

ps3-3-solve

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1 (a)

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)}[\nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta}] &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(y; \theta) \nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta} dy \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(y; \theta) \frac{1}{p(y; \theta')} \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta} dy \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta} dy \\ &= \nabla_{\theta'} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta} dy \\ &= \nabla_{\theta'} 1 \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

2 (b)

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{I}(\theta) &= \text{Cov}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)}[\nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta}] \\ &= \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)}[\nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta') \nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta')^T|_{\theta'=\theta}] \\ &\quad - \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)}[\nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta}] \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)}[\nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta}] \\ &= \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)}[\nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta') \nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta')^T|_{\theta'=\theta}]\end{aligned}$$

3 (c)

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)}[-\nabla_{\theta'}^2 \log p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta}] &= \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)}[-\nabla_{\theta'} \left(\frac{1}{p(y; \theta')} \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta') \right)|_{\theta'=\theta}] \\
&= \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} \left[\frac{1}{p(y; \theta')^2} \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta') \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta')^T - \frac{1}{p(y; \theta')} \nabla_{\theta'}^2 p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta} \right] \\
&= \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} \left[\frac{1}{p(y; \theta')^2} \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta') \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta')^T|_{\theta'=\theta} \right] \\
&\quad - \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} \left[\frac{1}{p(y; \theta')} \nabla_{\theta'}^2 p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta} \right] \\
&= \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} \left[\frac{1}{p(y; \theta')^2} \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta') \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta')^T|_{\theta'=\theta} \right] \\
&\quad - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p(y; \theta) \frac{1}{p(y; \theta')} \nabla_{\theta'}^2 p(y; \theta')|_{\theta'=\theta} dy \\
&= \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} \left[\frac{1}{p(y; \theta')^2} \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta') \nabla_{\theta'} p(y; \theta')^T|_{\theta'=\theta} \right] \\
&= \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} [\nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta') \nabla_{\theta'} \log p(y; \theta')^T|_{\theta'=\theta}] \\
&= \mathcal{I}(\theta)
\end{aligned}$$

4 (d)

$$\begin{aligned}
D_{KL}(p_{\theta}||p_{\theta+d}) &= \mathbb{E}[\log p_{\theta}] - \mathbb{E}[\log p_{\theta+d}] \\
&\approx \mathbb{E}[\log p_{\theta}] - \mathbb{E}[\log p_{\theta} + d^T \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'}|_{\theta'=\theta} + \frac{1}{2} d^T (\nabla_{\theta'}^2 \log p_{\theta'}|_{\theta'=\theta}) d] \\
&= \mathbb{E}[\log p_{\theta}] - \mathbb{E}[\log p_{\theta}] - \mathbb{E}[d^T \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'}|_{\theta'=\theta}] - \mathbb{E}[\frac{1}{2} d^T \nabla_{\theta'}^2 \log p_{\theta'} d|_{\theta'=\theta}] \\
&= -d^T \mathbb{E}[\nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'}|_{\theta'=\theta}] + \frac{1}{2} d^T \mathbb{E}[-\nabla_{\theta'}^2 \log p_{\theta'}|_{\theta'=\theta}] d \\
&= \frac{1}{2} d^T \mathcal{I}(\theta) d
\end{aligned}$$

5 (e)

Lagrangian:

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{L}(d, \lambda) &= \ell(\theta + d) - \lambda(D_{KL}(p_{\theta}||p_{\theta+d}) - c) \\
&= \log p_{\theta+d} - \lambda(D_{KL}(p_{\theta}||p_{\theta+d}) - c) \\
&\approx \log p_{\theta} + d^T \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'}|_{\theta'=\theta} - \lambda(\frac{1}{2} d^T \mathcal{I}(\theta) d - c)
\end{aligned}$$

for $\nabla_d \mathcal{L}(d, \lambda) = 0$:

$$\begin{aligned}
\nabla_d \mathcal{L}(d, \lambda) &= 0 \\
\nabla_d \left(d^T \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} - \lambda \left(\frac{1}{2} d^T \mathcal{I}(\theta) d - c \right) \right) &\approx 0 \\
\nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} &= \lambda \mathcal{I}(\theta) d \\
\tilde{d} &= \frac{1}{\lambda} \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta}
\end{aligned}$$

for $\nabla_\lambda \mathcal{L}(d, \lambda) = 0$:

$$\begin{aligned}
\nabla_\lambda \mathcal{L}(d, \lambda) &= 0 \\
\nabla_\lambda \left(-\lambda \left(\frac{1}{2} d^T \mathcal{I}(\theta) d - c \right) \right) &= 0 \\
\frac{1}{2} d^T \mathcal{I}(\theta) d &= c \\
\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \right)^T \mathcal{I}(\theta) \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \right) &= c \\
\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \left(\nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \right)^T \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} &= c \\
\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{c} \left(\nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \right)^T \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} &= \lambda^2
\end{aligned}$$

Because $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}_+$, so:

$$\lambda = \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{c} \left(\nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \right)^T \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Plug λ into \tilde{d} :

$$d^* = \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{c} \left(\nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \right)^T \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta}$$

6 (f)

Newton's Method:

$$\theta := \theta - H^{-1} \nabla_\theta \ell(\theta)$$

Natural Gradient:

$$\begin{aligned}
\theta &:= \theta + \tilde{d} \\
&= \theta + \frac{1}{\lambda} \mathcal{I}(\theta)^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \log p_{\theta'} |_{\theta'=\theta} \\
&= \theta + \frac{1}{\lambda} \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} [-\nabla_{\theta'}^2 \log p(y; \theta') |_{\theta'=\theta}]^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \ell(\theta) \\
&= \theta - \frac{1}{\lambda} \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} [\nabla_{\theta'}^2 \ell(\theta)]^{-1} \nabla_{\theta'} \ell(\theta) \\
&= \theta - \frac{1}{\lambda} \mathbb{E}_{y \sim p(y; \theta)} [H^{-1}] \nabla_{\theta'} \ell(\theta)
\end{aligned}$$

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