Apache Maven - Complete Guide

What is Maven?

Maven is a **build automation tool** used mainly for **Java projects**.

It helps you **compile**, **test**, **package**, and **manage dependencies** of a Java project easily.

Why Do We Use Maven?

Purpose Explanation

Build automation Compiles code, runs tests, creates JAR/WAR

Dependency management Automatically downloads required libraries

Project structure Provides a standard project layout

Consistency Works the same across all environments

Plugin support Plugins help add tasks like Docker, Kubernetes, etc.

Maven Standard Project Structure

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 \vdash — target/ \rightarrow Output files (JAR, WAR) \vdash — pom.xml \rightarrow Maven project file

What is pom.xml?

POM = Project Object Model

This is the heart of a Maven project. It contains:

- Project metadata
- Dependencies (external libraries)
- Build plugins
- Versioning
- Build lifecycle config

Sample pom.xml (Simple)

xml

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project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0">

<modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>

<groupId>com.example</groupId>

<artifactId>student-api</artifactId>

<version>1.0.0</version>

<packaging>jar</packaging>

<dependencies>

<!-- Spring Boot -->

<dependency>

<groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>

<artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>

```
</dependency>
</dependencies>
<build>
 <plugins>
  <!-- Maven Compiler Plugin -->
  <plugin>
   <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
   <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
   <version>3.10.1</version>
   <configuration>
    <source>17</source>
    <target>17</target>
   </configuration>
  </plugin>
 </plugins>
</build>
</project>
```

Maven Lifecycle Phases

bash

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mvn clean install

Phase Description

clean Deletes target/ folder (old builds)

compile Compiles Java source code

Phase Description

test Runs unit tests

package Packages compiled code into JAR/WAR

install Installs package into local repo

deploy Uploads artifact to remote repo

† Maven Dependencies

Want to use a library like MySQL Connector or Lombok?

Add this inside <dependencies>:

xml

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<dependency>

<groupId>mysql</groupId>

<artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>

<version>8.0.30</version>

</dependency>

Maven will download and use it automatically.

📏 Maven Plugin Example

To build a Spring Boot app:

xml

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<plugin>

<groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>

<artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId>

</plugin>

Real-Life Example

Let's say you're creating a Spring Boot Student API:

- Instead of downloading every JAR manually
- Maven will handle:
 - o Adding required libraries (Spring Boot, JPA, MySQL)
 - Building and testing
 - o Creating .jar or .war files for deployment

Benefits of Using Maven

Benefit Why it matters

Saves time Automates repetitive tasks

Handles dependencies No need to download JARs

Promotes consistency Standard directory structure

Works well with Jenkins Seamless CI/CD integration

X Drawbacks of Maven

Limitation Notes

XML-based config is verbose Gradle is more concise (Groovy-based)

Can be slow Especially for large builds

Hard to debug plugins Plugin issues may be complex

Maven Common Commands

Command Purpose

mvn clean Clean project

mvn compile Compile code

Command Purpose

mvn test Run unit tests

mvn package Create JAR/WAR file

mvn install Install to local .m2 repo

mvn spring-boot:run Run Spring Boot app

Interview Questions on Maven

- 1. What is Maven and why is it used?
- 2. What is pom.xml?
- 3. What are the Maven build lifecycle phases?
- 4. How does Maven manage dependencies?
- 5. What's the difference between install and package?
- 6. How is Maven used in CI/CD?