DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING



VIRTUAL SMART STRUCTURES AND DYNAMICS LAB

EXPERIMENT 5 (SIMULATION)

Piezoelectric Energy Harvesting and Structural Health Monitoring using Thin Surface Bonded PZT Patches

OBJECTIVE

This simulation based experiment is designed to teach the concept of piezoelectric energy harvesting through a combination of animation and the analytical model developed by Kaur and Bhalla (2014, 2015). The basic idea is to harvest vibration energy using thin surface bonded PZT patches embedded on a bridge and to use that energy for structural health monitoring (SHM).

OVERVIEW

This simulation experiment is based on the basic analytical model and experimental study involving surface bonded PZT patches operating in the d_{31} -mode for energy harvesting covered in the doctoral thesis of Dr. Naveet Kaur (http://web.iitd.ac.in/~sbhalla/thesispdf/naveet.pdf). The d_{31} -mode is explored for the possibility of energy harvesting from the PZT patch owing to its well established suitability for SHM, by means of either the global vibration or the local EMI technique. The principle of integrated SHM and energy harvesting is illustrated in below.

The structure is assumed to be operating in two states, idle state and SHM state. During the *idle state* (when SHM is not being performed), the PZT patches will harvest the energy and store it in an appropriate storage device, such as a battery or a capacitor. In the SHM state, the same stored energy will be utilized for the SHM of the host structure by the same PZT patch, either in the global mode (standard vibration techniques) or the local mode (EMI technique) or both. It is assumed that the total duration of the SHM state will be very small as compared to the idle state. In this experiment, the voltage and the power generated by a PZT patch surface bonded in the d_{31} -mode on a bridge beam are measured experimentally.

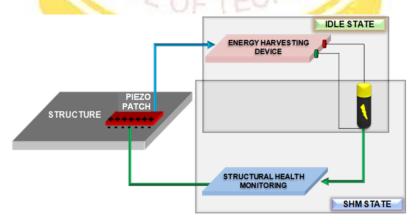


Figure 1: Principle of integrated SHM and energy harvesting

© Dr. Suresh Bhalla, Department of Civil Engineering, IIT Delhi and Dr. Naveet Kaur, CSIR-Central Road Research Institute (CRRI)

PROCEDURE

This simulation experiment covers three setups: Class A train of vehicles, Class B train of vehicles and Class AA (tracked and Wheeled) train of vehicles (Class 70 R). A bridge is considered on which 4 sets of PZT patches are embedded. Each set contains 12 PZT patches. So overall, the bridge contains 48 sensors. The bridge has four spans. Initially in energy harvesting stage/idle state, each set of sensors are connected to the battery through wires. The user can change choose the vehicle class (A or B or AA) to pass over the bridge. As the truck moves, the vibrations generated induce generation of voltage across PZT patch. The generated energy is stored inside a battery. In SHM state, SHM device (AD5933) is attached to the damaged span and the fully charged battery. The energy stored inside the battery is used for SHM of each damaged span.

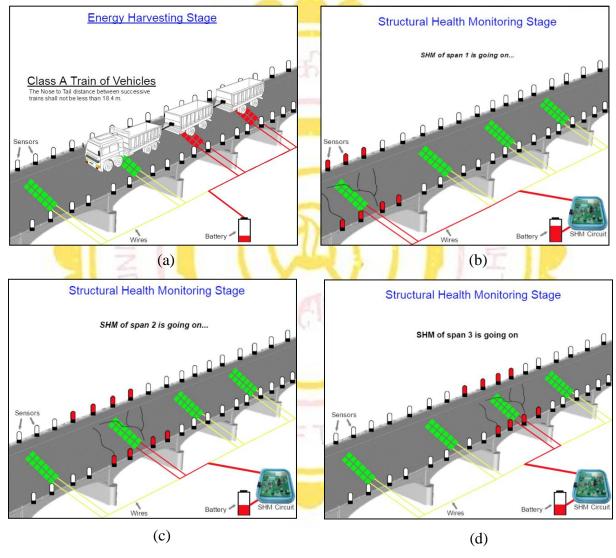


Figure 2 (a) Energy harvesting stage for Class A train of vehicles (b) SHM of damaged span 1 (c) SHM of damaged span 2 (d) SHM of damaged span 3

By clicking the appropriate links, the user can download the signatures corresponding to the baseline and damaged states. To statistically quantify damage, compute root mean square deviation (RMSD) in conductance by following equation directly in MS excel:

$$RMSD(\%) = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (G_i^1 - G_i^0)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (G_i^0)^2}} \times 100$$
(1)

Where

 G_i^0 = Baseline conductance value at i^{th} frequency.

 G_i^1 = Conductance value after damage at i^{th} frequency.

n = No. of frequency data points

As an exercise plot a histogram of RMSD for the various damaged states. Note your observations and draw conclusions.

REFERENCES

- 1. Kaur, N. and Bhalla, S. (2014), "Feasibility of Energy Harvesting from Thin Piezo Patches via Axial Strain (d₃₁) Actuation Mode", Journal of Civil Structural Health Monitoring, Vol. 4, No. 1 (Feb), pp. 1-15, DOI: 10.1007/s13349-013-0048-1.
- 2. Kaur, N. and Bhalla, S. (2015), "Combined Energy Harvesting and Structural Health Monitoring Potential of Embedded Piezo-Concrete Vibration Sensors", Journal of Energy Engineering, ASCE, Vol. 141, No 4 (Dec), pp. D4014001 (1-18)..
- 3. Literature on piezoelectric sensors: http://ssdl.iitd.ac.in/vssdl/piezo.pdf.
- 4. Link to the thesis of Dr. Naveet Kaur: http://web.iitd.ac.in/~sbhalla/thesispdf/naveet.pdf.