

ICS 141

Programming with Objects

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Loops

- Used for repetition
- while loops vs for loops – how to choose?
 - for loop if know how many times it is going to iterate
 - while loop if don't know how many times it is going to iterate
- Reminder about the condition check
 - Example: tubing down the river

Important shortcuts

Java expression	Equivalent shortcut
<code>i = i + 1</code>	<code>i++</code> (postfix increment)
	<code>++i</code> (prefix increment)
<code>i = i - 1</code>	<code>i--</code> (postfix decrement)
	<code>--i</code> (prefix decrement)
<code>i = i + n</code>	<code>i += n</code>
<code>i = i - n</code>	<code>i -= n</code>
<code>i = i * n</code>	<code>i *= n</code>
<code>i = i / n</code>	<code>i /= n</code>

Recall *while* loops

- Condition controlled. (Keeps going as long as the condition evaluates to true)
- Body must include a way to update the condition (or you will be in an infinite loop)
- Syntax

```
.....initialize condition.....  
while( .....some condition that evaluates to true or false.... ) {  
    .....do something .....  
    ..... have ability to change condition in some way .....  
}
```

while statement Syntax

Python

Syntax

```
while condition:  
    indented  
    statement block
```

Java

```
while (condition) {  
    statement block  
}
```

Example

```
count = 0  
while count < 100:  
    print ("Welcome")  
    count = count + 1
```

```
int count = 0;  
while (count < 100) {  
    System.out.println("Welcome");  
    count = count + 1;  
}
```

do...while Repetition Statement

-Another syntax to write the while loop

```
int counter = 11;
while ( counter <= 10 ) {
    System.out.println( counter );
    counter=counter+1;
}
```

```
int counter = 11;
do {
    System.out.println( counter );
    counter=counter+1;
} while (counter <= 10);
```

Try it!

- Open Eclipse and create a new Java project named `GuessingGameApplication`
- Create a class called `GuessingGame`. Include the main method. (This will be a one class application, so this class is the boss and the worker).
- Inside the main method, declare and instantiate a `Scanner` object and a `Random` object. The `Random` object has a method called `nextInt(int bound)`. This returns a random number between 0 and bound - 1 (inclusive). Use this method to create a random number for a user to guess.
- Create a while loop that asks the user to guess a number. It continues until the user guesses the right number.
- For added functionality, consider telling the user their guess is too high or too low. How would you do that?

for statement Syntax

Python

```
for x in []:  
    statements
```

Syntax

Java

```
for (initial_value; condition; step){  
    statements  
}
```

Example

```
for i in range(6):  
    print (i)  
  
for (int i=0 ; i < 6; i++ ){  
    System.out.println(i);  
}
```


Try it!

- In the main method, ask the user how many games they would like to play.
- Use a for loop to run the game that many times.