Date / time of exam:	Infant's age in h	ours at time of exan	n: Day of Life:	Ethnicity: _	
Gestational age:	Gender: ☐ male	☐ female ☐ ambigu	uous (undetermined)		
Weight (gms) %tile	Length (cm)	%tile	Head circumference (cn	n) %tile	_ Ponderal Index %tile:
Assessment of size: \square AGA \square LGA \square	SGA If SGA: ☐ syr	nmetrical 🗌 asymme	etrical (describe if asymmetrical; includ	de potential causes)	
The following Information was obtained			ord \square infant's mother \square infan	it's father \Box other	
MATERNAL HISTORY					
Age Gravida Para					
*Describe: spontaneous AB(s) at what week(s) and y					
Year of birth for each pregnancy. If living,	current health stati	us. If died, age at dea	th and cause if known:		
Last menstrual period (LMP)	EDC (by a	dates/ultrasound / describe	·):		
Week of gestation prenatal care begun: _					
Pre-pregnancy weight	·				
Weight gain Maternal k	olood type	Antibody screen	Indirect coombs		Rhogam? (when)
RPR Rubella Hepatitis E					
Amniocentesis (include findings)		Ultrasou	und (wk(s) of gestation / findings)		
MEDICATIONS and vitamins. List all me	dications taken du	ring pregnancy and	reason when applicable		
☐ Prenatal vitamins ☐ Antibiotics (wk gest		J. J.	• • •		
Other including over-the-counter and h	•				
☐ Alcohol use during pregnancy (wks gesta					
Substances of abuse (provide detail; treated					
Steroids (no. of doses & time PTD):					
PREVIOUS AND CURRENT HEALTH	STATUS				
Maternal chronic illness(es) No Y					
Family medical history:					
Previous pregnancy health and complic		uncomplicated Co	omplicated by		
Current pregnancy ☐ Healthy, uncompl	icated Pregnanc	cy-related complication	ons (weeks gestation when hospitalized	d, complications):	
Accident(s) during pregnancy (describe in	juries; week of gestation) 🗌 None 🗌 Fall		Car _	
☐ Other	Domestic abuse pre	evious or during preg	nancy		
Any other pertinent information					

LABOR AND DELIVERY HISTORY

Onset of labor (date/time):	Labor augmented \square No \square Yes (reason)			
Rupture of membranes \square Before onset of labor \square After onset of labor \square SRC	OM (date/time)	AROM (date/time)		
Duration ROM (minutes/hours prior to delivery)				
Amniotic Fluid \square Clear \square Bloody \square Meconium \square Foul smelling \square Other: $_$				
Volume of Amniotic fluid \square Normal \square Oligohydramnios \square Polyhydramnios	s			
☐ Maximum temperature during labor (° C)				
Fetal monitoring □ External □ Scalp electrode □ Both FHR pattern □ Nor	rmal 🗌 Abnorr	nal (describe)		
☐ Medications during labor (not already described)				
Anesthesia during labor \square None \square Epidural \square Spinal \square General				
Delivery □ Vaginal □ Vaginal following cesarean (V-back) □ Cesarean (reason)				
☐ Vacuum assist Number of applications Number of	pop-offs			
\Box Forceps assist \Box Delivery complications (describe any sequential use of vacuum and for	orceps)			
Cord gases (time): Arterial:	Venous:			
APGAR SCORES (include deductions in score as -1 resp, -1 tone, etc.)				
1 min				
5 min	10 min _			
15 min	20 min _			
RESUSCITATION (check all that apply)				
\square Drying \square Suctioning mouth/throat \square Blow by O_2 \square Mask O_3	CPAP	$_$ \square PPV with mask \square PPV with T-piece \square Endotracheal intubation		
☐ Suctioned below cords ☐ PPV with ET tube ☐ Chest compressions (duration)_		UVC (TIP location in cm):		
☐ Medications (dose/route): Other				

INFANT EXAM

General observation (at time of your exam) ☐ In warmer ☐ In incubator ☐ In crib Infant state: ☐ Sleeping ☐ Awake ☐ Comfortable ☐ Crying
Sedatives and/or pain meds given within the previous 4 hours of exam: (include type and dose):
HEAD: By visual inspection, palpation Necessary tools: ophthalmoscope, otoscope, stethoscope, transilluminator, tongue blade
Skull
□ normocephalic □ microcephalic □ macrocephalic □ hydrocephalic □ anencephalic □ Transillumination skull □ negative □ positive
Shape and appearance of skull (describe any abnormalities)
□ molding □ caput □ cephalohematoma (R/L, bilat) □ subgaleal hemorrhage (fluid wave?)
injury (vacuum mark, forceps mark, laceration, scalp electrode, bruising etc.)
□ vacuum mark: Distance leading edge of mark to anterior fontanel (cm): Is cup mark centered more than 1 cm lateral to sagittal suture? □ No □ Yes (in cm)
□ craniotabes □ cutis aplasia (location): □ encephalocele (location, open, closed, size): □ no abnormalities found
Sutures
□ normal mobility □ approximated □ separated (mm) □ overriding □ no abnormalities found
Craniosynostosis: Scaphocephaly (sagittal suture) plagiocephaly (unilateral coronal) brachycephaly (bilateral coronal/flat back of head secondary to coronal suture synostosis)
☐ trigoncephaly (metopic)
Positional skull deformity (no craniosynostosis present) \square plagiocephaly (flat back, top, or side of head) \square dolichocephaly (increased AP diameter / shorter bi-temporal diameter)
Fontanels
Anterior (measure diagonally "x cm by x cm") soft flat sunken full tense
Posterior \square size fingertip or smaller \square size larger than fingertip \square third fontanel present
Auscultate skull, temporal area, fontanel: \square no bruit \square bruit present
Hair
\square normal pattern \square normal quantity \square color uniform \square abnormal pattern \square single whorl that is located to right or left of midline and within 2 cm anterior to
posterior fontanel $\square > 2$ whorls \square Abnormally placed or absent whorl: \square hirsutism (hair well down the forehead; increased amount; evaluate ethnicity) \square fused eyebrows
□ abnormally long lashes □ low posterior hairline □ bald patches □ color non-uniform / patchy □ white forelock
abnormal texture (brittle or kinky / note location – scalp, eyebrows, eyelashes):
Eyes
Outer canthal distance (cm) Inner canthal distance (cm) Palpebral fissure length (cm)
Note: if hypo or hypertelorism or microphthalmia checked below, investigate norms for this gestational age infant:
equal size unequal size epicanthal folds hypotelorism hypertelorism microphthalmia
\square upward palpebral slant \square downward palpebral slant \square fused eyelids \square ptosis \square proptosis (exophthalmos/bulging eyes) \square nystagmus
□ sunset eyes □ strabismus □ bruising □ edema □ coloboma lid □ coloboma iris □ discharge (color, amount, location)
Sclera: ☐ white ☐ clear, no hemorrhage ☐ jaundiced ☐ deep blue ☐ conjunctival/subconjunctival hemorrhage
Pupils: □ dilated □ constricted □ equal size □ unequal size □ reactive to light □ unequal reaction to light
red reflex seen leukocoria (white pupil) opacity of lens or cornea cataract – location:
☐ Brushfield spots ☐ other

Face
☐ flat facial profile ☐ broad ☐ narrow ☐ wide forehead ☐ narrow forehead ☐ frontal bossing ☐ asymmetrical face ☐ Potter facies ☐ normal appearance of face
Mouth
🗆 excessive oral secretions 🗆 pink mucous membranes 🗀 cyanotic mucous membranes 🗀 circumoral cyanosis 🗀 microstomia 🗀 macrostomia
□ long philtrum □ smooth philtrum □ thin upper lip □ mouth (not lip) cleft □ cleft lip unilateral □ cleft lip bilateral □ soft cleft palate □ hard cleft palate
\square high arched palate \square oral thrush \square epstein pearls
palpable or visual masses in mouth (appearance, location) sublingual mucous cysts (describe):
□ bifud uvula □ neonatal teeth (location) □ short frenulum □ tongue fasciculation □ macroglossia
normal appearance of mouth, lips, palate, philtrum, tongue
Chin
☐ micrognathia ☐ normal appearance and size Other:
Facial Reflexes and Cry
☐ global facial paralysis ☐ unilateral facial paralysis ☐ root absent ☐ root present ☐ gag absent ☐ gag present ☐ cannot assess gag
□ poor / weak suck □ good suck □ unable to assess suck □ intubated, unable to assess cry □ high pitched cry □ hoarse cry □ stridor when crying
☐ cat-like ☐ strong cry, normal tone, symmetric facial movement
Ears
□ canals patent □ absent ear (R, L) □ low set □ posteriorly rotated □ abnormal shape (describe)
□ tag(s) (R, L) □ pit(s) □ preauricular sinus □ increased amount of ear hair
□ normal appearance of ears □ hearing: startles, cries or alerts to sounds □ unable to determine hearing status
Nose
\square nasal flaring \square patent bilaterally \square not patent (R, L) \square midline \square deviated \square runny / drainage
☐ flat nasal bridge ☐ broad nasal bridge ☐ abnormally pointed or beak-shaped ☐ abnormally broad nose ☐ abnormal shape / absent
NECK
masses cystic hygroma goiter webbing redundant skin at base of neck short neck
☐ limited range of motion ☐ torticollis ☐ normal appearance and mobility ☐ other
CHEST / LUNGS / HEART
Clavicles: ☐ intact ☐ fractured (R, L) ☐ crepitus ☐ swelling ☐ tender ☐ cleidocranial dysostosis (complete or partial absence of the clavicles)
Chest shape: □ bell-shaped □ AP diameter (barrel) □ pectus excavatum □ pectus carinatum □ short rib cage □ asymmetric □ normal appearance
Nipples: ☐ wide spaced ☐ secretion (R, L both) ☐ mastitis (R, L) ☐ supernumerary ☐ gynecomastia ☐ normal appearance/location
Respiratory status: rate shallow labored retractions (location, severity hiccups seesaw
□ breath sounds (grunting, wheezing, crackles, decreased, discrepancy R/L side, bowel sounds, etc.)
\square easy effort \square normal rate \square clear breath sounds bilaterally with good air entry \square no apparent respiratory distress
Heart: ☐ tachycardia (sustained HR > 180 bpm) ☐ arrhythmia (describe)
☐ quiet precordium ☐ hyperactive precordium ☐ PMI location: ☐ describe heart sounds (normal S1 and S2, splitting of S2,
loud second heart sound, click, gallop, irregular beat): Murmur (grade, locations, quality, timing, thrill):

PULSES / PERFUSION / COLOR \square strength brachial \square strength femoral \square equal upper and lower \square R = L arm \square R > L arm \square L > R arm \square upper > lower pedal palpable palmar pulses palpable acap. refill time (upper chest) _____ acap. refill time (over knee) ____ mottling color discrepancy upper to lower ____ O₂ sat (record location & sat. Do not measure all areas unless monitors are already on) Pre and post ductal saturation monitoring in progress \square No \square Yes □ right hand % _____ □ left hand % _____ □ foot % ____ □ discrepancy upper to lower (describe findings): _____ Color acrocyanosis circumoral cyanosis central cyanosis pale pink plethoric other **ABDOMEN** soft nontender active (normal) bowel sounds tender decreased or absent bowel sounds deferred exam because of tenderness, prematurity, or recent abdominal surgery (check all that apply based on visual inspection) \square full \square tense \square scaphoid \square visible bowel loops erythema/cellulitis of abdominal wall omphalitis cord (moist, drying, dry, detached, drainage) # umbilical arteries _____ umbilical hernia omphalocele gastroschisis (bowel visible? in bag? wrapped? If wrapped, describe dressing) _____ decreased tone (prune belly) 🗌 ostomy (describe location, bag or dressed, mucous fistula): ______ exstrophy of bladder Other: Liver: \square right side \square left side \square midline Liver size (below RCM): \square palpable spleen **Kidneys:** \square deferred because of tender abdomen or preterm < 32 weeks \square normal size R and L \square unable to palpate either \square kidney(s) enlarged: SKIN ☐ jaundice (location) ☐ erythema toxicum ☐ milia ☐ diaper rash ☐ cutis marmorata □ harlequin color □ sebaceous gland hyperplasia □ miliaria (types: crystallina, rubra, pustulosa, profunda) _____ sebaceous nevus (size, location) _____ strawberry hemangioma (size, location) ____ □ cavernous hemangioma □ mongolian spots □ neonatal pustular melanosis □ pigmented nevi □ café au lait patches (no., location) tuberous sclerosis (hypo-pigmented white macules; no.) petechiae (location) sucking blisters (location) subcutaneous fat necrosis nevus simplex (stork bite) nevus flammeus (port wine nevus) _____ pustules staph scaled skin syndrome **GENITALIA / ANUS** ☐ male ☐ female ☐ ambiguous ☐ no abnormalities noted Inquinal hernia present \square Yes \square No Able to reduce hernia \square Yes \square No \square Not attempted (reason) □ hydrocele □ testicular torsion □ location of testes (cryptorchidism, descending, undescended):_____ □ normally placed anus □ anteriorly placed anus □ imperforate anus Appearance of bottom: _____ □ evidence of fistula: _____ Penis □ circumcised (yes, no) □ hypospadius □ epispadius □ micropenis □ chordee □ priapism Female genitalia □ pseudomenses □ clitoromegaly □ hydrometrocolpos □ other: _____

BONES / EXTREMITIES										
\square good muscle tone for age \square equal movement of legs \square equal movement of arms \square	normal ROM upper/lov	ver 🗌 limited R	OM							
\Box breech positioning Perform Ortolani and Barlow maneuvers: \Box hip dislocation R \Box	hip dislocation L \square no	hip dislocation [other							
\square evidence of muscle wasting \square poor muscle tone for age \square short limbs \square constriction	ve bands \square length defor	mity \square achond	roplasia 🗌 cauda	l regression						
syndrome \square evidence of brachial plexus palsy	contractures									
evidence of fracture(s)										
Hands/Arms										
□ normal appearance of hands and arms □ radial dysplasia □ simian crease □ short fingers □ incurved little finger □ low-set thumb □ accessory digit										
syndactyly polydactyly hypoplastic nails long tapered fingers index finger overlapping third finger lymphedema										
Feet/Legs										
□ talipes equinovarus □ equinovalgus	🗆 accessory digit									
syndactyly polydactyly polydactyly										
wide spaced great to second toe congenital absence of tibia or fibula										
\square normal appearance of feet and legs \square other										
BACK / NEUROLOGIC										
Spine										
☐ myelomeningocele ☐ sacral dimple ☐ sacral sinus ☐ sa	•									
□ lipoma (location) □ scoliosis □ spine straight □ other □										
\square no abnormalities noted (from base of skull to coccyx – spine straight, no pits, skin disruption, masses	s)									
Level of Consciousness / Tone / Reflexes										
\square Infant paralyzed (unable to assess tone, reflexes, level of consciousness) \square infant recently sedate	ed or given analgesic									
Level of Consciousness \square normal \square lethargic \square responds to painful / noxious stimul	li (withdraws, grimaces) \square ur	responsive to ar	ny stimuli							
Tone \square generalized weakness, tone \square flaccid weakness of extremities, normal facial to	one 🗌 upper limb weakn	ess, normal lowe	er limb tone							
☐ hypertonia ☐ jittery ☐ opisthotonus posturing ☐ seizures (describe)										
☐ right ankle clonus (no. of beats) ☐ left ankle clonus (no. of beats)	ats)									
\square normal tone overall for gestational age (active, alert, good tone, moderate flexion, symmetric str	rength and movement)									
Strength: Pull-to-sit (evaluate with stable term infant only): □ poor upper girdle tone □ norm	nal upper girdle tone									
Root □ present □ absent Suck □ present □ absent	Reflex	Onset (weeks	Well Established	Disappears						
Palmar Grasp □ present □ absent Babinski □ present □ absent		gestation)	(weeks gestation)	(in months)						
Tonic Neck □ present □ absent	Root	30	34 to 36	3 to 4						
Moro □ present □ absent □ limited or asymmetric □ deferred	Suck	30	34 to 36	12						
Galant □ present □ absent □ deferred	Palmar Grasp	28 to 32	32	6						
Stepping □ present □ absent □ deferred	Moro Truncal incurvation (Galant)	28 to 32 28	37 40	6						
Deep Tendon Reflexes (DTRs)	Stanning	24 to 26	40	3 to 4						

Stepping

Babinski

Tonic Neck (fencing position)

Biceps

Knee (patellar)

 \square absent \square exaggerated \square normal \square unable to obtain

unable to obtain

☐ absent ☐ normal

38

38

1 month

3 to 4

12

6 to 7

34 to 36

34 to 36

35