习题 6-1

- 1. 延时神经网络在时间维度上共享权值,以降低参数数量. 因此对于序列输入来讲,延时神经网络就相当于卷积神经网络.
- 2. 循环神经网络会保留/提取历史输入的所有信息 (有损),同时能处理不定长的输入数据;卷积神经网络中每个卷积核的输出只能保留/提取被卷积核处理的部分的输入信息,且输入数据的长度是限定好的.

习题 6-2

we have:

$$z_{t} = Uh_{t-1} + Wx_{t} + b$$

$$h_{t} = f(z_{t})$$

$$\delta_{t,k} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial z_{k}}$$

for $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial W}$:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial W} &= \frac{\partial z_{t}}{\partial W} \frac{\partial h_{t}}{\partial z_{t}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial h_{t}} \\ &= \left(\frac{\partial h_{t-1}}{\partial W} \frac{\partial z_{t}}{\partial h_{t-1}} + x_{t}^{T}\right) \frac{\partial h_{t}}{\partial z_{t}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial h_{t}} \\ &= \left(\frac{\partial z_{t-1}}{\partial W} \frac{\partial h_{t-1}}{\partial z_{t-1}} \frac{\partial z_{t}}{\partial h_{t-1}} + x_{t}^{T}\right) \frac{\partial h_{t}}{\partial z_{t}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial z_{t}} \\ &= \frac{\partial z_{t-1}}{\partial W} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial z_{t-1}} + x_{t}^{T} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial z_{t}} \\ &= \frac{\partial z_{t-1}}{\partial W} \delta_{t,t-1} + x_{t}^{T} \delta_{t,t} \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^{t} x_{k}^{T} \delta_{t,k} \\ \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial W} &= \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{k=1}^{t} x_{k}^{T} \delta_{t,k} \end{split}$$

for $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial b}$:

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial b} = \frac{\partial z_{t}}{\partial b} \frac{\partial h_{t}}{\partial z_{t}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial h_{t}}
= \left(\frac{\partial z_{t-1}}{\partial b} \frac{\partial h_{t-1}}{\partial z_{t-1}} \frac{\partial z_{t}}{\partial h_{t-1}} + I\right) \frac{\partial h_{t}}{\partial z_{t}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}_{t}}{\partial h_{t}}
= \frac{\partial z_{t-1}}{\partial b} \delta_{t,t-1} + \delta_{t,t}
= \sum_{k=1}^{t} \delta_{t,k}
\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial b} = \sum_{t=1}^{T} \sum_{k=1}^{t} \delta_{t,k}$$