

Lab Exercise 12 - Start and Access Kubernetes Dashboard

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BATCH 2 DEVOPS

Objective

To enable Kubernetes in Docker Desktop, deploy the Kubernetes Dashboard, and access it securely using a web browser on Windows.

Prerequisites

- Windows 10 / 11
 - Docker Desktop installed
 - Docker Desktop Kubernetes enabled
 - Internet connection
 - kubectl (comes bundled with Docker Desktop)
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Step 1: Enable Kubernetes in Docker Desktop

1. Open **Docker Desktop**
2. Go to **Settings**
3. Select **Kubernetes**

4. Check **Enable Kubernetes**

5. Click **Apply & Restart**

Wait until Kubernetes status shows **Running** (green).

Step 2: Verify Kubernetes Cluster

Open **PowerShell** or **Command Prompt** and run:

- `kubectl version --client`
- Check cluster status:
- `kubectl cluster-info`

Check nodes:

```
kubectl get nodes
```

Expected output:

Node status should be **Ready**

```
auto browser...
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab> kubectl get nodes
NAME      STATUS   ROLES      AGE      VERSION
minikube  Ready    control-plane   84m     v1.35.1
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab>
```

Step 3: Deploy Kubernetes Dashboard

Apply the official Kubernetes Dashboard manifest:

```
kubectl apply -f
```

<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/dashboard/v2.7.0/aio/deploy/recommended.yaml>

[aml](#)

```
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab> kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/dashboard/v2.7.0/aio/deploy/recommended.yaml
namespace/kubernetes-dashboard configured
serviceaccount/kubernetes-dashboard configured
service/kubernetes-dashboard configured
secret/kubernetes-dashboard-certs configured
secret/kubernetes-dashboard-csrf configured
Warning: resource secrets/kubernetes-dashboard-key-holder is missing the kubectl.kubernetes.io/last-applied-configuration annotation which is required by kubectl apply. kubectl apply should only be used on resources created declaratively by either kubectl

```

Verify namespace creation:

```
kubectl get ns
```

```
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab> kubectl get ns
NAME          STATUS   AGE
default       Active   84m
kube-node-lease Active   84m
kube-public   Active   84m
kube-system   Active   84m
kubernetes-dashboard Active  3m8s
```

You should see:

```
kubernetes-dashboard
```

Step 4: Verify Dashboard Pods

Check dashboard pods:

```
kubectl get pods -n kubernetes-dashboard
```

Expected status:

Running

```
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab> kubectl get pods -n kubernetes-dashboard
NAME                               READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
dashboard-metrics-scraper-8d46b45f6-8svs8   1/1     Running   0          21s
kubernetes-dashboard-b44857bbb-4psnf        1/1     Running   0          21s
```

Step 5: Create Admin User for Dashboard Access

Create a service account:

```
kubectl create serviceaccount dashboard-admin -n kubernetes-dashboard
```

```
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab> kubectl create serviceaccount dashboard-admin -n kubernetes-dashboard
serviceaccount/dashboard-admin created
```

Create cluster role binding:

```
kubectl create clusterrolebinding dashboard-admin-binding --clusterrole=cluster-admin --serviceaccount=kubernetes-dashboard:dashboard-admin
```

```
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab> kubectl create clusterrolebinding dashboard-admin-binding --clusterrole=cluster-admin --serviceaccount=kubernetes-dashboard:dashboard-admin
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/dashboard-admin-binding created
```

Step 6: Generate Dashboard Login Token

Run the following command to get the token:

```
kubectl -n kubernetes-dashboard create token dashboard-admin
```

```
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab> kubectl -n kubernetes-dashboard creat
e token dashboard-admin
eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6InZ0d1YxS29MWmg1bXhsMlFGSXbjWVF6STlo
RnNDZ21jWi02WVkwVVZBV2MifQ.eyJhdWQiOlsiaHR0cHM6Ly9rdWJlc5ldGVzL
mRlZmF1bHQuc3ZjLmNsdXN0ZXIubG9jYWwiXSwiZXhwIjoxNzcxNzYzNjA2LCJpY
XQiOjE3NzE3NjAwMDYsImlzcyI6Imh0dHBz0i8va3ViZXJuZXRLcy5kZWZhDWx0L
nN2Yy5jbHVzdGVyLmxvY2FsIiwianRpIjoiY2Q2ZDVlOTItZjJkNy00MWMM2LThhN
DgtNjM2MzQzOTllNTdmIiwia3ViZXJuZXRLcy5pbvI6eyJuYW1lc3BhY2Ui0iJrd
WJlc5ldGVzLWRhc2hib2FyZCIsInNlcnZpY2VhY2NvdW50Ijp7Im5hbWUi0iJkY
XNoYm9hcmQtYWRTaW4iLCJ1aWQiOii00TBhMzdiNi1hMmQzLTQyMTgtOGM2Ny00Z
GUyOTcyNzQ3NjEifX0sIm5iZiI6MTc3MTc2MDAwNiwc3ViIjoiic3LzdGVtOnNlc
nZpY2VhY2NvdW500mt1YmVybmV0ZXMtZGFzaGJvYXJkOmRhc2hib2FyZC1hZG1pb
iJ9.ahj20TCGtGXMuPxnA4TdPM5L7Y-C6m5opY7bwgYVbvK2mbwRX07G-q0y6Mk0
V63SLrkzqi4e04jwAqOpNnP-kf7jrrBI55Y2XMpvhmUA3cHaHjw-3N-8uosdc1lT
SeN7a4toe3KTr1sqTE_HzdLoyqno8I59Tbd0IsXArDZVMPzS3urf3kitFZ-_9xe
i7ynEQyPOhWEoFP34eXezEv7RgV-f6LrBFyUF-aZFAPdfh9aaqWFBRq8aally_N
j0iVqr5jeWJQuYl08SoaWiPdz8X5d36KkHx2lcHBmdIMT-GQfdek7FCiREKBSoV
e3RGuvcyNklzRZgxr9EI2mjacg
```

Copy the generated token (you will paste it in the browser later).

Step 7: Start Kubernetes Dashboard

Run the proxy command:

```
kubectl proxy
```

```
PS C:\Users\dimpl\k8s-lab> kubectl proxy
Starting to serve on 127.0.0.1:8001
```

Keep this terminal **running**.

Step 8: Access Kubernetes Dashboard in Browser

Open a web browser and paste the following URL:

```
dashboard:/proxy/
```

Step 9: Login to Dashboard

1. Select **Token** authentication
2. Paste the token generated earlier
3. Click **Sign In**

You should now see the **Kubernetes Dashboard UI**.

The screenshot shows the Kubernetes Dashboard interface at `localhost:8001/api/v1/namespaces/kubernetes-dashboard/services/https:kubernetes-dashboard:/proxy/#/workloads?namespace=default`. The left sidebar has a 'Workloads' section with links to Cron Jobs, Daemon Sets, Deployments, Jobs, Pods, Replica Sets, Replication Controllers, Stateful Sets, and Service sections. The main area displays a 'Workload Status' summary with a large green circle labeled 'Running: 1'. Below this is a 'Pods' table with the following data:

Name	Images	Labels	Node	Status	Restarts	CPU Usage (cores)	Memory Usage (bytes)	Created
my_pod	nginx:latest	app: web	minikube	Running	0	-	-	an hour ago

Step 10: Explore Dashboard

You can now view:

- Nodes
- Pods
- Deployments
- Services
- Namespaces
- ConfigMaps and Secrets

127.0.0.1:58618/api/v1/namespaces/kubernetes-dashboard/services/http:kubernetes-dashboard/proxy#/workloads?namespace=default

kubernetes default Search + ⚡

Workloads

Workloads (N)

- Cron Jobs
- Daemon Sets
- Deployments
- Jobs
- Pods
- Replica Sets
- Replication Controllers
- Stateful Sets

Service

- Ingresses (N)
- Ingress Classes
- Services (N)

Config and Storage

- Config Maps (N)
- Persistent Volume Claims (N)

Secrets (N)

Storage Classes

Workload Status

Running: 1

Pods

Name	Images	Labels	Node	Status	Restarts	CPU Usage (cores)	Memory Usage (bytes)	Created ↑
my-pod	nginx:latest	app: web	minikube	Running	0	-	-	59 minutes ago