

Task 1

Create an RDS instance in your AWS account and upload the data to the RDS instance.

1. Creating SQL Table to store NY Taxi Trip Details

Creating a table in RDS instance.

Table name is ***ny_taxi_log***.

rowid is primary key of table and it is auto incremented.

To create a table code is present below:

```
CREATE TABLE ny_taxi_log
( rowid INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  vendorid INT,
  tpep_pickup_datetime TIMESTAMP,
  tpep_dropoff_datetime TIMESTAMP,
  passenger_count INT,
  trip_distance DECIMAL(10,2),
  ratecodeid INT,
  store_and_fwd_flag CHAR(1),
  pulocationid INT,
  dolocationid INT,
  payment_type INT,
  fare_amount DOUBLE,
  extra DOUBLE,
  mta_tax DOUBLE,
  tip_amount DOUBLE,
  tolls_amount DOUBLE,
  improvement_surcharge DOUBLE,
  total_amount DOUBLE,
  congestion_surcharge DOUBLE,
  airport_fee DOUBLE);
```

```

MySQL [car_db]> CREATE TABLE ny_taxi_log
-> ( rowid INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
->   vendorid INT,
->   tpep_pickup_datetime TIMESTAMP,
->   tpep_dropoff_datetime TIMESTAMP,
->   passenger_count INT,
->   trip_distance DECIMAL(10,2),
->   ratecodeid INT,
->   store_and_fwd_flag CHAR(1),
->   pulocationid INT,
->   dolocationid INT,
->   payment_type INT,
->   fare_amount DOUBLE,
->   extra DOUBLE,
->   mta_tax DOUBLE,
->   tip_amount DOUBLE,
->   tolls_amount DOUBLE,
->   improvement_surcharge DOUBLE,
->   total_amount DOUBLE,
->   congestion_surcharge DOUBLE,
->   airport_fee DOUBLE);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

```

```

MySQL [car_db]> show tables;
+-----+
| Tables_in_car_db |
+-----+
| ny_taxi_log       |
| tripdata          |
| users             |
| yellow_trip_01    |
| yellow_trip_02    |
+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```

2. Load data from csv files to SQL Table:

2.1 Load yellow_tripdata_2017-01.csv

```

LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/home/hadoop/dataset/yellow_tripdata_2017-01.csv'
INTO TABLE ny_taxi_log
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
IGNORE 1 LINES
(vendorid,tpep_pickup_datetime,tpep_dropoff_datetime,passenger_count,trip_distance
,ratecodeid,store_and_fwd_flag,pulocationid,dolocationid,payment_type,fare_amount,e
xtra,mta_tax,tip_amount,tolls_amount,improvement_surcharge,total_amount,congestio
n_surcharge,airport_fee);

```

```

MySQL [car_db]> LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/home/hadoop/dataset/yellow_tripdata_2017-01.csv'
-> INTO TABLE ny_taxi_log
-> FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
-> LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
-> IGNORE 1 LINES
-> (vendorid,tpep_pickup_datetime,tpep_dropoff_datetime,passenger_count,trip_distance,ratecodeid,store_and_fwd_flag,pulocationid,doloc
nt,extra,mta_tax,tip_amount,tolls_amount,improvement_surcharge,total_amount,congestion_surcharge,airport_fee);
Query OK, 9710820 rows affected, 65535 warnings (2 min 43.47 sec)
Records: 9710820 Deleted: 0 Skipped: 0 Warnings: 19421640

```

```

MySQL [car_db]> select count(1) from ny_taxi_log;
+-----+
| count(1) |
+-----+
| 9710820 |
+-----+
1 row in set (36.46 sec)

```

2.2 Load yellow_tripdata_2017-02.csv

```

LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/home/hadoop/dataset/yellow_tripdata_2017-02.csv'
INTO TABLE ny_taxi_log
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
IGNORE 1 LINES
(vendorid,tpep_pickup_datetime,tpep_dropoff_datetime,passenger_count,trip_distance
,ratecodeid,store_and_fwd_flag,pulocationid,dolocationid,payment_type,fare_amount,e
xtra,mta_tax,tip_amount,tolls_amount,improvement_surcharge,total_amount,congestio
n_surcharge,airport_fee);

```

```

MySQL [car_db]> LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/home/hadoop/dataset/yellow_tripdata_2017-02.csv'
-> INTO TABLE ny_taxi_log
-> FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
-> LINES TERMINATED BY '\n'
-> IGNORE 1 LINES
-> (vendorid,tpep_pickup_datetime,tpep_dropoff_datetime,passenger_count,trip_distance,ratecodeid,store_and_fwd_flag,pulocationid,dolocationid,payment_type,fa
nt,extra,mta_tax,tip_amount,tolls_amount,improvement_surcharge,total_amount,congestion_surcharge,airport_fee);
Query OK, 9169775 rows affected, 65535 warnings (2 min 42.57 sec)
Records: 9169775 Deleted: 0 Skipped: 0 Warnings: 18339550

```

2.3 Check Records in table after data load

Total **18880595** records are present in table.

2.3.1 Select 5 rows from table

```
SELECT * FROM ny_taxi_log LIMIT 5;
```

```
MySQL [car_db]> select * from ny_taxi_log limit 5;
```

rowid	vendorid	tpep_pickup_datetime	tpep_dropoff_datetime	passenger_count	trip_distance	ratecodeid	store_and_fwd_flag	pulocationid	dolocationid	payment_type	fare_amount	extra	mta_tax	tip_amount	tolls_amount	improvement_surcharge	total_amount	congestion_surcharge	airport_fee
1	1	2017-01-01 00:32:05	2017-01-01 00:37:48	1	1.20	1	N				140			236					
2	2	2017-01-01 00:43:25	2017-01-01 00:47:42	0	0.3	1	N				0			0					
3	1	2017-01-01 00:49:10	2017-01-01 00:53:53	0	0.3	1	N				0			0					
4	2	2017-01-01 00:36:42	2017-01-01 00:41:09	0	0.3	1	N				0			0					
5	1	2017-01-01 00:07:41	2017-01-01 00:18:16	1	3.00	1	N				48			263					

```
5 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

2.3.2 Total table records count :

```
SELECT COUNT(1) FROM ny_taxi_log;
```

```
MySQL [car_db]> select count(1) from ny_taxi_log;
```

count(1)
18880595

```
1 row in set (1 min 3.79 sec)
```

```
[hadoop@ip-172-31-51-119 dataset]$ ls
yellow_tripdata_2017-01.csv  yellow_tripdata_2017-02.csv
```