Name: VISHAL A

Email: 241501247@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241501247 Phone: 9500021627

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & ML FC

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_COD_Question 1

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

In a coding competition, you are assigned a task to create a program that simulates a stack using a linked list.

The program should feature a menu-driven interface for pushing an integer to stack, popping, and displaying stack elements, with robust error handling for stack underflow situations. This challenge tests your data structure skills.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Push the integer value onto the stack. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated integer, representing the element to be pushed onto

the stack.

Choice 2: Pop the integer from the stack.

Choice 3: Display the elements in the stack.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the stack:

If the choice is 1, push the given integer to the stack and display the following: "Pushed element: " followed by the value pushed."

If the choice is 2, pop the integer from the stack and display the following: "Popped element: " followed by the value popped.

If the choice is 2, and if the stack is empty without any elements, print "Stack is empty. Cannot pop."

If the choice is 3, print the elements in the stack: "Stack elements (top to bottom): " followed by the space-separated values.

If the choice is 3, and there are no elements in the stack, print "Stack is empty".

If the choice is 4, exit the program and display the following: "Exiting program".

If any other choice is entered, print "Invalid choice".

Refer to the sample input and output for the exact format.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 13
   14
   3
   2
Output: Pushed element: 3
   Pushed element: 4
   Stack elements (top to bottom): 43
   Popped element: 4
   Stack elements (top to bottom): 3
   Exiting program
   Answer
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   struct Node {
   int data;
     struct Node* next;
   struct Node* top = NULL;
   // You are using GCC
   void push(int value) {
     struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
     newNode->data = value;
     newNode->next = top;
     top = newNode;
     printf("Pushed element: %d ", value);
```

```
void pop() {
if (top == NULL) {
     printf("Stack is empty. Cannot pop. ");
  } else {
     int popped = top->data;
     struct Node* temp = top;
     top = top->next;
     free(temp);
     printf("Popped element: %d ", popped);
  }
}
void displayStack() {
                                                  241501241
  if (top == NULL) {
     printf("Stack is empty ");
  } else {
     printf("Stack elements (top to bottom): ");
     struct Node* current = top;
     while (current != NULL) {
       printf("%d ", current->data);
       current = current->next;
     }
  }
}
int main() {
  int choice, value;
  do {
     scanf("%d", &choice);
     switch (choice) {
       case 1:
         scanf("%d", &value);
         push(value);
         break:
       case 2:
          pop();
         break;
       case 3:
         displayStack();
                                                  241501241
         break:
       case 4:
         printf("Exiting program\n");
         return 0;
```

24,150,124,1

```
24,150,124,1
                                     241501241
    } while (choice != 4);
     return 0;
   }
                                                   Marks: 10/10
   Status: Correct
                                     241501241
                  241501241
                                                        247501247
                  241501241
                                     247501247
```

Name: VISHAL A

Email: 241501247@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241501247 Phone: 9500021627

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & ML FC

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_COD_Question 2

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Sanjeev is in charge of managing a library's book storage, and he wants to create a program that simplifies this task. His goal is to implement a program that simulates a stack using an array.

Help him in writing a program that provides the following functionality:

Add Book ID to the Stack (Push): You can add a book ID to the top of the book stack. Remove Book ID from the Stack (Pop): You can remove the top book ID from the stack and display its details. If the stack is empty, you cannot remove any more book IDs.Display Books ID in the Stack (Display): You can view the books ID currently on the stack. Exit the Library: You can choose to exit the program.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Push the book onto the stack. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated integer, representing the ID of the book to be pushed onto the stack.

Choice 2: Pop the book ID from the stack.

Choice 3: Display the book ID in the stack.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the stack:

- 1. If the choice is 1, push the given book ID to the stack and display the corresponding message.
- 2. If the choice is 2, pop the book ID from the stack and display the corresponding message.
- 3. If the choice is 2, and if the stack is empty without any book ID, print "Stack Underflow"
- 4. If the choice is 3, print the book IDs in the stack.
- 5. If the choice is 3, and there are book IDs in the stack, print "Stack is empty"
- 6. If the choice is 4, exit the program and display the corresponding message.
- 7. If any other choice is entered, print "Invalid choice"

Refer to the sample output for the exact text and format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1 19 1 28 2 3

2

Output: Book ID 19 is pushed onto the stack Book ID 28 is pushed onto the stack

```
Book ID 28 is popped from the stack
    Book ID in the stack: 19
Book ID 19 is popped from the stack
    Exiting the program
    Answer
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    struct Node {
      int bookID:
      struct Node* next;
    };
    struct Node* top = NULL;
    void push(int id) {
      struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
      if (newNode == NULL)
         return:
      newNode->bookID = id;
      newNode->next = top;
      top = newNode;
      printf("Book ID %d is pushed onto the stack ", id);
    void pop() {
    if (top == NULL) {
         printf("Stack Underflow");
      } else {
         struct Node* temp = top;
         printf("Book ID %d is popped from the stack ", top->bookID);
         top = top->next:
        free(temp);
      }
    }
    void display() {
      if (top == NULL) {
printi
else {
pr:
        printf("Stack is empty
         printf("Book ID in the stack: ");
```

```
247501247
                                                      24,150,124,1
        struct Node* temp = top;
         while (temp != NULL) {
           printf("%d ", temp->bookID);
           temp = temp->next;
      }
    int main() {
       int choice, id;
       while (scanf("%d", &choice) != EOF) {
         if (choice == 1) {
                                                                                 247501247
       if (scanf("%d", &id) != 1) break;
           push(id);
         } else if (choice == 2) {
           pop();
         } else if (choice == 3) {
           display();
         } else if (choice == 4) {
           printf("Exiting the program");
           break;
         } else {
           printf("Invalid choice ");
                                                      24,150,124,1
return 0;
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

247507247

247501247

247501247

Name: VISHAL A

Email: 241501247@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241501247 Phone: 9500021627

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & ML FC

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_COD_Question 3

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 4

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Sharon is developing a programming challenge for a coding competition.

The challenge revolves around implementing a character-based stack data structure using an array.

Sharon's project involves a stack that can perform the following operations:

Push a Character: Users can push a character onto the stack.Pop a Character: Users can pop a character from the stack, removing and displaying the top character.Display Stack: Users can view the current elements in the stack.Exit: Users can exit the stack operations application.

Write a program to help Sharon to implement a program that performs the given operations.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Push the character onto the stack. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated character, representing the character to be pushed onto the stack.

Choice 2: Pop the character from the stack.

Choice 3: Display the characters in the stack.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the stack:

- 1. If the choice is 1, push the given character to the stack and display the pushed character having the prefix "Pushed: ".
- 2. If the choice is 2, undo the character from the stack and display the character that is popped having the prefix "Popped: ".
- 3. If the choice is 2, and if the stack is empty without any characters, print "Stack is empty. Nothing to pop."
- 4. If the choice is 3, print the elements in the stack having the prefix "Stack elements: ".
- 5. If the choice is 3, and there are no characters in the stack, print "Stack is empty."
- 6. If the choice is 4, exit the program.
- 7. If any other choice is entered, print "Invalid choice"

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 2

4

Output: Stack is empty. Nothing to pop.

Answer

#include <stdio.h>

```
247501247
     #include <stdbool.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 100
     char items[MAX_SIZE];
     int top = -1;
     void initialize() {
       top = -1;
     bool isFull() {
       return top == MAX_SIZE - 1;
     }
     bool isEmpty() {
       return top == -1;
     // You are using GCC
     void push(char value) {
       if (top==MAX_SIZE-1){
          return;
       items[++top] = value;
       printf("Pushed: %c ", items[top]);
     }
     char pop() {
    if (top==-1) {
         printf("Stack is empty. Nothing to pop.\n ");
       } else {
         printf("Popped: %c ", items[top--]);
     }
     void display() {
       if (top==-1) {
          printf("Stack is empty. ");
for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {

printf("%c ", items<sup>[i])</sup>
}
       } else {
          printf("Stack elements: ");
```

```
24/501241
                                                     247501247
                                                                               241501241
int main() {
       initialize();
       int choice;
       char value;
       while (true) {
         scanf("%d", &choice);
         switch (choice) {
            case 1:
              scanf(" %c", &value);
                                                                               247501247
              push(value);
              break;
            case 2:
              pop();
              break;
            case 3:
              display();
              break;
            case 4:
              return 0;
            default:
              printf("Invalid choice\n");
return 0;
                                                     247501247
                                                                         Marks: 4/10
     Status: Partially correct
```

241501241

241501241

247501247

24,50,74,1

Name: VISHAL A

Email: 241501247@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241501247 Phone: 9500021627

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & ML FC

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_COD_Question 4

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

You are a software developer tasked with building a module for a scientific calculator application. The primary function of this module is to convert infix mathematical expressions, which are easier for users to read and write, into postfix notation (also known as Reverse Polish Notation). Postfix notation is more straightforward for the application to evaluate because it removes the need for parentheses and operator precedence rules.

The scientific calculator needs to handle various mathematical expressions with different operators and ensure the conversion is correct. Your task is to implement this infix-to-postfix conversion algorithm using a stack-based approach.

Example

```
Input:
a+b
Output:
ab+
Explanation:
```

The postfix representation of (a+b) is ab+.

Input Format

The input is a string, representing the infix expression.

Output Format

The output displays the postfix representation of the given infix expression.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: a+(b*e)
Output: abe*+

Answer

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <string.h>

struct Stack {
   int top;
   unsigned capacity;
   char* array;
};

struct Stack* createStack(unsigned capacity) {
   struct Stack* stack = (struct Stack*)malloc(sizeof(struct Stack));

if (!stack)
```

```
return NULL;
   stack->top = -1;
    stack->capacity = capacity;
    stack->array = (char*)malloc(stack->capacity * sizeof(char));
    return stack;
 }
 int isEmpty(struct Stack* stack) {
    return stack->top == -1;
 }
 char peek(struct Stack* stack) {
   return stack->array[stack->top];
 char pop(struct Stack* stack) {
    if (!isEmpty(stack))
      return stack->array[stack->top--];
    return '$';
 }
 void push(struct Stack* stack, char op) {
    stack->array[++stack->top] = op;
int isOperand(char ch) {
    return (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z') || (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z');
 int Prec(char ch) {
    switch (ch) {
      case '+':
      case '-':
         return 1;
      case '*':
      case '/':
        return 2;
      case '^':
         return 3;
    return -1;
```

```
voia infixToPostfix(char* exp) {
    struct Stack* stack = createStack(strlen(exp));
    if (!stack) return;
    int i. k:
    for (i = 0, k = 0; exp[i]; i++) {
       char ch = exp[i];
       if (isOperand(ch)) {
         printf("%c", ch);
       } else if (ch == '(') {
        push(stack, ch);
       } else if (ch == ')') {
         while (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) != '(') {
            printf("%c", pop(stack));
         if (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) == '(') {
            pop(stack); // Remove '('
       } else { // Operator
         while (!isEmpty(stack) &&
              Prec(ch) <= Prec(peek(stack)) &&
              ch!='^'){
            printf("%c", pop(stack));
         push(stack, ch);
    // Pop any remaining operators in the stack
    while (!isEmpty(stack)) {
       printf("%c", pop(stack));
    }
  }
  int main() {
    char exp[100];
scanf("%s", exp);
    infixToPostfix(exp);
    return 0;
```

24/501241 } Status : Correct Marks : 10/10 24/501241 24/501241 24/50/24/

Name: VISHAL A

Email: 241501247@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241501247 Phone: 9500021627

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & ML FC

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_COD_Question 5

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Milton is a diligent clerk at a school who has been assigned the task of managing class schedules. The school has various sections, and Milton needs to keep track of the class schedules for each section using a stack-based system.

He uses a program that allows him to push, pop, and display class schedules for each section. Milton's program uses a stack data structure, and each class schedule is represented as a character. Help him write a program using a linked list.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Push the character onto the stack. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated character, representing the class schedule to be pushed onto the stack.

Choice 2: Pop class schedule from the stack

Choice 3: Display the class schedules in the stack.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the stack:

- If the choice is 1, push the given class schedule to the stack and display the following: "Adding Section: [class schedule]"
- If the choice is 2, pop the class schedule from the stack and display the following: "Removing Section: [class schedule]"
- If the choice is 2, and if the stack is empty without any class schedules, print "Stack is empty. Cannot pop."
- If the choice is 3, print the class schedules in the stack in the following:
- "Enrolled Sections: " followed by the class schedules separated by space.
- If the choice is 3, and there are no class schedules in the stack, print "Stack is empty"
- If the choice is 4, exit the program and display the following: "Exiting the program"
 - If any other choice is entered, print "Invalid choice"

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1 d

1 h

3

```
241501241
Output: Adding Section: d
Adding Section: h
Enrolled T
    Removing Section: h
    Enrolled Sections: d
    Exiting program
    Answer
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
                                                                                241501241
    struct Node {
   char data;
      struct Node* next;
    struct Node* top = NULL;
    // You are using GCC
    void push(char value) {
      struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
      newNode->data = value;
      newNode->next = top;
      top = newNode;
      printf("Adding Section: %c ", value);
void pop() {
       if (top == NULL) {
        printf("Stack is empty. Cannot pop. ");
      } else {
         char popped = top->data;
         struct Node* temp = top;
        top = top->next;
        free(temp);
        printf("Removing Section: %c ", popped);
void displayStack() {
```

```
24,150,124,1
                                                       247501247
       if (top == NULL) {
         printf("Stack is empty ");
       } else {
         printf("Enrolled Sections: ");
         struct Node* current = top;
         while (current != NULL) {
            printf("%c ", current->data);
            current = current->next;
         }
       }
     }
     int main() {
                                                                                   24/501241
       int choice;
       char value;
    % do {
         scanf("%d", &choice);
         switch (choice) {
            case 1:
              scanf(" %c", &value);
              push(value);
              break;
            case 2:
              pop();
              break;
            case 3:
              displayStack();
              break;
            case 4:
              printf("Exiting program\n");
              break;
            default:
              printf("Invalid choice\n");
       } while (choice != 4);
       return 0;
     }
     Status: Correct
                                                                           Marks: 10/10
2475012h
```