Python_Basics(DATA_MINDS)

September 2, 2023

```
[2]: #Variable-Kind of a location name where we store the data
 [3]: a=10
 [6]: a
 [6]: 10
 [7]: virat=22
 [8]: virat
 [8]: 22
 [9]: a+virat
 [9]: 32
[10]: #Type funtion - Used for check what kind of datatype is used
[11]: type(virat)
[11]: int
[14]: B=7.36
[15]: B
[15]: 7.36
[16]: type(B)
[16]: float
[17]: c=22.545
[18]: type(c)
```

```
[18]: float
[19]: Name="Virat Tiwari"
[20]: type(Name)
[20]: str
[21]: Intro="This is my first DS python Class"
[22]: type(Intro)
[22]: str
[23]: n=True
[24]: type(n)
[24]: bool
[25]: m=False
[26]: type(m)
[26]: bool
[27]: #In python True=1 and false=0
[28]: n+m
[28]: 1
[29]: True*True
[29]: 1
[30]: True*False
[30]: 0
[31]: # in core python it always shows error
      True/False
      ZeroDivisionError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
      Cell In [31], line 1
      ----> 1 True/False
```

```
ZeroDivisionError: division by zero
[32]: # in core python it always shows error
      1/0
       ZeroDivisionError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
       Cell In [32], line 1
       ----> 1 1/0
       ZeroDivisionError: division by zero
[33]: \#Complex\ No(a+bi)
      #python only understand the small j as a imaginary
      v = 5 + 6j
[34]: type(v)
[34]: complex
[35]: v.imag
[35]: 6.0
[36]: v.real
[36]: 5.0
[37]: v
[37]: (5+6j)
[38]: #print() funtion is used for print something in a console
[39]: print("Heya This is Virat Tiwari")
     Heya This is Virat Tiwari
[40]: print(a)
     10
[41]: print(virat)
```

22

```
[52]: d="Datascience"
[43]: d
[43]: 'Data science'
[44]: type(d)
[44]: str
[45]: #Python stores string in a form of INDEXING
      # It starts from 0
[46]: #For retreiving the from the index we have to used square brackets
      d[0]
[46]: 'D'
[47]: d[2]
[47]: 't'
[53]: d[6]
[53]: 'i'
[54]: d[-1]
[54]: 'e'
[56]: d[0:4]
[56]: 'Data'
[59]: d[4:]
[59]: 'science'
[70]: d[0:11:2]
[70]: 'Dtsine'
[75]: len(d)
[75]: 11
```

```
[76]: d[::2]
[76]: 'Dtsine'
[80]: d[::-1]
[80]: 'ecneicsataD'
[81]: d[2:11:-1]
[81]: ''
[82]: d[11:0]
[82]: ''
[83]: d[11:0:-1]
[83]: 'ecneicsata'
[85]: d[-2:-8:-1]
[85]: 'cneics'
[86]: d[-2::-1]
[86]: 'cneicsataD'
[88]: d[-2::]
[88]: 'ce'
[90]: d[::-1]
[90]: 'ecneicsataD'
[93]: d[::100]
[93]: 'D'
[94]: d[:-100:]
[94]: ''
[95]: d[:-100:-1]
[95]: 'ecneicsataD'
```

```
[2]: #String Manipulation
      s="This is string manipulation"
 [3]: len(s)
 [3]: 27
 [5]: s.find("s")
 [5]: 3
 [8]: s.find("m")
 [8]: 15
[10]: s.count("s")
[10]: 3
[11]: s.count("g")
[11]: 1
[12]: s.count("z")
[12]: 0
[13]: s
[13]: 'This is string manipulation'
[14]: s.upper()
[14]: 'THIS IS STRING MANIPULATION'
[16]: s.lower()
[16]: 'this is string manipulation'
[17]: s.title()
[17]: 'This Is String Manipulation'
[18]: s.capitalize()
[18]: 'This is string manipulation'
```

```
[19]: #Concatination is always done in between same type of data types
    #str+str
    #int+int
    #float+float

[20]: g="Heya rahul "

[21]: h=",how are you?"

[22]: g+h

[22]: 'Heya rahul ,how are you?'

[]: #FOR MULTIPLE COMMENTS WE HAVE TO USED
    #CTRL+SLASH
    # this is virat tiwari
    # here we discuss about python that is used in
    # data science and we learn also machine laearning as well in future stages
```