



NAVODAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
MACHINE LEARNING LAB (BCSL606)

Program 1

1. Develop a program to create histograms for all numerical features and analyze the distribution of each feature. Generate box plots for all numerical features and identify any outliers. Use California Housing dataset.

PROGRAM:

```
import pandas as pd

import numpy as np

import seaborn as sns

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.datasets import fetch_california_housing

# Step 1: Load the California Housing dataset

data = fetch_california_housing(as_frame=True)

housing_df = data.frame

# Step 2: Create histograms for numerical features
```

```
numerical_features = housing_df.select_dtypes(include=[np.number]).columns
```

```
# Plot histograms
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
```

```
for i, feature in enumerate(numerical_features):
```

```
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
```

```
    sns.histplot(housing_df[feature], kde=True, bins=30, color='blue')
```

```
    plt.title(f'Distribution of {feature}')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
# Step 3: Generate box plots for numerical features
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
```

```
for i, feature in enumerate(numerical_features):
```

```
    plt.subplot(3, 3, i + 1)
```

```
    sns.boxplot(x=housing_df[feature], color='orange')
```

```
    plt.title(f'Box Plot of {feature}')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
```

```
plt.show()
```

Step 4: Identify outliers using the IQR method

```
print("Outliers Detection:")
```

```
outliers_summary = { }
```

```
for feature in numerical_features:
```

```
    Q1 = housing_df[feature].quantile(0.25)
```

```
    Q3 = housing_df[feature].quantile(0.75)
```

```
    IQR = Q3 - Q1
```

```
    lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
```

```
    upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
```

```
    outliers = housing_df[(housing_df[feature] < lower_bound) | (housing_df[feature] > upper_bound)]
```

```
    outliers_summary[feature] = len(outliers)
```

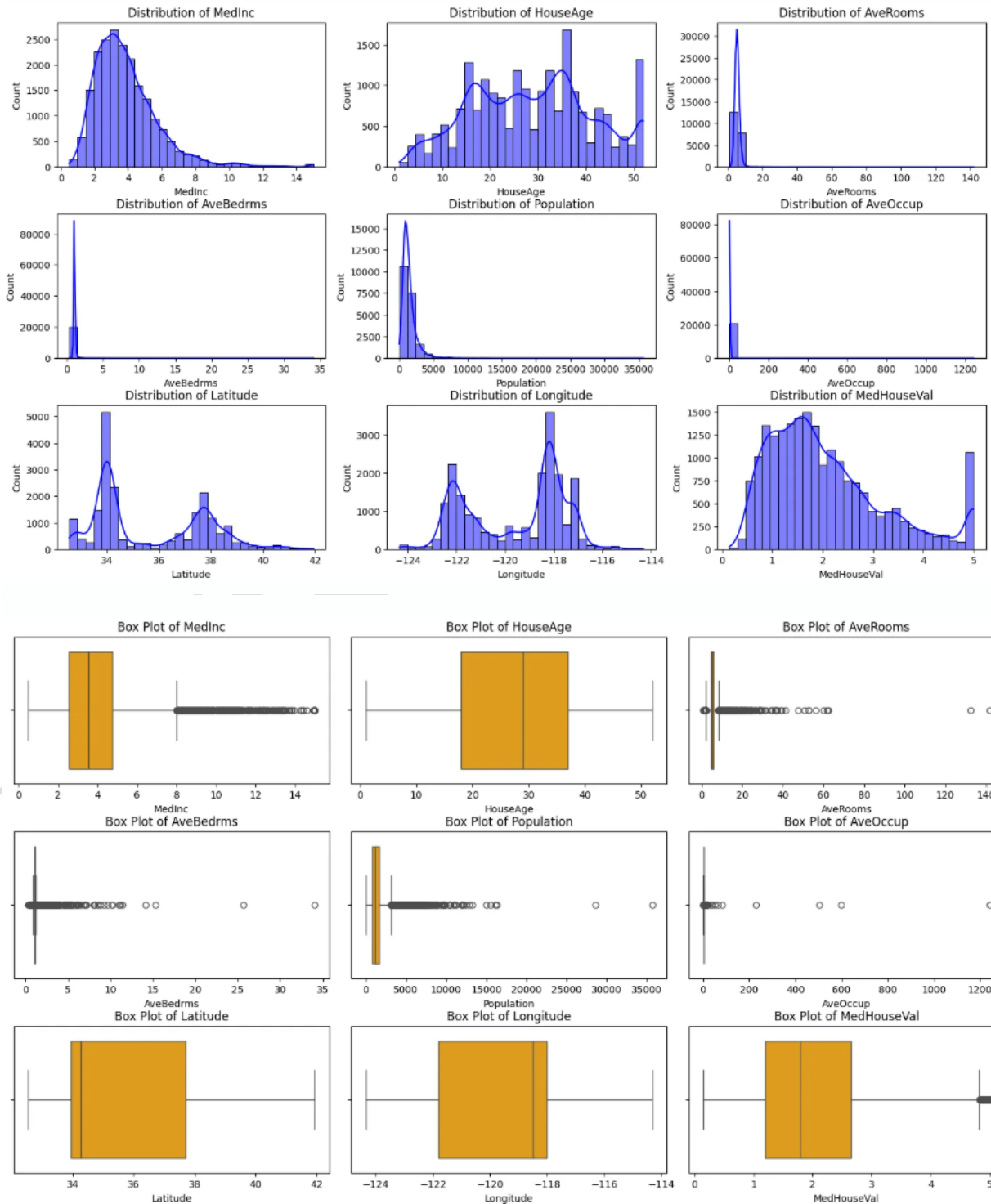
```
    print(f'{feature}: {len(outliers)} outliers')
```

Optional: Print a summary of the dataset

```
print("\nDataset Summary:")
```

```
print(housing_df.describe())
```

OUTPUT:



Outliers Detection:

MedInc: 681 outliers

HouseAge: 0 outliers

AveRooms: 511 outliers

AveBedrms: 1424 outliers

Population: 1196 outliers

AveOccup: 711 outliers

Latitude: 0 outliers

Longitude: 0 outliers

MedHouseVal: 1071 outliers

Dataset Summary:

	MedInc	HouseAge ...	Longitude	MedHouseVal
count	20640.000000	20640.000000 ...	20640.000000	20640.000000
mean	3.870671	28.639486 ...	-119.569704	2.068558
std	1.899822	12.585558 ...	2.003532	1.153956
min	0.499900	1.000000 ...	-124.350000	0.149990
25%	2.563400	18.000000 ...	-121.800000	1.196000
50%	3.534800	29.000000 ...	-118.490000	1.797000
75%	4.743250	37.000000 ...	-118.010000	2.647250

max 15.000100 52.000000 ... -114.310000 5.000010

NIT Pulse