

OSF supplementary material:

You *Can* Tell a Prodigy from a Professional Musician: A Replication of Comeau et al.'s (2017) Study

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Variable Name	Description
CaseNo	Case number
Language	Language of the questionnaire: D = German (Deutsch) C = Traditional Chinese
RatingStim01	Responses to Stimulus 1 on the scale displayed in Figure 1 in the paper: 1 = prodigy, high confidence 8 = professional adult, high confidence (prodigy stimulus)
RatingStim02	Same for Stimulus 2 (adult professional stimulus)
RatingStim03	Same for Stimulus 3 (prodigy stimulus)
RatingStim04	Same for Stimulus 4 (adult professional stimulus)
RatingStim05	Same for Stimulus 5 (prodigy stimulus)
RatingStim06	Same for Stimulus 6 (adult professional stimulus)
RatingStim07	Same for Stimulus 7 (prodigy stimulus)
RatingStim08	Same for Stimulus 8 (adult professional stimulus)
RatingStim09	Same for Stimulus 9 (prodigy stimulus)
RatingStim10	Same for Stimulus 10 (adult professional stimulus)
RatingCorrectStim01	Was the classification of Stimulus 1 correct? 1 = yes, correct 2 = no, wrong
RatingCorrectStim02	Same for Stimulus 2
RatingCorrectStim03	Same for Stimulus 3
RatingCorrectStim04	Same for Stimulus 4
RatingCorrectStim05	Same for Stimulus 5
RatingCorrectStim06	Same for Stimulus 6
RatingCorrectStim07	Same for Stimulus 7
RatingCorrectStim08	Same for Stimulus 8
RatingCorrectStim09	Same for Stimulus 9
RatingCorrectStim10	Same for Stimulus 10
RatingAsProdigyStim2	Was the stimulus classified as being played by a prodigy? 1 = yes, prodigy 2 = no, adult professional

Variable Name	Description
RatingAsProdigyStim4	Same for Stimulus 4
RatingAsProdigyStim6	Same for Stimulus 6
RatingAsProdigyStim8	Same for Stimulus 8
RatingAsProdigyStim10	Same for Stimulus 10
P_Hits	Proportion of hits (prodigy stimuli classified as such)
P_FAs	Proportion of false alarms (adult professional stimuli classified as prodigy)
Sensitivity_d	Sensitivity d' calculated according to Section B in the supplementary online material (Formula B1)
Bias_c	Response bias c calculated according to the same section (Formula B2)
ResponsePattern_a	Number of responses corresponding to Pattern a (see Table 5 in the paper, Section B and Table B1 in the supplementary online material)
ResponsePattern_b	Same for Pattern b
ResponsePattern_c	Same for Pattern c
ResponsePattern_d	Same for Pattern d
percent_corr_pair1	Proportion of correct responses to Stimulus Pair 1 (Stimuli 1 and 2)
percent_corr_pair2	Same for Stimulus Pair 2 (Stimuli 3 and 4)
percent_corr_pair3	Same for Stimulus Pair 3 (Stimuli 5 and 6)
percent_corr_pair4	Same for Stimulus Pair 4 (Stimuli 7 and 8)
percent_corr_pair5	Same for Stimulus Pair 5 (Stimuli 9 and 10)
RatingStim01_Retest	Response to the retest of Stimulus 1 (prodigy stimulus) Same scale as for RatingStim01, 0 = missing value
RatingStim03_Retest	Same for Stimulus 3
RatingStim05_Retest	Same for Stimulus 5
RatingStim07_Retest	Same for Stimulus 7
RatingStim09_Retest	Same for Stimulus 9
Retest_prodigy_Yes1No0	Has this participant rated a retest prodigy stimulus? (Not all have) 0 = no 1 = yes
Retest_prodigy_rating	Response to the retest prodigy stimulus (disregarding if it was Stimulus 1, 3, 5, 7, or 9)
Test_prodigy_rating	Test value (from variable RatingStim01 to RatingStim09) for the same stimulus that has been retested Missing value if no prodigy stimulus has been retested
RatingStim02_Retest	Response to the retest of Stimulus 2 (adult stimulus) Same scale as for RatingStim02, 0 = missing value

Variable Name	Description
RatingStim04_Retest	Same for Stimulus 4
RatingStim06_Retest	Same for Stimulus 6
RatingStim08_Retest	Same for Stimulus 8
RatingStim10_Retest	Same for Stimulus 10
Retest_adult_Yes1No0	Has this participant rated a retest adult professional stimulus? (Not all have) 0 = no 1 = yes
Retest_adult_rating	Response to the retest adult professional stimulus (disregarding if it was Stimulus 2, 4, 6, 8, or 10)
Test_adult_rating	Test value (from variable RatingStim02 to RatingStim10) for the same stimulus that has been retested Missing value if no adult professional stimulus has been retested
Number_measurements_retest	How many retests have been answered? 0, 1 (either prodigy or adult professional), or 2 (both prodigy and adult professional)
JudgementConsistency_prodigy	Judgement consistency as measured by Comeau et al. (2017): 0 = the test item (Test_prodigy_rating) and the retest item (Retest_prodigy_rating) have been classified as “prodigy” and “adult professional” or vice versa OR no prodigy retest was answered 1 = the test item (Test_prodigy_rating) and the retest item (Retest_prodigy_rating) have both been classified either as “prodigy” or as “adult professional” Note: the 8-point scale was dichotomized as: 1–4 = prodigy 5–8 = adult professional
JudgementConsistency_adult	Same for the adult retests
JudgementConsistency	Judgement consistency for both prodigy and adult professional retests: 0 = one or two retests were administered but none was consistent .5 = half of the administered retests were rated consistently (they rated both and one was consistent and one was not consistent) 1 = all administered retests were rated consistently (disregarding if they rated just one of the two or both retests) Missing value if Number_measurements_retest = 0
ConfidenceStim01	Confidence rating of Stimulus 1 1 = high confidence (either 1 or 8 on the 8-point scale of RatingStim01) 2 = (either 2 or 7 on the 8-point scale) 3 = (either 3 or 6 on the 8-point scale) 4 = low confidence (either 4 or 5 on the 8-point scale)
ConfidenceStim02	Same for Stimulus 2
ConfidenceStim03	Same for Stimulus 3
ConfidenceStim04	Same for Stimulus 4

Variable Name	Description
ConfidenceStim05	Same for Stimulus 5
ConfidenceStim06	Same for Stimulus 6
ConfidenceStim07	Same for Stimulus 7
ConfidenceStim08	Same for Stimulus 8
ConfidenceStim09	Same for Stimulus 9
ConfidenceStim10	Same for Stimulus 10
Conf_prodigy	Average confidence rating for the prodigy stimuli (Average of ConfidenceStim01 to ConfidenceStim09 [odd numbers])
Conf_adult	Average confidence rating for the adult professional stimuli (Average of ConfidenceStim02 to ConfidenceStim10 [even numbers])
Conf_all	Average confidence for all 10 stimuli
Quiz1	Who composed the piece? 1 = Prokofiev 2 = Bruckner 3 = <i>Chopin</i> 4 = Liszt 5 = I don't know. (Relates to Stimulus 1, therefore 3 = Chopin is correct)
Quiz2	Who composed the piece? 1 = Beethoven 2 = J. S. Bach 3 = Schumann 4 = Ravel 5 = I don't know. (Relates to Stimuli 3 and 5, therefore 1 = Beethoven is correct)
Quiz3	Who composed the piece? 1 = Haydn 2 = Debussy 3 = Händel 4 = Mozart 5 = I don't know. (Relates to Stimuli 7 and 10, therefore 4 = Mozart is correct)
Quiz4	What is the name of the piece? (posed together with Quiz2) 1 = Toccata in D minor, Op. 11 2 = Arabesque No. 2 3 = Waldesrauschen [Sound of forest] 4 = Étude Op. 10, No. 5 in G flat major ("Black Keys") 5 = I don't know. (Relates to Stimulus 1, therefore 4 = Étude Op. 10, No. 5 in G flat major is correct)
Quiz5	What is the name of the piece? (posed together with Quiz3) 1 = Piano Concerto No. 1 in G minor, Op. 25 2 = Piano Sonata in C sharp minor, Op. 27, No. 2 ("Moonlight Sonata") 3 = Solfeggietto

Variable Name	Description
Quiz6	<p>4 = Fantasie-Impromptu in C sharp minor, Op. 66 5 = I don't know. (Relates to Stimuli 3 and 5, therefore 2 = Piano Sonata in C sharp minor, Op. 27, No. 2 is correct)</p> <p>What is the name of the piece? (posed together with Quiz4) 1 = Piano Concerto No. 23 in A major, K. 488, Allegro 2 = Sonata in F major, K. 332, Allegro 3 = Toccata in D minor, Op. 11 4 = Étude Op. 10, No. 5 in G flat major 5 = I don't know. (Relates to Stimuli 7 and 10, therefore 1 = Piano Concerto No. 23 in A major, K. 488, Allegro is correct)</p>
Quiz_Score	Number of correct answers from the 6 quiz items (ranging from 0 to 6)
HALT_Headphones1_ Loudspeakers2	<p>Item of the HALT by Wycisk et al. (2018, 2021): Result of the headphones-or-loudspeakers-test: 1 = participant used headphones 2 = participant used loudspeakers</p>
HALT_MonoStereo	<p>Polarity of the playback: 1 = stereophonic, correct polarity 2 = stereophonic, channels swapped 3 = monophonic 4 = wrong answer to the item, no conclusion about polarity</p>
HALT_Stereo1_ MonoOrWrong2	<p>Polarity of the playback (dichotomous variable): 1 = stereophonic, correct or swapped polarity 2 = monophonic or wrong answer</p>
GoldMSI_ItemNo01	<p>Items from the Gold-MSI (Müllensiefen et al., 2014; Schaal et al., 2014; www.shiny.gold-msi.org), item numbers according to Appendix A of Schaal et al. (2014, p. 441 ff.);</p> <p>Rating scales for GoldMSI_ItemNo14, GoldMSI_ItemNo23, GoldMSI_ItemNo25, and GoldMSI_ItemNo27: 7 = I disagree completely to 1 = I agree completely,</p> <p>and for all other items: 1 = I disagree completely to 7 = I agree completely.</p>
GoldMSI_ItemNo03	
GoldMSI_ItemNo04	
GoldMSI_ItemNo07	
GoldMSI_ItemNo10	
GoldMSI_ItemNo12	
GoldMSI_ItemNo14	
GoldMSI_ItemNo15	
GoldMSI_ItemNo17	
GoldMSI_ItemNo19	
GoldMSI_ItemNo23	
GoldMSI_ItemNo24	
GoldMSI_ItemNo25	
GoldMSI_ItemNo27	

Variable Name	Description
GoldMSI_ItemNo29	
GoldMSI_ItemNo32	
GoldMSI_ItemNo33	
GoldMSI_ItemNo37	
BestInstrument	Item BI_01 of the Gold-MSI: "The instrument I play best (including voice) is: ..." (responses in either German or Traditional Chinese)
GoldMSI_Score	Sum of all Gold-MSI items
Gender	Participants' gender: 1 = female 2 = male 3 = diverse 4 = not specified
Age	Participants' age in years
MusicalProfession	Musical profession: 1 = non-musician 2 = amateur musician 5 = professional musician 6 = other (specified in the next variable)
MusicalProfession_Other	Specification of „other“ musical profession (responses in either German or Traditional Chinese)
Pianist	Pianist: 0 = no (non-musician) 1 = no, but musician 2 = yes, amateur pianist 4 = yes, professional pianist
PianistAndMusicians Groups	A = professional pianists B = other professional musicians C = amateur pianists D = other amateur musicians E = non-musicians
CriteriaForClassification	Participants' decision criteria for the classification of the stimuli (free text entry, responses in German or Traditional Chinese)

References

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