CS314 Lab 2

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Q1. Lab 2?

Answer:

Fork function is used to create a child process. The return value from this, is used to decide whether the current process is a parent or child. **sleep** is another useful function from unistd.h, stops program execution for a particular time limit. **rand** selects random numbers. Code verifies if the index is less than the string's length then creates a child process. Using id from fork, it checks if it is the parent process.

It took 29 lines of C code in my case but 4 extra unnecessary 'enters' can be removed making it of 25 lines.

And for Part2 processes have 5 stages :

- 1. Start
- 2. Ready
- 3. Running
- 4. Waiting
- 5. Terminated

It is sequential, if PID - i is the last created process, next will be with PID - i+1. First will be 'init' process & subsequent processes will be child processes. Exits of processes could or could not be sequential.

Commands For Ubuntu Terminal:

- 1. Gcc part1.c
- 2. scp 180010041_lab2_part1.zip root@192.168.1.13:/
- 3. scp 180010041_lab2_part2.zip root@192.168.1.13:/

```
vipul@Lenovo: ~/180010041_lab2_part1
vipul@Lenovo:~$ cd 180010041 lab2 part1/
vipul@Lenovo:~/180010041 lab2 part1$ gcc part1.c
vipul@Lenovo:~/180010041_lab2_part1$ ./a.out
H 17439
e 17440
1 17445
1 17446
o 17450
  17451
W 17452
o 17453
r 17454
1 17455
d 17456
vipul@Lenovo:~/180010041 lab2 part1$
```

Commands For Minix Terminal:

- 1. unzip 180010041_lab2_part1.zip
- 2. unzip 180010041_lab2_part2.zip
- 3. gmake hello
- 4. ./run.sh



