

# Selenium WebDriver Training

Java OOPs - Polymorphism

# Polymorphism

**Poly – Many**

**Morphism- Forms**



Child



Father



Employee



# Polymorphism

- The ability of a class to provide different implementations of a method
- Java allows us to perform the same action in many different ways

# Polymorphism Types

- ❑ Static Polymorphism / Compile-time polymorphism/Early Binding
- ❑ Dynamic Polymorphism/ Run-time Polymorphism/ Late Binding

# Static Polymorphism (Overloading)

- When 2 or more methods inside the same class
- Have same signature except the input arguments
  - a) Number of argument is different
  - b) Type of argument is different
- Purpose  
Simplicity

# Static Polymorphism

- Works within the same class and with same method name having different argument counts / different types of arguments



Calculator add functions with different inputs

normal methods with same method name with different arguments

```
add(int x, int y);  
add(float a, float b);  
add(int x, int y, int z)
```

# Dynamic Polymorphism

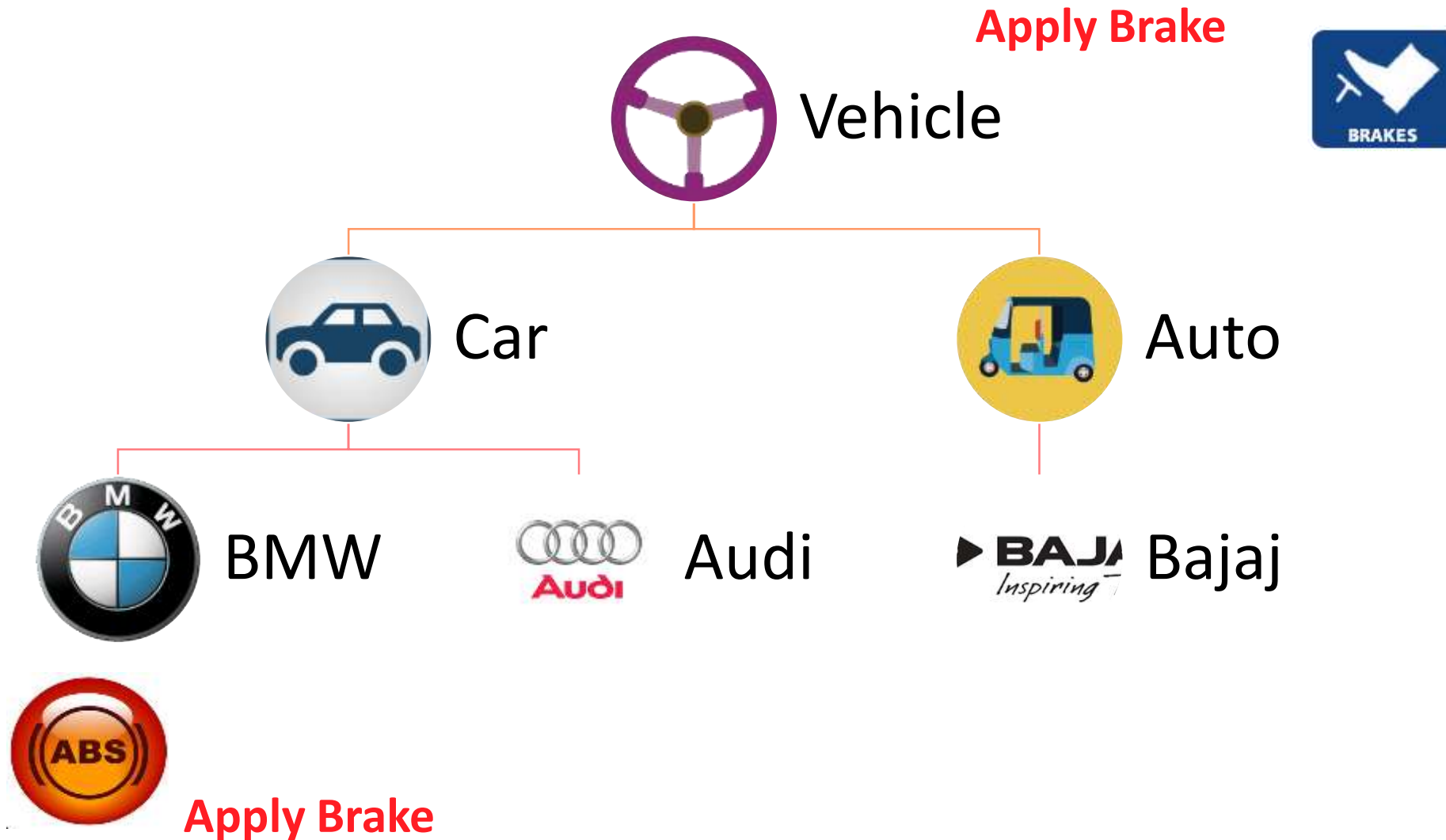
- Dynamic polymorphism can be achieved by **Method Overriding**
- Method Overriding -> different ways a method can behave based on IS –A relationship



# Dynamic Polymorphism

- **Method Overriding** works based on inheritance.
- It allows a subclass to provide its own implementation of a method that is already defined in its superclass

# Method Overriding



# Classroom : (Breakout)



## Method Overloading

Create class Calculator with below methods:

- **2 methods for add.**

- 1 method with 2 int args,

- 1 method with 3 int args

- **2 methods for multiple.**

- 1 method with 2 double args,

- 1 method with 2 float args,

Create Object for calculator class and call all the methods



## Method Overriding:

**Create a two classes AndroidPhone and SmartPhone**

Create the same method (takeVideo) in AndroidPhone and SmartPhone (SmartPhone extends Android Phone)

Execute the method using child class object

# Summary

- Polymorphism – **Method Overloading & Method Overriding**
- Method Overloading – Same class with same method name with different arguments
- Method Overriding – Same method name , same argument in different classes
- Method Overriding – keyword **extends**