### **IOT DOMAIN ANALYST LAB 5**

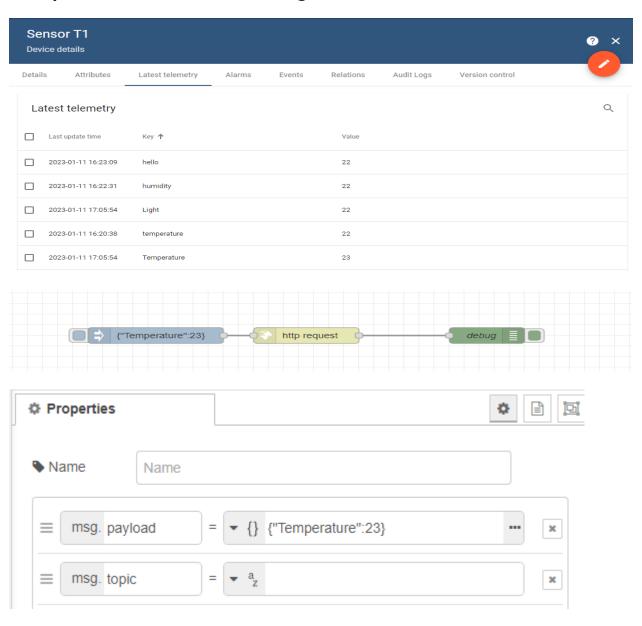
NAME: Vishal Kumar Mahatha

**REG NO**: 20BRS1168

PRACTICE -1

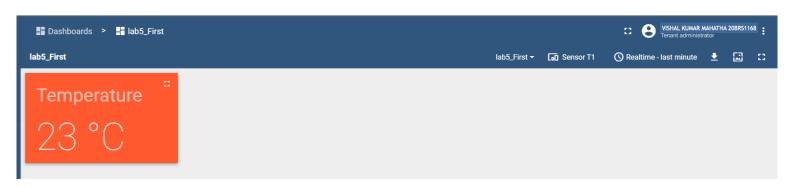
Aim: print the temperature data in thingsboard from node red

Components: Node-red, Thingsboard



Properties	•					
<b>≅</b> Method	POST	Â				
<b>⊘</b> URL	https://demo.thingsboard.io/api/v1/FKKzVzC8ogb0	- 1				
☐ Enable secure (SSL/TLS) connection						
✓ Use authentication						
<b>а</b> Туре	basic authentication ~					
<b>≜</b> Username						
■ Password						

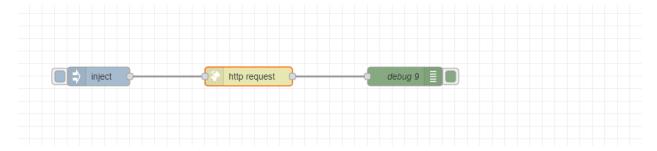
# **OUTPUT:**

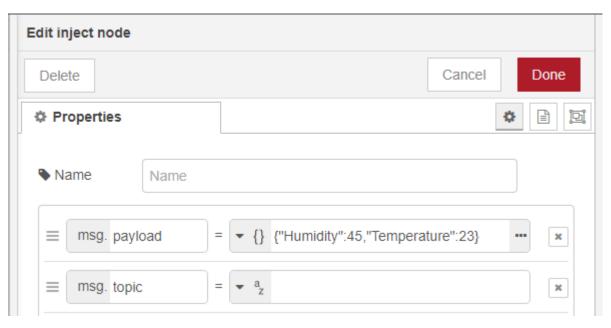


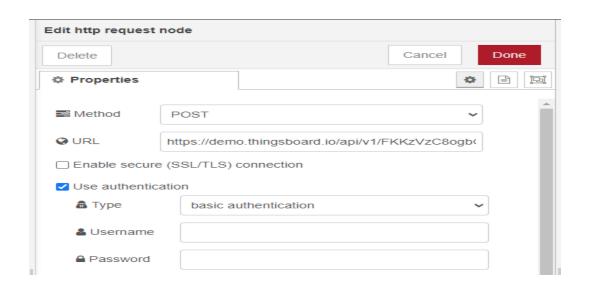
## PRACTICE - 2

Aim: print the temperature and humidity data in Arduino

Components: node-red, thingsboard.









Temp_Light  Device details								
Details Attributes	Latest telemetry	Alarms	Events	Relations	Audit Logs	Version control		
Latest telemetry								
Last update time	Key ↑			Value				
2023-01-11 17:17:48	Humidity			45				
2023-01-11 17:17:48	Light			OFF				
2023-01-11 17:17:48	Temperature			23				

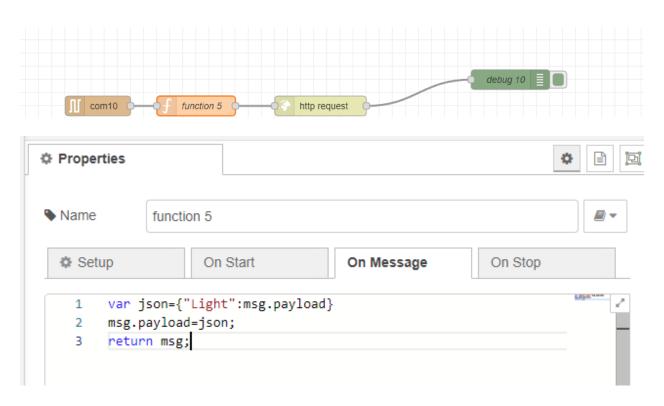
## PRACTICE - 3

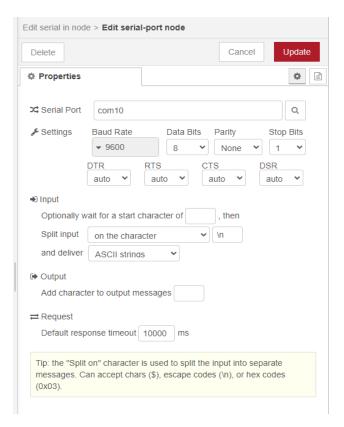
**AIM**: Simulate the Led data in Thingsboard

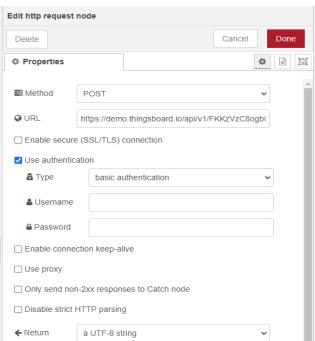
Components: Led, Arduino, Thingsboard, Node-Red

```
const int led = 13;
void setup() {
    // put your setup code here, to run once:
    pinMode(led,OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop() {
    // put your main code here, to run repeatedly:
    digitalWrite(led,HIGH);
    delay(2000);
    Serial.println("ON");
    digitalWrite(led,LOW);
    delay(2000);
    Serial.println("OFF");
}
```

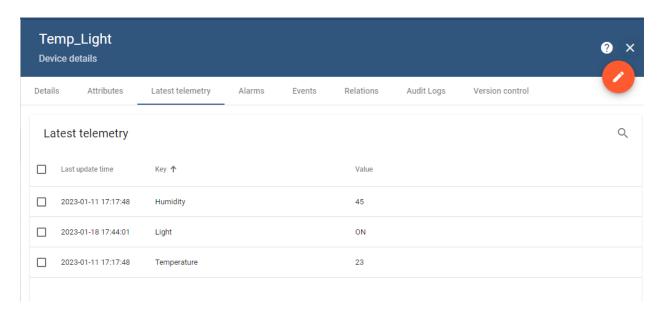


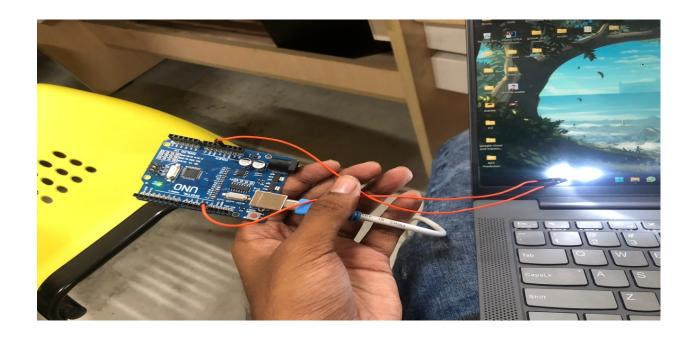






### **OUTPUT:**





#### **EXERCISE - 1**

**AIM**: Create a smart home automation system that will consider Humidity (range between 20 to 100) and temperature (range of 20 to 100) values. Convert the values of temperature into degrees. These values are generated by the Arduino for every 2 seconds. When the temperature is > 30 degrees Switch ON the FAN otherwise OFF. Similarly if the humidity values are <20, the Light will ONotherwise OFF. Simulate the above scenario using things board and Arduino along with the timestamp.

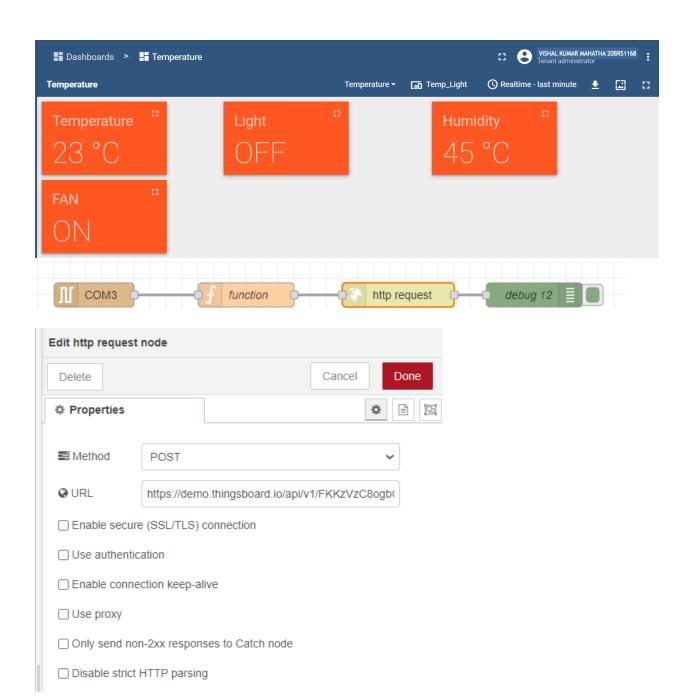
#### PROCEDURE:

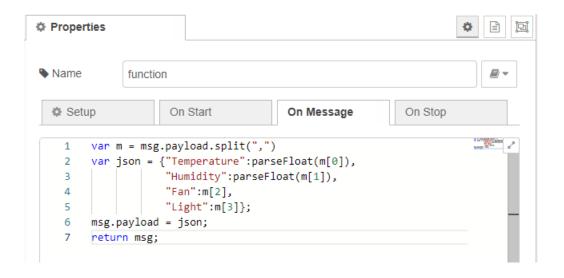
A smart home automation system that takes into account humidity and temperature values generated by an Arduino every 2 seconds could be implemented as follows:

1. The Arduino would be connected to a humidity and temperature sensor, and programmed to read the values every 2 seconds and send them to a Thingsboard IoT platform.

- 2. The Thingsboard platform would receive the humidity and temperature values from the Arduino and store them in a database, along with a timestamp.
- 3. The Thingsboard platform would also have a rule engine that would process the incoming values and control the FAN and Light accordingly. The rule engine would be programmed as follows:
- If the temperature value is greater than 30 degrees, it would send a command to switch ON the FAN
- If the temperature value is less than 30 degrees, it would send a command to switch OFF the FAN
- If the humidity value is less than 20, it would send a command to switch ON the Light
- If the humidity value is greater than 20, it would send a command to switch OFF the Light
- 4. The Thingsboard platform would also provide a user interface to display the temperature and humidity values with their timestamps, as well as the status of the FAN and Light.
- 5. The Arduino would also be connected to actuators such as relays to control the FAN and Light based on the commands received from Thingsboard.
- 6. The system would be designed in a way to be able to handle multiple devices, and more complex rules can be set up in the rules engine to control other devices as well.

```
#include <DHT.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <Adafruit Sensor.h>
#include <Adafruit TSL2561 U.h>
#include <L298N.h>
#define DHTPIN 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
DHT dht (DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
#define LIGHT_PIN 9
int temperature;
int humidity;
L298N motor(A1, A2, A3, A4); //initialize motor driver
void setup() {
  //initialize communication
  Serial.begin(9600);
  dht.begin();
  motor.begin();
  pinMode (LIGHT_PIN, OUTPUT);
}
void loop() {
  // read values from the sensor
  temperature = dht.readTemperature();
  humidity = dht.readHumidity();
  String myString;
  myString = ""+Temperatues;
  myString += ","+humidity;
 // control the motor and light based on the temperature and humidity values
 if (temperature > 30) {
  motor.setSpeed(255); // set the speed of the motor
  motor.run(FORWARD); // run the motor
  myString+=","+"ON";
 } else {
  motor.run(RELEASE); // release the motor
  myString+=","+"OFF";
 if (humidity < 20) {
  digitalWrite(LIGHT PIN, HIGH);
  mystring+=","+"ON";
 } else {
  digitalWrite(LIGHT_PIN, LOW);
  myString+=","+"OFF";
 delay(2000);
```





### **OUTPUT:**

Latest telemetry				
	Last update time	Key <b>↑</b>	Value	
	2023-01-18 19:18:31	FAN	ON	
	2023-01-11 17:17:48	Humidity	45	
	2023-01-18 17:44:31	Light	OFF	
	2023-01-11 17:17:48	Temperature	23	