                      1.00e+00 9.60e-01f
  38 9.9188224e+02 1.97e-01 8.10e+00 -2.1 2.34e+00
                                                                         1
  39 9.8675604e+02 2.74e-01 7.94e+00 -0.7 1.96e+01
                                                      1.29e-01 1.14e-01f 3
iter
                  inf pr inf du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha du alpha pr ls
  40 9.8187954e+02 3.43e-01 8.66e+00 -0.8 2.04e+01
                                                      4.74e-01 1.07e-01f
                                   -1.8 2.48e+01
  41 9.7649241e+02 3.62e-01 1.01e+01
                                                      1.49e-01 6.56e-02f
                                   -1.1 3.58e+01
  42 9.7172200e+02 4.58e-01 1.12e+01
                                                      2.39e-01 4.98e-02f
                                                      1.70e-01 6.88e-02f
     9.6803013e+02 7.12e-01 1.42e+01
                                    -0.7 5.39e+01
                                                      4.24e-01 4.73e-01H
     9.8721015e+02 8.56e-01 1.57e+01
                                    -0.9 1.52e+01
  45 8.8235334e+02 1.79e-01 1.35e+01
                                   -1.1 3.73e+00
                                                      1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  46 8.6232268e+02 2.17e-01 9.47e+00
                                   -0.9 2.01e+00
                                                      9.85e-01 1.00e+00f
                                                      3.13e-01 4.08e-01f
  47 8.3543183e+02 8.21e-01 1.38e+01
                                   -3.0 6.07e+00
  48 8.2294141e+02 8.68e-01 1.64e+01
                                   -2.8 7.78e+01
                                                      8.80e-02 1.27e-02f
                                                      1.34e-01 3.56e-01f 1
     7.8539823e+02 7.43e-01 1.24e+01 -1.3 1.24e+01
iter
       objective
                   inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
     7.3934524e+02 1.04e+00 1.77e+01 -1.9 1.05e+01
                                                    - 6.61e-01 2.47e-01f 1
```

5

1

1

```
51 7.0093884e+02 2.05e+00 2.12e+01 -0.7 1.49e+01
                                                         2.29e-01 3.83e-01f 1
     6.8365618e+02 1.85e+00 2.04e+01 -7.1 7.69e+00
                                                          3.08e-01 9.75e-02f
  53 6.1433168e+02 7.98e-01 1.55e+01
                                     -2.7 7.60e+00
                                                         4.89e-01 5.69e-01f
     5.9947540e+02 6.72e-01 1.31e+01
                                     -7.5 5.12e+00
                                                         2.40e-01 1.57e-01f
     5.6845000e+02 3.35e-01 7.51e+00
                                     -2.6 4.74e+00
                                                         1.11e-01 4.97e-01f
  56
     5.6388614e+02 3.06e-01 6.68e+00
                                                          8.36e-02 8.65e-02f
                                     -7.7 5.38e+00
      5.5329946e+02 1.16e-01 3.68e+00
                                      -3.0 2.98e+00
  57
                                                         1.58e-01 6.21e-01f
     5.5203253e+02 9.83e-02 2.35e+00
                                     -3.3 2.31e+00
                                                          1.37e-01 4.83e-01f
      5.4896089e+02 2.79e-02 1.88e+00 -1.6 2.17e+00
  59
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
        objective
                   inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
    5.4748103e+02 1.21e-02 1.76e+00 -3.5 1.76e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 9.34e-01f
  61 5.4704847e+02 6.43e-02 1.80e+00
                                     -3.0 1.28e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 9.78e-01f
     5.4667891e+02 8.34e-02 3.00e+00
                                     -1.7 1.73e+01
                                                         2.49e-01 4.52e-02f
     5.4646246e+02 1.18e-01 4.49e+00
                                     -3.0 1.67e+01
                                                         4.33e-01 6.62e-02f
      5.4639267e+02 1.64e-01 6.16e+00
                                      -1.2 5.56e+01
                                                          6.42e-02 2.02e-02f
      5.4667229e+02 2.09e-01 7.48e+00
                                      -1.2 1.44e+01
                                                          6.41e-01 1.06e-01f
      5.5015964e+02 1.17e-01 1.04e+01
                                      -1.5 4.93e+00
                                                          2.54e-01 1.00e+00H
                                                                             1
     5.4047302e+02 1.73e-01 8.77e+00
                                                          9.68e-01 1.00e+00f
                                     -1.5 1.95e+00
     5.3860947e+02 8.24e-03 3.48e+00
                                      -2.1 6.47e-01
                                                          9.99e-01 1.00e+00f
     5.3831808e+02 1.91e-02 2.25e+00 -2.2 6.92e-01
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr
iter
        objective
  70 5.3840252e+02 7.22e-02 3.60e+00 -1.6 1.12e+01
                                                         1.00e+00 1.17e-01f
                                      -1.7 2.54e+01
  71 5.3837493e+02 1.35e-01 5.28e+00
                                                          3.75e-01 5.65e-02f
      5.3791522e+02 1.66e-01 6.31e+00
                                      -1.7 4.28e+01
                                                          3.32e-01 2.29e-02f
  73
      5.3768270e+02 2.09e-01 7.23e+00
                                      -1.1 2.85e+01
                                                         2.25e-01 4.67e-02f
     5.3778963e+02 3.21e-01 8.66e+00
                                     -1.2 1.06e+01
                                                         6.85e-01 1.86e-01f
     5.3677865e+02 3.08e-01 1.12e+01
                                     -1.4 6.32e+00
                                                         1.00e+00 2.50e-01f
     5.2983159e+02 2.56e-01 1.30e+01
                                                          1.00e+00 9.49e-01f
                                     -2.0 1.70e+00
      5.2846150e+02 2.48e-01 1.29e+01
                                                          2.16e-01 4.29e-02f
  77
                                     -8.0 4.66e+00
     5.2278744e+02 4.76e-01 1.11e+01
  78
                                      -3.0 1.03e+01
                                                          1.35e-01 1.54e-01f
  79
      5.1739707e+02 5.21e-01 1.10e+01 -2.2 2.05e+01
                                                          1.70e-01 3.56e-02f
iter
        objective
                    inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
  80 5.0423552e+02 5.66e-01 1.06e+01 -1.9 9.66e+00
                                                          6.98e-01 1.80e-01f
  81 4.7860664e+02 4.00e-01 1.80e+01
                                     -1.9 3.70e+00
                                                         3.21e-01 7.87e-01f
     4.7353803e+02 3.09e-01 1.69e+01
                                     -2.8 1.78e+00
                                                         7.57e-01 2.28e-01f
     4.4936794e+02 1.39e-01 1.01e+01
                                     -8.4 6.49e+00
                                                         7.40e-02 5.03e-01f
     4.4585687e+02 1.27e-01 8.84e+00
                                     -2.5 4.97e+00
                                                          3.50e-02 9.68e-02f
                                     -1.9 3.43e+00
     4.3712973e+02 1.85e-01 2.68e+00
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00f
  85
  86
     4.3959496e+02 7.01e-02 9.76e-01
                                      -2.1 1.73e+00
                                                          7.85e-01 9.11e-01h
     4.3523594e+02 3.26e-02 2.19e-01
                                                          1.00e+00 9.32e-01f
                                     -2.2 1.19e+00
                                     -3.5 1.54e-01
  88
     4.3572290e+02 3.74e-04 8.35e-02
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
                                                                             1
  89
     4.3566944e+02 3.03e-04 9.49e-02 -4.2 2.18e-01
                                                          9.99e-01 5.66e-01h
                   inf pr inf du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha du alpha pr ls
iter
  90 4.3565577e+02 1.68e-03 9.59e-02 -5.2 3.01e-01
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  91 4.3564347e+02 4.71e-04 5.63e-02 -6.5 1.91e-01
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3562920e+02 1.18e-04 2.08e-02 -7.2 7.43e-02
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3563082e+02 5.54e-06 6.34e-03 -8.9 1.70e-02
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
      4.3563079e+02 1.27e-07 1.90e-03 -10.7 6.39e-03
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
  95
     4.3563077e+02 1.02e-07 1.19e-03 -11.0 2.65e-03
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3563076e+02 1.85e-07 2.66e-03 -11.0 5.24e-03
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
                                                                             1
  97
     4.3563076e+02 1.49e-07 1.46e-03 -11.0 1.63e-03
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3563075e+02 1.43e-07 3.92e-04 -11.0 1.86e-03
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3563075e+02 1.60e-09 6.90e-05 -11.0 2.40e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
                  inf_pr inf_du lg(mu) ||d|| lg(rg) alpha_du alpha_pr ls
iter
        objective
 100
     4.3563075e+02 4.92e-10 3.80e-05 -11.0 1.50e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
 101 4.3563075e+02 1.65e-10 1.23e-05 -11.0 1.90e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3563075e+02 5.94e-15 3.81e-05 -11.0 1.44e-04
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00H
                                                                             1
     4.3563075e+02 1.05e-10 3.92e-06 -11.0 7.82e-05
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3563075e+02 2.85e-12 2.26e-06 -11.0 7.28e-06
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3563075e+02 2.82e-13 1.41e-06 -11.0 4.89e-06
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
     4.3563075e+02 5.25e-13 1.44e-06 -11.0 1.03e-05
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
      4.3563075e+02 4.50e-13 1.42e-06 -11.0 2.96e-06
 107
                                                          1.00e+00 1.00e+00h
                                                                             1
     4.3563075e+02 1.58e-13 1.45e-07 -11.0 2.75e-06
                                                         1.00e+00 1.00e+00h 1
Number of Iterations...: 108
                                                           (unscaled)
                                  (scaled)
                           4.3563075204740022e+02
                                                     4.3563075204740022e+02
Objective..
Dual infeasibility.....: 1.4541780282012473e-07
                                                     1.4541780282012473e-07
                          1.5787371410169726e-13
                                                    1.5787371410169726e-13
Constraint violation...:
0.000000000000000e+00
Complementarity.....: 1.0000167443402851e-11
                                                    1.0000167443402851e-11
Overall NLP error....: 1.4541780282012473e-07
                                                     1.4541780282012473e-07
                                                    = 206
Number of objective function evaluations
Number of objective gradient evaluations
                                                    = 109
Number of equality constraint evaluations
                                                    = 206
Number of inequality constraint evaluations
                                                    = 206
Number of equality constraint Jacobian evaluations
                                                   = 109
Number of inequality constraint Jacobian evaluations = 109
Number of Lagrangian Hessian evaluations
                                                    = 0
```

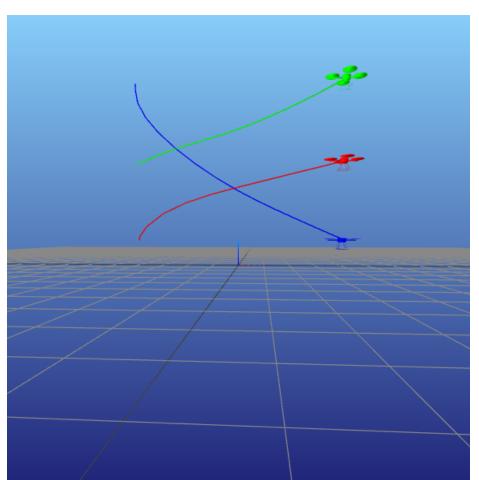
EXIT: Optimal Solution Found.

Total seconds in IPOPT

· Info: MeshCat server started. You can open the visualizer by visiting the following URL in your browser: http://127.0.0.1:8700

= 55.074

06/04/2023, 13:58



Open Controls

Q3