Experiment No: 4

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AIM:- To create interactive form using Flutter Widgets

THEORY:-

Form Widget:

- Groups and manages form fields like text, checkboxes, etc.
- Handles validation, saving, and resetting.
- Use a GlobalKey for advanced control.

Form Fields:

- Individual input controls like text fields, menus, etc.
- Each holds its own value and behavior.
- Popular options: TextFormField, DropdownButtonFormField, CheckboxFormField, RadioGroupFormField.

Validation:

- Ensure user input is correct.
- Define validator function for each field or trigger form-level validation.
- Display error messages clearly.

Additional Points:

- Customize appearance with themes and decorations.
- Manage focus with FocusNode.
- Create custom fields for specific needs.

CODE:-

main.dart

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
void main() {
  runApp(MyApp());
```

```
}
class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return MaterialApp(
      home: MyHomePage(),
      theme: ThemeData(
        primaryColor: Colors.blue,
        hintColor: Colors.blueAccent,
        inputDecorationTheme: InputDecorationTheme(
         border: OutlineInputBorder(),
          contentPadding:
              EdgeInsets.symmetric(vertical: 12.0, horizontal: 16.0),
        ),
      ),
    );
 }
}
class MyHomePage extends StatefulWidget {
  @override
  MyHomePageState createState() => MyHomePageState();
}
class MyHomePageState extends State<MyHomePage> {
 final formKey = GlobalKey<FormState>();
 String name = "";
 String email = "";
 String password = "";
 String confirmPassword = "";
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
        title: Text('Basic Form Validation'),
      ),
     body: SingleChildScrollView(
        padding: const EdgeInsets.all(16.0),
```

```
key: _formKey,
          child: Column (
            crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.stretch,
            children: [
              TextFormField(
                decoration: InputDecoration(
                  labelText: "Name",
                ),
                validator: (value) {
                  if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
                    return "Please enter your name";
                  if (RegExp(r'\d').hasMatch(value)) {
                    return "Name should not contain numbers";
                  return null;
                },
                onSaved: (value) => _name = value!,
              ),
              SizedBox(height: 16.0),
              TextFormField(
                decoration: InputDecoration(
                  labelText: "Email",
                ),
                validator: (value) {
                  if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
                    return "Please enter your email";
                  if (!RegExp(
r"^{[a-zA-Z0-9.a-zA-Z0-9.!\#$%&'*+/=?^`{|}~-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9-]+\\.[a-zA-Z]+")}
                      .hasMatch(value!)) {
                    return "Enter valid Email";
                  return null;
                },
                onSaved: (value) => _email = value!,
              SizedBox(height: 16.0),
```

child: Form (

```
TextFormField(
  decoration: InputDecoration(
    labelText: "Password",
  ),
  validator: (value) {
    if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
      return "Please enter your password";
    if (value.length < 8) {</pre>
      return "Password length should be more than 8";
    return null;
  },
  obscureText: true,
  onSaved: (value) => _password = value!,
),
SizedBox(height: 16.0),
TextFormField(
  decoration: InputDecoration(
    labelText: "Confirm Password",
  ),
  validator: (value) {
    if (value == null || value.isEmpty) {
      return "Please confirm your password";
    if (value != _password) {
      return "Passwords do not match";
    return null;
  },
  obscureText: true,
  onSaved: (value) => _confirmPassword = value!,
),
SizedBox(height: 32.0),
ElevatedButton(
  onPressed: () {
    final isValid = _formKey.currentState!.validate();
    if (isValid) {
      formKey.currentState!.save();
```

```
print("Name: $_name, Email: $_email, Password:

$_password");

// Handle successful form submission here
}

,

child: Text('Submit'),

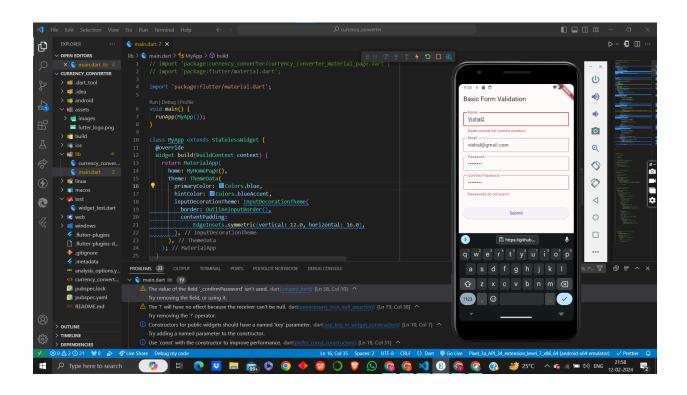
),

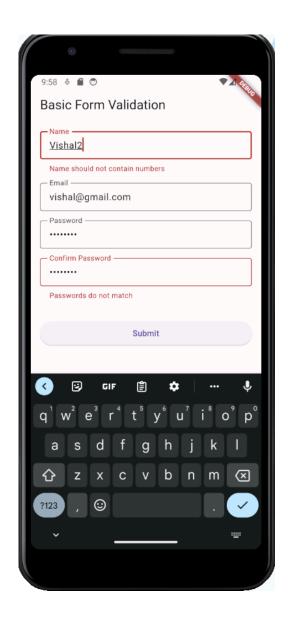
),

),

);

}
```





CONCLUSION:-

In conclusion, the Flutter form code provided implements basic form validation with TextFormField widgets encapsulated in a Scaffold and MaterialApp structure. The design ensures clear user input with validation messages and facilitates form submission with concise error handling. By leveraging Flutter's built-in form handling mechanisms, the code delivers a straightforward and user-friendly experience for data input and validation.