Appendix

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```
# Subset PWT dataset to be between 2011-2017
pwt = read_xlsx("PWT.xlsx")
pwt = subset(pwt, year >= 2011)
pwt = subset(pwt, year <= 2017)

# Format the FDI dataset to match with PWT
FDI = read.csv("FDI_stacked.csv")
names(FDI)[1] = "countrycode"

# Merging the dataset
final_df = merge(FDI, pwt)</pre>
```

This meta file consists of information about the Region and Income Group of each country for further grouping analysis.

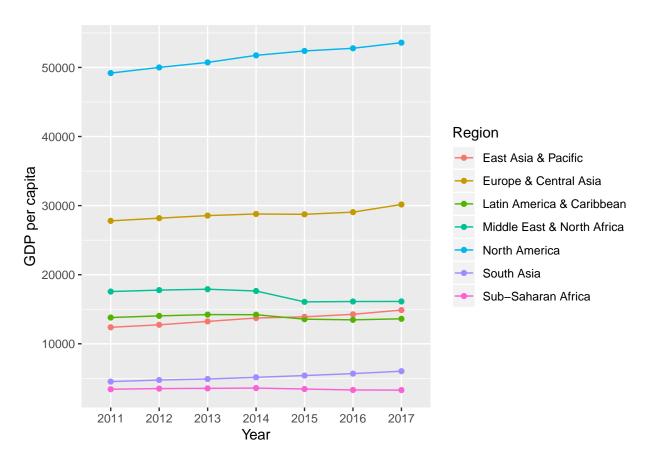
```
meta = read.csv("Metadata_Country.csv")
names(meta)[1] = "countrycode"
#meta = select(meta, c("countrycode", "Region", "IncomeGroup"))

final_df = merge(meta, final_df)
```

EDA

Scatter plot of GDP per capita grouped by Region. GDP per capita is a more accurate and concise measurement than only cumulative GDP.

```
GDP = final_df %>% group_by(year, Region) %>% summarise(GDP_pc=sum(rgdpo)/sum(pop), HC=sum(hc, na.rm = ggplot(data = GDP, mapping = aes(x=as.factor(year), y=GDP_pc, color=Region, group=Region)) + geom_point
```



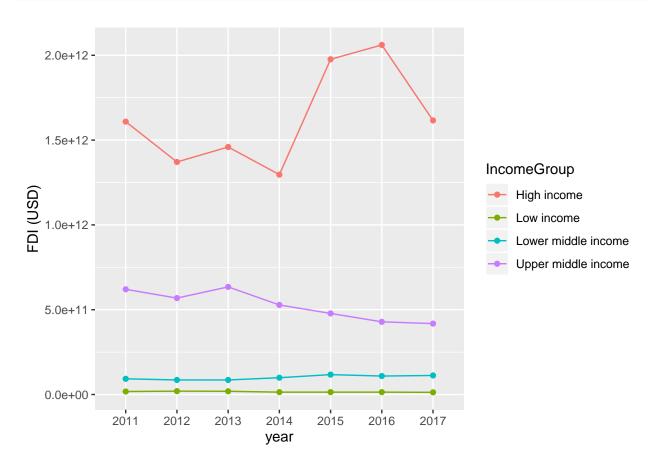
```
FDI_year = final_df %>% group_by(year) %>% summarise(FDI=sum(FDI, na.rm = T), GDP=sum(rgdpo))
# Compute GDP growth rate
FDI_year = FDI_year %>% mutate(GDP_growth=(GDP-lag(GDP))/lag(GDP)*100)
# Compute FDI growth rate
FDI_year = FDI_year %>% mutate(FDI_growth=(FDI-lag(FDI))/lag(FDI)*100)
```

Graph 2 y-axis plot with the left y-axis and the red line represent total FDI annually while the right y-axis and the blue line represent GDP growth rate. The code runs in R script but not R markdown, as it keeps warning "calling par(new=TRUE) with no plot". Thus, I am commenting out my code below.

```
# par(mar = c(5, 5, 3, 5))
# plot(x=FDI_year$year, y=FDI_year$FDI, type = "l", xlab = "year", ylab = "FDI (USD)", col="red", main
# par(new = TRUE)
# plot(x=FDI_year$year, y=FDI_year$GDP_growth, type = "l", xaxt = "n", yaxt = "n", ylab = "", xlab = "",
# axis(side = 4)
# mtext("GDP growth rate (%)", side=4, line = 3)
# legend("topleft", c("GDP growth rate", "FDI"),col = c("blue", "red"), lty = c(1, 1), cex = 0.8)
```

Below is **Figure A1**. We have looked at cumulative FDI and GDP growth by Regions, the followings are those grouped by Income Group.

```
GDP_income = final_df %>% group_by(year, IncomeGroup) %>% summarise(FDI=sum(FDI,na.rm = T), GDP=sum(rgd)
ggplot(data = GDP_income, mapping = aes(x=as.factor(year), y=FDI, color=IncomeGroup, group=IncomeGroup)
```

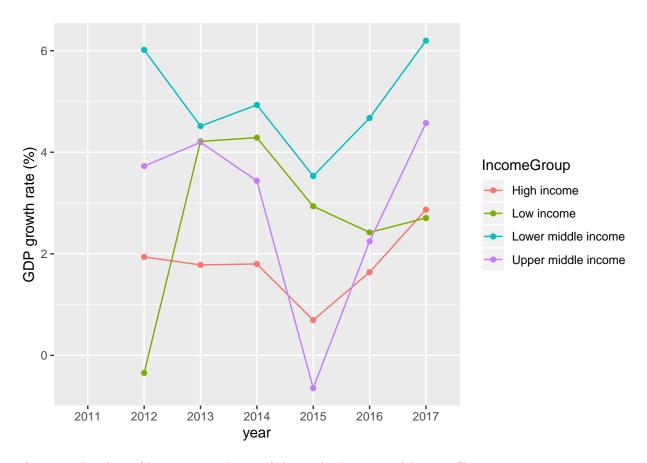


Below is **Figure A2**.

```
GDP_income = GDP_income %>% group_by(IncomeGroup) %>% mutate(GDP_growth=(GDP-lag(GDP))/lag(GDP)*100)

ggplot(data = GDP_income, mapping = aes(x=as.factor(year), y=GDP_growth, color=IncomeGroup, group=Income
```

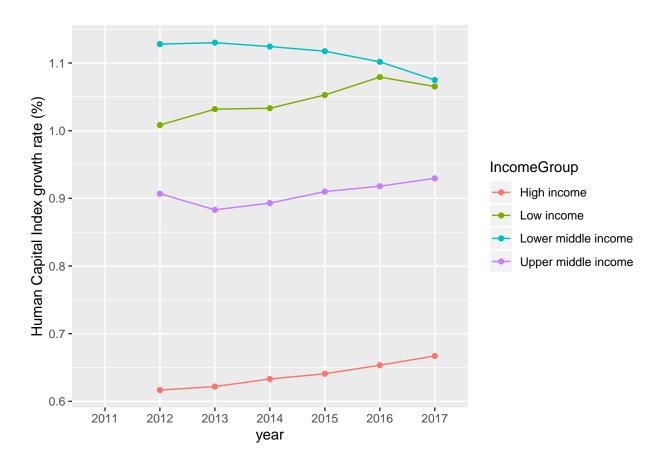
- ## Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
- ## Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_path).



These are the plots of human capital rate of change by Region and Income Group.

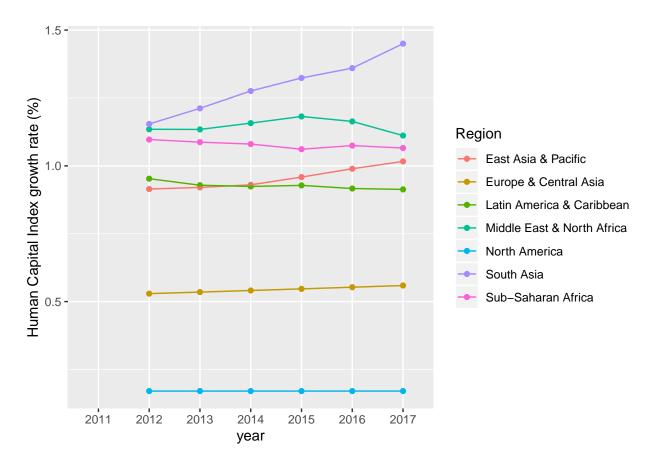
Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_path).

```
HC = final_df %>% group_by(year, IncomeGroup) %>% summarise(HC=sum(hc, na.rm = T))
HC = HC %>% group_by(IncomeGroup) %>% mutate(HC_growth=(HC-lag(HC))/lag(HC)*100)
ggplot(data = HC, mapping = aes(x=as.factor(year), y=HC_growth, color=IncomeGroup, group=IncomeGroup))
## Warning: Removed 4 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



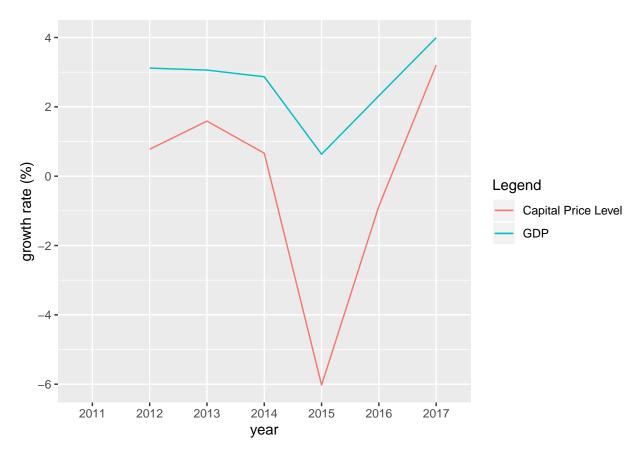
```
HC_region = final_df %>% group_by(year, Region) %>% summarise(HC=sum(hc, na.rm = T))
HC_region = HC_region %>% group_by(Region) %>% mutate(HC_growth=(HC-lag(HC))/lag(HC)*100)
ggplot(data = HC_region, mapping = aes(x=as.factor(year), y=HC_growth, color=Region, group=Region)) + g
```

- ## Warning: Removed 7 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
- ## Warning: Removed 7 rows containing missing values (geom_path).



Since labor and capital are two of the most important factors in producing goods, I would like to analyze how capital price change related with GDP growth rate.

```
Capital = final_df %>% group_by(year) %>% summarise(PK=sum(pl_i, na.rm = T), GDP=sum(rgdpo))
Capital = Capital %>% mutate(PK_growth=(PK-lag(PK))/lag(PK)*100)
Capital = Capital %>% mutate(GDP_growth=(GDP-lag(GDP))/lag(GDP)*100)
ggplot(data = Capital, aes(x=as.factor(year), group=1)) + geom_line(aes(y=PK_growth, color="Capital Pri")
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_path).
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_path).
```



The followings are the regression equations of GDP per capita by FDI, and GDP growth rate by capital price change. The result is to test whether there are statistically significant relationship between the variables. Below is **Table A1**.

```
summary(lm(GDP_pc~FDI, data = GDP))
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = GDP_pc ~ FDI, data = GDP)
##
## Residuals:
##
              1Q Median
     Min
                            ЗQ
                                  Max
##
  -12320
          -8963 -5576
                          3593
                                32885
##
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.155e+04
                         2.856e+03
                                      4.043 0.000194 ***
## FDI
               2.315e-08 6.364e-09
                                      3.638 0.000681 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 13830 on 47 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2197, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2031
## F-statistic: 13.23 on 1 and 47 DF, p-value: 0.0006814
```

Below is Table A2.

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = GDP_growth ~ PK_growth, data = Capital)
##
## Residuals:
##
         2
                  3
   0.13988 -0.20402 -0.07079 0.05381 -0.08031 0.16143
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 2.70385
                          0.06511 41.53 2.01e-06 ***
## PK_growth
               0.35245
                          0.02236
                                    15.77 9.46e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1594 on 4 degrees of freedom
     (1 observation deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9842, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9802
## F-statistic: 248.6 on 1 and 4 DF, p-value: 9.457e-05
```

Results and Discussion

summary(lm(GDP_growth~PK_growth, data = Capital))

Below is the summary of linear regression, stepwise approach and residual plots for each year.

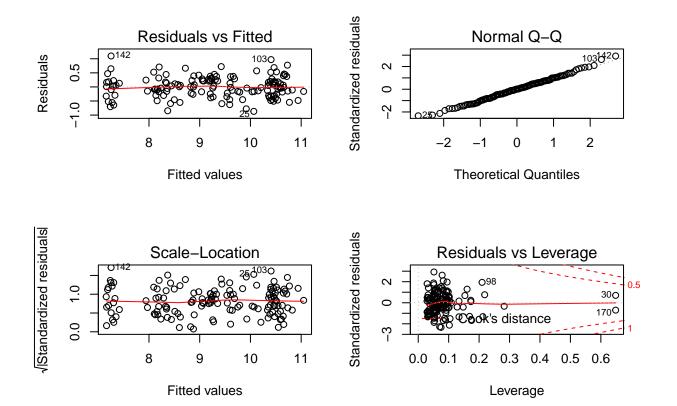
```
# This part shows the results of year 2015
GDP_2015 = subset(final_df, year==2015)
GDP_2015 = GDP_2015 %>% group_by(country) %>% mutate(GDP_pc=rgdpo/pop)
reg_2015 = lm(log(GDP_pc)~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2015)
summary(reg 2015)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(GDP_pc) ~ hc + FDI + Region + IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2015)
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -0.86798 -0.25307 0.00491 0.22401 1.09911
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                    9.703e+00 3.089e-01 31.407 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## hc
                                    2.536e-01 9.506e-02
                                                         2.668 0.00861 **
## FDI
                                    1.216e-12 6.591e-13
                                                         1.844 0.06742 .
## RegionEurope & Central Asia
                                   -1.177e-01 1.155e-01 -1.019 0.31004
## RegionLatin America & Caribbean -3.545e-01 1.242e-01 -2.853 0.00503 **
## RegionMiddle East & North Africa 2.779e-01 1.375e-01
                                                          2.022
                                                                  0.04528 *
## RegionNorth America
                                   -2.217e-01 3.387e-01 -0.654 0.51403
                                  -1.515e-01 1.922e-01 -0.788 0.43213
## RegionSouth Asia
                                   -4.273e-01 1.346e-01 -3.175 0.00187 **
## RegionSub-Saharan Africa
```

```
-2.423e+00 1.645e-01 -14.730 < 2e-16 ***
## IncomeGroupLow income
## IncomeGroupLower middle income
                                    -1.563e+00 1.165e-01 -13.409 < 2e-16 ***
## IncomeGroupUpper middle income
                                    -7.868e-01 9.832e-02 -8.003 5.9e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.386 on 130 degrees of freedom
     (37 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9044, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8963
## F-statistic: 111.8 on 11 and 130 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
# Because my regression model has factorvariables and hence is a constant. The stepwise regression in R
\#stepAIC(lm(GDP\_pc\sim hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup+FDI*Region+FDI*IncomeGroup+hc*Region+hc*IncomeGroup,\ data)
exp(reg_2015$coefficients)
##
                        (Intercept)
                                                                  hc
##
                       1.636930e+04
                                                        1.288622e+00
##
                                FDI
                                         RegionEurope & Central Asia
##
                       1.000000e+00
                                                        8.889556e-01
   RegionLatin America & Caribbean RegionMiddle East & North Africa
##
##
                       7.015119e-01
                                                         1.320324e+00
##
                RegionNorth America
                                                    RegionSouth Asia
##
                       8.011875e-01
                                                        8.594570e-01
##
           RegionSub-Saharan Africa
                                               IncomeGroupLow income
##
                       6.522538e-01
                                                        8.864701e-02
##
     IncomeGroupLower middle income
                                      IncomeGroupUpper middle income
##
                       2.095780e-01
                                                        4.552901e-01
exp(confint(reg_2015))
                                           2.5 %
                                                       97.5 %
##
## (Intercept)
                                    8.883483e+03 3.016315e+04
## hc
                                    1.067705e+00 1.555249e+00
## FDI
                                    1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00
## RegionEurope & Central Asia
                                    7.073626e-01 1.117167e+00
## RegionLatin America & Caribbean 5.486396e-01 8.969803e-01
## RegionMiddle East & North Africa 1.005951e+00 1.732942e+00
## RegionNorth America
                                    4.099096e-01 1.565958e+00
## RegionSouth Asia
                                    5.876044e-01 1.257081e+00
## RegionSub-Saharan Africa
                                    4.997817e-01 8.512416e-01
## IncomeGroupLow income
                                    6.402174e-02 1.227441e-01
## IncomeGroupLower middle income
                                    1.664236e-01 2.639226e-01
## IncomeGroupUpper middle income
                                    3.748136e-01 5.530456e-01
# Nested f-test
complex = lm(GDP_pc~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup+FDI*Region+FDI*IncomeGroup+hc*Region+hc*IncomeGroup, data
nested = lm(log(GDP_pc)~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2015)
anova(complex, nested, test='Chisq')
```

Warning in anova.lmlist(object, ...): models with response '"log(GDP_pc)"'

removed because response differs from model 1

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
##
  Response: GDP_pc
##
                           Sum Sq
                                     Mean Sq F value
                                                          Pr(>F)
                    Df
## hc
                     1 2.0769e+10 2.0769e+10 173.9862 < 2.2e-16 ***
                     1 1.6041e+09 1.6041e+09
## FDI
                                               13.4381 0.0003772 ***
## Region
                     6 3.8385e+09 6.3974e+08
                                                5.3592 6.682e-05 ***
## IncomeGroup
                     3 1.1670e+10 3.8901e+09
                                               32.5880 2.973e-15 ***
## FDI:Region
                     6 5.8727e+08 9.7879e+07
                                                0.8199 0.5566973
## FDI:IncomeGroup
                     3 1.3909e+08 4.6364e+07
                                                0.3884 0.7615703
## hc:Region
                     5 2.7789e+08 5.5578e+07
                                                0.4656 0.8011618
                                                0.5725 0.6342185
## hc:IncomeGroup
                     3 2.0504e+08 6.8347e+07
                   113 1.3489e+10 1.1937e+08
## Residuals
##
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(reg_2015)
```



```
# This part shows the results of year 2016
GDP_2016 = subset(final_df, year==2016)
GDP_2016 = GDP_2016 %>% group_by(country) %>% mutate(GDP_pc=rgdpo/pop)
reg_2016 = lm(log(GDP_pc)~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2016)
summary(reg_2016)
```

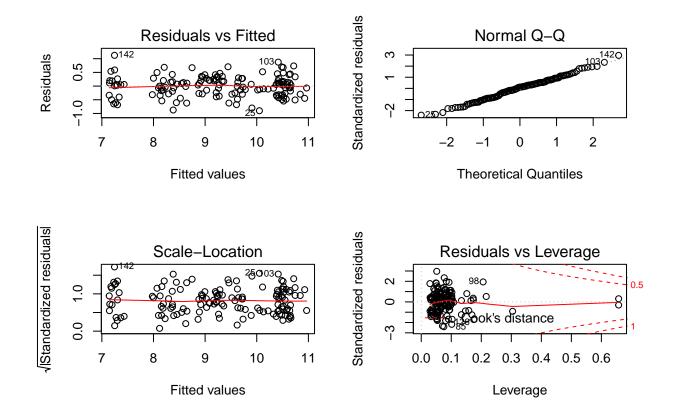
```
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(GDP_pc) ~ hc + FDI + Region + IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2016)
## Residuals:
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
## -0.90034 -0.28641 0.04095 0.21253 1.12294
## Coefficients:
##
                                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                     9.653e+00 3.080e-01 31.344 < 2e-16 ***
## hc
                                     2.703e-01 9.445e-02
                                                          2.862 0.004914 **
## FDI
                                     8.624e-13 7.012e-13
                                                           1.230 0.220952
## RegionEurope & Central Asia
                                    -1.046e-01 1.157e-01 -0.904 0.367511
## RegionLatin America & Caribbean -3.670e-01 1.247e-01 -2.943 0.003846 **
## RegionMiddle East & North Africa 2.473e-01 1.378e-01
                                                           1.795 0.075002 .
## RegionNorth America
                                    -1.049e-01 3.337e-01 -0.314 0.753691
## RegionSouth Asia
                                    -1.624e-01 1.932e-01 -0.841 0.402100
## RegionSub-Saharan Africa
                                    -4.599e-01 1.349e-01 -3.409 0.000869 ***
                                    -2.376e+00 1.647e-01 -14.425 < 2e-16 ***
## IncomeGroupLow income
## IncomeGroupLower middle income
                                    -1.519e+00 1.167e-01 -13.012 < 2e-16 ***
                                   -7.679e-01 9.891e-02 -7.763 2.16e-12 ***
## IncomeGroupUpper middle income
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.3886 on 130 degrees of freedom
     (37 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9032, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8951
## F-statistic: 110.3 on 11 and 130 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
exp(reg_2016$coefficients)
##
                        (Intercept)
                                                                  hc
##
                       1.556721e+04
                                                        1.310323e+00
##
                                FDT
                                         RegionEurope & Central Asia
##
                       1.000000e+00
                                                        9.006580e-01
##
   RegionLatin America & Caribbean RegionMiddle East & North Africa
                       6.927947e-01
##
                                                        1.280515e+00
##
                RegionNorth America
                                                    RegionSouth Asia
##
                       9.003849e-01
                                                        8.501283e-01
##
           RegionSub-Saharan Africa
                                               IncomeGroupLow income
##
                       6.313346e-01
                                                        9.290708e-02
##
     IncomeGroupLower middle income
                                      IncomeGroupUpper middle income
##
                       2.190252e-01
                                                        4.639826e-01
exp(confint(reg_2016))
                                           2.5 %
                                                       97.5 %
##
## (Intercept)
                                    8.464537e+03 2.862979e+04
## hc
                                    1.086997e+00 1.579531e+00
## FDI
                                    1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00
## RegionEurope & Central Asia
                                    7.163878e-01 1.132326e+00
```

RegionLatin America & Caribbean 5.413360e-01 8.866295e-01 ## RegionMiddle East & North Africa 9.750327e-01 1.681707e+00

```
## RegionNorth America
                                   4.652656e-01 1.742430e+00
## RegionSouth Asia
                                   5.801355e-01 1.245775e+00
                               4.834369e-01 8.244786e-01
## RegionSub-Saharan Africa
## IncomeGroupLow income
                                   6.706857e-02 1.287000e-01
## IncomeGroupLower middle income 1.738691e-01 2.759091e-01
## IncomeGroupUpper middle income
                                   3.815185e-01 5.642711e-01
# Because my regression model has factorvariables and hence is a constant. The stepwise regression in R
\#stepAIC(lm(GDP\_pc\sim hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup+FDI*Region+FDI*IncomeGroup+hc*Region+hc*IncomeGroup, data)
# Nested f-test
complex = lm(GDP_pc~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup+FDI*Region+FDI*IncomeGroup+hc*Region+hc*IncomeGroup, data
nested = lm(log(GDP_pc)~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2016)
anova(complex, nested, test='Chisq')
## Warning in anova.lmlist(object, ...): models with response '"log(GDP_pc)"'
## removed because response differs from model 1
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: GDP_pc
                           Sum Sq
                                    Mean Sq F value
                                                        Pr(>F)
                    1 2.1387e+10 2.1387e+10 183.9349 < 2.2e-16 ***
## hc
## FDI
                    1 1.0016e+09 1.0016e+09 8.6139 0.0040418 **
                    6 3.5285e+09 5.8809e+08 5.0577 0.0001249 ***
## Region
                3 1.1172e+10 3.7241e+09 32.0280 4.653e-15 *** 6 1.0155e+08 1.6925e+07 0.1456 0.9895899
## IncomeGroup
## FDI:Region
## FDI:IncomeGroup 3 8.2010e+07 2.7337e+07 0.2351 0.8717416
                   5 3.6263e+08 7.2526e+07 0.6237 0.6819564
## hc:Region
## hc:IncomeGroup 3 6.0077e+07 2.0026e+07 0.1722 0.9149693
## Residuals 113 1.3139e+10 1.1628e+08
```

Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1

par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(reg_2016)



```
# This part shows the results of year 2017
GDP_2017 = subset(final_df, year==2017)
GDP_2017 = GDP_2017 %>% group_by(country) %>% mutate(GDP_pc=rgdpo/pop)
reg_2017 = lm(log(GDP_pc)~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2017)
summary(reg_2017)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = log(GDP_pc) ~ hc + FDI + Region + IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2017)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q
                    Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
##
   -0.9221 -0.2647
                    0.0436
                           0.2234
                                    1.1369
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                     9.659e+00
                                                 3.016e-01
                                                           32.028 < 2e-16 ***
## hc
                                                 9.178e-02
                                                             2.931 0.003998 **
                                     2.690e-01
## FDI
                                     1.422e-12
                                                 8.899e-13
                                                             1.598 0.112511
## RegionEurope & Central Asia
                                     -7.447e-02
                                                 1.146e-01
                                                            -0.650 0.517066
## RegionLatin America & Caribbean
                                    -3.651e-01
                                                 1.239e-01
                                                            -2.948 0.003796 **
## RegionMiddle East & North Africa 2.288e-01
                                                 1.367e-01
                                                             1.674 0.096526
## RegionNorth America
                                     -1.528e-01
                                                 3.256e-01
                                                            -0.469 0.639755
## RegionSouth Asia
                                    -1.381e-01
                                                 1.907e-01
                                                           -0.724 0.470269
## RegionSub-Saharan Africa
                                    -4.629e-01
                                                 1.336e-01 -3.465 0.000719 ***
```

-2.375e+00

IncomeGroupLow income

1.619e-01 -14.673 < 2e-16 ***

```
## IncomeGroupUpper middle income
                                    -7.716e-01 9.743e-02 -7.920 9.27e-13 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.3838 on 130 degrees of freedom
     (37 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9063, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8984
## F-statistic: 114.4 on 11 and 130 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
exp(reg_2017$coefficients)
##
                        (Intercept)
                                                                   hc
##
                       1.566158e+04
                                                         1.308621e+00
##
                                FDI
                                         RegionEurope & Central Asia
##
                       1.000000e+00
                                                         9.282386e-01
   RegionLatin America & Caribbean RegionMiddle East & North Africa
##
##
                       6.941177e-01
                                                         1.257053e+00
##
                RegionNorth America
                                                    RegionSouth Asia
##
                       8.583223e-01
                                                        8.710303e-01
##
           RegionSub-Saharan Africa
                                               IncomeGroupLow income
##
                       6.294564e-01
                                                        9.300553e-02
     IncomeGroupLower middle income IncomeGroupUpper middle income
##
##
                       2.221234e-01
                                                         4.622584e-01
exp(confint(reg_2017))
                                           2.5 %
                                                       97.5 %
                                    8.624133e+03 2.844170e+04
## (Intercept)
## hc
                                    1.091324e+00 1.569184e+00
                                    1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00
## FDI
## RegionEurope & Central Asia
                                    7.399001e-01 1.164518e+00
## RegionLatin America & Caribbean 5.432642e-01 8.868603e-01
## RegionMiddle East & North Africa 9.592638e-01 1.647286e+00
## RegionNorth America
                                    4.506633e-01 1.634740e+00
## RegionSouth Asia
                                    5.973188e-01 1.270166e+00
                                    4.832593e-01 8.198816e-01
## RegionSub-Saharan Africa
## IncomeGroupLow income
                                    6.751924e-02 1.281120e-01
## IncomeGroupLower middle income
                                    1.770010e-01 2.787488e-01
## IncomeGroupUpper middle income
                                    3.812164e-01 5.605289e-01
# Because my regression model has factorvariables and hence is a constant. The stepwise regression in R
\#stepAIC(lm(GDP\_pc\sim hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup+FDI*Region+FDI*IncomeGroup+hc*Region+hc*IncomeGroup,\ data)
# Nested f-test
complex = lm(GDP_pc~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup+FDI*Region+FDI*IncomeGroup+hc*Region+hc*IncomeGroup, data
nested = lm(log(GDP_pc)~hc+FDI+Region+IncomeGroup, data = GDP_2017)
anova(complex, nested, test='Chisq')
## Warning in anova.lmlist(object, ...): models with response '"log(GDP_pc)"'
## removed because response differs from model 1
```

-1.505e+00 1.148e-01 -13.108 < 2e-16 ***

IncomeGroupLower middle income

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
  Response: GDP_pc
##
##
                    Df
                           Sum Sq
                                     Mean Sq F value
                                                          Pr(>F)
## hc
                     1 2.2968e+10 2.2968e+10 201.0057 < 2.2e-16 ***
## FDI
                     1 1.3291e+09 1.3291e+09
                                               11.6318 0.0009000 ***
## Region
                     6 3.5172e+09 5.8620e+08
                                                5.1303 0.0001074 ***
## IncomeGroup
                     3 1.1564e+10 3.8546e+09
                                               33.7342 1.202e-15 ***
## FDI:Region
                     6 2.4573e+08 4.0956e+07
                                                0.3584 0.9036349
## FDI:IncomeGroup
                     3 1.7763e+08 5.9210e+07
                                                0.5182 0.6706052
## hc:Region
                     5 4.2323e+08 8.4646e+07
                                                0.7408 0.5944661
## hc:IncomeGroup
                     3 4.0324e+07 1.3441e+07
                                                0.1176 0.9495910
## Residuals
                   113 1.2912e+10 1.1426e+08
##
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(reg_2017)
```

