# NAVODAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, RAICHUR

### SUBJECT: PARALLEL COMPUTING

# **Assignment Questions**

#### Module 1

- 1. Explain Flynn's taxonomy of parallel computers with suitable examples.
- 2. Compare and contrast SIMD and MIMD systems in terms of architecture, performance, and applications.
- 3. Discuss the architecture and working of a vector processor. How do vector registers and interleaved memory enhance performance?
- 4. With the help of a diagram, explain the working of shared-memory and distributed-memory systems. Highlight their advantages and limitations.
- 5. Describe various interconnection networks used in parallel systems. Compare bus, crossbar, ring, mesh, and hypercube topologies with respect to scalability and performance.
- 6. Explain the cache coherence problem in shared-memory systems. Discuss snooping and directory-based cache coherence protocols with examples.
- 7. What is false sharing in cache memory? Illustrate with an example and suggest methods to reduce its impact on performance
- 8. Discuss the trade-offs between shared-memory vs. distributed-memory architectures in terms of scalability, cost, and programmability.
- 9. Explain the role of parallel software in exploiting modern multicore processors. Discuss challenges in thread synchronization and communication.

#### Module 2

- 1. Explain the concept of GPU programming. How does it differ from traditional CPU programming? Discuss challenges such as branching and scheduling in GPU threads.
- 2. What are hybrid programming models in parallel computing? Explain with an example how shared-memory and distributed-memory APIs can be combined.
- 3. Define and compare speedup and efficiency in MIMD systems. Illustrate with suitable numerical examples.
- 4. State and explain Amdahl's Law. Using an example, show why speedup is limited even when more processors are added.
- 5. Differentiate between strong scalability and weak scalability with an example. Why is scalability important in parallel programming?