



Summary

Session No – 11

- For creating a custom image there are two ways. With the commit command & Docker file
- Launching a container and installing python3

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 ~]# docker run -it centos:7
[root@f93484cc6030 /]# yum install python3
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, ovl
Determining fastest mirrors
```

- Python gives us two facilities that are we can use a python3 command for a live interpreter and we can create a python code file
 - Python live interpreter

```
[root@f93484cc6030 /]# python3
Python 3.6.8 (default, Nov 16 2020, 16:55:22)
[GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-44)] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
>>>
>>> 5 + 2
7
>>> x=5
>>> x
5
>>> exit()
[root@f93484cc6030 /]#
```

- Creating and running python code file

```
[root@f93484cc6030 /]# vi my.py
[root@f93484cc6030 /]# cat my.py
x = 5

print(x)
[root@f93484cc6030 /]#
[root@f93484cc6030 /]# python3 my.py
5
[root@f93484cc6030 /]#
```

- Docker file for python3

```
FROM centos:7

RUN yum install python3 -y

CMD python3
```

- Building the image

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker build .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 2.048kB
Step 1/3 : FROM centos:7
--> eeb6ee3f44bd
Step 2/3 : RUN yum install python3 -y
--> Running in 30e8ad68ece2
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, ovl
Determining fastest mirrors
 * base: download.cf.centos.org
 * extras: download.cf.centos.org
 * updates: download.cf.centos.org
```

- Like every container has a unique ID similarly every image has a unique id as well

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker images
REPOSITORY    TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED        SIZE
<none>        <none>    13d996171223   32 seconds ago 436MB
<none>        <none>    412a0299bd94   5 days ago    603MB
myh           v1       ff786f1f0398   6 days ago    603MB
```

- Launching a container from the image with image id

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker run -it --name mpy1 13d996171223
Python 3.6.8 (default, Nov 16 2020, 16:55:22)
[GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-44)] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
>>>
```

- As soon as we exit from the python program container will automatically stop so the life of the container is the life of the command

- **-t** keyword in the docker run command will give us a non-interactive terminal

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker run -t mpy:v1
Python 3.6.8 (default, Nov 16 2020, 16:55:22)
[GCC 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-44)] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> 5 + 2
```

- Instead of giving the entire id of the container, we can also give initial 3-4 unique characters to the docker commands

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 ~]# docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE     COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS          NAMES
13663061e222   mpy:v1    "/bin/sh -c python3"    30 seconds ago Up 29 seconds          epic_shockley
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 ~]# docker stop 136
136
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 ~]#
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 ~]#
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 ~]# docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE     COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS          NAMES
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 ~]#
```

- If we require a particular file to run in the container we can create an image for this

- Python file

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mypycode]# cat my.py
x=5

print("hi i m " , x)

[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mypycode]# ls
Dockerfile  my.py
```

- TO copy the program file we have two ways that are with copy command & with the docker file

- Copy command

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mypycode]# docker cp my.py o1:/
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mypycode]# docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE     COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS   NAMES
7dbefafa5e3a   centos:7  "/bin/bash"             22 seconds ago Up 21 seconds          o1
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mypycode]# docker attach o1
[root@7dbefafa5e3a /]# cd /
[root@7dbefafa5e3a /]# ls
anaconda-post.log  dev  home  lib64  mnt  opt  root  sbin  sys  usr
bin                etc  lib   media  my.py  proc  run  srv   tmp  var
```

- Copy with docker file

```
FROM centos:7

RUN yum install python3 -y

RUN mkdir /code

COPY my.py /code/

CMD python3 /code/my.py
```

- Creating an image from the docker file

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mypycode]# docker build -t mpy:v1 .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 3.072kB
Step 1/5 : FROM centos:7
--> eeb6ee3f44bd
Step 2/5 : RUN yum install python3 -y
--> Using cache
--> de1154c0ae0c
Step 3/5 : RUN mkdir /code
--> Running in da46c324196e
Removing intermediate container da46c324196e
--> did6ad0b2f93
Step 4/5 : COPY my.py /code/
--> 6e116cef1801
Step 5/5 : CMD python3 /code/my.py
--> Running in 4bd70d04fe8b
Removing intermediate container 4bd70d04fe8b
--> 952ff4f01b54
Successfully built 952ff4f01b54
Successfully tagged mpy:v1
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mypycode]#
```

- Now as soon as we launch the container from the new image the python program file will run

```

root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode:~# docker run -it mpy:v1
hi i m 5
root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode:~#

```

- **ENTRYPOINT** is a keyword in the docker file which has the capability to take the argument from the command line

- Docker file for entry point

```

FROM centos:7

RUN yum install python3 -y

RUN mkdir /code

COPY my.py /code/
COPY hello.py /code/
COPY lw.py /code/

ENTRYPOINT date

```

- Building the image

```

root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode:~# docker build -t mpy:v1 .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 5.12kB
Step 1/7 : FROM centos:7
--> eeb6ee3f44bd
Step 2/7 : RUN yum install python3 -y
--> Using cache
--> dell54c0ae0c
Step 3/7 : RUN mkdir /code
--> Using cache
--> d1d6ad0b2f93
Step 4/7 : COPY my.py /code/
--> Using cache
--> 94f78cael8a5
Step 5/7 : COPY hello.py /code/
--> Using cache
--> 82a971dfc10c
Step 6/7 : COPY lw.py /code/
--> Using cache
--> 7eabc80a5917
Step 7/7 : ENTRYPOINT date
--> Running in ff7aca2e7402

```

- If we launch the container from the image it will run the date command automatically as the container launches

```

root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode:~# docker run -it mpy:v1
Tue Nov 8 16:32:07 UTC 2022

```

- ENTRYPOINT does not have the capability to change the command while launching the container

```

root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode:~# docker run -it mpy:v1 cal
Tue Nov 8 16:32:19 UTC 2022

```

- Docker file for python program

```
FROM centos:7

RUN yum install python3 -y

RUN mkdir /code

COPY my.py /code/
COPY hello.py /code/
COPY lw.py /code/

#CMD cal 12 2022

#ENTRYPOINT [ "cal" ]
ENTRYPOINT [ "python3" ]
# /code/my.py
```

- Building the image from the docker file

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker build -t mpy:v1 .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 5.12kB
Step 1/7 : FROM centos:7
--> eeb6ee3f44bd
Step 2/7 : RUN yum install python3 -y
--> Using cache
--> d1154c0ae0c
Step 3/7 : RUN mkdir /code
--> Using cache
--> d1d6ad0b2f93
Step 4/7 : COPY my.py /code/
--> Using cache
--> 94f78cae18a5
Step 5/7 : COPY hello.py /code/
--> Using cache
--> 82a971dfc10c
Step 6/7 : COPY lw.py /code/
--> Using cache
--> 7eabc80a5917
Step 7/7 : ENTRYPOINT [ "python3" ]
--> Running in 00fd520f24fa
```

- Launching the container and passing the program file name as arguments

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker run -it mpy:v1 /code/hi.py
python3: can't open file '/code/hi.py': [Errno 2] No such file or directory
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker run -it mpy:v1 /code/lw.py
i m lw file 20
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker run -it mpy:v1 /code/my.py
i m my.py file 5
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# ls
Dockerfile hello.py lw.py my.py
```

- If we want to run a default file when no argument is passed then we have to use ENTRYPOINT with CMD

```
FROM centos:7

RUN yum install python3 -y

RUN mkdir /code

COPY my.py /code/
COPY hello.py /code/
COPY lw.py /code/

#CMD cal 12 2022

#ENTRYPOINT [ "cal" ]
ENTRYPOINT [ "python3" ]
CMD [ "/code/lw.py" ]
```


- Now if we don't pass any argument it will run the default file

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker run -it mpy:v1
i m lw file 20
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]#
```

- MAINTAINER** is a keyword in the docker file to add the author details

```
FROM centos:7

MAINTAINER Vimal Daga <vimal@lw.com>
RUN yum install python3 -y

RUN mkdir /code

COPY my.py /code/
COPY hello.py /code/
COPY lw.py /code/

#CMD cal 12 2022

#ENTRYPOINT [ "cal" ]
ENTRYPOINT [ "python3" ]
CMD [ "/code/lw.py" ]
#/code/my.py
```

- One of the famous public docker registries is the docker hub
- docker login** command is used for logging in to the docker registry

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 ~]# docker login
Login with your Docker ID to push and pull images from Docker Hub. If you don't have a Docker ID, head over to https://hub.docker.com to create one.
Username: vimal13
Password:
WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in /root/.docker/config.json.
Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See
https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credentials-store

Login Succeeded
```

- Before uploading or pushing the image to the docker hub we need to tag the image with the account name and then the image name

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker build -t vimal13/mypy:v1 .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 5.12kB
Step 1/9 : FROM centos:7
--> eeb6ee3f44bd
Step 2/9 : MAINTAINER Vimal Daga <vimal@lw.com>
--> Using cache
--> 8da3a206ad16
Step 3/9 : RUN yum install python3 -y
--> Using cache
```

- docker push** command is used to push the image to the docker hub.

```
[root@ip-172-31-46-75 mpycode]# docker push vimal13/mypy:v1
The push refers to repository [docker.io/vimal13/mypy]
e1a5597ce71a: Pushing [=====>] 2.56kB
a31ff24d4013: Pushing [=====>] 2.56kB
960f92b68386: Pushing [=====>] 2.56kB
18bc4a1d0417: Pushing 2.048kB
1e12989f3dc3: Preparing
174f56854903: Waiting
```