

# Neural Network

VISHAL GHASOLIYA- 24UADS1056

## **Propmpt:**

Objective:

Visualize the Perceptron Learning Algorithm with step-by-step training details.

Requirements:

1. Implementation:

- Use NumPy and Matplotlib
- Initialize all weights to zero (including bias)
- Train on NAND and XOR gate datasets

2. Training Output (Each Epoch):

Print a table showing for every sample:

- Input values
- Target output
- Predicted output
- Error
- Updated weights

3. Visualization:

- Plot decision boundary after “each epoch”
- Show correctly classified points (one color/style)
- Show misclassified points (different color/style)
- Add “2-second delay” between epoch updates
- Continue until convergence or max epochs

4. Final Plot:

- Error vs. Epoch graph after training completes

Deliverables:

- Python code with zero-weight initialization
- Animated training visualization with 2s delays
- Epoch-by-epoch console output tables
- Error convergence plot

---

## Code: # NAND

```
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import time

# Step function (activation)

def step(z):

    return 1 if z >= 0

# Perceptron training function

def train_perceptron(X, T, lr=1.0, max_epochs=20):

    n_samples, n_features = X.shape

    # Initialize weights + bias = 0

    W = np.zeros(n_features)

    b = 0

    errors_per_epoch = []

    plt.ion()

    for epoch in range(max_epochs):

        total_error = 0

        print(f"\nEpoch {epoch+1}")

        print("x1 x2 | Target | Pred | Error | Weights (w1,w2,b)")

        for i in range(n_samples):
```

```
x = X[i]
t = T[i]

z = np.dot(W, x) + b
y = step(z)

error = t - y
total_error += abs(error)

# Update rule
W = W + lr * error * x
b = b + lr * error

print(f"x[0] {x[1]} | {t} | {y} | {error} | {W}, {b}")

errors_per_epoch.append(total_error)

plot_decision_boundary(X, T, W, b, epoch)

time.sleep(2)

if total_error == 0:
    print("\n✓ Converged!")
    break

plt.ioff()
plot_error_curve(errors_per_epoch)
```

```

# Plot decision boundary

def plot_decision_boundary(X, T, W, b, epoch):

    plt.clf()

    # Separate correct/misclassified
    for i in range(len(X)):

        pred = step(np.dot(W, X[i]) + b)

        if pred == T[i]:
            plt.scatter(X[i][0], X[i][1], c='green', s=100)
        else:
            plt.scatter(X[i][0], X[i][1], c='red', s=100, marker='x')

    # Decision boundary: w1*x + w2*y + b = 0
    if W[1] != 0:
        x_vals = np.array([-0.5, 1.5])
        y_vals = -(W[0]*x_vals + b) / W[1]
        plt.plot(x_vals, y_vals)
        plt.xlim(-0.5, 1.5)
        plt.ylim(-0.5, 1.5)
        plt.title(f"Epoch {epoch+1}")
        plt.grid(True)
        plt.pause(0.01)

    # Error vs Epoch graph

def plot_error_curve(errors):

    plt.figure()
    plt.plot(range(1, len(errors)+1), errors)
    plt.xlabel("Epoch")
    plt.ylabel("Total Error")

```

```
plt.title("Error Convergence")
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

# NAND Dataset
X_nand = np.array([
    [0,0],
    [0,1],
    [1,0],
    [1,1]
])
T_nand = np.array([1,1,1,0])
print("\n===== Training NAND Gate =====")
train_perceptron(X_nand, T_nand)

# XOR Dataset
X_xor = np.array([
    [0,0],
    [0,1],
    [1,0],
    [1,1]
])
T_xor = np.array([0,1,1,0])
print("\n===== Training XOR Gate =====")
train_perceptron(X_xor, T_xor)

#XOR:
import numpy as np
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
# Sigmoid + derivative
```

```
def sigmoid(z):
```

```
    return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-z))
```

```
def dsigmoid(a):
```

```
    return a * (1 - a)
```

```
# XOR dataset
```

```
X = np.array([
```

```
    [0,0],
```

```
    [0,1],
```

```
    [1,0],
```

```
    [1,1]
```

```
])
```

```
T = np.array([[0],[1],[1],[0]])
```

```
# Initialize (small random)
```

```
np.random.seed(0)
```

```
W1 = np.random.randn(2,2)
```

```
b1 = np.zeros((1,2))
```

```
W2 = np.random.randn(2,1)
```

```
b2 = np.zeros((1,1))
```

```
lr = 0.5
```

```
epochs = 5000
```

```
losses = []
```

```
# Training loop
```

```
for epoch in range(epochs):
```

```
# Forward
```

```
z1 = X @ W1 + b1
```

```
h = sigmoid(z1)
```

```
z2 = h @ W2 + b2
```

```
y = sigmoid(z2)
```

```
# Loss
```

```
loss = np.mean((T - y)**2)
```

```
losses.append(loss)
```

```
# Backprop
```

```
delta_out = y - T
```

```
delta_h = delta_out @ W2.T * dsigmoid(h)
```

```
# Updates
```

```
W2 -= lr * h.T @ delta_out
```

```

b2 -= lr * np.sum(delta_out, axis=0)

W1 -= lr * X.T @ delta_h

b1 -= lr * np.sum(delta_h, axis=0)

if epoch % 500 == 0:
    print(f"Epoch {epoch} Loss: {loss:.4f}")

# Final predictions

print("\nFinal XOR Predictions:")
for x in X:
    h = sigmoid(x @ W1 + b1)
    y = sigmoid(h @ W2 + b2)
    print(x, "→", round(float(y),3))

plt.plot(losses)
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.title("MLP XOR Training")
plt.grid()
plt.show()

```

**Output:**

```

PS C:\Users\kumaw\AppData\Local\Programs\Microsoft VS Code & c:\python314\python.exe "c:/vishal practical/rishab.py"
Epoch 1
x1 x2 | Target | Pred | Error | Weights (w1,w2,b)
0 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [0. 0.], 0.0
0 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [0. 0.], 0.0
1 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [0. 0.], 0.0
1 1 | 0 | 1 | -1 | [-0.1 -0.1], -0.1

Epoch 2
x1 x2 | Target | Pred | Error | Weights (w1,w2,b)
0 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | [-0.1 -0.1], 0.0
0 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | [-0.1 0. ], 0.1
1 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.1 0. ], 0.1
1 1 | 0 | 1 | -1 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.0

Epoch 3
x1 x2 | Target | Pred | Error | Weights (w1,w2,b)
0 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.0
0 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | [-0.2 0. ], 0.1
1 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | [-0.1 0. ], 0.2
1 1 | 0 | 1 | -1 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.1

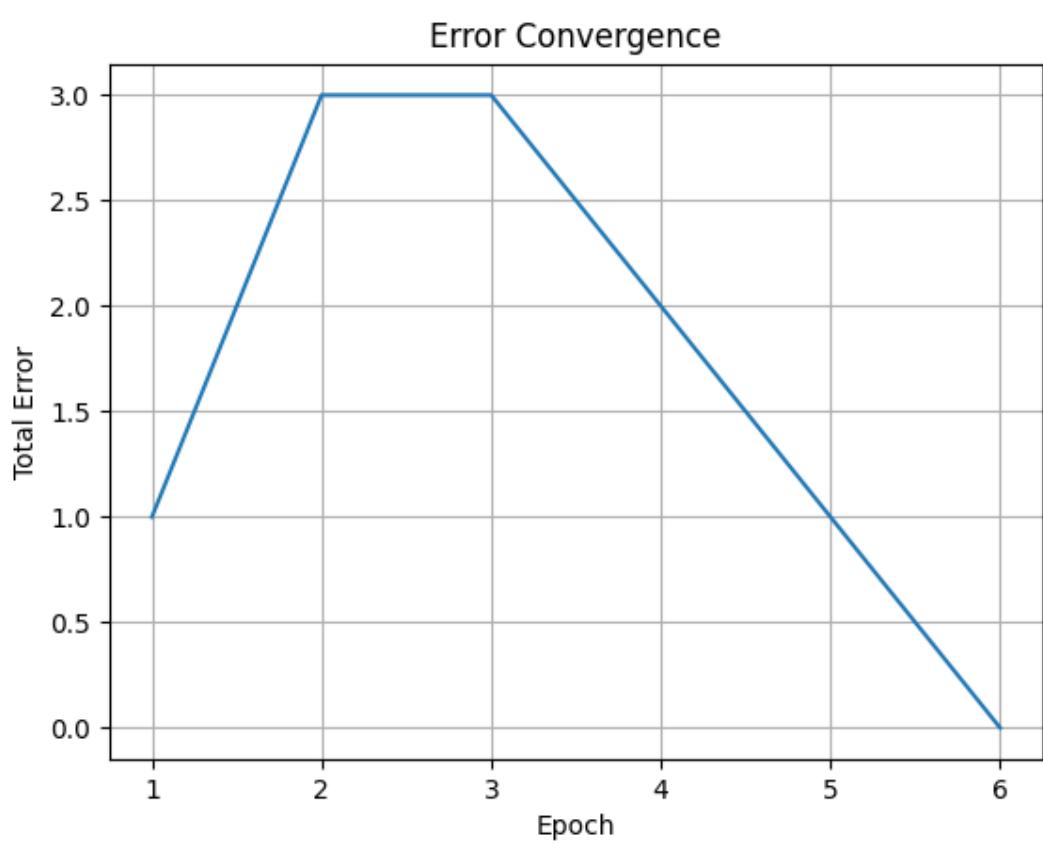
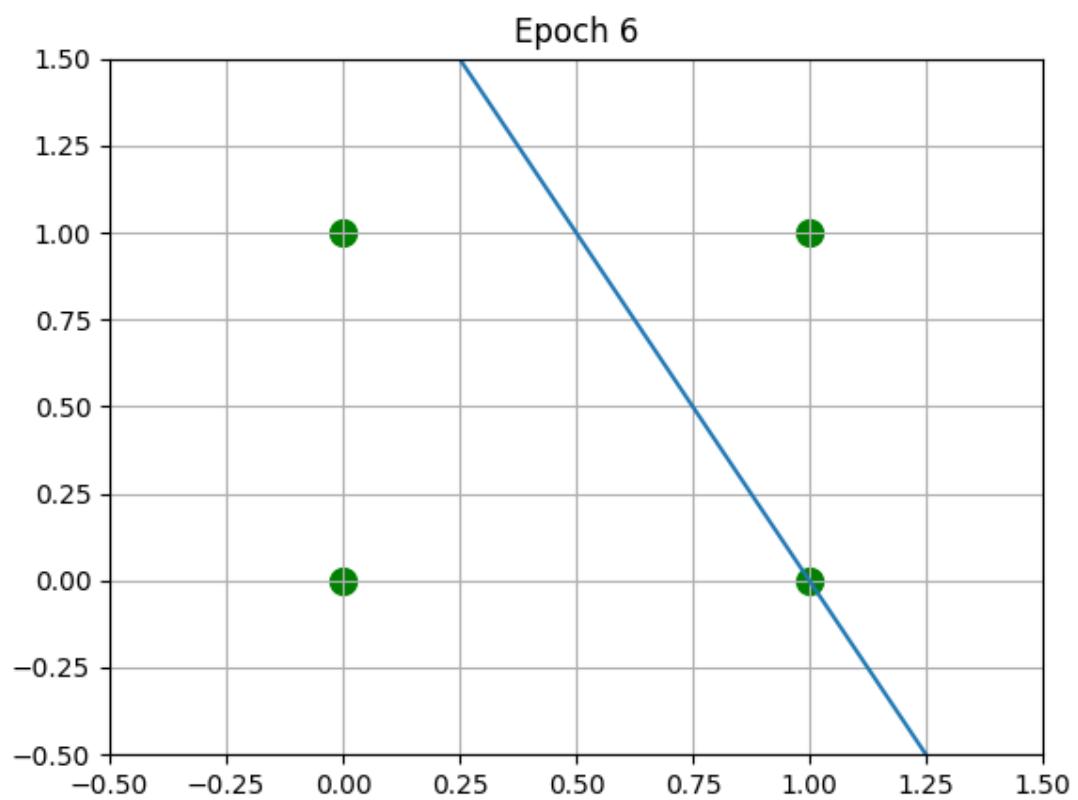
Epoch 4
x1 x2 | Target | Pred | Error | Weights (w1,w2,b)
0 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.1
0 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.1
1 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | [-0.1 -0.1], 0.2
1 1 | 0 | 1 | -1 | [-0.2 -0.2], 0.1

Epoch 5
x1 x2 | Target | Pred | Error | Weights (w1,w2,b)
0 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.2], 0.1
0 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.2
1 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.2
1 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.2

Epoch 6
x1 x2 | Target | Pred | Error | Weights (w1,w2,b)
0 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.2
0 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.2
1 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.2
1 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | [-0.2 -0.1], 0.2

✓ Converged!

```



MLP XOR Training

