Recurison

We know that in Python, a function can call other functions. It is even possible for the function to call itself. These type of construct are termed as recursive functions.

Example:

```
In [1]: #python program to print factorial of a number using recurion

def factorial(num):
    """
    This is a recursive function to find the factorial of a given number
    """
    return 1 if num == 1 else (num * factorial(num-1))

num = 5
print "Factorial of {0} is {1} ".format(num, factorial(num))
Factorial of 5 is 120
```

Advantages

- 1. Recursive functions make the code look clean and elegant.
- 2. A complex task can be broken down into simpler sub-problems using recursion.
- 3. Sequence generation is easier with recursion than using some nested iteration.

Disadvantages

- 1. Sometimes the logic behind recursion is hard to follow through.
- 2. Recursive calls are expensive (inefficient) as they take up a lot of memory and time.
- 3. Recursive functions are hard to debug.

Python program to display the fibonacci sequence up to n-th term using recursive function

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```
Fibonacci sequence
0
1
1
2
3
5
8
13
21
```

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