CAPSTONE PROJECT

PREDICTIVE MAINTENANCE OF INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY

Presented By:

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OUTLINE

- Problem Statement (Should not include solution)
- Proposed System/Solution
- System Development Approach (Technology Used)
- Algorithm & Deployment
- Result (Output Image)
- Conclusion
- Future Scope
- References



PROBLEM STATEMENT

Develop a predictive maintenance model for a fleet of industrial machines to anticipate

failures before they occur. This project will involve analyzing sensor data from machinery

to identify patterns that precede a failure. The goal is to create a classification model that

can predict the type of failure (e.g., tool wear, heat dissipation, power failure) based on

real-time operational data. This will enable proactive maintenance, reducing downtime

and operational costs.



PROPOSED SOLUTION

- The project aims to build a predictive maintenance model for industrial machines using sensor data. By analyzing real-time operational data, the model will classify and predict failure types (e.g., tool wear, overheating, power issues) before they happen. This will support proactive maintenance, reducing machine downtime and lowering costs.
- Key Components:-
- Data Collection: Using the kaggle dataset on Maintenance of Industrial Machinery.
- Data Preprocessing:- Clean and preprocess the collected data to handle missing values, and inconsistencies.
 - **Deployment:-** Developed a user-friendly interface or application that predict the type of failure based on real-time operational data.
- **Evaluation:-** Assess the model's performance using appropriate metrics such as Mean Absolute Error, or other relevant metrics.



SYSTEM APPROACH

The "System Approach" section outlines the overall strategy and methodology for developing and implementing the rental bike prediction system. Here's a suggested structure for this section:

System requirements

- IBM Cloud
- IBM Watsonx.studio for model development
- IBM Runtime environment
- IBM Cloud object storage for dataset handling



ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

- Algorithm chosen for Predictive Maintenance of Industrial Machinery.
- Algorithm Selection:

Random Forest Classifier(or SVM Based on performance)

Data Input:

Air temperature, Rotational speed, Torque, Tool wear.

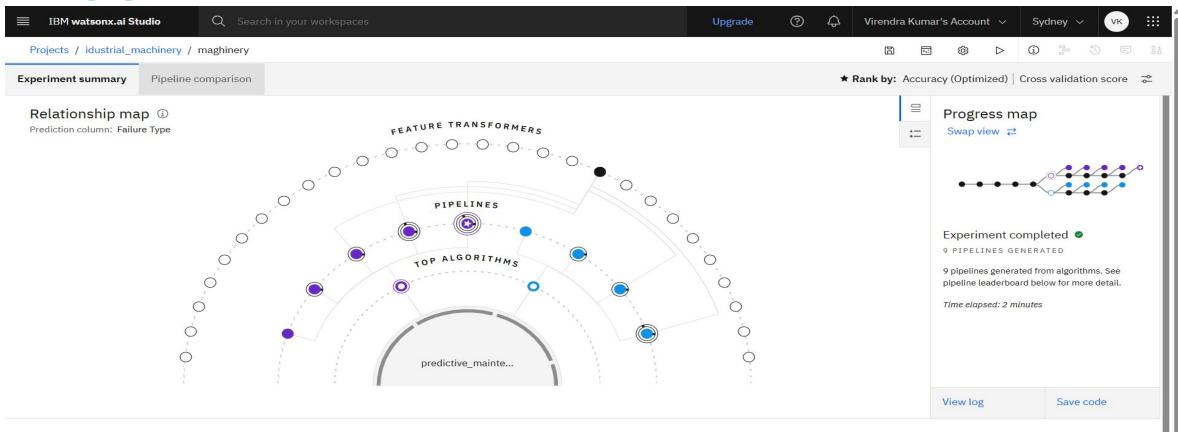
Training Process:

Supervised Learning using Failure Type.

Prediction Process:

Model deployed on IBM Watsonx.studio with API endpoint for real time predictions.

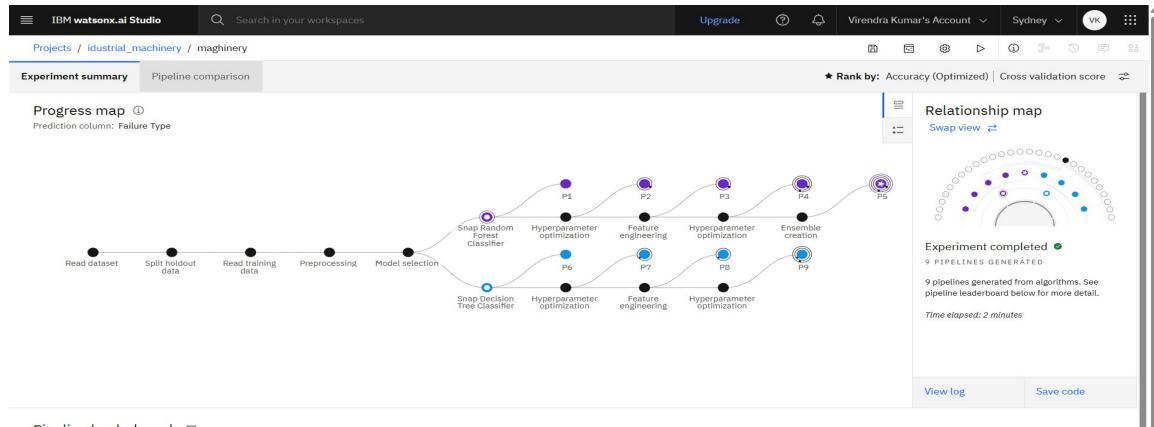




Pipeline leaderboard ▽

	Rank ↑	Name	Algorithm	Specialization	Accuracy (Optimized) Cross Validation	Enhancements	Build time
*	1	Pipeline 5	Batched Tree Ensemble Classifier (Snap Random Forest Classifier)	INCR	0.995	HPO-1 FE HPO-2 BATCH	00:00:43
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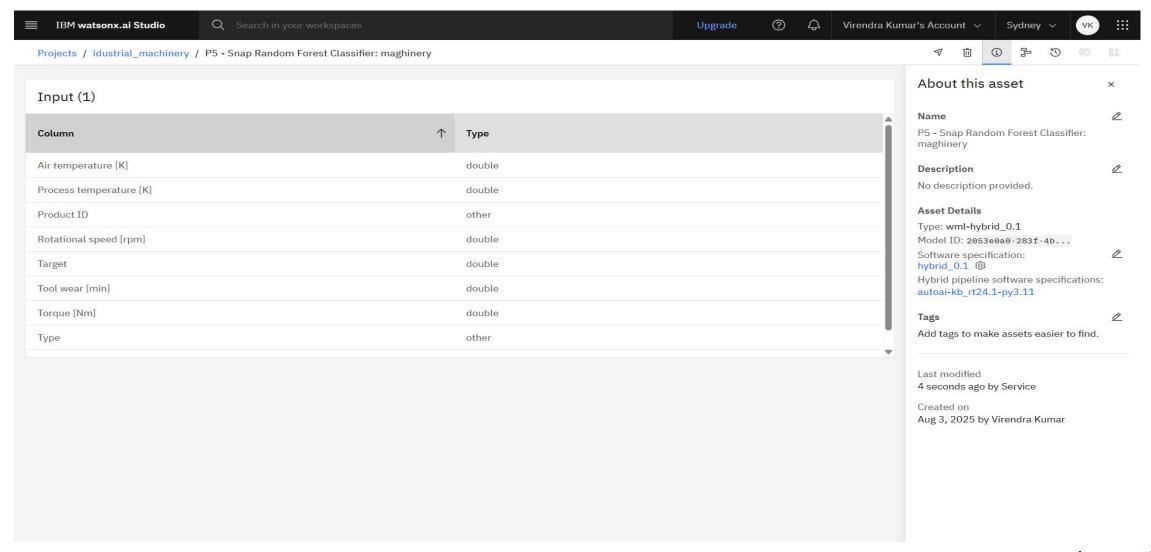




Pipeline leaderboard ♡

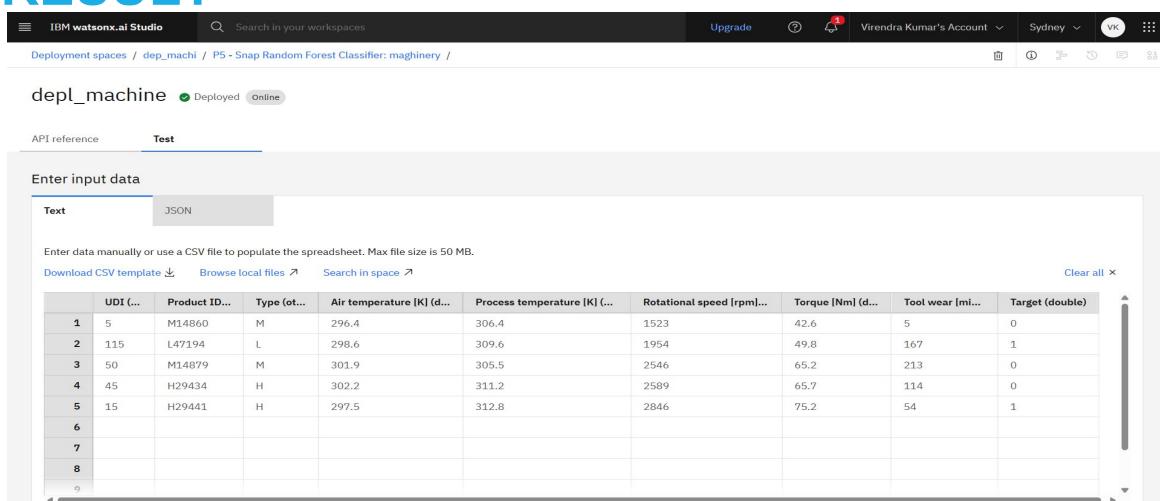
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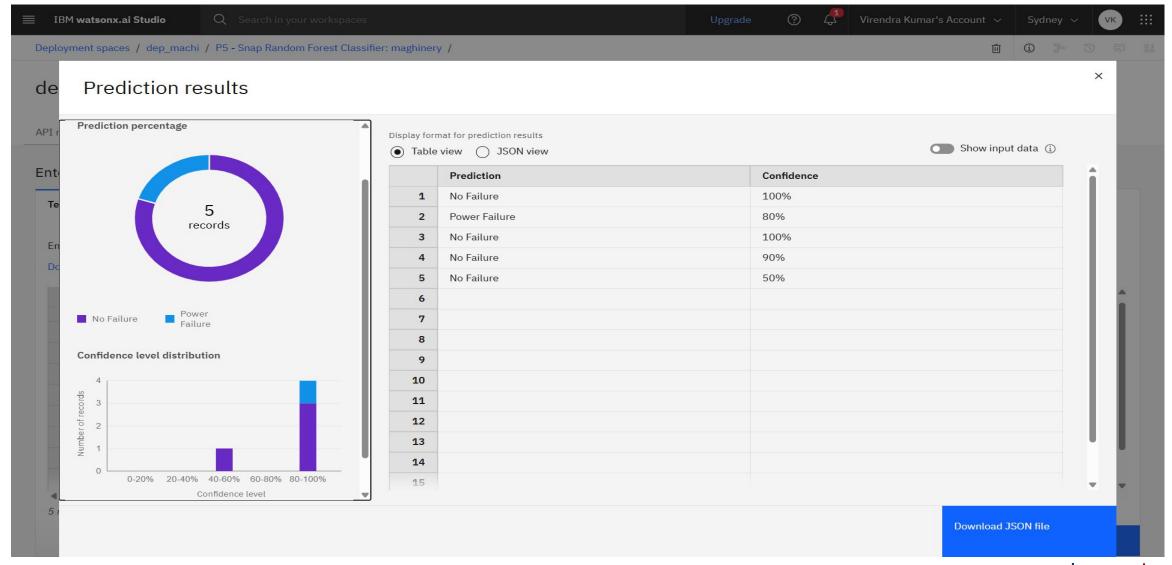


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Predict





CONCLUSION

The development of a predictive maintenance model for industrial machinery marks a significant step toward improving operational efficiency and minimizing unplanned downtime. By leveraging real-time sensor data and machine learning techniques, the model can accurately predict various types of failures such as tool wear, heat dissipation issues, and power failures. This proactive approach allows maintenance teams to address potential issues before they escalate, resulting in reduced maintenance costs, improved machine longevity, and optimized production schedules. As the model continues to learn from new data, its accuracy and reliability will improve, further enhancing the effectiveness of maintenance strategies across the fleet.



FUTURE SCOPE

The predictive maintenance model can be expanded for use across various industries and integrated with IoT for real-time monitoring. It holds potential for large-scale deployment, ERP/EAM integration, and advanced features like root cause analysis and self-learning. Over time, it can enhance machine efficiency, reduce downtime, and support sustainability by optimizing maintenance and resource use.



REFERENCES

- Zhang et al. (2019) Survey on data-driven predictive maintenance
- NASA (n.d.) Prognostics Data Repository
- Tsui et al. (2015) Data-driven PHM approaches
- Scikit-learn Machine learning library in Python
- TensorFlow Open-source ML platform.



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Learning hours: 20 mins



THANK YOU

