# Research Document (MySQL Spatial Data Types, Storing spatial data and using it to create a Restful Web service)

**Aim:** The aim of the document is to successfully research ways to be able to store geo spatial dats in MySQL database

**Why:** Currently (24 Feb, 2017) I have been using SAP Hana HCP but the issue is its not free and is very expensive to move from trail to pro version, so the better alternative is MySQL if I am successfully able to implement what I was able to do with HCP. And, the advantages will be free of cost, HCP trail needs restart every 12 hours and auto deletes after 6 days which is a big disadvantage, MySQL will allow 99% uptime for web service.

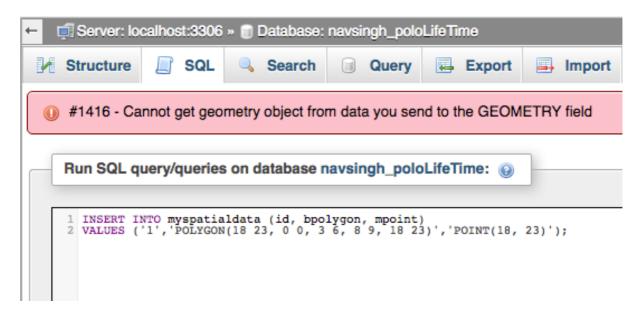
Query to show the columns in the table:

**SHOW COLUMNS FROM** myspatialdata

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
id	int(7)	YES		NULL	
bpolygon	geometry	YES		NULL	
mpoint	geometry	YES		NULL	

\*\*\*Quite close to solving problem of inserting spatial data into MySQL\*\*\*\*

INSERT INTO myspatialdata (id, bpolygon, mpoint) VALUES ('1','POLYGON(18 23, 0 0, 3 6, 8 9, 18 23)','POINT(18, 23)');



\*\*\*\*Working SQL Statement to insert spatial data in MySQL (Polygon and Point)\*\*\*\*\*

INSERT INTO myspatialdata (id, bpolygon, mpoint) VALUES (1,GeomFromText('POLYGON(18 23, 0 0, 3 6, 8 9, 18 23)'),GeomFromText('POINT(18, 23)'));

INSERT INTO myspatialdata (id, bpolygon, mpoint) VALUES (2,GeomFromText('POLYGON(-74.13591384887695 40.93750722242824,-74.13522720336914 40.929726129575016,-74.15102005004883 40.9329683629703,-74.14329528808594 40.94256444133327)'),GeomFromText('POINT(-

74.13591384887695,40.93750722242824)'));

Note: Useful documentation on MySQL Spatial Data Types <a href="http://www.w3resource.com/mysql/mysql-spatial-data-types.php">http://www.w3resource.com/mysql/mysql-spatial-data-types.php</a>

(Level: High)

Inserting Coordinates into MySQL (Stack Flow)

 $\underline{http://stackoverflow.com/questions/15453084/inserting-coordinates-into-mysql-polyfromtext-sql-syntax-error-returning-nul}$ 

(Level: Low)

\*\*\*\*\*The end of the Inserting Spatial data like Polygon and Point in to database table\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

RESEARCH RESULTS: FAILED

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Inserting Geo-spatial Polygon into the MySQL Database

INSERT INTO `Buildings` (`Name`, `Shape`) VALUES ('Apt 15', PolyFromText('POLYGON((50.866753 5.686455, 50.859819 5.708942, 50.851475 5.722675, 50.841611 5.720615, 50.834023 5.708427, 50.840744 5.689373, 50.858735 5.673923, 50.866753 5.686455))'));

Reference: <a href="https://gis.stackexchange.com/questions/23900/how-to-add-polygon-in-mysql-database">https://gis.stackexchange.com/questions/23900/how-to-add-polygon-in-mysql-database</a>



RESEARCH RESULTS: PASSED (Working)

# 1 Resources for Functioanal Requirements

Requirement 7:

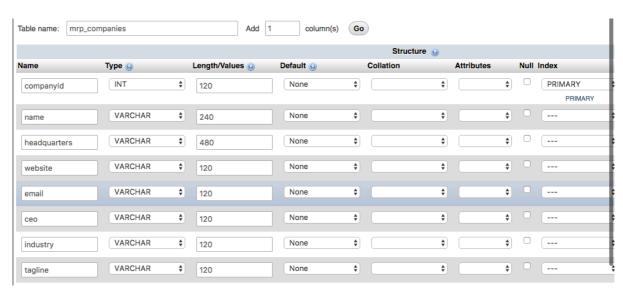
Requirement 8: Photo Upload

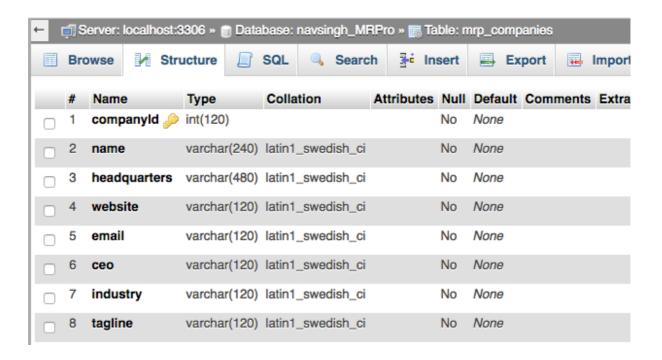
Image upload example with Swift and PHP - http://swiftdeveloperblog.com/image-upload-example/

Requirement 9:

## 2 Final Report Database

- 1- Companies Table (mrp\_companies) to store all the information regarding the different companies this will allow us to
  - 1- Use app for multiple companies/organisations/instituations by storing data for different companies and use it in a single app (example- city council can buy the app to list the different public properties/companies and the available buildings/meeting rooms in them)
  - 2- or just use the app for one company (example Our college for NCI use only can be deployed as an internal app)

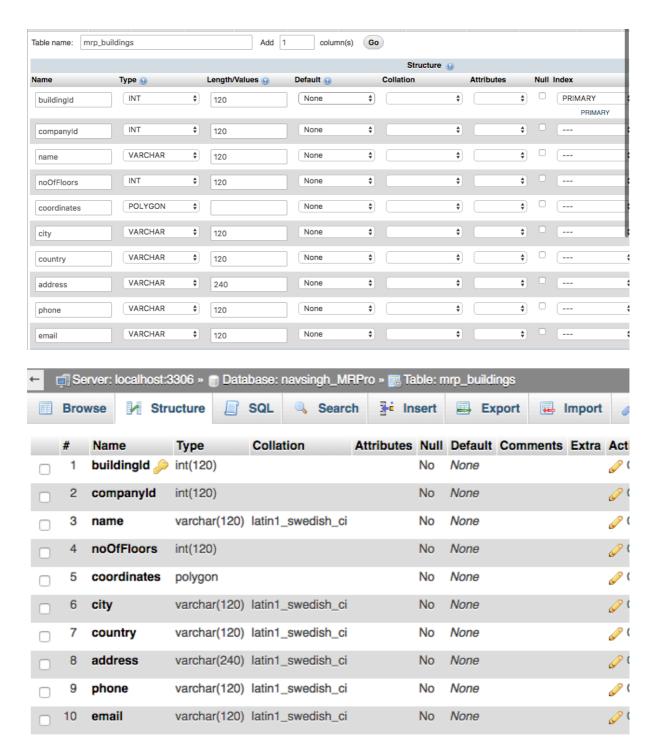




CREATE TABLE `navsingh\_MRPro`.`mrp\_companies` ( `companyId` INT(120) NOTNULL , `name` VARCHAR (240) NOT NULL , `headquarters` VARCHAR(480) NOTNULL , `website` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , `email` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , `ceo` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , `industry` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , `tagline` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , PRIMARY KEY (`companyId`)) ENGINE =MyISAM;

```
CREATE TABLE `navsingh_MRPro`.`mrp_companies` (
   `companyId` INT(120) NOT NULL ,
   `name` VARCHAR(240) NOT NULL ,
   `headquarters` VARCHAR(480) NOT NULL ,
   `website` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
   `email` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
   `ceo` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
   `industry` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
   `tagline` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , PRIMARY KEY (`companyId`)) ENGINE = MyISAM;
```

2 - Buildings table (mrp\_buildings) to store all the information regarding buildings and also their co-ordinates (using geospatial features of MySQL – here we are using Polygon/Geometry)



CREATE TABLE 'navsingh MRPro'. 'mrp meeting rooms' (

<sup>&#</sup>x27;meetingRoomId'INT(120) NOT NULL,

<sup>&#</sup>x27;buildingId' INT(120) NOT NULL,

<sup>&#</sup>x27;name' VARCHAR(120)NOT NULL,

<sup>`</sup>floorNumber` INT(120) NOT NULL,

<sup>&#</sup>x27;coordinates' POINT NOT NULL,

<sup>&#</sup>x27;capacity' INT(120) NOT NULL,

<sup>&#</sup>x27;type' VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL

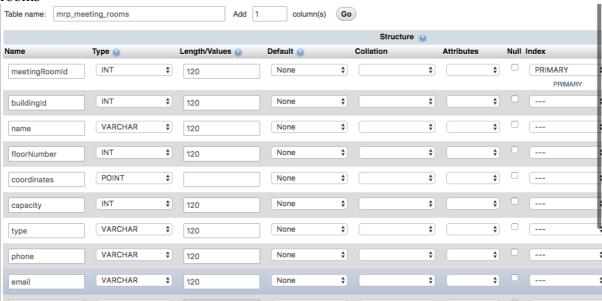
<sup>&#</sup>x27;phone' VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL,

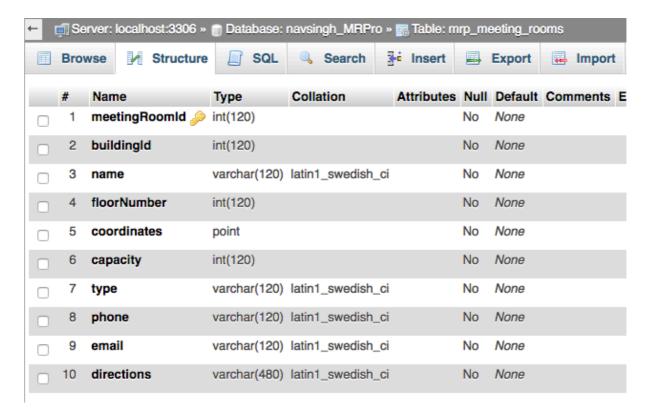
<sup>&#</sup>x27;email' VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL

<sup>&#</sup>x27;directions' VARCHAR(480) NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY ('meetingRoomId'))ENGINE = MyISAM;

```
CREATE TABLE `navsingh_MRPro`.`mrp_buildings` (
   `buildingId` INT(120) NOT NULL ,
   `companyId` INT(120) NOT NULL ,
   `name` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
   `noOfFloors` INT(120) NOT NULL ,
   `coordinates` POLYGON NOT NULL ,
   `city` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
   `country` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
   `address` VARCHAR(240) NOT NULL ,
   `phone` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
   `email` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , PRIMARY KEY (`buildingId`)) ENGINE = MyISAM;
```

3 – Meeting Rooms Table (mrp\_meeting\_rooms) to store information regarding meeting rooms





CREATE TABLE `navsingh\_MRPro`.`mrp\_meeting\_rooms` ( `meetingRoomId`INT(120) NOT NULL , `build ingId` INT(120) NOT NULL , `name` VARCHAR(120)NOT NULL , `floorNumber` INT(120) NOT NULL , `c oordinates` POINT NOTNULL , `capacity` INT(120) NOT NULL , `type` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , `pho ne` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , `email` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL , `directions` VARCHAR(480) NOT NULL , PRIMARY KEY ( `meetingRoomId`))ENGINE = MyISAM;

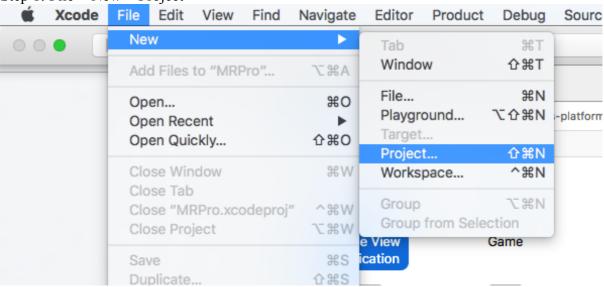
```
CREATE TABLE `navsingh_MRPro`.`mrp_meeting_rooms` (
  `meetingRoomId`INT(120) NOT NULL ,
  `buildingId` INT(120) NOT NULL ,
  `name` VARCHAR(120)NOT NULL ,
  `floorNumber` INT(120) NOT NULL ,
  `coordinates` POINT NOTNULL ,
  `capacity` INT(120) NOT NULL ,
  `type` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
  `phone` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
  `email` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL ,
  `directions` VARCHAR(480) NOT NULL , PRIMARY KEY (`meetingRoomId`))ENGINE = MyISAM;
```

# 3 Final Report Xcode

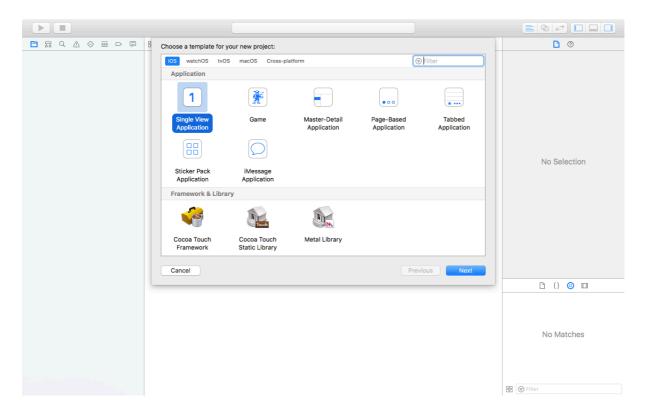
### **Creating Project**

Basic Steps involved in Project Creation

Step 1: File > New > Project

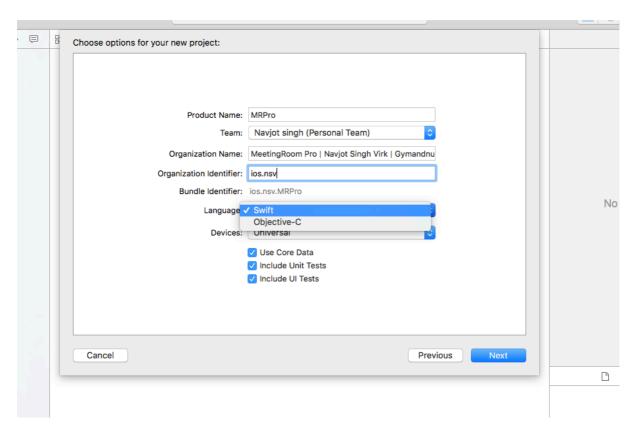


Step 2: Choose template – Single View Application > Next



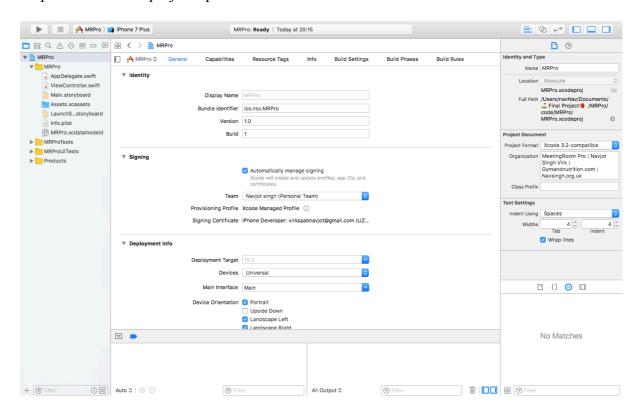
### Step 3:

- Enter Product Name (aka. Project name) MRPro (aka. MeetingRoom Pro)
- Select Team (Personal ios developer account just signin with your apple id and xcode will take care of the rest)
- Organisation Identifier: ios.nsv (it could be anything (but unique) you like but it should usually make some sence and be short, simple and sweet like in this example-ios signifies its an ios app and nsv Navjot singh virk)
- Select Language: Swift will be used for this project.
- Devices: Universal means the app will be supported on both iphones and ipads (you can also choose any one of them if you want to limit certain device type users).
- Others: Include UnitTests and UTests
- Press > Next



Step 4: Save the project on computer at location of your choice

Step 5: New Xcode project opens in a new window



Step 6: At this stage project is ready and can be run on an emulator or a real ios device.

### Step 7: Start making changes (write code)

### Cocoapods

Installing Cocoapods (on my computer which will allow us to use different useful cocoapods available on the internet).

Explain cocoapods a bit in the final report

### Create Pod File

In order to use Cocoapods we need to create a Podfile for our project.

### Open Terminal

Navigate to the project folder

To create the Podfile run this command in the terminal: \$ pod init

```
22 gems installed

[code/MRPro k-Pro:~ navNav$ cd /Users/navNav/Documents/Linal\ Project (MRPro/Navs-MacBook-Pro:MRPro navNav$ ls

MRPro MRPro.xcodeproj MRProTests MRProUITests

[Navs-MacBook-Pro:MRPro navNav$ pod init

[Navs-MacBook-Pro:MRPro navNav$ ls

MRPro MRPro.xcodeproj MRProTests MRProUITests Podfile

Navs-MacBook-Pro:MRPro navNav$
```

As we can see a Podfile was created when we ran the 'ls' command second time to list the contents of the project folder.