





IoT-E

Project Report On

caf Disease Detection Using the M and TCS3200 Sensors with Telegram Alerts

Submitted by

MANU M -20221LCS0028 C VINITH -20221LCS0029 SHRIJO GORAL -20221LCS0030 LOHITH N -20221LCS0018

Under the guidance of,

DR NAVEEN N. M. Associate Professor, School of CSE and IS

In partial fulfillment of the award of the degree of

**BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY** 

In

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

At



PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY BENGALURU

MAY 2025

# PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

PRESIDENCY SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND **ENGINEERING** 

#### CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Project report "IoT-Based Leaf Disease Detection Using ESP32-CAM and TCS3200 with Telegram Alerts" being submitted by Manu, Vinith, Shrijot, Lohith bearing Roll Numbers 20221LCS0028, 20221LCS0029, 20221LCS0030, 20221LCS0018 in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Technology in Computer Science and Engineering is a bonafide work carried out under my supervision.

Dr. Naveen N M

Associate Professor

PSCS / PSIS

Presidency University

ma Dr. Mydhili Nair Associate Dean

PSCS Presidency University Dr. Asif Mohammed

Associate Professor

HoD and PSCS

Presidency University

asse

Dr. Sameeruddin Khan

Pro-Vice Chancellor - Engineering

Dean-PSCS / PSIS

Presidency University

## PRESIDENCY UNIVERSITY

## PRESIDENCY SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

#### DECLARATION

We hereby declare that the work, which is being presented in the report entitled "loT-Based Leaf Disease Detection Using the ESP32-CAM and TCS3200 Sensors with Telegram Alerts" in partial fulfillment for the award of Degree of Bachelor of Technology in Computer Science and Engineering, is a record of our own investigations carried under the guidance of Dr. Naveen N M, Associate Professor, School of Computer Science and Engineering, Presidency University, Bengaluru. We have not submitted the matter presented in this report anywhere for the award of any other Degree.

NAME

ROLLNO

20221LCS0028

MANU M

C VINITH

SHRIJOT GORAL

LOHITH N

ROLLNO

20221LCS0028

20221LCS0030

20221LCS0030

Addid

LOHITH N

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

First of all, we indebted to the GOD ALMIGHTY for giving us an opportunity to excel in our efforts to complete this project on time.

We are greatly indebted to our guide Dr. Naveen N M, Associate Professor and reviewer Prof. Tintu Vijayan, Assistant Professor, Presidency School of Computer Science and Engineering, Presidency University, for inspirational guidance, and valuable suggestions and for providing us a chance to express our technical capabilities in every respect for the completion of the internship work.

We express our sincere thanks to Dr. Md. Sameeruddin Khan, Pro-VC - Engineering and Dean, School of Computer Science and Engineering and School of Information Science, Presidency University for getting us permission to undergo the project.

We express our heartfelt gratitude to our beloved Associate Dean Dr. Mydhili Nair, School of Computer Science and Engineering, Presidency University, and Dr. Asif Mohammed, Head of the Department, School of Computer Science and Engineering, Presidency University, for rendering timely help in completing this project successfully.

We would like to convey our gratitude and heartfelt thanks to the Project Coordinator Mr. Md Ziaur Rahman and Dr. Sampath A K, Department Project Coordinators and Git hub coordinator Mr. Muthuraj.

We thank our family and friends for the strong support and inspiration they have provided us in bringing out this project.

MANU M, VINITH, SHRIJOT GORAL, LORITH N

### ABSTRACT

This project aims to detect color changes in leaves using the TCS3200 color sensor to identify non-green or abnormal leaf colors, which may indicate plant stress or disease. When an unusual color is detected, the ESP32-CAM triggers an alert system. The system sends a notification to a designated Telegram account, optionally including the captured image of the leaf for verification. This IoT-based solution offers a low-cost, automated method for remote plant health monitoring. The color sensor continuously scans the leaf surface, comparing RGB values to predefined healthy leaf thresholds. If the detected color deviates from the expected green spectrum, an anomaly is flagged. The system is suitable for use in agriculture, greenhouses, or home gardening. It enables proactive monitoring, reducing the reliance on manual inspection. The use of Telegram ensures quick and accessible alerts on mobile devices. This helps in early detection of diseases or deficiencies. The project supports data-driven decision-making in plant care. It also demonstrates the practical application of IoT and computer vision in smart agriculture.