

# Software Requirements Specification for Software Engineering: A Platform for Event Management

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# Revision History

Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
10/10/2025	All	Rev0 of SRS
...	...	...

# 1 Purpose of the Project

The purpose of this project is to create a centralized platform for the [McMaster Engineering Society \(MES\)](#) that simplifies how large-scale events are managed. By consolidating event registration, form creation, attendee tracking, and data analytics into a single system, the platform aims to reduce administrative workload, eliminate fragmented workflows, and enhance the overall experience for both event organizers and attendees.

## 1.1 User Business

The primary users of this system are members of the McMaster Engineering Society, including executives and event organizers, as well as McMaster engineering students who attend [MES](#) events.

- **Administrators ([MES Executives and Organizers](#)):** Responsible for creating events, designing registration and feedback forms, managing attendee information, and analyzing data through the dashboard. They will use the platform to reduce manual work and improve event coordination.
- **End Users (Students and Attendees):** Students will use the platform to register for events, complete waivers or feedback forms, and receive event confirmations and updates. The goal is to create a seamless and engaging experience that encourages participation.

By serving both groups through a single platform, the system eliminates redundant workflows and ensures continuity of data across multiple events.

## 1.2 Goals of the Project

The primary goals of this project are as follows:

1. **Develop a Custom Form Builder:** Build an intuitive tool that lets administrators design and manage event or feedback forms with different question types and conditional logic, without needing third-party software.

2. **Implement a Unified Registration and Feedback System:** Create a simple, centralized process for students to register for events, complete waivers, and share feedback—all in one place.
3. **Create an Attendee Overview Dashboard:** Give administrators a clear view of event participation by displaying key details such as registration status, payments, and waiver completion in real time.
4. **Integrate Backend Analytics:** Include tools that help [MES](#) organizers analyze event data, track trends, and use insights to plan and improve future events more effectively.

## 2 Stakeholders

### 2.1 Client

The client for this project is the supervisor, Luke Schuurman. He is a member of the [MES](#) and has first-hand experience planning and hosting events with the [MES](#). As the supervisor he will play a crucial role by ensuring the project aligns with objective of the [MES](#) and integrate the platform seamlessly with existing systems. He will also provide us with feedback and guidance throughout the project and will help define the project requirements in this document.

### 2.2 Hands-On Users of the Project

**[MES](#) Executives and Council Members:** They will be utilizing this system to create and manage events, configure forms and surveys, monitor event data and generate data analytics reports. They can be characterized as primarily undergraduate students who value their time greatly. They aim to reduce the time taken to do administrative tasks as well as provide a better experience during [MES](#) events. Their experience with systems like this can range from Journeyman - Master as they can be experienced in event planning and student engagement. There may be a slight learning curve to utilizing the new technology, but these users have experience performing these functions.

**McMaster Engineering Students:** They will be utilizing this app to



register for events, purchase tickets, sign waivers, check in at venues, and complete feedback surveys. They want to enjoy their university experience and connect with other students, They are also very busy and value their time greatly so are looking for an intuitive and straightforward user experience. Their general experience with systems like this is Journeyman as they may have used similar systems for other use cases.

**Other Students and Guest Event Attendees:** This group includes non-engineering students, alumni, and invited guests who participate in large-scale [MES](#) events such as the Fireball Formal and Graduation Formal, which extend beyond the core engineering community. It could also include students and guests from other universities as well as industry which attend the engineering conferences that the [MES](#) helps host. They are generally looking for an easy and seamless experience registering and attending these events. Their general experience with systems like this is Journeyman as they may have used similar systems for other use cases.

## 2.3 Personas

1. **Matthew Cruise (Engineering Student):** Matthew is a 20-year-old second-year Mechanical Engineering student at McMaster University. He lives in a shared house near campus with two close friends. He enjoys attending [MES](#) events like pub nights and the Fireball Formal as a way to balance his heavy academic workload with some enjoyment and entertainment. He usually hears about events through word-of-mouth or social media and would prefer an easy and effortless way to find and register for events. Matthew is generally tech-savvy and is comfortable using online platforms but doesn't want to be bothered by too many notifications and forms. He has many ideas on how he can generally improve his university experience but doesn't believe he has an outlet to convey them. For Matthew his priority is convenience as he wants to enjoy himself but doesn't want to spend too much time or effort doing so.
2. **Adam Clooney ([MES](#) Executive):** Adam Clooney is a 22-year-old final-year Civil Engineering student who currently serves as VP Social on the [MES](#). He is responsible for coordinating large-scale events like Fireball Formal, working closely with other council members to handle

logistics, advertising, and student engagement. Adam is outgoing and enjoys bringing people together, but often feels the strain of balancing his role with academic responsibilities. He is proficient with common digital tools such as Google Drive, spreadsheets, and design platforms for promotions, but he's not highly technical. Adam appreciates structure and tools that keep things organized because he dislikes wasting time fixing errors or repeating work. He is motivated by the sense of accomplishment that comes from hosting a successful event and wants tools that help him stay on top of details.

3. **Margot Watson (McMaster Student):** Margot Watson is a 21-year-old undergraduate student in Political Science at McMaster University. Although she is not part of the engineering faculty, she often attends large MES-hosted events such as the Fireball Formal and other socials because many of her friends are in engineering. Margot lives in an off-campus apartment with two roommates and enjoys being involved in student life across faculties. She has a relaxed attitude toward technology since she uses her phone daily for social media and messaging, but she prefers things to be straightforward and intuitive. She is cautious with her money, balancing tuition and living expenses, but she's willing to spend on experiences with friends. She is motivated by spending time with her friends and having good experiences to have a fulfilling student life.

## 2.4 Priorities Assigned to Users

**Key Users:** Luke Schuurman, MES Council Members and Executives, McMaster Engineering Students.

**Secondary Users:** Other Students and Guest Event Attendees.

## 2.5 User Participation

Our requirements will primarily be derived through meetings with our supervisor Luke Schuurman. If we have the need to clarify or elicit more requirements we will look to engage other MES members either through our supervisor or directly.

## 3 Mandated Constraints

### 3.1 Solution Constraints

**SOC-1:** The solution must provide web and mobile apps with [admin](#) and [attendee](#) interfaces.

**Motivation:** Mandated by the client.

### 3.2 Implementation Environment of the Current System

The current [MES](#) system is manual, decentralized, and fragmented, relying on:

- Google Forms for registration and feedback
- Google Sheets for data and attendee management
- Email and Discord for communication
- Manual payment reconciliation for ticketing
- Third-party services for waiver management

There are currently no integrated or centralized backend systems or databases. The system will be implemented in a fresh environment with no legacy migration necessary; however, it must import past event data from spreadsheets or other logs if necessary.

**IEC-1:** The system shall be implemented in a new environment with no pre-existing infrastructure.

**Motivation:** See above.

### 3.3 Partner or Collaborative Applications

This project is to be integrated alongside two others for [MES](#). Since this project is done in partial collaboration with two other Capstone groups, measures need to be implemented to ensure interoperability.

**PCC-1:** The system must facilitate interoperability between projects and ensure collaborating projects can access necessary APIs, components, or database schemas.

**Motivation:** Data and components created in this project will be integrated with other projects to create a unified application.

### 3.4 Off-the-Shelf Software

**OSC-1:** The system must implement a bespoke and original form-builder application.

**Motivation:** Mandated by the client.

There are no other constraints regarding the use of pre-existing solutions, though the use of open-source components and solutions is encouraged.

### 3.5 Development Environment Constraints

**DEC-1:** The system must be developed using the Git submodule structure outlined by the client.

**Motivation:** Mandated by the client; the development process is currently being created by the client.

**DEC-2:** The system must use the **Vite + TanStack + PostgreSQL** technology stack.

**Motivation:** Mandated by the client.

### 3.6 Schedule Constraints

**SCC-1:** A working prototype of the system must be made available by January.

**Motivation:** The client wishes to use the system for events happening in Winter 2026.

**SCC-2:** All documentation deliverables must be submitted in accordance to course deadlines as outline in Development Plan § 8, subject to changes as updated by course instructors.

**Motivation:** Course requirement.

### 3.7 Budget Constraints

**BGC-1:** There is no budget allocated for the project. All hosting services will be provided by the client on behalf of [MES](#).

**Motivation:** Mandated by the client.

### 3.8 Enterprise Constraints

**EPC-1:** All intellectual property produced during the project will be made available under the GPLv3 license as outlined in the Development Plan § 3.

**Motivation:** Selected license for the project. This also allows the client to maintain and improve the IP as required after the completion of this project.

## 4 Naming Conventions and Terminology

### 4.1 Glossary of All Terms, Including Acronyms, Used by Stakeholders involved in the Project

**admin** A privileged system user affiliated with [MES](#) who can access survey, event, and attendee records; track finances; and update event statuses. plural.

**attendee** An individual who attends an [MES](#) event, and uses the system to register, receive event updates, provide feedback, or fill out survey responses. plural.

**CFES** Canadian Federation of Engineering Students.

**MES** McMaster Engineering Society.

## 5 Relevant Facts And Assumptions

### 5.1 Relevant Facts

- The McMaster Engineering Society currently manages events such as Fireball Formal and the CALE Conference using several disconnected tools like Google Forms and Google Sheets, which creates inefficiencies and limits data analysis.
- Each [MES](#) event involves registration, waiver collection, and feedback surveys that must comply with university data privacy and accessibility standards.
- The system will be used by both administrators and students on a wide range of devices and browsers, so responsive and cross-platform design is required.
- The overall Event Management System is being co-developed by three Capstone teams. Project A must maintain compatibility and shared data models with the other two teams' components.
- The project's frontend stack was recently updated from **Next.js** to **Vite + TanStack Router + TanStack Create** to improve development speed, hot reloading performance, and flexibility for building a Single Page Application (SPA) with integrated admin dashboards and authentication.
- PostgreSQL remains the chosen database technology for data storage and analytics.

### 5.2 Business Rules

- Only verified [MES](#) administrators can create, edit, or delete forms and view backend analytics.
- Event data, form responses, and attendee details must be securely stored and retrievable for future event reviews.
- All user input will be validated to prevent incomplete or invalid submissions before being stored in the database.

- A consistent data format must be maintained across all events to support accurate analytics and report generation.
- Administrators can export data such as attendee lists or analytics summaries in standard formats (e.g., CSV, PDF).

### 5.3 Assumptions

- The [MES](#) will provide sample event and registration data to support development and testing.
- Users will have stable internet access when using the platform, as it relies on real-time connectivity.
- Collaborating teams (Projects B and C) will follow the agreed API and database specifications to ensure system integration works smoothly.
- Authentication and authorization will be handled securely within the shared platform using standardized methods.
- Future [MES](#) administrators and developers will continue maintaining the project using the provided GitHub repository, documentation, and CI/CD workflows.

## 6 The Scope of the Work

The purpose of the section is to define the expected scope of the project, including specifications on how the system is partitioned, business data models, and business use cases.

### 6.1 The Current Situation

Currently, the [MES](#) uses plethora of different platforms to host events and conduct surveys such as tools for registration, signing of waivers, and checking in [attendees](#). The main platforms used are a combination of Google Forms and Google Sheets. There are several pain points to address with the current system.

- **Decentralized System Components** Registration and surveying is split across a plethora of tools and software which may not be compatible with each other. For example, Google Forms is used for registration forms and surveys, Google Sheets stores form data and LinkTree holds links to all the registration forms, and event updates is done by email or social media.
- **Overly Complex Form Logic** The current [Canadian Federation of Engineering Students \(CFES\)](#) survey consists of 70 pages of questions linked together through complex branching logic. The Google Forms form building UI makes this very complicated as all form elements are displayed as a linear list of sections making it very hard to track paths through the form.
- **Disorganized Data Visualization** Form response data is currently stored using Google Sheets. While Google Form data is easily imported into Google Sheets, any analytics on the data must be done manually through equations and macros.
- **Lack of Reusability** Google Forms comes with a few templates that provide an initial starting point for many types of forms such as registrant information. However, after the first section of the form, each subsequent section must be made manually. Sections may be imported from other forms, but this requires the user to have access to a form with the wanted section and to scour through an unorganized list of forms and sections.
- **Low Response Rates on Surveys** The response rates on the annual [CFES](#) survey of undergraduate engineering students have been decreasing due to the long length of the Google Form and the lack of ability to submit a partially completed form.
- **Manual Registration Scheduling** Event registration is managed through a combination of Instagram, Google Forms, and LinkTree. Events are advertised on Instagram, and a link to the signup Google Form is posted on the [MES](#) LinkTree. This solution lacks automation since a new Google Form must be made for every event and links have to be manually added and removed for each form when registration is opened or closed.



## 6.2 The Context of the Work

This section provides an overview of the high-level inputs and outputs between the system and external systems or actors. The system is split into two perspectives, the [attendee](#) perspective shown in [Figure 1](#), and the [admin](#) perspective shown in [Figure 2](#).

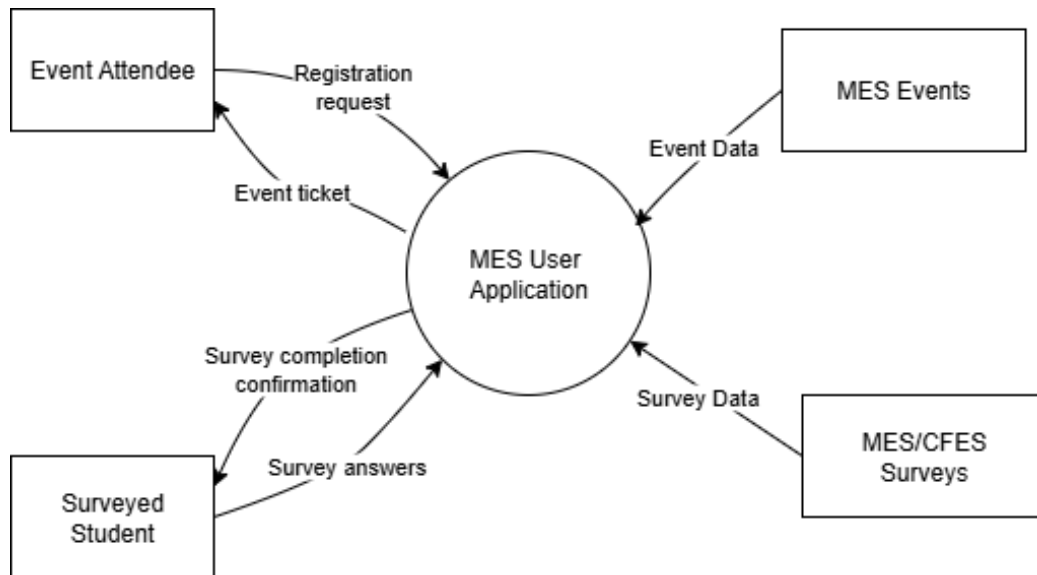


Figure 1: Work context diagram of the [attendee](#) side application

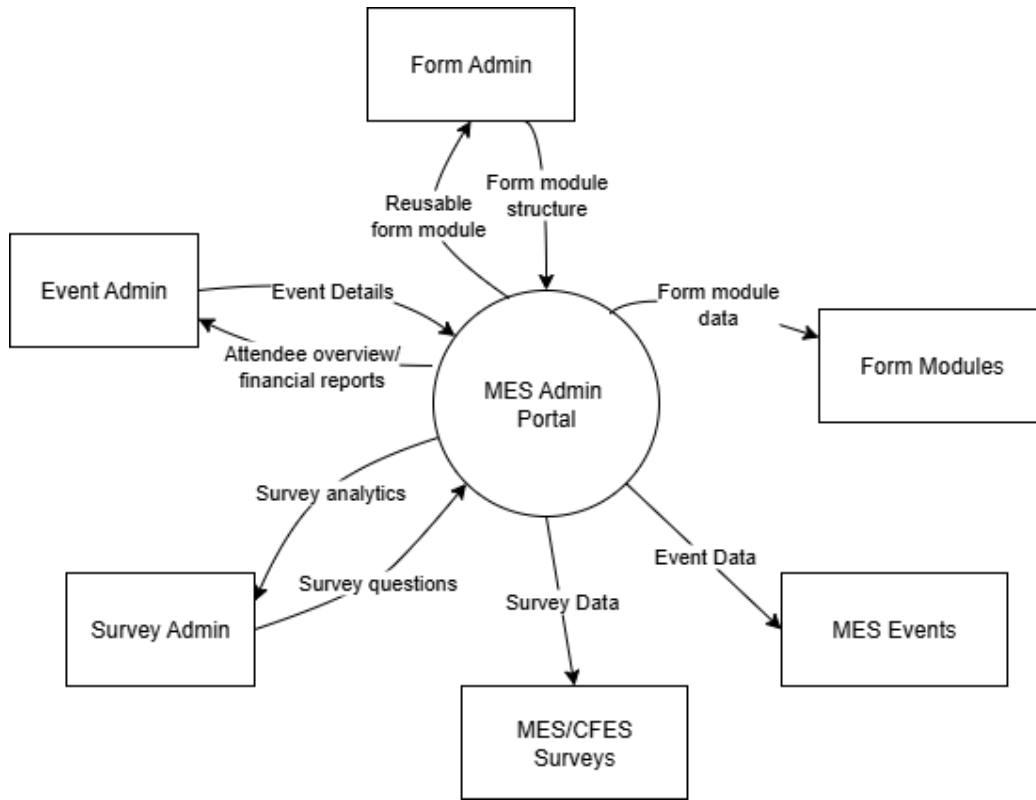


Figure 2: Work context diagram of the [admin](#) side application

### 6.3 Work Partitioning

This section describes how the work done by the system can be partitioned into smaller and more manageable workflows. Below is a table describing each of the sub-workflows of the proposed systems. Note that event creation and survey creation have been grouped as a single workflow since they are nearly identical.

# Event	Input	Output	Requirements
---------	-------	--------	--------------

1	<a href="#">Attendee</a>	regis- ters for event	Registration data	Event ticket	<b>FR-3 AC-1 ER-1 UR-2 1 SL-1 2 PV-3 AD-2</b>	<b>FR-4 IG-1 ER-2 UR-3 SE-1 LG-1</b>	<b>FR-6 IG-2 UR-1 AC-1 PV-2 AD-1</b>
2	<a href="#">Attendee</a>	fills out a survey	Survey responses	Survey completion confirmation	<b>FR-1 FR-7 IG-2 UR-1 3 AC-1 PV-3</b>	<b>FR-2 FR-9 FT-2 UR-2 SL-1 LG-1</b>	<b>FR-6 IG-1 ER-1 UR-3 PV-2 LG-1</b>
3	<a href="#">Admin</a>	creates a form module	Module questions	Reusable module	<b>FR-1 FR-7 AC-1 FT-4 SR-2</b>	<b>FR-2 PI-1 AC-2 FT-5 ER-3</b>	<b>FR-6 LR-2 IG-1 MT-1 UR-3</b>
4	<a href="#">Admin</a>	creates an event/survey	Event/survey data	Event/survey cre- ation confirmation	<b>FR-1 FR-6 FR-10 2 IG-1 1 PI-2 2 FT-4 AD-2</b>	<b>FR-3 FR-7 AC-1 IG-2 ER-3 FT-5 AD-1</b>	<b>FR-5 FR-9 AC-1 AU-1 LR-2 AD-1 MT-1</b>
5	<a href="#">Admin</a>	views survey/event statistics	Event/survey view	to Event/survey reg- istration/response reports	<b>FR-2 FR-7 AC-1 PI-2 LR-2</b>	<b>FR-5 FR-8 AC-2 AR-3</b>	<b>FR-6 FR-10 AU-1 ER-3 UR-3</b>

Table 2: Partitioning of system workflows

## 6.4 Specifying a Business Use Case (BUC)

### BUC 1: User registers for an event

**Input:** Registration data

**Output:** Event tickets

**Pre-condition:** User has downloaded the application and has created an account

**Scenario:**

1. The user application receives the registration data
2. The user application verifies the data is filled correctly
3. The user application sends the registration data to the backend server
4. The backend server verifies the event is not full, and the deadline has not passed
5. The backend server adds the user to the list of [attendees](#)
6. The backend server generates an event ticket and sends it to the user application
7. The user application confirms with the user that the registration was successful and presents the user with the ticket

**Sub variations:**

- 2a. The submitted registration data has errors: the user application prompts the user to fix the errors and resubmit.
- 4a. The event is full, or the deadline has passed: the backend sends an error code to the user application.
- 4b. The user application alerts the user of the error.

### BUC 2: User fills out a survey module

**Input:** Survey responses

**Output:** Survey completion confirmation

**Pre-condition:** [Attendee](#) has downloaded the application and has created an account

**Scenario:**

1. The user application receives the survey data
2. The user application verifies the data is filled correctly
3. The user application sends the survey data to the backend server
4. The backend server updates the survey database with the [attendee](#)'s data
5. The backend server sends a confirmation message to the user application
6. The user application confirms with the [attendee](#) that the survey data has been submitted

**Sub variations:**

- 2a. The submitted data has errors (i.e. mandatory fields not filled), the user application prompts the [attendee](#) to fix the errors and resubmit

**BUC 3: [Admin](#) creates a form module**

**Input:** Form fields

**Output:** Reusable form module

**Pre-condition:** [Admin](#) has access to create custom form modules

**Scenario:**

1. The [admin](#) portal receives the list of form fields and questions from the [admin](#) user for the custom module
2. The [admin](#) portal verifies the custom module has been created correctly
3. The [admin](#) portal sends the custom module data to the backend server
4. The backend server authenticates the [admin](#) user
5. The backend server saves the custom module data to the template database
6. The backend server sends a confirmation message to the [admin](#) portal
7. The [admin](#) portal updates the list of custom modules with the completed module

8. The [admin](#) portal confirms with the [admin](#) user that the custom module has been created

**Sub variations:**

- 2a. The submitted form module has errors (i.e. unfinished fields), the [admin](#) user is prompted to fix these errors before resubmitting
- 4a. Authentication of the [admin](#) fails, the [admin](#) portal is notified of the request denial

**BUC 4: [Admin](#) creates an event/survey**

**Input:** Event details

**Output:** Event creation confirmation

**Pre-condition:** [Admin](#) has access to create events

**Scenario:**

1. The [admin](#) portal receives the event/survey details
2. The [admin](#) portal verifies the event/survey details are correct
3. The [admin](#) portal sends the event/survey data to the backend server
4. The backend server authenticates the [admin](#) user
5. The backend server saves the event/survey data to the database of events/surveys
6. The backend server sends a message to the user application to notify users of the new event/survey
7. The backend server sends a confirmation message to the [admin](#) portal
8. The [admin](#) portal adds the created event/survey to the event/survey dashboard
9. The [admin](#) portal confirms with the [admin](#) user that the event/survey has been created

**Sub variations:**

- 2a. The submitted details have errors (i.e. event date has already passed), the [admin](#) user is prompted to fix these errors before resubmitting
- 4a. Authentication of the [admin](#) fails, the [admin](#) portal is notified of the request denial

#### **BUC 5: [Admin](#) views event/survey statistics**

**Input:** Event/survey to view

**Output:** Event registration/survey response report

**Pre-condition:** Event/survey has been created, and [attendees](#) have registered/responded

**Scenario:**

- 1. The admin portal receives the request to view event/survey statistics
- 2. The admin portal sends a request to the backend server containing the identification for the event/survey to view
- 3. The backend server receives the request and authenticates the [admin](#)
- 4. The backend server retrieves the registrant/response data for the requested event/survey from the database
- 5. The backend server generates a statistical report of all the data
- 6. The data is sent back to the admin portal
- 7. The admin portal formats all the data into a readable format
- 8. The [admin](#) is presented with the event/survey statistics

**Sub variations:**

- 3a. Authentication of the [admin](#) fails, the admin portal is notified of the request denial

## **7 Business Data Model and Data Dictionary**

The purpose of this section is to illustrate the flow of data throughout the system.

## 7.1 Business Data Model

[Figure 3](#) splits the system into into well defined subsystems and outlines the interactions between subsystems.

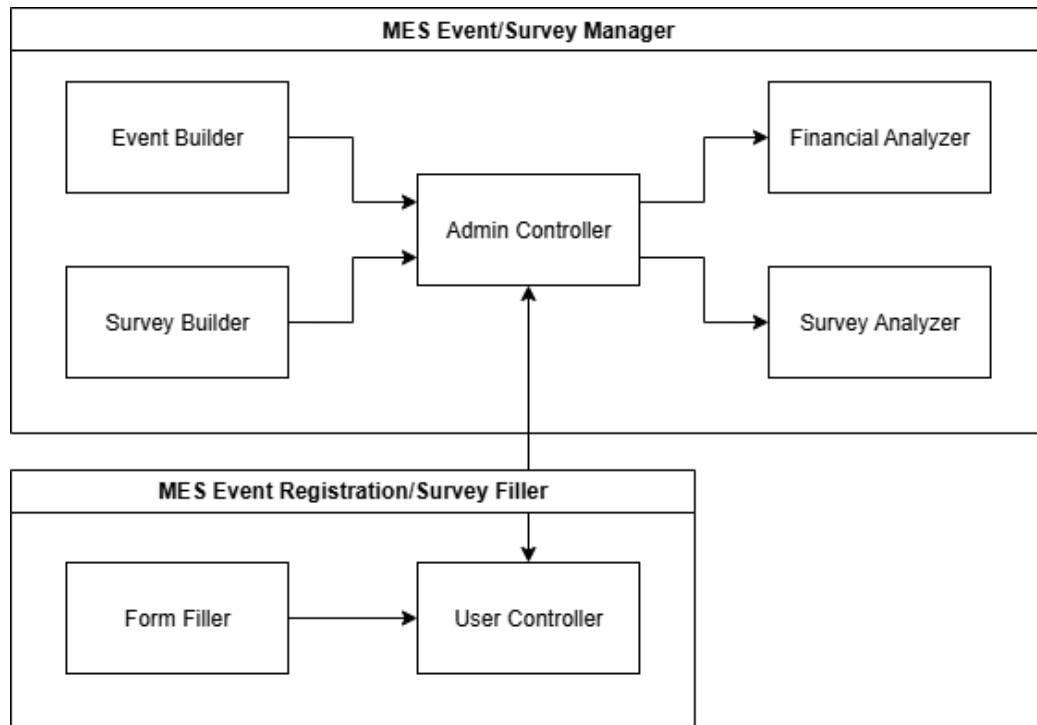


Figure 3: Diagram of the interactions between main system components

## 7.2 Data Dictionary

[Table 3](#) defines each of the system components shown in [Figure 3](#).



Component Name	Description	Type
<a href="#">MES</a> Event/Survey Manager	The application handling the <a href="#">admin</a> side of the system, including event/survey creation, and data analytics	Application
Event Builder	Contains tools for creating, publishing, and managing events	Module
Survey Builder	Contains tools for creating, publishing, and managing surveys	Module
Admin Controller	Handles the flow of execution of <a href="#">MES</a> Event/Survey Manager modules and data flow between the event/survey builders, data analyzers, and the user controller	Module
Financial Analyzer	Automates analysis and visualization of finances from event attendee data	Module
Survey Analyzer	Automates analysis and visualization of survey response data	Module
<a href="#">MES</a> Event Registration/Survey Filler	The application handling the <a href="#">attendee</a> side of the system, including event registration and survey responses	Application
Form Filler	Handles input and validation of form responses	Module
User Controller	Controls the flow of execution of the form filler and handles communication with the admin controller	Module

Table 3: Data dictionary table

## 8 The Scope of the Product

The purpose of this section is to define the scope of the product by defining the boundaries of each major component of the system as well as their functionalities, interfaces for external actors, and interactions with each other.

### 8.1 Product Boundary

[Figure 4](#) outlines the main components of the system, how they interact with each other, and their related use cases.

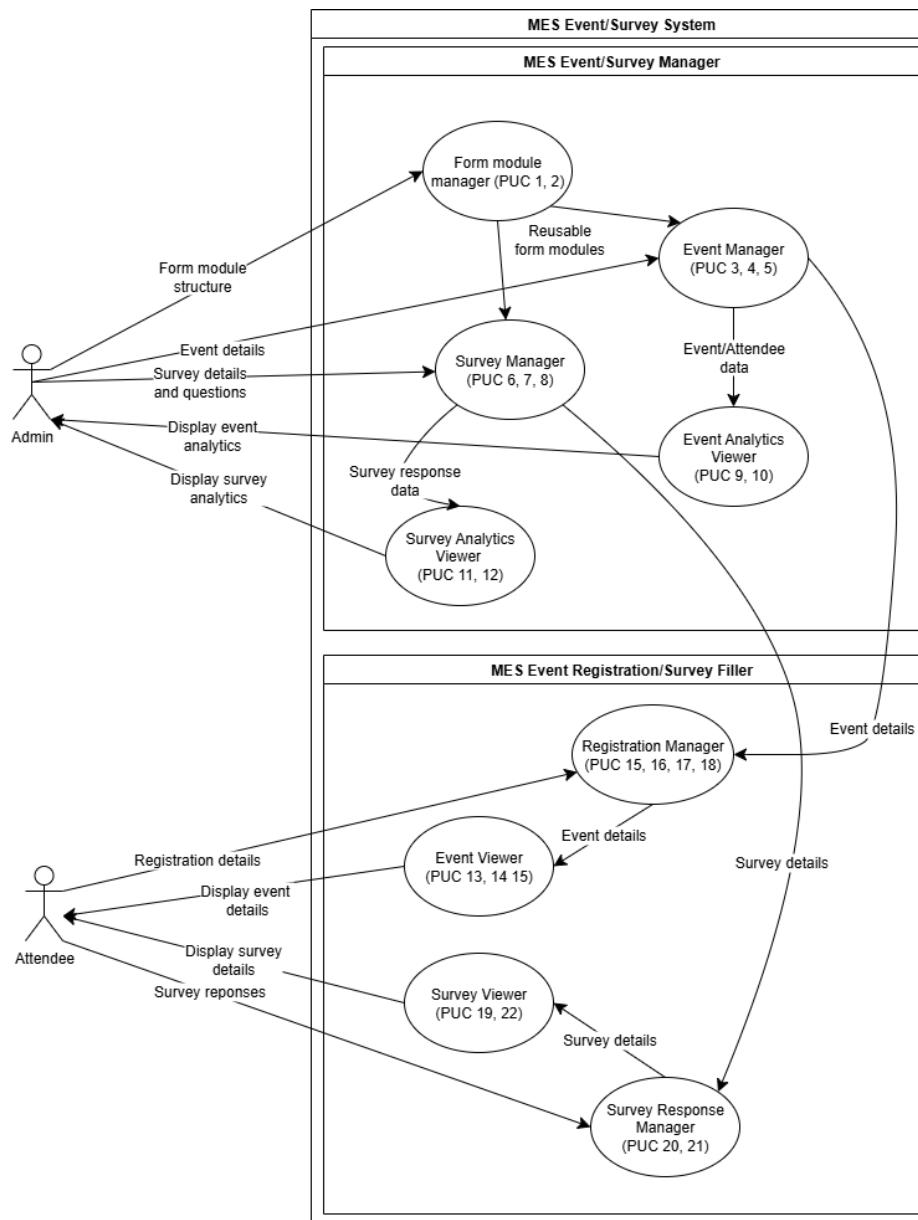


Figure 4: Product use case diagram

## 8.2 Product Use Case Table

Table 4 further defines each of the individual use cases of the system, outlining the specific inputs and outputs and related requirements.

#	Name	Actor	Input/Output	Requirements	
1	Create a custom form module	Admin	Form module name and fields (in) Reusable form module (out)	FR-1 FR-6 IG-1	FR-2 AC-1 ER-3
2	Edit an existing module	Admin	Selected form module and updated fields (in) Edited module (out)	FR-2 AC-1 MT-1	FR-6 IG-2 ER-3
3	Create an event	Admin	Event details (in) Scheduled event (out)	FR-3 FR-9 IG-1	FR-4 AC-1 LR-2
4	Edit an event	Admin	Selected event and updated details (in) Edited event (out)	FR-4 AC-2 MT-1	FR-6 IG-1 ER-3
5	Cancel an event	Admin	Selected event (in) Cancelled event (out)	FR-5 AC-1 AD-2	FR-6 IG-1 LR-2
6	Create a survey	Admin	Survey details and questions (in) Fillable survey (out)	FR-1 FR-9 IG-1	FR-2 AC-1 ER-3
7	Edit a survey	Admin	Selected survey and updated details (in) Edited survey (out)	FR-2 AC-1 MT-1	FR-6 IG-2 ER-3

8	Close a survey	<a href="#">Admin</a>	Selected survey (in) Closed survey (out)	<b>FR-6</b> <b>AC-1</b> <b>AD-2</b>	<b>FR-7</b> <b>IG-1</b> <b>LR-2</b>
9	View financial reports	<a href="#">Admin</a>	Selected event (in) Financial report (out)	<b>FR-5</b> <b>AC-2</b> <b>LR-2</b>	<b>FR-6</b> <b>AU-1</b> <b>PI-2</b>
10	View event attendee overview	<a href="#">Admin</a>	Selected event (in) Attendee data (out)	<b>FR-6</b> <b>AC-1</b> <b>ER-3</b>	<b>FR-7</b> <b>AU-1</b> <b>LR-2</b>
11	View survey response report	<a href="#">Admin</a>	Selected Survey (in) Survey response report (out)	<b>FR-6</b> <b>AC-1</b> <b>PI-2</b>	<b>FR-8</b> <b>AU-1</b> <b>ER-3</b>
12	Filter survey response data	<a href="#">Admin</a>	Filter Criterion (in) Filtered response data (out)	<b>FR-7</b> <b>ER-3</b> <b>SL-1</b>	<b>FR-8</b> <b>LR-2</b> <b>SE-1</b>
13	View upcoming events	<a href="#">Attendee</a>	View request (in) Upcoming events list (out)	<b>FR-3</b> <b>FR-9</b> <b>UR-1</b>	<b>FR-4</b> <b>ER-1</b> <b>AC-1</b>
14	View past events	<a href="#">Attendee</a>	View request (in) Past events list (out)	<b>FR-5</b> <b>ER-1</b> <b>AC-1</b>	<b>FR-6</b> <b>UR-2</b> <b>LR-2</b>
15	View registered events	<a href="#">Attendee</a>	View request (in) Registered events list (out)	<b>FR-3</b> <b>FR-9</b> <b>UR-1</b>	<b>FR-6</b> <b>ER-1</b> <b>AC-1</b>
16	Register for upcoming event	<a href="#">Attendee</a>	Selected event and registration details (in) Event admission ticket (out)	<b>FR-3</b> <b>AC-1</b> <b>SL-1</b>	<b>FR-4</b> <b>IG-1</b> <b>ER-1</b>

17	Update event registration	Attendee	Selected event and updated details (in) Update confirmation (out)	FR-3 AC-1 MT-1	FR-6 IG-1 ER-1
18	Cancel event registration	Attendee	Selected event (in) Cancellation confirmation (out)	FR-5 AC-1 AD-2	FR-6 IG-2 ER-1
19	View fillable surveys	Attendee	View request (in) List of surveys (out)	FR-1 FR-6 UR-1	FR-2 ER-1 AC-1
20	Complete a survey	Attendee	Selected survey and question responses (in) Survey completion confirmation (out)	FR-1 FR-6 SL-1	FR-2 IG-1
21	Edit a survey response	Attendee	Selected survey and edited answers (in) Survey update confirmation (out)	FR-2 1 MT-1 UR-2	FR-6 IG-1 ER-3
22	View previous survey responses	Attendee	Selected survey (in) Survey responses (out)	FR-2 ER-1 AC-1	FR-6 LR-2 UR-2

Table 4: Product use case table

### 8.3 Individual Product Use Cases (PUC's)

This section further expands on the use cases defined in Table 4 by defining specific triggers, preconditions, and outcomes of each use case.

#### PUC 1: Create a custom form module

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to create a new form module

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated

- The [admin](#) has permission to create form modules

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** A form module is created which [admins](#) can use in any event registration/survey form

**Input:** Form module name and fields

**Output:** Reusable form module

### **PUC 2: Edit an existing form module**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) selects a form module to edit

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to edit form modules
- At least one form module is available for editing

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** The selected form module is updated with the [admin](#)'s changes

**Input:** Selected form module and updated fields

**Output:** Edited form module

### **PUC 3: Create an event**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to create a new event

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to create events

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** An event is created and [attendees](#) are notified of a new upcoming event

**Input:** Event details (e.g. title, date, location, cost)

**Output:** Scheduled event

### **PUC 4: Edit an event**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to edit an event

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to edit events
- At least one upcoming event is scheduled

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** The event details are updated and [attendees](#) are notified of a change

**Input:** Selected event and edited details

**Output:** Edited event

#### **PUC 5: Cancel an event**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to cancel an event

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to cancel events
- At least one upcoming event is scheduled

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** The event is cancelled and the [attendees](#) are notified of the change

**Input:** Selected event

**Output:** Cancelled event

#### **PUC 6: Create a survey**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to create a new survey

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to create surveys

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** The survey is created and [attendees](#) are notified of a new survey

**Input:** Survey details (e.g. title, questions)



**Output:** Fillable survey

**PUC 7: Edit a survey**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to edit a survey

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to edit surveys
- At least one survey is open to responses

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** The survey is updated and [attendees](#) are notified of the change

**Input:** Survey to update and updated survey details

**Output:** Updated survey

**PUC 8: Close a survey**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to close a survey

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to close surveys
- At least one survey is open to responses

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** The survey is closed

**Input:** Selected survey

**Output:** Cancelled event

**PUC 9: View financial reports**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to view a financial report

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to view financial reports

- At least one event has been scheduled or completed

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** A financial report of the selected event is generated and displayed

**Input:** Selected event

**Output:** Financial report of the selected event

#### **PUC 10: View event attendee overview**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to view an event attendee overview

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to view attendee overviews
- At least one event has been scheduled or completed

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** An overview of registered [attendees](#) is generated and displayed

**Input:** Selected event

**Output:** Attendee overview of the selected event

#### **PUC 11: View survey response reports**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) requests to view a survey response report

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to view survey responses
- At least one survey has been released and at least one [attendee](#) has responded

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** An overview of all survey responses is generated and displayed

**Input:** Selected survey

**Output:** Response report of the survey

**PUC 12: Filter survey responses**

**Trigger:** The [admin](#) selects criterion to filter survey data by

**Preconditions:**

- The [admin](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [admin](#) has permission to view survey responses
- At least one survey has been released and at least one [attendee](#) has responded
- The [admin](#) has a survey response report open

**Actors:** [Admin](#)

**Outcome:** The survey data is filtered and the updated report is generated

**Input:** Criteria to filter by

**Output:** Filtered survey response data

**PUC 13: View Upcoming Events**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to view a list of upcoming events

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- There is at least one upcoming event

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The [attendee](#) is shown a list of all future events

**Input:** View request

**Output:** Upcoming events list

**PUC 14: View Past Events**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to view a list of past events

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- At least one event has completed

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The [attendee](#) is presented with a list of past events

**Input:** View request

**Output:** List of past events

#### **PUC 15: View Registered Events**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to see events they are registered for

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [attendee](#) is registered for at least one event that has not completed

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The system displays all events the [attendee](#) has registered for

**Input:** View request

**Output:** Registered events list

#### **PUC 16: Register for Upcoming Event**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) selects an event and submits registration details

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The selected event is open for registration

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The [attendee](#)'s registration is confirmed, and an admission ticket is issued

**Input:** Selected event and registration details

**Output:** Event admission ticket

#### **PUC 17: Update Event Registration**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to update their registration information

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated

- The [attendee](#) has registered for at least one event that has not completed

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The registration details are successfully updated

**Input:** Selected event and updated details

**Output:** Update confirmation

#### **PUC 18: Cancel Event Registration**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to cancel a registration

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [attendee](#) is registered for at least one event which has not completed

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The registration is cancelled and the system confirms the cancellation

**Input:** Selected event

**Output:** Cancellation confirmation

#### **PUC 19: View Fillable Surveys**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to view available surveys

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- At least one survey is open for responses

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The [attendee](#) sees a list of surveys they can complete

**Input:** View request

**Output:** List of surveys

#### **PUC 20: Complete a Survey**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to fill out a survey

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- At least one survey is open for responses

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The [attendee](#)'s responses are submitted and the application confirms the submission

**Input:** Selected survey and question responses

**Output:** Survey completion confirmation

### **PUC 21: Edit a Survey Response**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to edit a survey response

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [attendee](#) has completed at least one survey which is still open for responses

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The survey response is updated successfully

**Input:** Selected survey and edited answers

**Output:** Survey update confirmation

### **PUC 22: View Previous Survey Responses**

**Trigger:** The [attendee](#) requests to view their past survey responses

**Preconditions:**

- The [attendee](#) is logged in and authenticated
- The [attendee](#) has completed at least one survey

**Actors:** [Attendee](#)

**Outcome:** The system displays the [attendee](#)'s responses for the selected survey

**Input:** Selected survey

**Output:** Survey responses

## 8.4 State Diagrams

Below are formal state diagrams showing the different states of the system and the transitions between them. [fig:stateadmin]Figure 5 shows the state diagram of the [admin](#) side of the system and [fig:stateattendee]Figure 6 shows the [attendee](#) side.

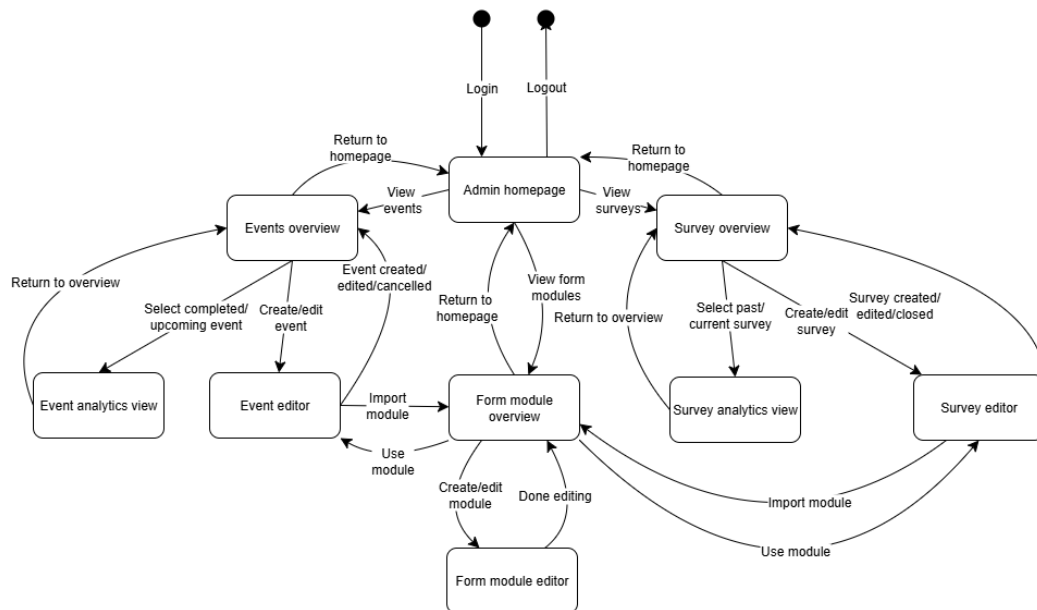


Figure 5: State diagram of the [admin](#) side of the system

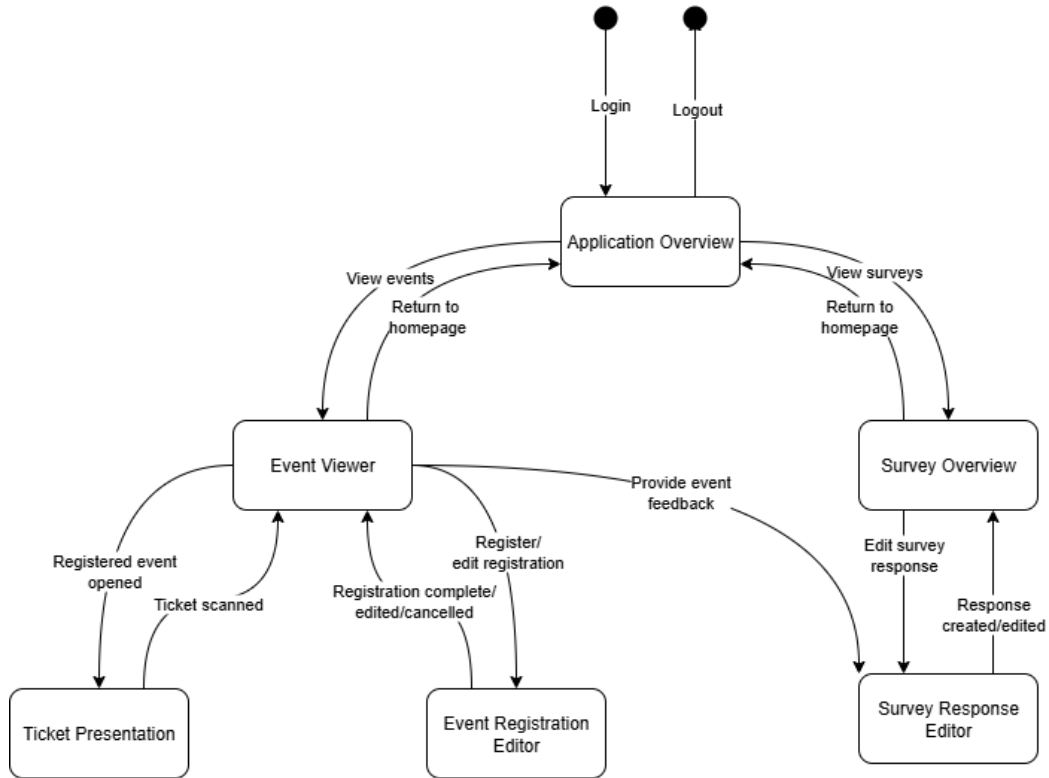


Figure 6: State diagram of the [attendee](#) side of the system

## 9 Functional Requirements

### 9.1 Functional Requirements

**FR-1:** The system shall allow [admins](#) to create forms with multiple field types.

**Motivation:** {G-1, G-5}. [MES](#) wants to be able to create forms for their surveys, especially [CFES](#) surveys, with different response option types.

**Fit Criterion:** Forms can be created with different response styles (e.g., single choice, multiple choice, numeric scales) and response data is correctly stored in databases.



**FR-2:** The system shall allow [admins](#) to organize forms for analytics, and specify how the analysis should be done.

**Motivation:** {G-1, G-3}. [MES](#) wants to use different metrics to view survey data, and wants to combine multiple forms in a singular analysis.

**Fit Criterion:** [Admins](#) can combine results from multiple forms together in one analysis query, and can compare data points as they wish.

**FR-3:** The system shall provide [attendees](#) a method to register for events and view event information.

**Motivation:** {G-2}. [Attendees](#) must have a way to register for events and view event information.

**Fit Criterion:** [Attendees](#) can fill out event registration forms and receive and view notifications about the events, and their registration is recorded in the database.

**FR-4:** The system shall generate QR codes for confirmation and check-in integration.

**Motivation:** {G-2}. [Attendees](#) should be able to provide proof of registration to have easy access to events.

**Fit Criterion:** A QR code is generated and stored in the dashboard for the [attendee](#).

**FR-5:** The system shall provide an event dashboard for [admins](#) with filters for status updates on payments, waivers, event sign-ins, etc.

**Motivation:** {G-4}. [Admins](#) must have a way to track the event and relay updates as needed.

**Fit Criterion:** The [admin](#) dashboard provides trackers for sign-ins, and provides a medium to notify [attendees](#) of any changes.

**FR-6:** The system shall store all event data in a secure, centralized database.

**Motivation:** {G-6, G-5, G-2}. Event and survey data can contain sensitive data from [attendees](#), and should only be accessed by authorized users.

**Fit Criterion:** Only relevant [admins](#) can access stored user data unrelated to their account.

**FR-7:** The system shall store all questionnaire data in a secure, centralized database.

**Motivation:** {G-1, G-3, G-6}. See [FR-6](#).

**Fit Criterion:** See [FR-6](#).

**FR-8:** The system shall allow [admins](#) to generate analytics visualizations and export CSV/Excel reports.

**Motivation:** {G-3}. [Admins](#) should have a way of viewing and exporting survey data.

**Fit Criterion:** The [admin](#) can export queried data as CSVs or Excel-compatible files, and can view metrics of their choosing in the admin dashboard after specifying which metrics to plot.

**FR-9:** The system shall provide event [attendees](#) with a medium to relay feedback for the event.

**Motivation:** {G-5}. [MES](#) wants to gather feedback from events and incorporate them in future events.

**Fit Criterion:** [Admins](#) can create feedback forms which [attendees](#) are provided during the event which they can fill out, and their responses are stored in the database and are available for [admins](#) to access during or after the event.

**FR-10:** The system shall provide [admins](#) with a medium to view all event feedback once an event has completed.

**Motivation:** {G-5, G-4, G-3}. See [FR-9](#).

**Fit Criterion:** See [FR-9](#).

**FR-11:** The system shall implement a roles-based feature access system which ensures that only relevant functionality and information is made available to the user.

**Motivation:** {G-4, G-6, G-2}. [MES](#) wants access to be restricted and ensure that only authorized personnel can view relevant information.

**Fit Criterion:** Users assigned roles can access information and features specified by those roles, and cannot see irrelevant features or information.

## 10 Look and Feel Requirements

### 10.1 Appearance Requirements

**AR-1:** The interface shall comply with [MES](#) branding criteria (logo, images, colour scheme).

**Motivation:** Ensures that the product is recognizable as an official [MES](#) event registration platform.

**Fit Criterion:** The client from [MES](#) shall act as a mediator to request appearance specifications and ensure the product complies with the current standards.

**Goals:** G-1

**AR-2:** The tool shall have a clean, minimalist layout prioritizing the functionality.

**Motivation:** Increases accessibility and user productivity, and allows for consistency across different events.

**Fit Criterion:** After use in some [MES](#) events, 70% of users shall agree it was *clean* and *professional*.

**Goals:** G-1, G-5

**AR-3:** [Admin](#) dashboard shall clearly display relevant analytics, and distinct charts.

**Motivation:** Improves organizer accessibility and readability, allowing for easier management during planning operations.

**Fit Criterion:** The client shall approve of the analytics layout.

**Goals:** G-3, G-4

### 10.2 Style Requirements

**SR-1:** The design shall be professional but approachable, accomodating all types of events.

**Motivation:** The app should have a friendly vibe for casual student use, yet maintain a sense of maturity for the more formal uses.

**Fit Criterion:** After use in some [MES](#) events, 70% of users shall agree that they trust and respect the product, and 70% shall agree

that it was not boring.

**Goals:** G-1, G-5

**SR-2:** The [admin](#) dashboard shall emphasize functionality and clarity, avoiding distractions just for the sake of aesthetics.

**Motivation:** [Admin](#) and organizers require clear data and analytics, they have no use for stylistic components.

**Fit Criterion:** A sample of event organizers and club executives approve and are able to interpret all analytics without prior explanation.

**Goals:** G-3

## 11 Usability and Humanity Requirements

### 11.1 Ease of Use Requirements

**ER-1:** Registration and feedback forms shall be intuitive and require no clarification.

**Motivation:** [Attendees](#) should have clear direction and be able to fill it out on their first attempt with no instruction or training.

**Fit Criterion:** During usability testing across the MES events, at least 80% of [attendees](#) rate the platform's *ease of use* a 4+.

**Goals:** G-2, G-5

**ER-2:** Users shall sign-up/sign-in to the app with no instruction.

**Motivation:** The registration process is the most important aspect of the platform, so the app should have a clear and simple layout.

**Fit Criterion:** A sample of users shall register/login within 2 minutes without instruction.

**Goals:** G-2

**ER-3:** [Admins](#) shall interact with dashboard, create a custom form, and visualize analytics with minimal instruction.

**Motivation:** The [admin](#) dashboard should be intuitive so that any new [admins](#) can immediately work out how to use it.

**Fit Criterion:** A sample of event organizers are able to interpret

all analytics without prior explanation.

**Goals:** G-3

## 11.2 Personalization and Internationalization Requirements

**PI-1** The custom form builder shall allow [admin](#) to create personalized forms with event-specific fields.

**Motivation:** Flexibility is essential to accommodate the diverse set of events as per the scope.

**Fit Criterion:** The forum is used for 2 events successfully without developer assistance.

**Goals:** G-1

**PI-2** [Admin](#) dashboard shall support sorting and filtering of [attendees](#) by predefined metrics.

**Motivation:** Streamlines the attendee organizing process, allowing admin to categorize attendees as per the event requirements.

**Fit Criterion:** Organizers shall filter [attendees](#) within 1 minute of use without instruction.

**Goals:** G-3, G-4

## 11.3 Learning Requirements

**LR-1:** The app shall be easy for anyone with an intermediate level of English.

**Motivation:** Users should expect intuitive, concise interactions.

**Fit Criterion:** 80% of [attendees](#) successfully complete a form with no assistance.

**Goals:** G-2, G-5

**LR-2:** [Admin](#) shall be able to build a form with the custom builder with no prior instruction.

**Motivation:** Event organizers are constantly changing, so it is important to reduce dependency on technical training.

**Fit Criterion:** 80% of organizers shall complete a basic test form on their first attempt.

**Goals:** G-1, G-3, G-4

## 11.4 Understandability and Politeness Requirements

**UR-1:** Basic, non-technical language will be used (Sign-up instead of RSVP).

**Motivation:** Increases accessibility among non-technical users, or non-fluent English speakers.

**Fit Criterion:** 80% of students understand all wording without clarification.

**Goals:** G-5

**UR-2:** The app shall communicate errors clearly and politely.

**Motivation:** Clear error messages reduce frustration and improve user experience.

**Fit Criterion:** Feedback suggests that 80% of students found the experience satisfying.

**Goals:** G-5

**UR-3:** The app shall hide sensitive and confidential information from users.

**Motivation:** Enhances security and confidence of organizations in the product.

**Fit Criterion:** Approval from MES representative.

**Goals:** G-2, G-4

**UR-4:** Progress bars and confirmations shall be used to inform users of their status.

**Motivation:** Improves user experience and reduces user abandonment.

**Fit Criterion:** 90% of students completed the form without leaving.

**Goals:** G-5

## 11.5 Accessibility Requirements

**AC-1:** The app shall conform to WCAG 2.0 AA standards as per the Accessibility for Ontarians with Disabilities Act (AODA), improving visibility for impaired users.

**Motivation:** Ensures accessibility for users with visual disabilities and impairments.

**Fit Criterion:** Approval from a sample of students with impairments, and evaluation tools.

**Goals:** G-5

## 12 Performance Requirements

### 12.1 Speed and Latency Requirements

**SL-1:** The system shall have a maximum 2-second latency for form loading, optimized for mobile devices.

**Motivation:** Allows for faster registration process and avoids user abandonment.

**Fit Criterion:** Conduct a load test on different devices to ensure it meets the threshold.

**Goals:** G-1, G-5

**SL-2:** [Attendee](#) information and backend analytics shall have a maximum 4-second latency.

**Motivation:** [Admins](#) and organizers require responsive timing to stay on track.

**Fit Criterion:** Performance test show that results load within threshold.

**Goals:** G-3, G-4

### 12.2 Safety-Critical Requirements

**SC-1:** The system shall ensure that no errors are introduced that could result in data leaks, violating privacy laws.

**Motivation:** Crucial to ensure the security of the product to build confidence in users and avoid liability to violations.

**Fit Criterion:** Conduct security tests to ensure no data leaks occur.

### 12.3 Precision or Accuracy Requirements

**PA-1:** The system shall display all backend analytics accurate to the decimal.

**Motivation:** [Admin](#) depends on accurate analytics for logisites, and organizing events. Since we are dealing with discrete data, such as

attendee count, there should be no issue having it 100% accurate.

**Fit Criterion:** Conduct performance test and compare records to displayed analytics.

**Goals:** G-3, G-4

## 12.4 Robustness or Fault-Tolerance Requirements

**FT-1:** The system shall auto-save incomplete surveys every 30 seconds.

**Motivation:** Prevents loss of progress from mistakes or connectivity issues.

**Fit Criterion:** Make new changes, wait 30 seconds, and refresh the page. The changes should still be present.

**Goals:** G-5

**FT-2:** The system shall locally queue changes and re-apply them after disconnects within 60 seconds.

**Motivation:** Maintains progress to a degree to avoid user frustration. Mobile users often lose their connection depending on location, so this is highly relevant.

**Fit Criterion:** Make changes to the form while offline, and then go back online. The changes should be saved and applied within 60 seconds.

**Goals:** G-3, G-5

**FT-3:** The system shall allow new form modules to be added without any downtime.

**Motivation:** Ensures that different organizers can add forms for their respective events without disrupting other ongoing events.

**Fit Criterion:** Add a new form module while an event is ongoing, and ensure no downtime or data loss occurs.

**Goals:** G-1

**FT-4:** The system shall allow [admins](#) to update event templates without disruption during ongoing events.

**Motivation:** Ensures that organizers can make live changes without disrupting the event.

**Fit Criterion:** Update an event template while an event is ongoing, and ensure no downtime or data loss occurs.

**Goals:** G-1



**FT-5:** The system shall display a last updated signifier for all analytics.  
**Motivation:** Ensures that organizers can trust the data they are viewing.  
**Fit Criterion:** Record time of live analytics as they are updated, then wait and go offline. Compare and make sure the last updated timestamp is accurate.  
**Goals:** G-3, G-4

## 12.5 Capacity Requirements

**CR-1:** The system shall support 2047 concurrent users during peak event times.  
**Motivation:** Ensures workflow is maintained during surges in usage.  
**Fit Criterion:** Conduct performance test with 100 concurrent users with minimal error rate and latency. See [SL-1](#), [SL-2](#).  
**Goals:** G-2, G-3, G-4

**CR-2:** The system database shall support up to 50,000 total user entries.  
**Motivation:** Large events over the scope of the year require large tables. Ensures that the product can scale with the growing number of MES events and users.  
**Fit Criterion:** Create 50,000 test rows in the database. Check that they are stored correctly and that table interactions (filter, search) exhibit latency. See [SL-1](#), [SL-2](#).  
**Goals:** G-2, G-3, G-4

## 12.6 Scalability or Extensibility Requirements

**SE-1:** The system shall support up to 2047 registrations per event.

**SE-2:** The system shall be designed to allow for new analytic modules to be added in the future.  
**Motivation:** As [MES](#) events evolve, new analytics may be required. Ensures that the product can adapt to future needs.  
**Fit Criterion:** Design the system to allow for easy integration of new modules without major refactoring.  
**Goals:** G-3, G-4

## 12.7 Longevity Requirements

**LG-1:** The system shall be maintainable to fit future changes in *React* or coding standards.

**Motivation:** Ensures the tool can be updated easily to maintain usage over time.

**Fit Criterion:** Thorough documentation, and modular coding practices.

**Goals:** All

**LG-2:** The system shall support data portability.

**Motivation:** Exporting the data and storing is elsewhere allows to maintain space for future events.

**Fit Criterion:** Successfully exporting data to CSV/Excel formats.

**Goals:** G-3, G-4

## 13 Operational and Environmental Requirements

### 13.1 Expected Physical Environment

**PE-1:** The system shall be used in conventional device conditions (connection, temperature, humidity).

**Motivation:** Clarifies the system is expected to be used in typical environmental conditions for a mobile device. If in an environment with extreme conditions where the device will not function, the system will naturally not function either.

**Fit Criterion:** The device functions normally and can use other apps.

### 13.2 Wider Environment Requirements

Not Applicable.

### 13.3 Requirements for Interfacing with Adjacent Systems

**IR-1:** The system shall work on recent releases of the most popular browsers.  
**Motivation:** Ensures that all users using a variety of devices and browsers can freely use the system.

**Fit Criterion:** Test system on two versions of each of: Chrome, Safari, Edge, Firefox.

**IR-2:** The system shall be compatible with both iOS and Android as an app.

**Motivation:** Attendees will mostly use the mobile version, so app compatibility is a crucial element.

**Fit Criterion:** Test of two versions of both an Apple and Android device.

### 13.4 Productization Requirements

**PD-1:** The system shall be distributed as a secure website accessible under the predefined link/domain.

**Motivation:** Keeps the system easily accessible at all times.

**Fit Criterion:** Test that the HTTPS link is freely accessible with a TLS certificate.

**PD-2:** The system shall be distributed as an app via popular app stores.

**Motivation:** Attendees will benefit from mobile registration, and the freedom it brings.

**Fit Criterion:** App can be installed on both iOS and Android devices.

### 13.5 Release Requirements

**RR-1:** The primary features specified in the goals and requirements must be implemented in a testable prototype by January, 2026.

**Motivation:** Ensures that the system can be tested in the 2026 MES events and improved.

**Fit Criterion:** Prototype approved by MES representative.

## 14 Maintainability and Support Requirements

### 14.1 Maintenance Requirements

**MT-1:** The system shall provide updated documentation upon every release and be accessible to all developers

**Motivation:** Allows for developers to understand the changes made on each release and will be easily be able to modify the code to fix errors or make updates.

**Fit Criterion:** Updated documentation will be included with the release of each version.

### 14.2 Supportability Requirements

**SU-1:** The system shall include a FAQ section to help clarify or answer common questions.

**Motivation:** Will allow for a better user experience as they can solve their own problems quickly and will make it easier for MES support teams.

**Fit Criterion:** Ensure a FAQ with common questions obtained from stakeholders (supervisor and MES council members) is included within the system.

### 14.3 Adaptability Requirements

**AD-1:** The system shall run as a web app accessible through Chromium, Firefox, and Safari browsers.

**Motivation:** This will allow users to use whatever browser they want and will make the application more accessible.

**Fit Criterion:** Test for compatibility of the application to ensure it runs on all specified browsers.

**AD-2:** The mobile app components will work on both IOS and Android platforms.

**Motivation:** Allows users on both mobile ecosystems to use the app making the application more accessible.

**Fit Criterion:** Test the application in both the IOS and Android Environment ensuring correct functionality of all components.

## 15 Security Requirements

### 15.1 Access Requirements

**AC-1:** The system shall require all users to authenticate using their McMaster University Email before accessing the system

**Motivation:** Ensure that only the expected users of the system are using and prevent misuse from external actors.

**Fit Criterion:** Allow only users who have authenticated with their emails to access the system. Ensure logs track who accesses the system and that they are authenticated.

**AC-2:** Admin level features and sensitive data are only available to users who are assigned admin roles.

**Motivation:** Prevents unauthorized users from viewing sensitive event and user data.

**Fit Criterion:** Perform testing to ensure that features deemed to be admin-level are only accessible to the users who are given those roles. Ensure that data is only accessible to admins

### 15.2 Integrity Requirements

**IG-1:** The system shall provide input validation for all user submitted data

**Motivation:** Ensures the safety of our application by ensuring only the required input types are entering our database. Protects us from SQL injection and data corruption in our database.

**Fit Criterion:** All inputs will include checks to ensure only the correct type is entering our database. Perform testing to ensure that all inputs have validation checks.

**IG-2:** The system shall only use HTTPS for communication between clients and servers

**Motivation:** Ensures a secure connection between our client and

server and protects against the interception or tampering of data during data transmission.

**Fit Criterion:** All requests will be done through HTTPS and if an HTTP request is done we will redirect it to HTTPS.

### 15.3 Privacy Requirements

**PV-1:** Users shall have the ability to request for the deletion of their stored personal data

**Motivation:** Increases transparency and control over their own data for users. Provides reassurances for users that their data can be removed if necessary.

**Fit Criterion:** Ensure a mechanism exists for users to delete their data. Perform testing so that the mechanism actually removes all related data from the database.

**PV-2:** The system shall only store sensitive data after obtaining the consent of the user

**Motivation:** Keeps us legally sound as we are not storing user data without first obtaining consent. Also provides users with information on what their data is actually being used for.

**Fit Criterion:** Ensure that all sections which require inputting sensitive information have consent checks where we explicitly explain what is being stored and how it may be used.

**PV-3:** All sensitive user information such as student numbers, names and emails shall be encrypted in storage using AES-256

**Motivation:** Protects user's information from unauthorized viewing and ensures that even if a breach were to occur sensitive information will not be leaked.

**Fit Criterion:** Inspect database to show that the required fields are stored encrypted and not in plaintext.

## 15.4 Audit Requirements

**AU-1:** The system shall track admin action inside an audit log

**Motivation:** Ensures traceability of admin actions and allows other admins to know who performed what.

**Fit Criterion:** 100% of actions will be in a log with tracking of user who did the action, timestamp and action committed. Testing will be done to ensure all actions are being logged and logs should be exportable for review.

## 16 Cultural Requirements

### 16.1 Cultural Requirements

**CL-1:** The system shall use Canadian English spelling.

**Motivation:** [MES](#) is an organization located in Canada.

**Fit Criterion:** All rendered text provided by the system passes a Canadian English spell-checker.

## 17 Compliance Requirements

### 17.1 Legal Requirements

**LG-1:** The system shall store and handle all sensitive personal data in compliance with PIPEDA regulations.

**Motivation:** The system will store private personal information, which must be done responsibly.

**Fit Criterion:** The system meets all PIPEDA regulation requirements.

### 17.2 Standards Compliance Requirements

**ST-1:** The system code shall conform to the *Airbnb JavaScript Style Guide* and *Airbnb React/JSX Style Guide*.

**Motivation:** Specified in Development Plan § 11.

**Fit Criterion:** The system code passes all CI/CD checks related to formatting compliance.

## 18 Open Issues

There are currently no open issues which need to be considered at this stage of the development cycle.

## 19 Off-the-Shelf Solutions

### 19.1 Ready-Made Products

There are some products that exist on the market which solve certain components of this product but no product exists that combines these components into one. For event management there are various tools such as EventBrite and Stubhub which can allow for the selling of tickets for events. The problem with these products are that they don't integrate well with current [MES Systems](#) and don't provide all the features as required such as collecting waivers and ensuring McMaster students attend university specific events. For general data collection Google Forms is the most used tool, and it allows for the creation of complex forms and stores data in spreadsheets. For further data analysis it requires effort on the part of the form creator to actually go and analyze the data to gain actual insights. Also, the forms can become hard to handle as they become complex and can become confusing for respondents. As mentioned before there is no tool that has a combination of the two components.

### 19.2 Reusable Components

There are various components that we can use to help develop our application:

- **Vite:** Provides us with a framework for developing web apps in **React** and provides built in routing behaviour. It also handles many built in libraries and packages that we can use for front-end styling such as



**tailwind-css.** We can also integrate it with other libraries for authentication and for database management

- **TanStack:** Provides us with a powerful middleware to connect backend and front-end services. Will primarily be used for routing but also offers data visualization capabilities. Offers many libraries for working with data and state management that we can leverage.
- **SurveyJS:** This is a potential tool we can use to develop the form builder as it provides us with some pre-built components we can use to develop and customize our own forms.
- **Recharts:** This could be potential charting tool we can use to develop our admin dashboard. Though there are other charting tools the benefit of Recharts is that it provides customization on top of the pre-built charts.
- **Drizzle:** We can use Drizzle as an ORM to map from our database to our web-app. Drizzle is useful since it is lightweight and is code first. Drizzle's simplicity allows for faster development and is perfect for our use case.

These components will allow us to develop our application faster and more efficiently as many of these products are already optimized. All the above products are free to use so do not incur any extra costs or require the handling of licenses.

## 19.3 Products That Can Be Copied

*There don't seem to be any products that can be copied which contain all the required components within a single product. Moreover, the [MES](#) wants a product that doesn't require an external license and wants to be fully built in house, so they have control over future development and usage.*

## 20 New Problems

### 20.1 Effects on the Current Environment

The new centralized EventHub platform will significantly change how MES events are managed, moving from manual and multi-platform workflows (e.g.

Google Forms, Sheets) to a unified digital system. This shift will not only reduce administrative burden and data fragmentation but will also introduce a learning curve for organizers accustomed to traditional tools.

## **20.2 Effects on the Installed Systems**

The project replaces current processes rather than integrating with previous systems, meaning minimal dependency conflicts. However, transitioning from existing Google-based workflows may temporarily disrupt event preparation cycles until the new system stabilizes.

## **20.3 Potential User Problems**

Users (both attendees and administrators) may initially encounter usability issues with the new form builder and event registration interfaces. While designed for ease of use, users might experience confusion with certain procedures until onboarding tutorials are introduced.

## **20.4 Limitations in the Anticipated Implementation Environment That May Inhibit the New Product**

As the platform relies on consistent internet access and backend/frontend integration across web and mobile systems, technical limitations such as weak event Wi-Fi or inconsistent device support (especially for iOS/Android check-ins) may hinder performance.

## **20.5 Follow-Up Problems**

Following initial deployment, maintenance/scalability challenges may arise, especially if the MES expands usage to other faculties. Continuous updates, bug fixes, and server resource management will be required to prevent system slowdowns.

## 21 Tasks

### 21.1 Project Planning

- **Task Assignment:** Tasks are divided based on each member’s technical strengths and defined roles. Rayyan leads the admin web UI, Virochaan handles full-stack web and DevOps, Ibrahim focuses on backend and mobile integration, Omar develops mobile UI components, and Mahdi manages backend logic and database design.
- **Collaboration:** Weekly meetings are held to review progress, plan upcoming work, and prepare for supervisor syncs. Daily communication occurs over Discord, while GitHub Issues serve as the main hub for technical updates.
- **Quality Control:** All new code must pass automated linting and testing via GitHub Actions before merging. Peer reviews on pull requests ensure consistency and prevent regressions.

### 21.2 Planning of Development Phases

Development is organized into five phases, each with clear goals and deliverables. The primary objective is to have a fully functional **Minimum Viable Product (MVP)** by the end of **December 2025**, where all four core features work at a basic level before refinement begins.

1. **Phase 1 – Requirements and Design (September–October 2025)**  
Finalize system requirements, architecture, and UI mockups for the Admin Portal and Custom Form Builder. Deliverables include the SRS, Hazard Analysis, and shared API specifications with Projects B and C.
2. **Phase 2 – Core Functionality and MVP (Mid October–December 2025)** Implement the main system features for a working MVP:
  - Basic **Custom Form Builder** for creating and saving modular forms.
  - Functional **Registration and Feedback Forms** linked to the backend.

- Simple **Attendee Overview Dashboard** showing registration data.
- Initial **Backend Analytics** for event and submission counts.

The MVP will demonstrate a complete flow—from form creation to submission and viewing results.

3. **Phase 3 – Integration and Refinement (January 2026)** Improve performance, UI/UX, and backend data handling. Begin integration testing with Projects B and C to ensure smooth database and API interaction.
4. **Phase 4 – Analytics and Dashboard Expansion (February–March 2026)** Enhance analytics and administrative tools with filtering, charts, and export options (CSV/PDF). The dashboard will evolve into a production-ready tool for MES event organizers.
5. **Phase 5 – Testing and Deployment (March–April 2026)** Conduct final testing, bug fixes, and documentation updates. Complete cross-team integration and deploy the system for real MES events such as Fireball Formal or CALE Conference. Prepare final deliverables and the Capstone Expo presentation.

## 22 Migration to the New Product

### 22.1 Requirements for Migration to the New Product

Migration to the new system will be straightforward as there is no existing framework in the first place. The MES currently uses a combination of Google Forms and other platforms to handle event registration and feedback collection. The new system will replace these manual processes with the new platform that centralizes and streamlines event management. The MES will simply transition to this system for future events, with no migration process required.

### 22.2 Data That Has to be Modified or Translated for the New System

Not Applicable.

## 23 Costs

We don't expect any costs to arise during the development of the project. We will be using free tools and libraries for development and for hosting we will look to host databases and the back-end locally. In production the hosting will be done by the [MES](#), so it is out of the scope of this Capstone.

## 24 User Documentation and Training

### 24.1 User Documentation Requirements

No separate written documentation or manuals are planned for this system. Instead, all user guidance will be built directly into the application to create a more natural and seamless learning experience. This approach ensures that both attendees and administrators can quickly understand how to use the platform without leaving the interface.

The system will include:

- **Interactive Onboarding:** Step-by-step tutorial pop-ups and tooltips that appear during first-time use to introduce users to key features such as event registration, check-in, and analytics.
- **Guided Walkthroughs:** Contextual highlights that show users where to click and how to complete common actions directly within the interface.
- **Short Visual Aids:** Optional embedded videos or animations explaining how to perform important tasks, such as creating an event or submitting a form.

These interactive elements replace the need for formal documentation and are designed to make the system self-explanatory and easy to learn. Users will be able to replay the onboarding sequence or revisit tips at any time from within the application.

### 24.2 Training Requirements

No formal training sessions or written instructions are required for this system. The design prioritizes simplicity, discoverability, and self-learning through interactive guidance.

- **End Users (Attendees):** Will learn the system through in-app pop-ups and short guided tutorials shown during their first login. These tutorials will walk users through tasks such as signing up for an event, filling out a form, or checking in.
- **Administrators and Event Organizers:** Will be guided through core management workflows using the same interactive approach, supported by optional short videos or animations that explain advanced features such as creating forms or viewing analytics.

Overall, training and documentation will be fully integrated into the user experience. The application itself will serve as the guide, helping users learn by doing rather than reading external instructions.

## 25 Waiting Room

This section outlines extra features to consider that may or be not be implemented depending on time constraints.

**WR-1:** The entire system shall be redistributable, customizable, and deployable for use by any organization.

**Motivation:** The system being built for the [MES](#) can be expanded into a Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) for any organization looking for a centralized event or survey management system.

**Fit Criterion:** At least two isolated copies of the system should be able to run simultaneously without any connections or interference between systems.

**WR-2:** All forms of branding in the system shall be substitutable for a different branding through an easily accessible interface.

**Motivation:** If the system shall be expanded for use by any organization, the organization should be able to customize all branding of the system without requiring changes to the source code.

**Fit Criterion:** All [MES](#) branding should be removable and replaceable with separate branding throughout the [admin](#) and [attendee](#) systems without making any edits to source code.

**WR-3:** The system shall allow for live polling of all [attendees](#) registered for a given event.

**Motivation:** Allowing for live polling of [attendees](#) during an event can increase [attendee](#) engagement and further integrate the [MES](#)'s suite of required tools into the centralized system

**Fit Criterion:** The feature shall be tested during an event with at least 10 registered [attendees](#). All registered [attendees](#) should receive the poll, submit a reponse, and an [admin](#) shall be able to view all reponses within 5 minutes.

**WR-4:** The system shall provide the [admin](#) with a report of recommendations to improve survey reponse rates and event turnout.

**Motivation:** Improving event turnout and survey reponse rates is one of the main goals of the [MES](#) for the proposed system. Adding intelligent recommendations based on previous survey and event data to improve this will increase the satisfaction of associated stakeholders.

**Fit Criterion:** Upon creation of an event or survey, the system should inform the [admin](#) of at least one parameter that can be changed to improve event turnout or response rates.

**WR-5:** The system shall provide the [admin](#) with a reasonable prediction of the turnout of any given event.

**Motivation:** Predicting the turnout of an event can better prepare the [MES](#) for event planning, finance management, and resource allocation.

**Fit Criterion:** Upon creation of an event, the system should inform the [admin](#) of the predicted turnout of the event that is within 20% of the actual turnout.

## 26 Ideas for Solution

Our primary Idea for the solution is the creation of both a Web and Mobile application. This was dictated upon us as they were mandated by our client since he wanted the solution to be in this form.

## Appendix — Reflection

The purpose of reflection questions is to give you a chance to assess your own learning and that of your group as a whole, and to find ways to improve in the future. Reflection is an important part of the learning process. Reflection is also an essential component of a successful software development process.

Reflections are most interesting and useful when they're honest, even if the stories they tell are imperfect. You will be marked based on your depth of thought and analysis, and not based on the content of the reflections themselves. Thus, for full marks we encourage you to answer openly and honestly and to avoid simply writing "what you think the evaluator wants to hear."

Please answer the following questions. Some questions can be answered on the team level, but where appropriate, each team member should write their own response:

### Group Reflection

1. **How many of your requirements were inspired by speaking to your client(s) or their proxies (e.g. your peers, stakeholders, potential users)?** Most of our functional requirements were obtained directly through conversations with our supervisor (Luke) or through documentation provided by him. This provided us with a good starting point on what his vision of the system would look like and from there we built upon and added requirements based on what we thought the system needed. Luke also provided us with clarity for some of the NFRs that we didn't know the exact specifications for by providing us with what current MES systems were doing and how we could improve upon them with this system.
2. **Which of the courses you have taken, or are currently taking, will help your team to be successful with your capstone project.**
  - SFWRENG 4HC3: This course will help us design the frontend components and create a platform which will provide a positive user experience.
  - SFWRENG 3DB3: Help us design effective database schema and queries.



- SFWRENG 3A04: This will help us design our architecture for the system. Also gave us experience working with git control and designing sytem with diagrams.
- SFWRENG 2AA4: Designing full scale software and using github project management.
- ENG 3PX3 + 2PX3: This course gave us some basic project and team management skills as we had to work on semester long projects similar to what is being done in this course.
- SFWRENG 3RA3: Gave us help writing this document and will help us refine and update our requirements in the future.
- SFWRENG 3S03: Develop test cases to ensure that our code is working as intended and to allow for CI since we can ensure subsequent changes don't break the whole system.

3. **What knowledge and skills will the team collectively need to acquire to successfully complete this capstone project? Examples of possible knowledge to acquire include domain specific knowledge from the domain of your application, or software engineering knowledge, mechatronics knowledge or computer science knowledge. Skills may be related to technology, or writing, or presentation, or team management, etc. You should look to identify at least one item for each team member.**

- (a) Full-Stack Web Development: Some skills in this category that will be needed to be learned include requiring the development of front-end and UI. We also need to to develop apis with the restful architecture to connect back-end with our front-end framework. As seen in our document our tech stack includes Vite, React and TanStack Router. These are new technologies to use which we will have to learn.
- (b) Software QA and Testing: Using CI/CD to ensure that our code meets the standards that we set and doesn't break when pushing to production. Develop Test Cases to ensure that all code is working as intended and with CI ensure that it automatically is run on each iteration we push to the repository.

- (c) Frontend + UI Design: We need to design good user interfaces to ensure that our application will be intuitive to use and will provide users with a positive experience,
- (d) Database Management and Design + Data analytics: Create database schema and sql queries to generate and visualize basic data analytics and dashboards.
- (e) Software Architecture and Design: Develop an architecture that allows for expandability past the term of our project. We need to acquire skills on different software designs which will allow for better scalability in the future.

4. **For each of the knowledge areas and skills identified in the previous question, what are at least two approaches to acquiring the knowledge or mastering the skill? Of the identified approaches, which will each team member pursue, and why did they make this choice?**

- (a) To acquire this skill we can look to look at the documentation for the technologies. Vite and TanStack have well written documentation on how the framework works as well as how to integrate these frameworks with other technologies we will use in the project. There are also many tutorials and example full-stack projects found on github and accross the internet. Looking at these projects we could gain to understand how to properly implement these technologies and best practices for coding with these frameworks.

**Virochaan** and **Omar** will be looking to improve their skills and knowledge of this domain. Virochaan has past experience working in full-stack development in his co-op so he will be looking to build upon that by using the approaches mentioned above. Omar also has some Full-Stack experience from his co-op and has worked on personal projects in this field. He will be looking to transfer the skills he has learnt and use them with these new technologies.

- (b) To acquire this knowledge we can look back on past courses we did and utilize the testing techniques and methods used in those

courses. We can also practice by conducting group peer review sessions of our code and implementing test cases on previous projects and assignments we may have done.

**Rayyan** and **Mohammad** will be looking to improve their skills and knowledge in this domain. Both Rayyan and Mohammad have skills in this area through past co-op experiences and excelled in the testing course in 3rd year. Mohammad is looking to improve his skills in this category as he believes that this is a useful skill to have for his future career and something he wants to master.

- (c) To acquire these skills we can review front-end design principles from our Human-Computer Interaction course and research UI/UX design guidelines. We can also use design tools such as *Figma* to create low-fidelity and high-fidelity mockups of our interfaces before implementing them in code.

**Virochaan** and **Ibrahim** will be looking to improve their skills and knowledge in this domain. Virochaan is interested in improving his skills in this area because he feels that he is weak in this field and finds that having these skills will make him more well-rounded developer. Ibrahim is interested in both full-stack and front-end design and finds that this could be a good experience to gain more exposure in this area.

- (d) We can use the PostgreSQL documentation and online tutorials to deepen our understanding of how to properly utilize this technology. We can also watch videos on general relational database management as well as effective indexing and querying to make our databases as efficient as possible.

**Rayyan** and **Ibrahim** will be looking to improve their skills and knowledge in this domain. Rayyan has experience working on this field in his co-op and found it to be a fulfilling experience. He wants to build upon that foundation and gain more skills working on databases to make him a better back-end developer. Ibrahim performed well in the databases course in 3rd year and believes that

this could be a good way to build upon that. He always wanted to work on the back-end and database for this project and believes that gaining skills in this area will make him more prepared to accomplish this.

- (e) To acquire this skill we can study various architectural patterns such as Model-View-Controller (MVC) and Layered Architecture, which are suitable for scalable web systems. We will review course materials from SFWRENG 3A04 and examine open-source project repositories to understand how modular designs are structured. We can also use diagramming tools to model the architecture of our own system before implementation to familiarize ourselves with them.

**Omar** and **Mohammad** will be looking to improve their skills and knowledge in this domain. Omar wishes to pursue this since he wishes to build upon skills he learned in 3A04. In his co-op he had experience working with the MVC architecture and is looking to develop his skills in this area to learn about more patterns. Mohammad also had experience working various architecture types at his co-op. He is looking to put to practice what he learned there in this project while building upon his skillset.

### **Virochaan Ravichandran Gowri Reflection**

#### **1. What went well while writing this deliverable?**

During the writing of this deliverable we all had a clear understanding of the goals of this project and the general plan which we did in the past deliverable. From this through conversations with our supervisors we were easily able to obtain requirements that were relevant to our project. The best part was the communication between the members of our team and with the supervisor. This allowed us to finish the deliverable well as we were all on the same page on what needed to be accomplished.

#### **2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?**

We needed to make sure that we remained flexible in our requirements if we had to make changes in the future. This was especially crucial because we knew that there could be a chance that there could be additional requirements or changes based on what the client wanted. Also the client wanted a certain stack so we didn't really have flexibility regarding that so it was some new technologies that we need to become accustomed with. Due to this we needed to ensure that our requirements that we created fit within these constraints but had enough scope to change and allow us to create a novel solution to the problem.

### **Omar Al-Asfar Reflection**

#### **1. What went well while writing this deliverable?**

Establishing the traceability of the project requirements went well during this deliverable. After discussing with the TA the importance of tracing requirements and other elements back to the initial problem statement and goals, we were able to effectively link each requirement to a relevant goal. I was worried at first that there would be discrepancies that required modifications to the first deliverable as well, but we managed to find reasonable traces for most requirements. This helped in staying on track by aligning requirements to the overall objective of the project.

#### **2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?**

Actually writing out the requirements was a challenging point at first. I found it difficult to determine the correct level of detail ideal for each requirement. Some elements needed to be broken down into multiple requirements to ensure clarity, while others needed to be consolidated to avoid redundancy. Defining fit criteria for certain requirements also proved difficult, as we needed clear methods of evaluating success while ensuring that they were still realistic and achievable. Referring back to the problem statement and goals frequently helped greatly with mitigating these pain points.

### **Mohammad Mahdi Mahboob Reflection**

#### **1. What went well while writing this deliverable?**

The projects constraints section write-up went smoothly. Due to previ-

ous meetings with the client as well as documentation outlined in previous deliverables, much of the constraints were readily available and thereby easily articulable. Most constraints regarding the environment of the solution as well as specific requests were well-documented in our communications with the client; their technical aptitude was greatly appreciated since they were able to provide us with a clear technology and development roadmap to facilitate collaboration across Capstone groups for the integrated application.

**2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?**

Some pain points I encountered during this deliverable were encountered when articulating the requirements. It was difficult to gauge what an appropriate level of granularity would be for some of the requirements, as well as decide whether requirements for some subsections were necessary. Defining fit criteria was also difficult at times, especially for requirements which related to the internal behaviour of the system, such as FR-11. In order to resolve these discrepancies, I consulted my teammates and brought forth these concerns during supervisor meetings to clarify details, as well as explicitly ascertain the relevance of different requirement categories, such as compliance. I would like to commend my teammates in this regard, as well as thank our supervisor for their time and expertise.

**Rayyan Suhail Reflection:**

**1. What went well while writing this deliverable?**

I worked on the Purpose, Relevant Facts and Assumptions, New Problems, Tasks, Migration, and User Documentation sections. What went well was how everything started connecting once we finalized our project direction. Writing the User Documentation section was interesting since we focused on in-app guidance instead of long manuals. The planning sections also came together nicely after a few team discussions, and overall, our communication made the process much smoother.

**2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?**

The main challenge was keeping the document consistent and not too repetitive across similar sections. Some template areas, like Migration

and New Problems, were tricky to adapt to our system at first. I resolved this by reviewing past SRS examples and working closely with my teammates to make sure our sections aligned and stayed concise.

### **Ibrahim Quraishi Reflection:**

**1. What went well while writing this deliverable?**

While working on the deliverable we were able to coordinate well between members working on separate sections of the document. We found that despite everyone working mostly individually, we were all generally on the same page in terms of goals, requirements, and use cases and were easily able to link them together into one cohesive document.

**2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?**

Since our system contains an admin component and a user component, it was very difficult to figure out how to create diagrams for the system as a whole, since there are so many interconnected parts and a large difference between the system viewed from the two perspectives. We would often try to fit everything into one big diagram which would end up looking very cluttered. After gathering advice from the TA, we resolved this issue by splitting the system into two separate components and either creating separate diagrams for both, or two sub-diagrams within a larger diagram. This helped to clarify the distinction between the two perspectives and make clear the relationship between them.