AGROLOGIX

A project submitted to

UKA TARSADIA UNIVERSITY

in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of

Bachelor of Science in Information Technology for

5 Years Integrated M.Sc.(IT)

for 4th Semester

by

Viraj Thakkar (201806100110094)

Pratik Mungra (201806100110082)

Guided by

Mr. Bhavik Sarang Assistant Professor



Babu Madhav Institute of Information Technology Uka Tarsadia University, Bardoli – 394350 April 2020



BABU MADHAV INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, UTU B.Sc. (IT) / Integrated M.Sc.(IT)

CERTIFICATE

Date:

This is to certify that Mr. Viraj Thakkar (enro.: 201806100110094), Mr. Pratik

Mungra (enro.: 201806100110082), students of class S.Y. Five Year Integrated

M.Sc.(IT) semester IV had submitted self-creation project entitled

"AGROLOGIX" in subject 060010413 - CC13 Software Engineering as per

Uka Tarsadia University curriculum for the academic year 2019-20.

External Examiner Subject Teacher



ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

With	your	support	we have	e completed	our	term	paper	on	the	docume	entation	of	software
specif	ficatio	n require	ement fo	r Agrologix:	An .	Agrici	ulture N	Man	agei	ment Sy	stem.		

We would like to thank to our course instructors Mr. Bhavik Sarang and Mrs. Jigna Solanki for their continuous support and mentoring in the runtime. They have guided us through all the aspects of Object oriented software development. Their valuable knowledge was treasure for us.

ABSTRACT

This report is specially drafted in order to investigate and relate different, functional, operational and technical aspects & requirements of dedicated desktop application for an agriculture management system. This system will facilitate the functioning of desktop-based agriculture management system in actual environment. This system is capable of managing multiple fields and various divided plots in it.

The system should have the following functionalities:

- Multiple fields should be divided into various plots to easily manage the required inputs to each one plot wise.
- Each plots should have its own record of raw materials i.e. Fertilizers, pesticides etc. used.
- Each plots crop growth should be recorded to analyses efficiency of plot.
- Attendance management needed for labors

Implementing these basic functionalities will enable a farm administrator or farmer himself to manage his farm efficiently and increases the productivity by better decision making with ready results instead of waiting for them get processed manually.

Table of Content

Chapters	oters Particulars						
	Introduction						
	1.1 Purpose						
		1.1.1	Enhance Business Processes	4			
		1.1.2	Division of fields into plots based on partner	4			
1		1.1.3	Maintaining Records of inputs and growth of each plot	5			
	1.2	Produc	et Scope	5			
	1.3	Proble	m Definition	5			
	1.4	Aim aı	nd goals of the system				
	Over	all Desci	ription	6			
	2.1		Product Perspective/ Environment Description				
			Hardware Interface/Hardware Specification	6			
2			Software Interface/ Software_Specification	6			
		2.1.3	Communication Interface	6			
	2.2	2.2 User Characteristics					
		2.2.1	Owner	6			
	Syste	m Plann	inσ	7			
3	3.1						
	Syste	m Speci	fic Requirements	9			
	4.1	Function	onal Requirement	9			
		4.1.1	Login	9			
4		4.1.2	Field Master: To maintain fields and plots	9			
4		4.1.3	Raw Material input management	9			
		4.1.4	Attendance management for labors	10			
		4.1.5	Party master (both vendors and dealers)	10			
		4.1.6	Invoice (Both Purchase and sales)	10			

		4.1.7	Reports	10		
	4.2	Non-fı	unctional Requirement	11		
		4.2.1	Usability	11		
		4.2.2	Security	11		
		4.2.3	Performance	11		
		4.2.4	Availability	11		
		4.2.5	Error Handling	12		
		4.2.6	Ease of Use	12		
	Syste	m Analy		5		
	5.1	Use ca	se Diagram(s)			
		5.1.1	Owner	13		
	5.1.2 Farm Manager					
	5.2	Activi	Activity Diagrams			
5		5.2.1	Activity Diagram for adding fields and plots	14		
3		5.2.2	Activity Diagram for adding raw materials	15		
		5.2.3	Activity Diagram for adding employees	16		
		5.2.4	Activity diagram for recording employee attendance	17		
		5.2.5	Activity diagram for adding party	18		
		5.2.6	Activity diagram for adding invoice	19		
	Syste	m Desig	on The Control of the	20		
6	6.1 Database Design					
		6.1.1 Data Dictionary				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24		
7	System Implementation					
	7.1	Screen	shots	24		
<i>.</i>	Testi	Testing				
8	8.1 Test Cases					

9	Future Enhancement	34
10	Conclusion	34
11	Bibliography	34

1.Introduction

Agriculture sector is most unmanaged sector in the country. There is little or no digitization in this area. This is so because of the various processes which change from crops to crops and places to places. The current system focuses on every little aspect to manage day to day farm activities. There are various instances where, due to lack of proper data farmers tend to make wrong decisions in matter of raw materials or the normal accounts. Sometimes due to lack of previous data farmers tend to utilize more than required pesticides or due to lack in management. This system will enable farmer to divide his field area into plots of various crops and make the record of each and every raw material used and even maintain the adhoc employee register. Attendance records can be managed and various reports for the employees can be generated. Invoicing is the important aspect for any farm, majorly farmers are occupied much in their daily activities that they are not able to manage their accounts. This system enables them to maintain their dealers and vendors and do the invoicing accordingly. This would help to generate various kinds of reports.

1.1 Purpose

The advancement in Information Technology and internet penetration has greatly enhanced various business processes and communication between companies (services provider) and their customers of which car rental industry is not left out. Agrologix is developed to provide the following services.

1.1.1 Enhance Business Processes

To lead the farmer to more productive activities instead of occupying themselves in the routine which gradually decreases their efficiency. The power of information technology is new in the area and would help a lot in making digital farms

1.1.2 Division of fields into plots based on partner

When there is large area of field its essential for the farmer to divide its fields into various plots and grow different types of the crops in each plot. Every plot has its own kind of specific requirements like pesticides or the raw materials. Even for the accounting purposes

this division into plots plays an important role. As this plots are given to various partners for taking care and they get a commission from it yields.

1.1.3 Maintaining Records of inputs and growth of each plot

Whenever we deal with various kinds of crops which have their own life cycle, it's very important to know when each and every raw material is used. This records are need to be maintained in order to avoid any over dosage. Yields of every plot can be recorded in order to decide right amount of commission to the plot partner.

1.2 Product Scope

The scope of this system is very wide not because it's physical existence but it's flexibility to be used in various types of crops.

- This system can be used anywhere where farm activities are carried out.
- Can be used for any crops
- Can be used by owner of the farms. Other users can be manageable as per requirements of the owner.
- This is a desktop based application which means it available 24x7 except the technical errors.

1.3 Problem Definition

Agriculture is a sector which is still untouched by IT Sector. Farmers used to maintain records manually and would cause them problem in making decision in various matters. The delay in the process would make the huge losses to them. They would need maintain invoicing manually and even their employee payrolls. The yields of the crop were to be measured on the daily basis which increases the chances of the error.

1.4 Aims and goals of the system

- To produce a desktop based application which is used by farmers to record various activities.
- To help making quick and better decisions.
- To maintain accounts of the sales and purchases.

2.Overall Description

2.1 Product Perspective/ Environment Description

2.1.1 Hardware Interface/Hardware Specification

- Any windows machine (Preferably windows 10)
- Minimum 4GB Ram Required
- Laser Jet Printer

2.1.2 Software Interface/ Software Specification

- .Net Framework installed
- Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio
- Printer Drivers

2.1.3 Communication Interface

printers

2.2 User Characteristics

- Farmer/owner:
 - (a) Can login to the system
 - (b) Maintain fields and the plots
 - (c) Maintain raw materials and their categories

- (d) Maintain the labors/Employees
- (e) Record the attendance of the labors
- (f) Records yields from the fields
- (g) Maintain the party master
- (h) Invoicing: Sales and Purchase

3. System Planning

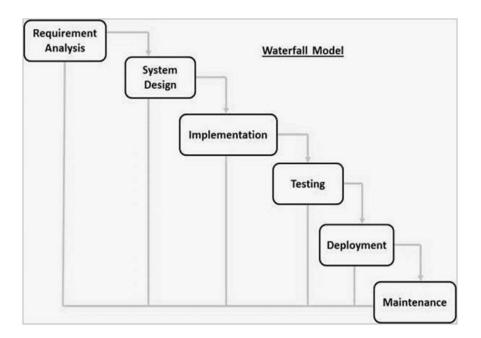
3.1 Software Engineering Model

Waterfall Model

We have followed this model step is...

- 1. Requirement Analysis
- 2. Design
- 3. Implementation
- 4. Unit Testing
- 5. Integration and Testing
- 6. Deployment and Maintenance
 - The waterfall model begins with the system. It gathers requirements from the customer. At the end SRS and software project plan are produced. The SRS acts as a contract between the customer and the developer. In the design phase, the SRS is transformed into design which is suitable for implementation in a programming language. First preliminary design is made then detailed design is m initial test plan are produced at the end of this phase
 - During the implementation phase.

- In unit testing small modules are tested in isolation and the overhead code is written for handling communication amongst these modules.
- After implementation and unit testing, the modules are integrated to form a complete system. Integration and testing are carried out to verify the functionality of the system.



4. System Specific Requirements

4.1 Functional Requirements

These are statements of services the system should provide, how the system should react to particular inputs, and how the system should behave in particular situations. It specifies the application functionality that the developers must build into the product to enable users to accomplish their tasks

4.1.1 **Login**

This should allow the owner to execute or farm executive to login to the system.

4.1.2 Field Master: To maintain fields and plots

- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage the number of which the owner has.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage the number of plots that are divided from fields.
- This should allow to manage the which crops are grown into which plot.
- This should allow to manage who is the partner of the particular plot.

4.1.3 Raw Material input management

- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage categories of raw material.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage raw material product category wise.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage price and unit of every raw material product.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive manage the input given to each plot.

4.1.4 Attendance management for labors

- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage the extra labors they hire temporarily
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage the attendance for each labor everyday field and plot wise.

4.1.5 Party master (both vendors and dealers)

- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage their vendors(Purchase).
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage their dealers(Sales).

4.1.6 Invoice (Both Purchase and sales)

- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage purchase of raw materials
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to manage sales of crop yields
- This should allow manager to maintain a total record of crop yield in a plot.

4.1.7 Reports

- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to generate labor wise attendance report.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to generate plot wise labor attendance report.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to generate total stock report.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to generate sales report.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to generate purchase report.
- This should allow the owner/Farm executive to generate plot wise input report.

4.2 Non Functional Requirements

Non-functional requirements, as the name suggests, are requirements that are not directly concerned with the specific services delivered by the system to its users. They may relate to emergent system properties such as reliability, response time, and store occupancy. Alternatively, they may define constraints on the system implementation such as the capabilities of I/O devices or the data representations used in interfaces with other systems. Non-functional requirements, such as performance, security, or availability, usually specify or constrain characteristics of the system as a whole.

4.2.1 Usability

The system provides a help and support menu in all interfaces for the user to interact with the system. The user can use the system by reading help and support.

4.2.2 Security

The system provides username and password to prevent the system from unauthorized access. The staffs' password must be greater than eight characters. The subsystem should provide a high level of security and integrity of the data held by the system, only authorized personnel of the company can gain access to the company's secured page on the system; and only users with valid password and username can login to view user's page.

4.2.3 Performance

The system response time for every instruction conducted by the user must not exceed more than a minimum of 10 seconds. The system should have high performance rate when executing user's input and should be able to provide response within a short time span usually 50 second for highly complicated task and 20 to 25 seconds for less complicated task.

4.2.4 Availability

The system should always be available for access at 24 hours, 7 days a week. Also in the occurrence of any major system malfunctioning, the system should be available in 1 to 2 working days, so that business process is not severely affected.

4.2.5 Ease of use

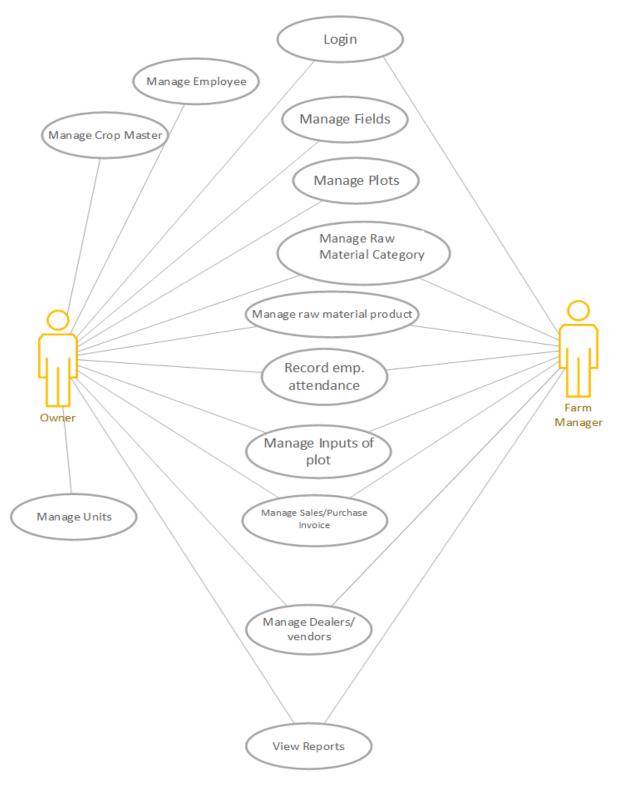
Considered the level of knowledge possessed by the users of this system, a simple but quality user interface should be developed to make it easy to understand.

4.2.6 Error Handling

Error should be considerably minimized and an appropriate error message that guides the user to recover from an error should be provided. Validation of user's input is highly essential. Also the standard time taken to recover from an error should be 15 to 20 seconds.

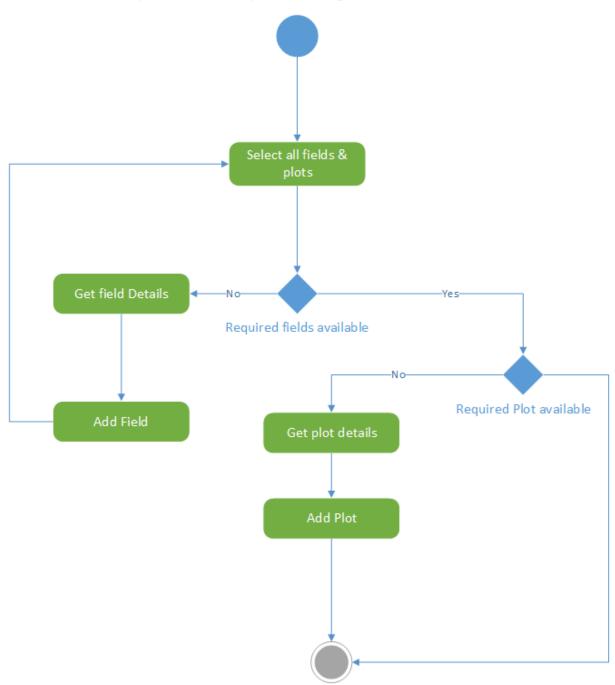
5.System Analysis

5.1 Use Case Diagrams



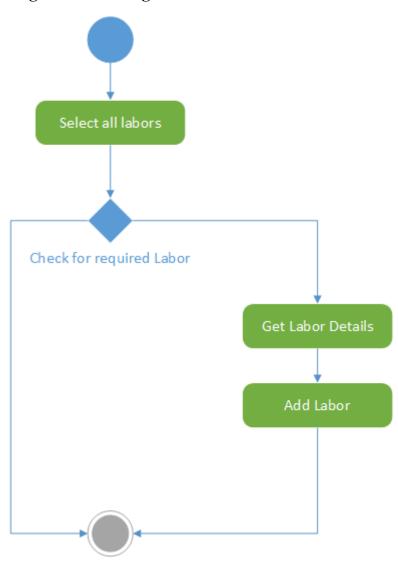
5.2 Activity Diagrams

5.1.1 Activity Diagram for adding fields and plots



5.1.2 Activity Diagram for adding raw materials Check Required category Get Category Name Add Category No. Check Product Get Product Details Add Product

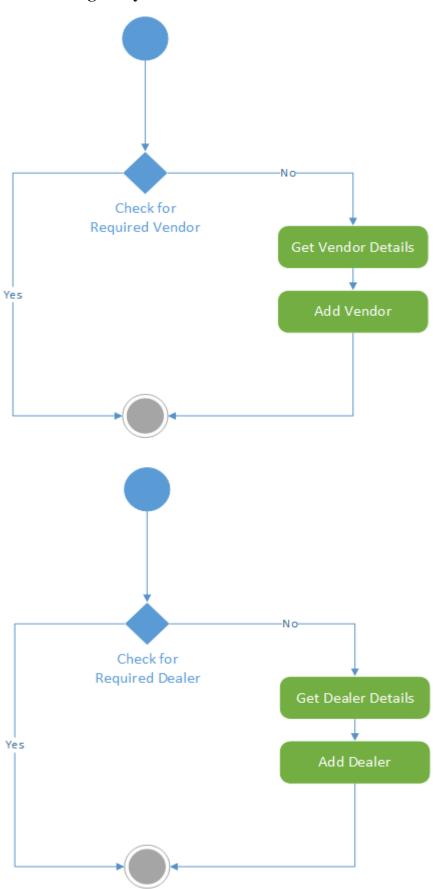
5.1.3 Activity Diagram for adding Labor



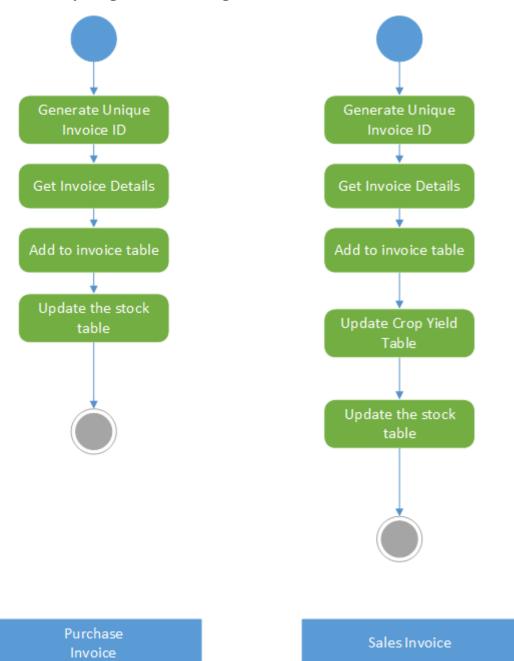
5.1.4 Activity diagram for recording labor attendance



5.1.5 diagram for adding Party



5.1.6 Activity diagram for adding invoice



6.System Design

6.1 Database Design

6.1.1 Data Dictionary

Table Name :			Field Master	
<u>Attribute</u> <u>Name</u>	Data Type	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>
F_number	Int	2	Primary Key	Stores the field No.
F_Area	decimal		Not Null	Stores field area

Table Name :	Plot Master					
<u>Attribute</u>						
<u>Name</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>		
f_number	int	2	FK-Field Master	Stores field no.		
plotid	int	2	Primary Key	Stores Plot no.		
plotarea	decimal		not null	Stores Plot area		
				Stores partner		
Partner Name	Varchar	25	not null	name		
crop type	varchar		FK-Crop Master	Stores crop type		

Table Name :	Crop Master					
<u>Attribute</u> <u>Name</u>	Data Type	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>		
				Stores the crop		
cropid	Int	2	Primary Key	ID		
crop_name	varchar	20	not null unique	Stores crop name		

Table Name :	rm_purchase Master						
<u>Attribute</u>							
<u>Name</u>	Data Type	<u>Size</u>	Constraint	Description			
billid	Int	6	Primary Key	Stores Bill ID			
date	Date		not null	Stores date			
vendorid	Int	3	FK-vendor Master	Stores VendorID			
vendorbill_no	Int	6	not null	Stores Vendor Bill No			
vendorname	varchar	25	FK-vendor Master	Store name of vendor			
rm_cat	varchar	20	FK-rm_category Master	Store RM Category			
rm_product	varchar	20	not null	Stores RM Product name			
rm_unit	varchar	15	FK-rm_product Master	Stores unit of product			
				Stores			
qty	int	10	not null	quantity			
				Stores final			
				amount of			
amount	int	10	not null	product			

Table Name :	emp Master					
<u>Attribute</u>						
<u>Name</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>		
empid	Int	5	Primary Key	Stores employee ID		
empname	varchar	20	not null	Stores Emp. Name		
empphone	varchar	10	unique	Stores Emp. Phone		

Table Name :	crop_stock					
<u>Attribute</u> Name	Data Type	Size	Constraint	Description		
stid	Int	10	Primary Key	Stores crop ID		
fieldno	Int	2	FK-Field master	Stores Field No.		
plotno	int	2	FK-Plot Master	Stores Plot No.		
				Stores Crop		
crop_name	varchar	20	FK-Crop Master	Name		
qty	Int	10	not null	Stores Quantity		

Table Name :	Sales					
<u>Attribute</u> <u>Name</u>	Data Type	<u>Size</u>	Constraint	<u>Description</u>		
invoiceid	int	6	Primary Key	Stores Invoice ID		
Date	date		not null	Stores Date		
				Stores Dealer		
Dealer_name	varchar	25	FK-Dealer Master	Name		
dealerid	int	3	FK-Dealer Master	Stores Dealer ID		
fieldno	int	2	FK-Field master	Stores Field No		
plotno	int	2	FK-Plot Master	Stores Plot No		
qty	int	10	not null	Stores Quantity		
amount	int	10	not null	Stores Amount		

Table Name :			Unit Master	
<u>Attribute Name</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>
unit_id	int		Primary Key	Stores Unique ID
				Stores Unit
unit	varchar(20)		Not Null,Unique	name

Table Name :	dealer Master			
<u>Attribute Name</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>
dealerid	int	3	Primary key	Stores Dealer ID
				Stores Name of
dealer_name	varchar	25	Not null	dealer
				Stores city of
dealer_city	varchar	15	Not null	dealer
				Stores phone
dealer_phone	varchar	10	Not null	number of dealer

Table Name :	empatt Master			
<u>Attribute Name</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>
aid	int	5	Primary Key	Stores unique ID
empid	int	5	FK-emp Master	Stores Employee ID
				Stores Employee
empname	varchar	20	FK-emp Master	Name
fieldno	int	2	FK-Field master	Stores field no
plotno	int	2	FK-Plot Master	Stores plot no

Table Name :	rm_plotinput			
Attribute Name	Data Type	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>
				Stores unique
inputid	int	2	Primary Key	ID
fieldno	int	2	FK-Field Master	Stores field no
plotno	int	2	FK-Plot Master	Stores Plot No
				Stores RM
rmcat	vachar	20	FK-rm_category Master	Category
				Stores RM
rm_product	varchar	20	FK-rm_product Master	Product
				Stores
qty	int	10	not null	Quantity
unit	varchar	10	not null	Stores Unit

Table Name :	vendor Master			
<u>Attribute Name</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>
vendorid	int	3	Primary key	Stores unique ID
				Stores vendor
vendor_name	varchar	25	Not null	name
vendor_city	varchar	15	Not null	Stores vendor city
				Stores vendor
vendor_phone	varchar	10	Not null	phone number

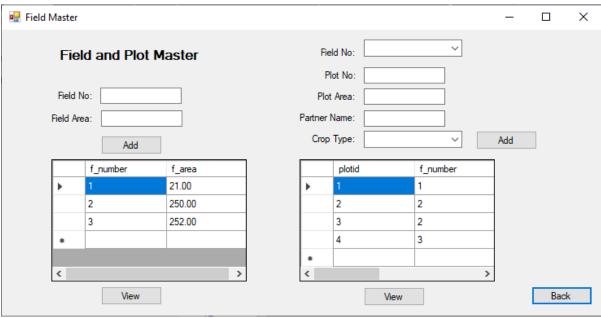
Table Name :	rm_product Master			
Attribute Name	Data Type	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>
				Stores Unique
rmp_id	int	3	Primary Key	ID
				Stores RM
rm_cat	varchar	20	FK-rm_category Master	Category
				Stores RM
rm_product	varchar	20	not null unique	Product name
				Stores Unit
rm_unit	varchar	15	unique	Product
price	decimal		not null	Store Price

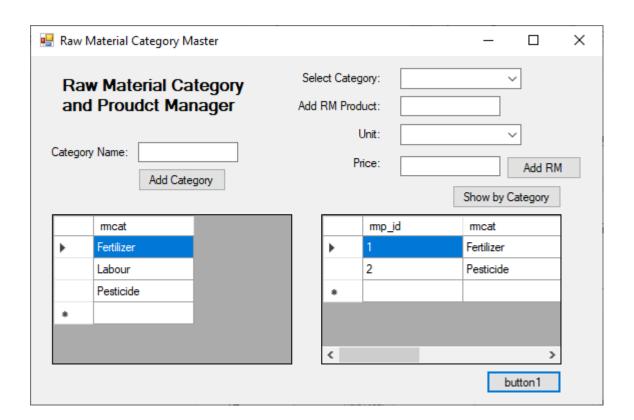
Table Name :	rm_category Master			
<u>Attribute Name</u>	<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Constraint</u>	<u>Description</u>
rmid	int	3	Primary Key	Stores Unique ID
				Stores RM
rmcat	vachar	20	Not null unique	Category

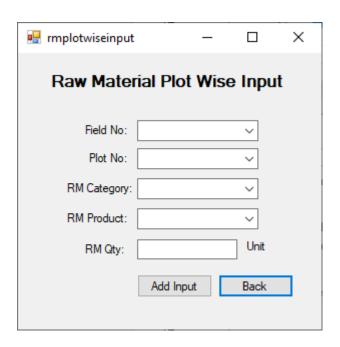
7. System Implementation

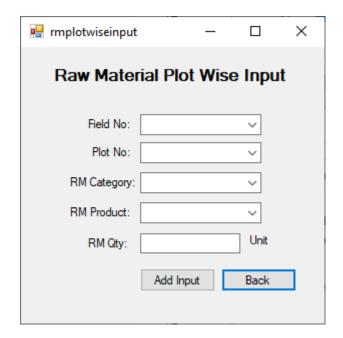
7.1 Screen shots

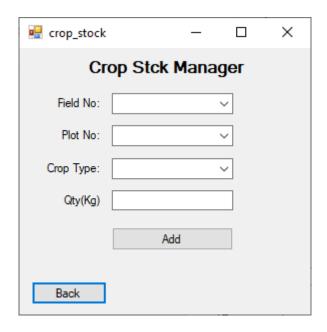


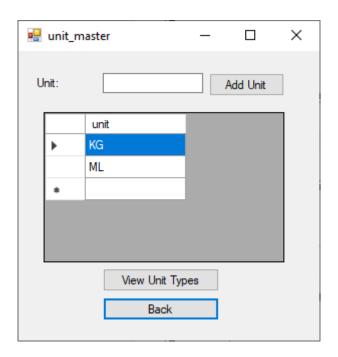


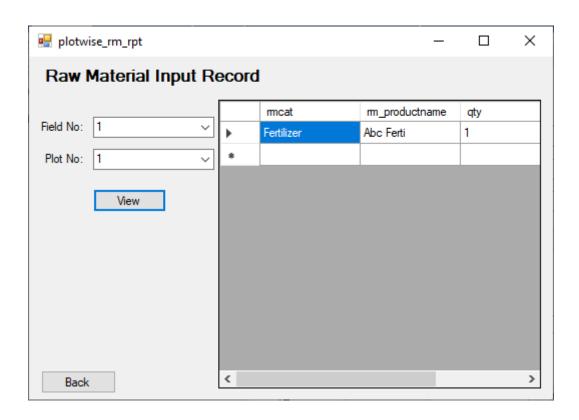


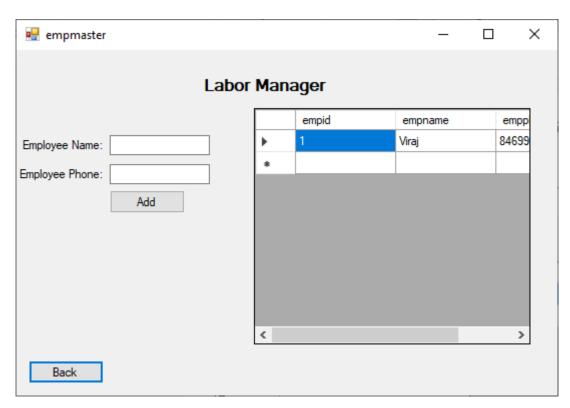


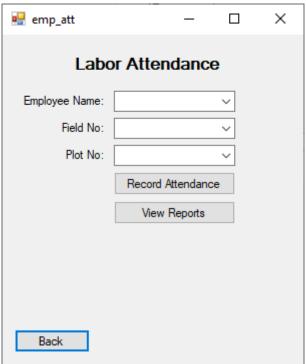


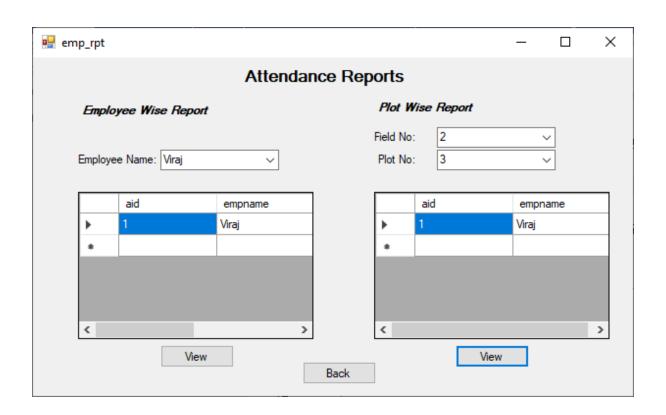


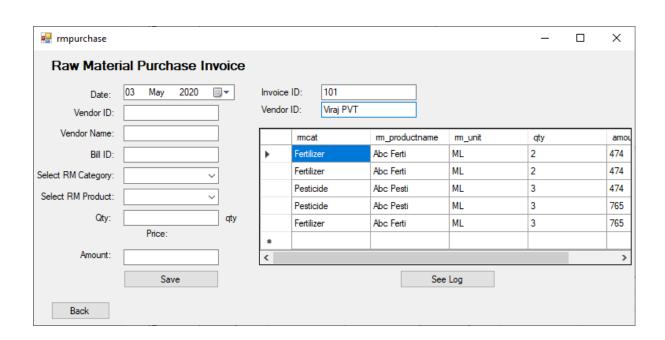


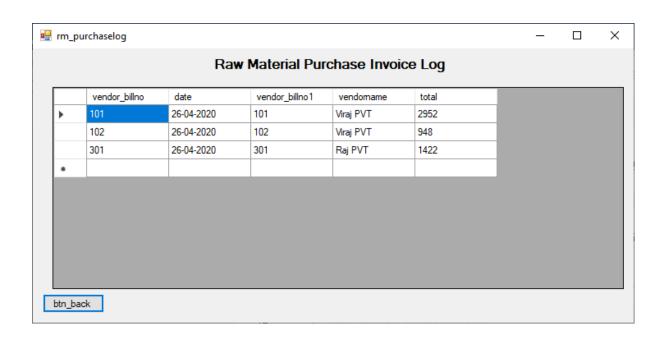


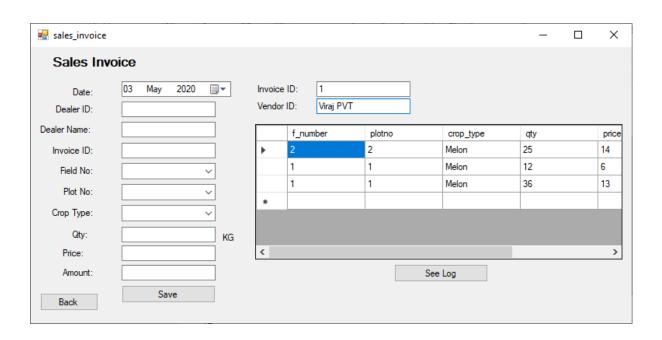


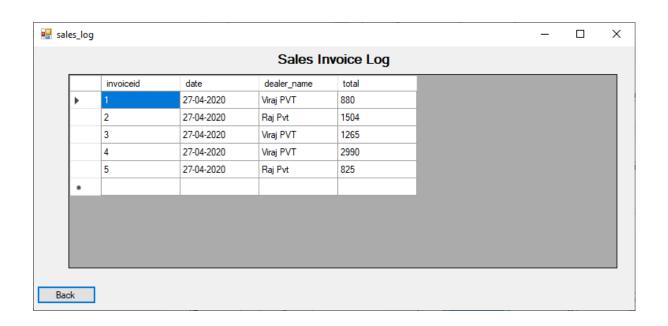


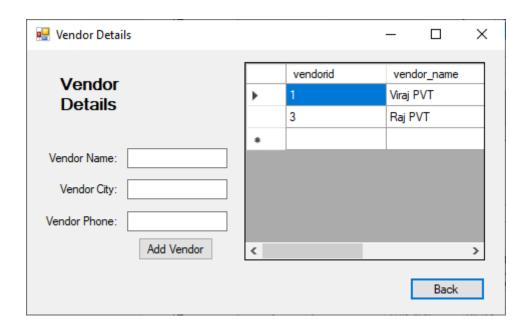


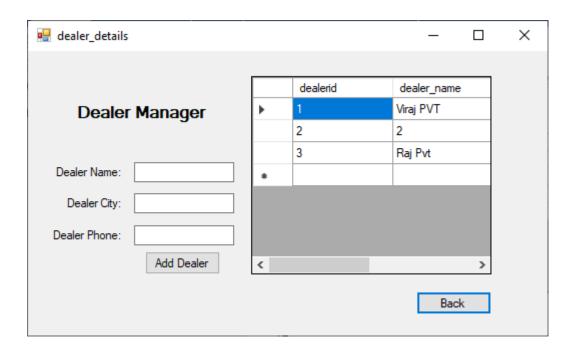












8.Testing

8.1 Test cases

1	All files are empty	Error message:*indicates compulsory field*	Error message:*indicates compulsory field*	Pass
2	Email	Error message: Invalid Email-address	Email Accepted	Fail
3	Password and confirm password	Error message: Both Password does not match	Error message: Both Password does not match	Pass
4	Login	Login to the system should be try with the login assigned by the admin and the correct password	Login should be successful and the user should enter into the system	Fail
		The System give an error and denied from the Login.	Login should fail with an error 'Invalid Details'	Pass
5	User	Login should be allow and admin get Admin home page	Login successfully and admin get its admin home page	Pass
		Login should be allow and Travel admin get Travel admin home page	Login successfully and Travel admin get its Travel admin home page	Pass
		Login should be allowing and User get Visitor Side User page.		Pass
6	Validation Test cases	Pre-define format must be required in control	System give error to enter valid input	Pass
		Enter data in a compulsory field	Data must be field in compulsory field	Pass

	with required field validations.	otherwise its messages are	
		displayed.	

9. Future Enhancements

We believe that every system has a chance of improvement and we have already found out and set up the next milestone to our system

- We would like to add a feature which would advise the farmer that which raw material is required now according to schedule feed inside.
- We would like to enhance our accounting system more to accommodate ledgers and profit & Loss statements
- We would like to upgrade our system to a better UI system and more personalization to the system.

10.Conclusions

Agriculture in today's world have reached a new height. There are modern techniques which truly takes this business global. Every activity related to agriculture is still physical and manual from farms to customers, everything is unorganized. Farmers distract themselves from productive routine to this repetitive work. So this AGROLOGIX would help farmers to manager their farm activities with the power of information technology. When we talk about information technology which talk about smart systems which smartly stores the information and process them to give output. Here as a result of this system farmer is powered to make the right decisions and get rid of the tedious task which takes time.

11.Bibliography

- 1. Yogesh Singh, Ruchika Malhotra, "Object-Oriented Software Engineering" PHI.
- 2. Mall R., Fundamental of Software Engineering, PHI