## 1. Create a Pandas data frame for empdata.csv

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("/content/empdata.csv")
```

#### df.head()

Empid		Ename	Salary	DOJ
0	1001	Ganesh	1000.00	10-10-2000
1	1002	Anil	23000.50	3/20/2002
2	1003	Gaurav	NaN	03-03-2002
3	1004	Hema Chandra	16500.50	09-10-2000
4	1005	Laxmi Prasanna	12000.75	10-08-2000

## df.tail(2)

	Empid	Ename	Salary	DOJ
4	1005	Laxmi Prasanna	12000.75	10-08-2000
5	1006	Anant	9999.99	09-09-1999

#### df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 6 entries, 0 to 5
Data columns (total 4 columns):
    Column Non-Null Count Dtype
 0
    Empid
            6 non-null
                            int64
                            object
    Ename
            6 non-null
 1
     Salary 5 non-null
                            float64
 2
            6 non-null
                            object
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(2)
```

memory usage: 320.0+ bytes

df.describe()

	Empid	Salary	
count	6.000000	5.000000	
mean	1003.500000	12500.348000	
std	1.870829	8139.622234	
df.shape			
(6, 4)			
type(df)			

## 2. To retrieve column names

pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

#### df.columns

```
Index(['Empid', 'Ename', 'Salary', 'DOJ'], dtype='object')
```

## 4. To retrieve column data

## df.Empid

- 0 1001
- 1 1002
- 2 1003
- 3 1004
- 4 1005
- 5 1006

Name: Empid, dtype: int64

## 5. To retrieve a set of columns

```
df[['Empid','Ename']]
```

#### Empid Ename

#### Check for duplicates and remove them

df.dropna(axis = 1, inplace = False)

```
1000
                          انم ۸
df1 = df.append(df)
print('Dimensions of the original frame', df.shape)
print('Dimensions of the frame with duplicates', df1.shape)
#remove the duplicates
df1 = df1.drop_duplicates() #or use this statement df1.drop_duplicates(inplace = True)
print('Dimensions of the frame after removing duplicates', df1.shape)
     Dimensions of the original frame (6, 4)
     Dimensions of the frame with duplicates (12, 4)
     Dimensions of the frame after removing duplicates (6, 4)
     <ipython-input-22-b62acb36e572>:1: FutureWarning: The frame.append method is deprecat
       df1 = df.append(df)
#change all column names to Upper case
df.columns = [i.upper() for i in df]
print(df.columns)
     Index(['EMPID', 'ENAME', 'SALARY', 'DOJ'], dtype='object')
Handling missing values
df.isna().sum()
#df.isnull().sum()
#print(df.isnull())
print('The no. of nulls in each column is \n',df.isnull().sum())
```

```
The no. of nulls in each column is EMPID 0

df.isna().sum()

EMPID 0

ENAME 0

SALARY 1

DOJ 0

dtype: int64
```

df

	EMPID	ENAME	SALARY	DOJ
0	1001	Ganesh	1000.00	10-10-2000
1	1002	Anil	23000.50	3/20/2002
2	1003	Gaurav	NaN	03-03-2002
3	1004	Hema Chandra	16500.50	09-10-2000
4	1005	Laxmi Prasanna	12000.75	10-08-2000
5	1006	Anant	9999.99	09-09-1999

## 6. Find the highest and lowest salary

```
print('Highest Salary is',df['SALARY'].max())
print('Lowest Salary is', df['SALARY'].min())

    Highest Salary is 23000.5
    Lowest Salary is 1000.0
```

# This is formatted as code

Display the details of employees whose salary is above 20000

df[df.SALARY > 20000]

	EMPID	ENAME	SALARY	DOJ
1	1002	Anil	23000.5	3/20/2002

Display only the id and names of employees whose salary is greater than 20000

```
df[['EMPID', 'ENAME']] [df.SALARY > 20000]
```

```
1 1002 Anil
```

Display the Eid and name of the highest paid employee

```
df[['EMPID','ENAME']] [df.SALARY == df.SALARY.max()]
```

	EMPID ENAM	
1	1002	Anil

Display the enames whose salary is above the average salary

Sort in ascending order of DOJ and store the result in another frame

```
df1['DOJ'] = pd.to_datetime(df1['DOJ']) #convert DOJ to date type
df1.info()
print('Frame before sorting\n', df1)
df1.sort values("DOJ", inplace = True)
print('Frame after sorting\n', df1)
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    Int64Index: 6 entries, 0 to 5
    Data columns (total 4 columns):
         Column Non-Null Count Dtype
         -----
     0
        Empid 6 non-null
                               int64
         Ename 6 non-null
                                object
     1
     2
         Salary 5 non-null
                                float64
                 6 non-null
                                datetime64[ns]
    dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(1), int64(1), object(1)
    memory usage: 240.0+ bytes
    Frame before sorting
        Empid
                       Ename
                                Salary
                                             DOJ
        1001
                      Ganesh 1000.00 2000-10-10
                       Anil 23000.50 2002-03-20
    1
        1002
        1003
                     Gaurav
                                  NaN 2002-03-03
    3
                Hema Chandra 16500.50 2000-09-10
        1004
        1005 Laxmi Prasanna 12000.75 2000-10-08
                              9999.99 1999-09-09
        1006
                      Anant
    Frame after sorting
        Empid
                                Salary
                        Ename
```

5	1006	Anant	9999.99	1999-09-09
3	1004	Hema Chandra	16500.50	2000-09-10
4	1005	Laxmi Prasanna	12000.75	2000-10-08
0	1001	Ganesh	1000.00	2000-10-10
2	1003	Gaurav	NaN	2002-03-03
1	1002	Anil	23000.50	2002-03-20

# Sort in descending order of dates

df1.sort\_values("DOJ", ascending = False, inplace = True)
df1

	Empid	Ename	Salary	DOJ
1	1002	Anil	23000.50	2002-03-20
2	1003	Gaurav	NaN	2002-03-03
0	1001	Ganesh	1000.00	2000-10-10
4	1005	Laxmi Prasanna	12000.75	2000-10-08
3	1004	Hema Chandra	16500.50	2000-09-10
5	1006	Anant	9999.99	1999-09-09

# Sort DOJ in descending and salary in ascending order

df1.sort\_values(by = ['DOJ', 'Salary'] , ascending = [False, True], inplace = True)
df1

	Empid	Ename	Salary	DOJ
1	1002	Anil	23000.50	2002-03-20
2	1003	Gaurav	NaN	2002-03-03
0	1001	Ganesh	1000.00	2000-10-10
4	1005	Laxmi Prasanna	12000.75	2000-10-08
3	1004	Hema Chandra	16500.50	2000-09-10
5	1006	Anant	9999.99	1999-09-09

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