7th March set

In [62]:
```
s = {}
s
```

Out[62]:
```
{}
```

In [63]:
```
type(s)
```

Out[63]:
```
dict
```

In [64]:
```
s1=set() # defining a set
type(s1)
```

Out[64]:
```
set
```

In [65]:
```
s2 = {10,40,20,70,15,100} # sorted (if it contains similar data types)
s2
```

Out[65]:
```
{10, 15, 20, 40, 70, 100}
```

In [66]:
```
s3 = {'d','a','z','c','h'}
s3
```

Out[66]:
```
{'a', 'c', 'd', 'h', 'z'}
```

In [67]:
```
s4 = {5,'nit',(1+2j),2.5,[1,3,4,5],True,False} # lists can't go in sets directly
```

```
---------------------------------------------------------------------------
TypeError                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[67], line 1
----> 1 s4 = {5,'nit',(1+2j),2.5,[1,3,4,5],True,False}

TypeError: unhashable type: 'list'
```

In [68]:
```
s5 = {2,3.5,'nit',(1+2j),True,False}
s5
```

Out[68]:
```
{(1+2j), 2, 3.5, False, True, 'nit'}
```

In [69]:
```
print(s1)
print(s2)
print(s3)
print(s5)
```

```
set()
{100, 20, 70, 40, 10, 15}
{'c', 'z', 'h', 'd', 'a'}
{False, True, 'nit', 2, 3.5, (1+2j)}
```

In [70]:
```
s2.add(15)
```

In [71]:
```
s2
```

Out[71]:
```
{10, 15, 20, 40, 70, 100}
```

In [72]:
```
s2.add(200)
```

In [73]:
```
s2
```

Out[73]:
```
{10, 15, 20, 40, 70, 100, 200}
```

In [74]:
```
s2[:] # indexing and slicing is not allowed in set
```

```
---------------------------------------------------------------------------
TypeError                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[74], line 1
----> 1 s2[:]

TypeError: 'set' object is not subscriptable
```

In [75]:
```
s4 = s5.copy() # copy the set
```

In [76]:
```
s4
```

Out[76]:
```
{(1+2j), 2, 3.5, False, True, 'nit'}
```

In [77]:
```
s5
```

Out[77]:
```
{(1+2j), 2, 3.5, False, True, 'nit'}
```

In [78]:
```
s4.add(10) # add the elements
```

In [79]:
```
s4
```

Out[79]:
```
{(1+2j), 10, 2, 3.5, False, True, 'nit'}
```

In [82]:
```
s4.add (10) # duplication is not allowed in set
s4
```

Out[82]:
```
{(1+2j), 10, 2, 3.5, False, True, 'nit'}
```

In [83]:
```
s5.clear() #clear the set (it will become empty set)
```

In [84]:
```
s5
```

Out[84]:
```
set()
```

In [85]:
```
del s5 # delete the set
```

In [86]:
```
s4
```

Out[86]: {(1+2j), 10, 2, 3.5, False, True, 'nit'}

In [87]:
```
s4.remove(3.5) # removes the element
s4
```

Out[87]: {(1+2j), 10, 2, False, True, 'nit'}

In [88]:
```
s3
```

Out[88]: {'a', 'c', 'd', 'h', 'z'}

In [89]:
```
s3.discard ('a') # it will remove the element if it is a member,if not a member no
```

In [90]:
```
s3
```

Out[90]: {'c', 'd', 'h', 'z'}

In [91]:
```
s3.discard('a') # never gives a error
```

In [92]:
```
s3.add ('a')
s3
```

Out[92]: {'a', 'c', 'd', 'h', 'z'}

In [93]:
```
s3.pop() #randomly elements are deleted
```

Out[93]: 'c'

In [94]:
```
s3
```

Out[94]: {'a', 'd', 'h', 'z'}

In [95]:
```
s3.pop(1) # pop takes no arguments
```

```
---------------------------------------------------------------------------
TypeError                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[95], line 1
----> 1 s3.pop(1)

TypeError: set.pop() takes no arguments (1 given)
```

In [96]:
```
s3.pop('a')
```

```
---------------------------------------------------------------------------
TypeError                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[96], line 1
----> 1 s3.pop('a')

TypeError: set.pop() takes no arguments (1 given)
```

In [97]:
```
s2
```

Out[97]: {10, 15, 20, 40, 70, 100, 200}

In [98]:
```
for i in s2:
    print(i)
```

```
100
20
70
40
10
200
15
```

In [101…
```
for i in enumerate(s2):
    print(i)
```

```
(0, 100)
(1, 20)
(2, 70)
(3, 40)
(4, 10)
(5, 200)
(6, 15)
```

In [102…
```
for i in enumerate (s3):
    print(i)
```

```
(0, 'z')
(1, 'h')
(2, 'd')
(3, 'a')
```

In [103…
```
0 in s3
```

Out[103… False

In [104…
```
20 in s2
```

Out[104… True

In [107…
```
s2.update (s3) #like extend() in list (s3 will be added to s2)
```

In [108…
```
s2
```

Out[108… {10, 100, 15, 20, 200, 40, 70, 'a', 'd', 'h', 'z'}

In [ ]:
```

```

Set operations

In [111…
```
# SET OPERATION -->
#UNION - | .union()
#INTERSECTION  & .intersection()
#DISJOINT
```

```
#DIFFERENCE - .difference()
#SYMMETRIC DIFFERENCE
```

Union ---> union() or |

In [112…
```
s6 = {1,2,3,4,5}
s7 = {4,5,6,7,8}
s8 = {8,9,10}
```

In [116…
```
s6.union(s7) # used for combining sets
```

Out[116…
```
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
```

In [117…
```
s7 | s8 |s6
```

Out[117…
```
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10}
```

Intersection ---> intersection() or &

In [119…
```
print(s6)
print(s7)
print(s8)
```

```
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
{4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
{8, 9, 10}
```

In [128…
```
s6.intersection(s7) # used to find the common sets
```

Out[128…
```
{4, 5}
```

In [129…
```
s6 & s7 &s8
```

Out[129…
```
set()
```

In [130…
```
s7 & s8
```

Out[130…
```
{8}
```

Difference ---> difference() or -

In [132…
```
print(s6)
print(s7)
print(s8)
```

```
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
{4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
{8, 9, 10}
```

In [134…
```
s6.difference(s7) # used to find what is only in the first set and not in the secon
```

Out[134…
```
{1, 2, 3}
```

In [127…
```
s7.difference(s6)
```

Out[127…
```
{6, 7, 8}
```

In [135…
```
s8 - s7
```

Out[135…
```
{9, 10}
```

Symmetric difference --> symmetric_difference()

In [136…
```
print(s6)
print(s7)
print(s8)
```

```
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
{4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
{8, 9, 10}
```

In [138…
```
s6.symmetric_difference(s7) #  used to find the elements that are in either of the
```

Out[138…
```
{1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8}
```

In [139…
```
s8.symmetric_difference(s7)
```

Out[139…
```
{4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10}
```

In [ ]:

In [ ]: