060010413 - CC13 Software Engineering - Quiz 03

Due Jun 4 at 11:59am **Points** 60

Questions 60

Available Jun 3 at 11am - Jun 4 at 11:59am 1 day

Time Limit None

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	30 minutes	55 out of 60

Score for this quiz: **55** out of 60 Submitted Jun 3 at 11:37am This attempt took 30 minutes.

	Question 1	1 / 1 pts
	Software consists of:	
	○ Programs	
	Programs and documentations	
Correct!	Programs, documentations and operating procedure manual	als
	Set of instructions and operating system	

	Question 2	1 / 1 pts
	RUP is maintained by:	
Correct!	IBM Rational Software	

Alcatel		
o TCS		
Microsoft		

In which model, the high user participation is required? Waterfall model All of the above Prototyping model Build-and-fix model

	Question 4 1 / 1 pt	s
	If user feedback and involvement are not available, which model is suitable?	
	Prototyping model	
	Iterative enhancement model	
Correct!	Waterfall model	
	None of the above	

	Question 5	1 / 1 pts
	The use of components promotes the concept of:	
	Conformity	
	Flexibility	
Correct!	Reusability	
	 Invisibility 	

	Question 6	1 / 1 pts
	Generalization and specialization relationship between to are known as:	wo classes
	uses-a relationship	
Correct!	⊚ is-a relationship	
	has-a relationship	
	includes-a relationship	

Question 7	0 / 1 pts
FAST stands for:	

	Frequent application specification technique
u Answered	Facilitated application specification technology
	Facilitated approximate specification technique
rrect Answer	Facilitated application specification technique

Question 8 1 / 1 pts

Which are the required guidelines for conducting FAST session?

- (i) It must be conducted at neutral site.
- (ii) The framed rules for participation, must be circulated to all the members in advance.
- (iii) All members must be felt comfortable to encourage free flow of ideas.
- (iv) The facilitator (organizer) gives the overview of the project.
- (v) A display mechanism like.... Projector, Wall Stickers, Flip Charts, Whiteboards, etc. should be available in the committee room, where the meeting is conducted.
- (vi) All members should be directed to give their views. Unnecessary delay should be avoided.

Correct!

- All (i) to (vi)
- Only (iii) and (v)
- Only (i) and (ii)
- Only (ii) and (iv)

Correct!

	Question 9	1 / 1 pts
	Actors include anything that is:	
Correct!	External to the system	
	Both (a) and (b)	
	 Internal to the system 	
	 Functionality of the system 	

Question 10	1 / 1 pts
Identify the correct example of relationship for use	e case diagram:
(i) Manage Customer < extend>	Discount
(ii) Manage Customer Order -{extend}	Discount
(iii) Manage Customer < <extend>> Order</extend>	Discount
(iv) Manage Customer <extend> Order</extend>	Discount
(iv)	
(i)	
(ii)	
◎ (iii)	

	Question 11	
	What is the main objective of FAST technique?	
	To complete the work in a speedy way.	
	To start implementation.	
	To complete requirement gathering.	
Correct!	To close the gap between developers and customer.	

	Question 12	1 / 1 pts
	The non-functional requirement signifies that	
	which features are to be included in system?	
	what the software will do.	
	None of the above	
Correct!	how well the software does, what it has to be.	

Question 13	1 / 1 pts
helps us to prepare the IRD in limited under the leadership.	time frame

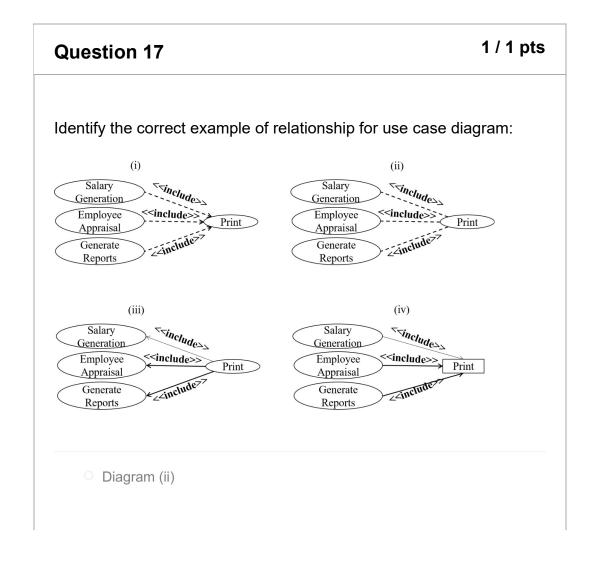
Correct!	• FAST
	○ SRS
	Functional requirements
	○ Use case

	Question 14	1 / 1 pts
	A use case addresses:	
	Both (a) and (b)	
	Non-functional requirements	
	None of the above	
Correct!	Functional requirements	

	Question 15	1 / 1 pts
	A generic term is used for the people who are affectindirectly by the system is known as	•
Correct!	Stakeholders	
	Users	
	O Developer	

Customers

	Question 16	1 / 1 pts
	Requirements elicitation means:	
Correct!	Requirements capturing	
	Requirements management	
	Requirements prioritization	
	Requirements traceability	



	Oiagram (iv)
	O Diagram (iii)
Correct!	Diagram (i)

Which of the following is/are the valid relationship(s) in use case diagrams? A. Extend B. Include C. Generalization Only B not A and C Only A not B and C Only A and B not C

	Question 19	1 / 1 pts
	Requirements should be written in	
	None of the above	
Correct!	Simple, short and clear sentences.	

0 (Simple with some high standard words.
0 (Simple and large sentences.

Question 20 1 / 1 pts

Which tasks should be mention in the scope of the project documentation?

- I. Assign a name to the software under development.
- II. Name of developers
- III. List of functions which the software will do.
- IV. List of functions which the software will not do.
- V. Explanation about the software applications along with the possible benefits and objectives.
 - I, II, III, IV
 - \circ \mid , \mid , \mid
 - I, II, IV, V

Correct!

Correct!

I, III, IV, V

"Functional requirements also specify what the software will not do." True

False			

Which of the following is not the basic user characteristics required to use any system application? Technical knowledge Qualification Hardware limitations Experience

	Question 23	1 / 1 pts
	The popular template for writing use case description is give	n by:
	○ V. Basili	
Correct!	I. Jacobson	
	B. Boeham	
	○ J. Rumbaugh	

Question 24 1 / 1 pts

	A requirement shall be if and only if it is implementable within given time, resources, money and technology.
Correct!	feasible
	verifiable
	○ clear
	necessary

	Question 25	1 / 1 pts
	Functional requirements describe:	
Correct!	"what" the software will do.	
	"who" the software will perform.	
	"when" the software will do.	
	None of the above	

	Question 26	1 / 1 pts
	The best reason to select a requirements elicitation techniq	ue is:
	It is the only technique we know.	
Correct!	We believe that a particular technique is suitable for our programmer.	ect.

None of the above	
It is our favourite technique.	

	Question 27	1 / 1 pts
	Which one is not a characteristic of software?	
	Software is reusable	
	Software does not wear out	
	Software is enhanceable	
Correct!	Software is not flexible	

	Question 28	0 / 1 pts
	The full form of COTS is:	
	Commercially off-the-shelf classes	
	Components off-the-shelf	
u Answered	Commercially off-the-shift components	
rrect Answe	Commercially off-the-shelf components	

	Question 29	0 / 1 pts
	A method is:	
orrect Answer	The sequence of steps to be performed to fulfil the assigned.	l task
ou Answered	Both (a) and (b)	
	None of the above	
	The set of operations for a particular task	

	Question 30	1 / 1 pts
	Object composition refers to:	
Correct!	Use of object of one class as data type in another class	
	Derived class inheriting attributes and operations from the bas	se class
	Data hiding concept	
	Polymorphism	

Question 31	1 / 1 pts
Object-oriented methodologies do not include:	

	Jacobson methodology
Correct!	Boehm methodology
	Coad and Yourdon methodology
	Rumbaugh methodology

The Booch methodology can be broadly divided into: Micro process and major process Macro process and minor process Macro process and mini process Macro process and mini process

Which of the following objects are identified in the analysis model? (i) Analysis objects (ii) Entity objects (iii) Control objects (iv) Interface objects

	○ (i), (ii), (iv)
	(i), (iii), (iv)
Correct!	◎ (ii), (iii), (iv)

Which of the following is the disadvantage of the waterfall model? Both (a) and (b) None of the above Separation of life cycle phases Large number of documents are produced

	Question 35	1 / 1 pts
	Prototyping model is most suitable for projects with:	
	Stable requirements	
	Defined and understandable requirements	
Correct!	Changing requirements	
	Small size	

	Question 36	1 / 1 pts
	Through which model, various cycles are permitted by the to see the progress of the software continuously?	customer
	Waterfall model	
	Prototyping model	
Correct!	Iterative enhancement model	
	Extreme programming model	

	Question 37	1 / 1 pts
	The radial dimension of the spiral model shows:	
	Schedule of the project	
Correct!	Cumulative cost of the project	
	None of the above	
	 Progress made in the completion of the final software 	

Question 38		0 / 1 pts
Match the multiplier with its interf	ace type:	
Interface type	Multiplier	

	1. No GUI	A. 2.5
	2. Text-based user interface	B. 2.0
	3. Graphical user interface	C. 3.0
	4. Complex graphical user interface	e D. 2.25
u Answered	● 1-B, 2-D, 3-C, 4-A	
	○ 1-B, 2-A, 3-C, 4-D	
rrect Answer	1-B, 2-D, 3-A, 4-C	
	1-B, 2-C, 3-D, 4-A	

	Question 39 0 / 1 pts
	According to Lorenz and Kidd, how many person days each class requires for implementation?
	0 to 10 person days
u Answered	20 to 30 person days
rrect Answer	○ 10 to 20 person days
	 30 to 40 person days

Question 40	1 / 1 pts

	If an application requires 15 person days to implement each class and the number of classes is 255, then what will be the effort of the given application?
	3845
	○ 3835
Correct!	◎ 3825
	○ 3855

Which of the following is not a rule of agile processes? The customer is always present at the developer's site Working software is produced very early None of the above Iterative planning

	Question 42	1 / 1 pts
	XP is not suitable for application where:	
Correct!	 Continuous customer involvement cannot be achieved 	
	Technology is simple	

O Documentation is required	
O Pair programming is suitable	

	Question 43	1 / 1 pts
	The outcome of the construction phase includes:	
Correct!	Software product	
	Initial project glossary	
	Software development plan	
	○ Use case product	

	Question 44	1 / 1 pts
	The total number of classes is obtained by:	
	subtracting key classes and support classes	
	multiplying key classes and support classes	
Correct!	 adding key classes and support classes 	
	o dividing key classes and support classes	

	Question 45	1 / 1 pts
	If number of key classes is 112.5 and number of support class, then find total number of classes.	asses is
	250.3	
	○ 160.8	
Correct!	© 157.5	
	○ 198.5	

	Question 46	its
	What one should identify to conduct effective software estimation?	
Correct!	All of the above	
	Scope/boundaries, Size and Effort of the project	
	Risk involved in the project	
	Resources required in the project	

Question 47 1 / 1 pts

If in an application there are 2 simple actors, 2 average actors and 1 complex actor, then what will be the unadjusted actor weight for the project.

Correct!	9
	· 3
	° 12
	· 6

	Question 48	1 / 1 pts
	The size of the classes can be estimated as:	
	○ 25 × Number of scenario scripts	
	○ 20 × Number of scenario scripts	
Correct!	17 × Number of scenario scripts	
	○ 15 × Number of scenario scripts	

Question 49	ion 49 1 / 1 pts	

	How to calculate unadjusted use case point?
Correct!	Unadjusted actor weight + Unadjusted use case weight
	Unadjusted actor weight / Unadjusted use case weight
	Unadjusted actor weight - Unadjusted use case weight
	 Unadjusted actor weight * Unadjusted use case weight

	Question 50 1 / 1 pts	
	is a key part of project planning activities and is the specific risky area which are highlighted in the plan.	
	Risk planning	
	Definition identification	
Correct!	Risk management	
	Project management	

	Question 51 1 / 1 pts	
	Which type of risks involve budget, time, personnel and quality risks?	
Correct!	Economical Risks	

1 / 1 pts

Question 53

0 120

Correct!

 Environment Risks 	
Oeployment Risks	
○ Technical Risks	

If the number of classes is 750 and requires person days is 17 to implement each class, then what will be the effort of the given application? 12000 11955 11750

Consider an airline reservation system where the following information is available: Number of actors: 05 and Number of use cases: 10 By assuming all the complexity factors as average, what will be the unadjusted use case weight for the project.

Correct!

110111

Question 54 If use case point is 133.46, then what will be the effort for an application? 2600.5 Correct! 2669.2 2690.8 2890.3

Question 55 1 / 1 pts

What are the disadvantages of use case points method?

- I. UCP can be used only when requirements are written in the form of use cases.
- II. UCPs are based on use cases and can be measured very early in the project life cycle.
- III. Use cases are being used vastly as a method of choice to describe requirements. In such cases, UCP is the best suitable estimation technique.
- IV. If the use cases are not well or uniformly structured, then the resulting may not be accurate.
- V. UCP is useful for initial estimate of overall project size, but they

	are much less useful in driving the iteration-to-iteration work of a team.
Correct!	■ I, IV, V
	○ I, II, IV
	O I, II, III
	○ I, III, IV

By considering the database application project with the following characteristics: 1. The application has 45 key classes 2. A graphical user interface is required What will be the number of support classes? 135.2 254.4 100 Correct! 112.5

Question 57

1/1 pts

Use case points can be calculated by:

	○ UUCP × ECF
	○ UCP × H
Correct!	● UUCP × TCF × ECF
	O UUCP × TCF

If in an application there are 2 use cases with the number of transactions 3, 4 use cases with the number of transactions 5 and 2 use cases with the number of transactions 15, then what will be the unadjusted use case weight for the project. Correctl 80 60 40

Question 59	1 / 1 pts
In which type of risks, the security and saddressed?	safety of the workplace is
Environment Risks	
Economical Risks	

	Technical Risks	
Correct!	Deployment Risks	
	Question 60	/ 1 pts
Ocument	If UUCP is 110, TCF is 1.02 and ECF is 0.995, then what will buch?	be
Correct!	111.639	
	O 115.666	
	150.865	
	950.546	

Quiz Score: 55 out of 60

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