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Docker Swarm Setup and Management Notes

1 Install Docker on All Nodes

Run on **all nodes (manager & workers)**:

```
sudo apt update -y
```

```
sudo apt install -y docker.io
```

```
sudo systemctl enable docker
```

```
sudo systemctl start docker
```

Verify installation:

```
docker --version
```

2 Initialize Swarm on the Manager Node

Run on the **manager node**:

```
docker swarm init --advertise-addr <MANAGER_PRIVATE_IP>
```

Output includes a **join command** for worker nodes:

```
docker swarm join --token <TOKEN> <MANAGER_PRIVATE_IP>:2377
```

3 Add Worker Nodes to Swarm

Run on **each worker node**:

```
docker swarm join --token <TOKEN> <MANAGER_PRIVATE_IP>:2377
```

Verify nodes from the manager:

```
docker node ls
```

4 Create and Manage Services

Create a Service:

```
docker service create --name <SERVICE_NAME> --replicas=<NUMBER> -p <HOST_PORT>:80  
<IMAGE_NAME>
```

Example:

```
docker service create --name myweb --replicas=3 -p 32000:80 nginx:1.17
```

List Running Services:

```
docker service ls
```

Check Service Status:

```
docker service ps <SERVICE_NAME>
```

5 Scaling Services

Increase/Decrease Replicas:

`docker service scale <SERVICE_NAME>=<NUMBER>`

Example:

`docker service scale myweb=5`

- **Scaling up:** New containers are created.
- **Scaling down:** Unused containers are removed.

Stop All Containers in a Service (Scale to Zero)

`docker service scale myweb=0`

❏ Removing Services

`docker service rm <SERVICE_NAME>`

Example:

`docker service rm myweb`

❏ Handling Common Errors

Port Conflict Issue:

Error:

rpc error: code = InvalidArgument desc = port '<PORT>' is already in use

Solution:

- Remove the existing service before re-creating it:
- `docker service rm myweb`
- Use a different port:
- `docker service create --name myweb -p 33000:80 nginx:1.17`

Service Not Found Error:

Error:

no such service: <SERVICE_NAME>

Solution:

- Check running services:
- `docker service ls`
- Ensure you are using the correct service name.

Cannot Remove Running Containers (Swarm Mode):

Error:

cannot remove container: container is running

Solution:

- Stop the container first:
- `docker stop <CONTAINER_ID>`
- `docker rm <CONTAINER_ID>`
- Alternatively, scale service to 0 first:
- `docker service scale myweb=0`

8 Node Availability Management

Check Nodes:

`docker node ls`

Drain a Node (Prevent Scheduling New Containers)

`docker node update --availability drain <NODE_NAME>`

Example:

`docker node update --availability drain master`

- Containers running on **master** will be rescheduled on other available nodes.

Reactivate a Drained Node:

`docker node update --availability active <NODE_NAME>`

Example:

`docker node update --availability active master`

9 Creating a Large-Scale Service (Example: 10 Replicas)

`docker service create --name testcontainer --replicas=10 nginx`

✅ **Result:** 10 containers distributed across available nodes.

◆ Summary of Key Commands

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| <code>docker swarm init</code> | Initialize Swarm mode on a manager node |
| <code>docker swarm join</code> | Add a worker node to the Swarm |
| <code>docker node ls</code> | List all nodes in the Swarm |
| <code>docker service create</code> | Create a new service |
| <code>docker service ls</code> | List all running services |
| <code>docker service ps <service></code> | Show details of a service |

| Command | Description |
|--|---|
| <code>docker service scale <service>=<n></code> | Scale a service to N replicas |
| <code>docker service rm <service></code> | Remove a service |
| <code>docker node update --availability drain <node></code> | Prevent scheduling containers on a node |
| <code>docker node update --availability active <node></code> | Reactivate a drained node |