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# IoT Domain Analyst Lab Assignment 11

## IoT Data analysis using Decision Tree in RStudio

## Practice 1:

**Decision Tree using rpart on Iris dataset** 

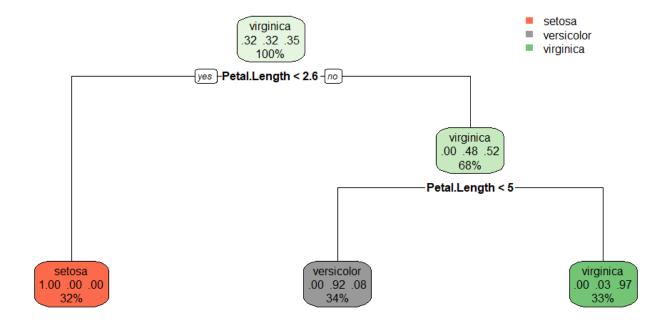
#### Code:

```
library(rpart)
data(iris)
set.seed(1234)
train <- sample(nrow(iris), 0.7 * nrow(iris))
iris_train <- iris[train, ]
iris_test <- iris[-train, ]
model <- rpart(Species ~ ., data = iris_train, method = "class")
#install.packages("rpart.plot")
library(rpart.plot)
rpart.plot(model)
predictions <- predict(model, iris_test, type = "class")
```

```
m_at <- table(iris_test$Species, predictions)
m_at</pre>
```

"Accuracy for test is found to be 0.9111111111111"

predictions			
	setosa	versicolor	virginica
setosa	16	0	0
versicolor	0	15	1
virginica	0	3	10



## Practice 2:

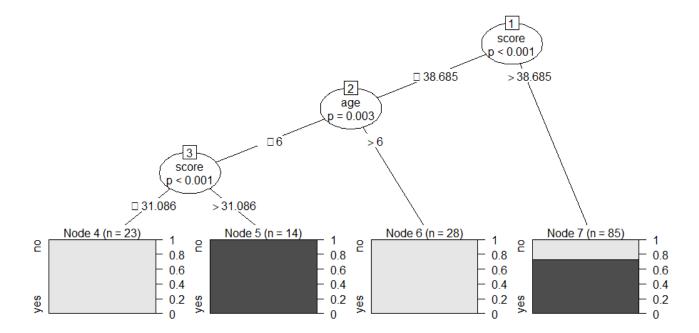
Decision Tree using ctree on readingSkills dataset

Code:

```
library(datasets)
library(caTools)
library(party)
library(dplyr)
library(magrittr)
data("readingSkills")
head(readingSkills)
sample data = sample.split(readingSkills, SplitRatio = 0.8)
train data <- subset(readingSkills, sample data == TRUE)
test data <- subset(readingSkills, sample data == FALSE)
model<- ctree(nativeSpeaker ~ ., train data)
plot(model)
# testing the people who are native speakers
# and those who are not
predict model<-predict(model, test data)</pre>
# creates a table to count how many are classified
# as native speakers and how many are not
m at <- table(test_data$nativeSpeaker, predict_model)
m at
ac Test <- (sum(diag(m at)) / sum(m at))</pre>
print(paste('Accuracy for test is found to be', ac Test))
```

"Accuracy for test is found to be 0.74"

```
predict_model
no yes
no 13 13
yes 0 24
```



## Exercise 1:

Decision tree using rpart on Advertisement dataset

## Code:

dataset=Advertisement

head(dataset, 10)

```
# Encoding the target feature as factor
dataset$Gender = factor(dataset$Gender,levels = c(0, 1))
dataset=select(dataset,-Gender)
# Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
library(caTools)
set.seed(123)
split = sample.split(dataset$Purchased,SplitRatio = 0.75)
training set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
test set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
# Fitting Decision Tree Classification to the Training set
library(rpart)
classifier = rpart(Purchased ~ .,training set)
# Predicting the Test set results
y pred = predict(classifier,test set)
# Making the Confusion Matrix
```

```
cm = table(test_set$Age, y_pred)

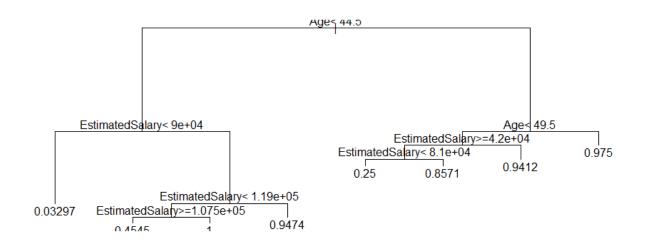
# Plotting the tree
plot(classifier)

text(classifier)

ac_Test <- (sum(diag(cm)) / sum(cm))
print(paste('Accuracy for test is found to be', ac_Test))</pre>
```

"Accuracy for test is found to be 0.44"

```
y_pred
0.032967032967033 0.25 0.454545454545455 0.857142857142857 0.941176470588235 0.947368421052632 0.975 1
0 55 1 1 1 0 0 4 2
1 2 4 2 5 7 4 9 3
```



### Exercise 2:

## **Decision tree using ctree on Advertisement**

### Code:

```
library(datasets)
library(caTools)
library(party)
library(dplyr)
library(magrittr)
dataset=Advertisement
head(data)
# Encoding the target feature as factor
dataset$Gender = factor(dataset$Gender,levels = c(0, 1))
split = sample.split(dataset$Purchased,SplitRatio = 0.75)
training set = subset(dataset, split == TRUE)
test set = subset(dataset, split == FALSE)
# Feature Scaling
#training set$Age = scale(training set$Age)
#test set$Age = scale(test set$Age)
head(training set)
model<- ctree(Purchased ~ ., training set)
plot(model)
```

```
predict_model<-predict(model, test_set)

m_at <- table(test_set$Purchased, predict_model)

m_at

ac_Test <- (sum(diag(m_at)) / sum(m_at))

print(paste('Accuracy for test is found to be', ac_Test))</pre>
```

"Accuracy for test is found to be 0.58"

