

NAVODAYA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, RAICHUR

DEPARMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

IOT Lab

Program - 06

06 Develop a program to classify dry and wet waste with the Moisture sensor (DHT22).

Components Required

- Arduino Uno (or compatible)
- Soil Moisture Sensor **OR** DHT22 (depending on version)
- 1 × LED for "Dry Waste" indicator
- 1 × LED for "Wet Waste" indicator (or buzzer/motor for sorter)
- Resistors (220 Ω)
- Breadboard + jumper wires

Working Principle

- Moisture sensor:
 - o High analog value (more water) → Wet Waste
 - \circ Low value \rightarrow Dry Waste
- DHT22:
 - \circ High **humidity** > **threshold** \rightarrow Wet Waste
 - Low humidity → Dry Waste

Circuit Connections

Using Soil Moisture Sensor

- Sensor $VCC \rightarrow 5V$
- Sensor GND \rightarrow GND
- Sensor $AO \rightarrow A0$

LEDs

- Green LED (Dry) \rightarrow D7 (through 220 Ω to GND)
- Blue LED (Wet) \rightarrow D8 (through 220 Ω to GND)

Steps to Do the Experiment

- 1. Build the circuit as above.
- 2. Upload the sketch (below).
- 3. Open Serial Monitor \rightarrow check moisture values.
- 4. Place dry material (paper, plastic) \rightarrow see "Dry Waste" LED ON.
- 5. Place wet material (vegetable peel, food waste) \rightarrow see "Wet Waste" LED ON.
- 6. Adjust **threshold** based on readings.

```
☐ Arduino Program (with Soil Moisture Sensor)
// Dry/Wet Waste Classifier using Soil Moisture Sensor
int sensorPin = A0;
int dryLED = 7;
int wetLED = 8;
int sensorValue = 0;
int threshold = 500; // Adjust after testing sensor
void setup() {
 pinMode(dryLED, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(wetLED, OUTPUT);
 Serial.begin(9600);
void loop() {
 sensorValue = analogRead(sensorPin);
 Serial.print("Moisture Value: ");
 Serial.println(sensorValue);
 if (sensorValue > threshold) {
  // Wet Waste
  digitalWrite(wetLED, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(dryLED, LOW);
  Serial.println("Wet Waste Detected");
 } else {
  // Dry Waste
  digitalWrite(dryLED, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(wetLED, LOW);
  Serial.println("Dry Waste Detected");
 delay(500);
```

☐ Arduino Program (with DHT22 Sensor) #include "DHT.h"

```
#define DHTPIN 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
int dryLED = 7;
int wetLED = 8;
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 dht.begin();
 pinMode(dryLED, OUTPUT);
pinMode(wetLED, OUTPUT);
void loop() {
 float h = dht.readHumidity();
 Serial.print("Humidity: ");
 Serial.println(h);
 if (h > 70.0) \{ // Threshold, adjust as per experiment
  digitalWrite(wetLED, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(dryLED, LOW);
  Serial.println("Wet Waste Detected");
 } else {
  digitalWrite(dryLED, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(wetLED, LOW);
  Serial.println("Dry Waste Detected");
 delay(2000);
```