Варіанти завдань до лабораторної роботи №2 (ПА-19-2)

No॒	Крайова задача	Точний розв'язок
1	x(2x+1)y''+2(x+1)y'-2y=0,	•
	y'(1)=0,	$y(x) = x + 1 + \frac{1}{-}$
		y(x) = x + 1 + - x
	$y(3)-y'(3)=\frac{31}{9}$	
2	x(x+4)y''-(2x+4)y'+2y=0,	
	y'(0)=1,	$y(x)=x^2+x+2$
	y(2)-y'(2)=3	
3	$x(x^2+6)y''-4(x^2+3)y'+6xy=0,$	2 2 2
	y'(0)=0,	$y(x)=x^3+x^2+2$
	y(4)-y'(4)=26 $(x^2+1)y''-2y=0$	
4		() 2 1 . (2 . 1) ()
	y'(0)=2	$y(x)=x^2+x+1+(x^2+1)arctg(x)$
	$y(1) = 3 + \frac{\pi}{2}$	
	-	
5	2x(x+2)y''+(2-x)y'+y=0,	
	$y'(4)+y(4)=\frac{21}{4}$,	$y(x) = \sqrt{ x } + x - 2$
	4	
6	$x(x+1)y''+(x+2)y'-y=x+\frac{1}{x}$,	
	$\begin{bmatrix} X(X+1)y + (X+2)y & -y - X+ - \\ X \end{bmatrix}$	
	$y'(1) = \frac{3}{2}$,	$y(x) = x + \frac{7}{2} + \frac{1}{x} + \left(\frac{x}{2} + 1\right) \ln x $
	$y(1) = \frac{1}{2}$	$2 \times (2)$
	$4y'(2)+y(2)=13+4\ln 2$	
7	$(2x+1)y''+(2x-1)y'-2y=x^2+x,$	$y(x) = 2x - 1 + e^{-x} + \frac{x^2 + 1}{2}$
	y'(0)=1,	$y(x) = 2x - 1 + e + \frac{1}{2}$
	y'(1)+y(1)=5	
8	xy''-(2x+1)y'++2y=0,	
	y'(0)=2,	$y(x) = e^{2x}$
9	$y(1)=e^2$	
	$(x^2-1) y''+(x-3)y'-y=0,$ y(0)=-18,	y(x)=6x-18
	y(3)=0	J() 0.1 10
10	$(x^2+1)y''-2y=0,$	
	y'(0)=0,	$y(x)=x^2+1$
	y(2)-y'(2)=1	
11	(2x+1) y"+4xy'-4y=0,	
	y'(0) = -1,	$y(x) = x + e^{-2x}$
	y'(1)+2y(1)=3	
12	$x^2 \ln x y'' - xy' + y = 0,$	
	y' (-1)=0,	y(x)=1+x+lnx
	y' (1)-y(1)=0	

Bap.13

$$y'' + 2y' / (x-4) + (x-4)y = 1,$$
 $0 \le x \le 1,$
 $y(0) = -0.25, y(1) - 3y'(1) = 0,$ $y^* = 1/(x-4);$

$$y'' + y' / x - 2y = -2x + 1 / x - 2\ln(x),$$
 $1 \le x \le 2,$
 $y(1) = 1,$ $y'(2) = 1,5,$ $y^* = x + \ln(x);$

Bap.15

$$y'' + y' / x - 4y = -4x + 1 / x - 4\ln(x),$$
 $1 \le x \le 2,$
 $y(1) = 1,$ $y'(2) = 1,5,$ $y^* = x + \ln(x);$

Bap.16

$$y'' + 2xy' - y = 2\cos(x)(x^2 + 1),$$
 $0 \le x \le 0.5,$
 $y'(0) = 0,$ $y(0.5) = 0.5\sin(0.5),$ $y^* = x\sin(x);$

Bap.17

$$y'' + 2y' - 4y/x = 1,$$
 $0,5 \le x \le 1,$
 $y'(0,5) = 1,5,$ $y(1) + y'(1) = 4,$ $y^* = x^2 + 0,5x;$

Bap.18

$$y'' - y' - 2y = -3e^{-x}$$
, $0 \le x \le 1$,
 $y(0) = 1$, $y(1) + 2y'(1) = 0$, $y^* = (x+1)e^{-x}$;

Bap.19

$$y'' + y' - 2y = 2(-x^2 + x + 1),$$
 $0 \le x \le 1,$
 $y(0) = 1,$ $y(1) - y'(1) = -1,$ $y^* = e^x + x^2;$

Bap.20

$$y'' + 3y' - 4y = -2\cos(x) - 8\sin(x),$$
 $0 \le x \le 0, 5,$
 $y'(0) = 1,$ $y(0,5) + y'(0,5) = 2\cos(0,5),$ $y^* = \cos(x) + \sin(x);$

Bap.21

$$y'' + xy' - 2y = -x - 3/x + 2/x^3$$
, $0.5 \le x \le 1$,
 $y(0,5) = 2,5$, $2y(1) + y'(1) = 4$, $y^* = x + 1/x$;

Bap.22

$$y'' + xy' - x^2y = 1/x + x\ln(x) + x - x^3\ln(x),$$
 $1 \le x \le 2,$
 $y'(1) = 1,$ $y(2) = 2\ln(2),$ $y^* = x\ln(x);$

Bap.23

$$y'' - y' - xy = -x(x + e^x) - 1,$$
 $1 \le x \le 2,$
 $y(1) - y'(1) = 0,$ $y'(2) = 1 + e^2,$ $y^* = x + e^x;$

Bap.24

$$y'' + xy' - 3y = 2 + 6x - x^2$$
, $0, 5 \le x \le 1$,
 $y(0,5) = 0,375$, $y(1) - y'(1) = -3$, $y^* = x^2(x+1)$.