https://traveltrakkers.vercel.app/

Project Code: Quantum Designer_062

Project Name: Travel Trakker's Platform

Test Plan for Travel-Trakker



Submitted By:

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Project Information

Project Code	Quantum Designer_062
Website URL	https://traveltrakkers.vercel.app/
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<u>Introduction</u>

Travel Trakker's is a travel management platform aimed at providing users with seamless access to travel information, personalized destination recommendations, and user-friendly tools for saving and filtering travel options. The application is built to facilitate effortless exploration of destinations, helping users save time and plan their travels with ease.

This test plan serves as a comprehensive guide for systematically verifying and validating each feature within the Travel Trakkers project, ensuring quality and consistency across devices and browsers. The plan covers the entire testing process, from setting objectives and defining the scope to outlining the environment, criteria for success, and specific test cases. By implementing this test plan, we aim to:

- Meet User Expectations: Validate that the platform is intuitive, responsive, and free of critical errors, enhancing the user experience.
- Ensure Functionality: Confirm that all core features, such as user authentication, dashboard functionality, and travel listings, work seamlessly and fulfil user requirements.
- Improve Performance: Identify and address any performance bottlenecks or usability issues to deliver a fast and efficient experience.
- 4. **Enable Scalability**: Ensure the application can handle future growth, both in terms of user traffic and feature expansion.
- 5. **Maintain Security Standards**: Verify that user data is handled securely, with safe login/logout mechanisms and protection against unauthorized access.

Objective

The primary objective of this test plan is to ensure the Travel Trakker platform meets its functional and non-functional requirements, providing a smooth and reliable user experience. The tests will focus on user authentication, dashboard functionality, travel listings display, search, and filtering features. The testing will also cover aspects of performance, cross-browser compatibility, and mobile responsiveness to deliver a quality product.

Functional Testing

- User Authentication: Testing the registration, login, password reset, and logout processes to ensure users can securely access their accounts and perform necessary actions without issues.
- Dashboard Functionality: Verifying that the dashboard accurately displays user-specific information, allows smooth navigation, and provides essential features, like viewing saved trips and travel history.
- **Travel Listings Display**: Ensuring that travel listings load correctly, are organized and displayed in a visually appealing format, and show complete and relevant information, such as destinations, dates, and prices.
- Search and Filtering: Testing the search functionality to confirm that users can search for specific travel options and receive accurate results. The filtering features will be verified to allow users to refine search results based on criteria such as location, dates, price, and other preferences.

Non-Functional Testing

- Performance Testing: Assessing the platform's response times, speed, and load-handling capabilities to ensure it remains efficient even with multiple users or heavy traffic. This includes load testing, stress testing, and analyzing how the platform handles peak usage.
- Cross-Browser Compatibility: Ensuring the platform works seamlessly across different browsers (e.g., Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Edge), so users have a consistent experience regardless of their chosen browser.
- Mobile Responsiveness: Testing the platform on various devices (desktop, tablet, mobile) to verify that it adjusts and functions well across different screen sizes and orientations. This ensures users on mobile devices can navigate the site easily and access all functionalities without issues.

Scope

The scope of this test plan for the Travel Trakker platform covers a comprehensive set of features and aspects to ensure the platform functions optimally and provides users with a smooth, reliable experience. This scope includes testing both core functional elements and essential non-functional elements.

A significant part of the scope involves testing the core features that users will rely on, starting with the homepage loading and setup. The homepage is often a user's first interaction with the platform, so ensuring it loads properly and displays all necessary information is crucial for a good first impression. Furthermore, user authentication is a key area within the scope, as it involves verifying that users can register, log in, reset their passwords, and log out securely and without any errors. This is fundamental to protecting user data and maintaining a smooth user experience.

Another core area is dashboard functionality. This section of the platform provides users with personalized information, including saved trips, travel recommendations, and past travel history. Testing the dashboard functionality ensures that users can view and interact with this data seamlessly, without delays or glitches, creating an efficient and satisfying experience.

Testable Features

1. User Signup/login:

- Validate functionalities related to user registration, login, password reset, and logout processes.
- Ensure security measures like encryption, session handling, and error messages for invalid credentials.

2. Dashboard Functionality:

 Test features such as displaying user data, navigation, and working of UI elements like "Booking" and "Customer" buttons.

3. Travel Listings Display:

- Verify that all travel packages load properly, including checking for responsiveness and layout consistency across devices.
- Ensure no missing or broken images in the listings.

4. Search Functionality:

 Test search capabilities with valid and invalid inputs, noresult scenarios, and performance under high query loads.

5. Sorting and Filtering Options:

 Validate sorting by price, destination, or ratings and ensure filters (e.g., budget, activity type) work as expected.

6. Services Page:

 Check if service-related information is displayed correctly and if navigation from this page is functional.

7. Social Media Integration:

 Test the functionality of social media icons on login and other pages, ensuring proper redirection to respective platforms.

8. Mobile Responsiveness:

 Test the website's responsiveness across various mobile devices and screen resolutions to ensure a seamless user experience.

9. Cross-Browser Compatibility:

 Validate that the platform works consistently across major browsers such as Chrome, Firefox, Edge, and Safari.

10. Performance Testing:

 Ensure acceptable loading speeds for the homepage, search, and listings even during peak user activity.

11. Error Handling and Validation:

 Confirm that appropriate error messages are displayed for invalid form inputs, failed searches, or unavailable services.

12. Add-to-Cart Functionality:

 Test whether users can successfully add travel packages or items to their cart and view them on the homepage or dashboard.

Testing Approach

Testing Approach for Travel Trakker's Platform

The testing approach ensures that the Travel Trakker's platform is rigorously evaluated for both functional and non-functional requirements. The methodology includes the following key aspects:

1. Requirement Analysis:

- Thoroughly analyse project requirements and specifications to identify testable features, objectives, and constraints.
- Map requirements to test scenarios and prioritize based on criticality.

2. Test Design:

- Use Equivalence Partitioning (EP) and Boundary Value Analysis (BVA) to create comprehensive test cases.
- Design functional test cases for features like user authentication, dashboard navigation, search, and filtering.

 Non-functional test cases will focus on performance, security, cross-browser compatibility, and mobile responsiveness.

3. Test Levels:

- Unit Testing: Performed by developers to test individual components.
- Integration Testing: Validate interaction between modules like authentication and dashboard functionalities.
- System Testing: Test the end-to-end workflow of the Travel Trakker's platform.
- Regression Testing: Re-test previously tested functionalities to ensure new changes haven't introduced defects.
- User Acceptance Testing (UAT): Validate the application against business requirements with real-world scenarios.

4. Test Types:

- Functional Testing: Verify that features such as user login, travel listings, search, and sorting work as intended.
- Usability Testing: Assess the user interface and ease of navigation for an optimal user experience.
- Performance Testing: Measure website speed, search load times, and responsiveness under peak load conditions.
- Compatibility Testing: Ensure the application works on various browsers (e.g., Chrome, Safari, Firefox) and devices.
- Security Testing: Check for vulnerabilities like weak passwords, session handling issues, or unsecured data transmissions.

5. Test Execution:

- Use manual and automated testing tools to execute test cases.
- Log bugs with clear descriptions, screenshots, and steps to reproduce. Assign them based on severity and priority.

6. Defect Management:

- Track all bugs in a centralized system.
- Categorize defects based on severity (e.g., Major, Minor) and assign to appropriate team members for resolution.

7. Tools and Environment Setup:

- Utilize tools like Selenium for automation, JIRA for bug tracking, and BrowserStack for cross-browser testing.
- Create staging environments resembling the production setup for accurate test results.

8. Entry and Exit Criteria:

- Entry Criteria: Finalized requirements, test cases prepared, and test environment setup completed.
- Exit Criteria: All critical and high-priority defects resolved, test cases executed with 95% pass rate, and UAT approval received.

9. Risk Mitigation:

 Address potential risks, such as tight timelines, incomplete requirements, or environment instability, through early planning and backup strategies.

Collaboration and Communication:

 Ensure effective communication between QA, development, and project management teams for updates, defect resolutions, and approvals.

Roles and Responsibilities

1. Test Manager

- Role: Oversees the entire testing process and coordinates activities.
- Responsibility: Ensures test planning, execution, and reporting are completed within the scheduled timeline.

2. Test Lead

- Role: Supervises the team's daily tasks and manages resource allocation.
- Responsibility: Defines test strategies and resolves roadblocks during testing.

3. Test Engineers/QA Analysts

- Role: Executes test cases, reports bugs, and ensures functionality is as expected.
- Responsibility: Conducts functional, usability, and regression testing while documenting results.

4. Developers

- Role: Fixes bugs and enhances code based on testing feedback.
- Responsibility: Ensures quick resolution of reported defects and prepares builds for retesting.

5. Product Owner

- Role: Acts as a liaison between stakeholders and the testing team.
- Responsibility: Verifies that all functionalities align with business requirements.

6. Business Analyst

- Role: Assists in defining test requirements and validating the scope.
- Responsibility: Ensures test scenarios align with customer expectations.

7. UI/UX Designers

- Role: Addresses design-related issues reported during testing.
- Responsibility: Provides updated assets or fixes for identified usability problems.

8. Configuration Manager

- Role: Manages the environment setup and maintains code versions.
- Responsibility: Ensures a stable testing environment and tracks software builds.

9. Client/Stakeholders

- Role: Approves deliverables and provides feedback.
- Responsibility: Reviews testing progress and ensures business objectives are met.

Report Summary

- Collaborative Efforts: Clear role distinctions ensure seamless collaboration between the testing team and other stakeholders.
- Ownership: Each individual or group is accountable for their specific responsibilities, minimizing ambiguities.
- Alignment: Responsibilities are designed to meet project goals, address risks, and deliver quality results.

Test Schedule for Travel Trakker's Testing

12-11-2024

Activity: Test Plan Finalization

- Review and finalize the test plan, test scenarios, and test cases.
- Set up the testing environment, tools, and test data.
- Assign roles and responsibilities to the team.
 Deliverable: Test Plan Approval, Environment Setup.

13-11-2024

Activity: Initial Testing (Homepage and Authentication)

- Test homepage loading performance, responsiveness, and usability.
- Validate user authentication (login, registration, and password reset).

Deliverable: Bug report for homepage and authentication functionalities.

14-11-2024

Activity: Dashboard and Functional Testing

- Validate dashboard navigation, data display, and button functionalities (e.g., Booking and Customer buttons).
- Test cross-browser compatibility and accessibility.
 Deliverable: Dashboard functional test results, bug reports.

15-11-2024

Activity: Travel Listings, Search, and Filtering Testing

- Test travel listings display, layout, and responsiveness.
- Validate search functionality with valid and invalid inputs.
- Verify sorting and filtering mechanisms.
 Deliverable: Search and filtering feature test results, bug reports.

16-11-2024

Activity: Final Testing and Code Review

- Perform regression testing on all fixed bugs.
- Conduct user acceptance testing (UAT).
- Execute performance and mobile responsiveness testing.
- Conduct code review and finalize the test deliverables.
 Deliverable: Final bug report, performance results, test closure report.

Summary of the Schedule

Start Date: 12-11-2024

End Date: 16-11-2024

- Focus Areas: Functional, usability, performance, and crossbrowser testing.
- Outcome: Comprehensive testing and delivery of a high-quality Travel Trakker's platform.

Test Deliverables for Travel Trakker's

Test Plan Document

- A detailed document outlining the scope, objectives, testing strategy, schedule, and approach for the testing activities.
- Purpose: To serve as a roadmap for the testing process.

Test Scenarios and Test Cases

- Comprehensive scenarios and test cases that cover all functional and nonfunctional requirements.
- Purpose: To ensure that every feature and functionality is tested systematically.

Test Data

- Data sets prepared and used during test execution (e.g., valid/invalid login credentials, search queries).
- Purpose: To simulate real-world scenarios and validate application behavior.

Bug Reports

- Detailed reports documenting any defects identified during testing, including steps to reproduce, severity, priority, and status.
- Purpose: To provide actionable insights for the development team to fix issues.

Test Execution Reports

- A summary of all executed test cases, their results (Pass/Fail), and the overall status of the testing phase.
- Purpose: To track the progress and coverage of testing.

Regression Test Results

- Documentation of the retesting of fixed bugs to ensure they have been resolved without impacting other functionalities.
- Purpose: To validate fixes and confirm stability.

Performance Testing Results

- Reports detailing the application's performance metrics, including load time, responsiveness, and scalability.
- Purpose: To ensure the platform meets performance expectations.

Cross-Browser and Mobile Responsiveness Test Reports

- Results of tests verifying compatibility across different browsers (e.g., Chrome, Firefox) and devices (mobile, tablet, desktop).
- Purpose: To ensure accessibility for a diverse user base.

Test Closure Report

- A comprehensive document summarizing the testing process, key findings, test metrics, and the final assessment of the application's readiness.
- Purpose: To formally conclude the testing phase and obtain stakeholder approval for deployment.

User Acceptance Testing (UAT) Report

- Feedback and validation from end-users or stakeholders after testing the system in a real-world environment.
- Purpose: To confirm that the platform meets user expectations and requirements.

Test Metrics and Analysis

- Metrics such as defect density, test coverage, and defect resolution rate.
- Purpose: To provide insights into the quality and effectiveness of the testing process.

Purpose of Test Deliverables

Test deliverables ensure a transparent and systematic approach to testing, enabling stakeholders to understand the quality, progress, and risks associated with the project. They provide a foundation for decision-making and help deliver a reliable and high-performing Travel Trakkers platform.

Entry and Exit Criteria for Travel Trakkers Testing

Entry Criteria and Exit Criteria define the conditions that must be met before starting or concluding the testing phase. These criteria ensure that testing activities are conducted in a structured and systematic manner.

Entry Criteria

The conditions that must be fulfilled before starting the testing phase include:

1. Requirement Finalization:

 Functional and non-functional requirements are documented and approved by stakeholders.

2. Test Plan Approval:

 The test plan, including scope, objectives, and schedule, has been reviewed and approved.

3. Availability of Test Artifacts:

 Test cases, test scenarios, and test data are prepared and reviewed.

4. Environment Readiness:

 The testing environment is set up and configured, including hardware, software, and network configurations.

5. Code Deployment:

 The latest build of the application (version 130) is deployed in the testing environment.

6. Tool Accessibility:

 Required testing tools (e.g., browser, defect tracking tools) are installed and accessible.

7. Availability of Test Team:

 The testing team, roles, and responsibilities are defined and communicated.

8. Unit Testing Completion:

 Developers have completed unit testing and resolved critical issues in the code.

Exit Criteria

The conditions that must be met to conclude the testing phase include:

1. Test Case Execution:

 All planned test cases have been executed, including functional, usability, performance, and regression tests.

2. Defect Resolution:

 All high-priority and major defects have been fixed and retested. Lower-priority defects are documented for future resolution.

3. Test Coverage:

 Test coverage has reached the target percentage (e.g., 95%) for critical functionalities.

4. UAT Completion:

 User Acceptance Testing (UAT) is successfully completed with stakeholder sign-off.

5. Performance Metrics Met:

 The application meets the performance benchmarks, including response time, load handling, and scalability.

6. Documentation Delivery:

 Test deliverables, including test execution reports, bug reports, and test closure reports, are finalized and shared with stakeholders.

7. Regression Testing:

 No new issues are identified during regression testing of previously fixed defects.

8. Approval from Stakeholders:

 Formal approval from the project manager and stakeholders for release readiness.

Purpose of Entry and Exit Criteria

- Entry Criteria: Ensures testing starts with all necessary resources and prerequisites in place, reducing risks of delays or incomplete testing.
- Exit Criteria: Confirms that the testing objectives are met, and the application is ready for production deployment, ensuring quality and reliability.

These criteria provide a structured approach to testing, ensuring that Travel Trakker's delivers a reliable and high-quality platform to users.

Tools Used for Testing Travel Trakker's Platform

- Google Doc
- Google Sheet
- Jira
- Mind Map

Risks and Mitigation Strategies for Travel Trakkers Testing

1. Technical Risks

- **Risk**: Issues with third-party API integration (e.g., payment gateways, travel listings data).
 - Mitigation: Conduct thorough API testing using tools like Postman; mock APIs to simulate third-party responses during development.
- Risk: Platform performance degrades under heavy user load.
 - Mitigation: Use performance testing tools like JMeter and Lighthouse to identify bottlenecks; implement caching and load balancing solutions.
- Risk: Browser and device compatibility issues.
 - Mitigation: Perform cross-browser testing using Browser Stack and Sauce Labs to ensure functionality across multiple environments.

2. Functional Risks

- Risk: Core features such as user authentication or search functionality fail.
 - Mitigation: Perform rigorous functional testing using Selenium and manual test scenarios to validate all key functionalities.
- Risk: Inconsistent or incorrect data displayed in dashboards or listings.
 - Mitigation: Validate data integrity through database testing and API validation.

3. Usability Risks

- Risk: Poor user interface responsiveness or non-intuitive navigation.
 - Mitigation: Conduct usability testing using UserTesting or gather user feedback during testing cycles to identify and address UI/UX issues.
- Risk: Accessibility issues for users with disabilities.
 - Mitigation: Test accessibility using tools like Axe to ensure compliance with WCAG standards.

4. Schedule Risks

- Risk: Delays in the testing schedule due to late delivery of code or unresolved critical defects.
 - Mitigation: Regularly update the test schedule and collaborate closely with developers; prioritize critical defects for faster resolution.

5. Security Risks

- Risk: Vulnerabilities in user authentication or sensitive data exposure.
 - Mitigation: Conduct penetration testing to identify security flaws; use tools like SonarQube to ensure secure coding practices.
- Risk: Session management flaws (e.g., sessions not expiring properly).
 - Mitigation: Test session management rigorously; ensure sessions expire after inactivity or logout.

6. Resource Risks

Risk: Limited availability of testing resources or tools.

- Mitigation: Plan resource allocation in advance and maintain backup testers; use free or open-source tools if required.
- Risk: Inadequate test environment setup or maintenance.
 - Mitigation: Set up dedicated test environments early in the project lifecycle; automate environment provisioning where possible.

7. Data Risks

- Risk: Test data is incomplete, inconsistent, or inaccurate.
 - Mitigation: Create comprehensive test data sets covering all possible scenarios; use data masking for sensitive data.

8. Deployment Risks

- Risk: Deployment failures due to insufficient testing in productionlike environments.
 - Mitigation: Conduct staging environment testing that mirrors production; follow proper release management protocols.

Approvals

Test Plan Approval

- Purpose: To ensure that the testing approach, scope, schedule, and deliverables are aligned with project requirements.
- Approvers: Project Manager, QA Lead, and Client/Stakeholder Representative.

Test Environment Setup Approval

- Purpose: To confirm that the test environment is configured correctly and ready for execution.
- Approvers: DevOps Team, QA Lead.

Test Data Approval

- Purpose: To validate the completeness and relevance of the test data for covering all scenarios.
- Approvers: QA Lead, Database Administrator, Business Analyst.

Entry Criteria Approval

- Purpose: To confirm that all entry criteria, such as stable builds and requirement documents, are met.
- Approvers: QA Lead, Development Team Lead.

Bug Fix and Regression Testing Approval

- Purpose: To ensure critical bugs are resolved and regression testing is completed successfully.
- Approvers: QA Lead, Development Team Lead, Client Representative.

Exit Criteria Approval

- Purpose: To confirm that all testing objectives have been achieved and the platform is ready for deployment.
- Approvers: Project Manager, QA Lead, Client/Stakeholder Representative.

Final Deployment Approval

- Purpose: To authorize the release of the Travel Trakker's platform into production.
- Approvers: Project Manager, DevOps Lead, Client/Stakeholder Representative.