Amrita school of Engineering, Chennai 21ARE302 – Microcontrollers and Embedded Systems <u>Assignment-1</u>

Note:

- Answer all the questions
- Each question carries 10 marks.
- Draw the diagrams using scale and pencil.
- Use the A4 sheet for writing answers.
- Late submission will lead to a negative marking
- 1. Define what a microcontroller is and explain its typical components and functions.
- 2. Differentiate between microprocessors and microcontrollers. Provide examples of applications where each is preferred.
- 3. Discuss the significance of embedded systems in modern technology. Provide at least three examples of embedded systems and explain their roles.
- 4. Explain the concept of interrupts in microcontrollers. How are they useful in real-time applications?
- 5. Describe the process of analog-to-digital conversion (ADC) in microcontrollers. Why is ADC necessary in embedded systems?
- 6. What are timers and counters in microcontrollers? Provide examples of how timers are used in real-world applications.
- 7. Explain the role of serial communication interfaces (e.g., UART, SPI, I2C) in microcontrollers. Provide a scenario where each interface is preferred.
- 8. Describe the memory organization of a typical microcontroller. What are the types of memory commonly found in microcontrollers, and what are their purposes?
- 9. Examine the design and implementation of wearable health devices that monitor vital signs (e.g., heart rate, blood pressure) in real-time and discuss the challenges in ensuring reliable, low-latency data transmission.
- 10. Discuss the role of microcontrollers in controlling devices such as lights, thermostats, and security systems, and how they can be programmed to respond to real-time inputs from sensors and user commands.