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# Assignment

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Abstract—This manual provides solutions to the Assignment of Random Numbers

#### 1 Uniform Random Numbers

Let U be a uniform random variable between 0

1.1 Generate  $10^6$  samples of U using a C program and save into a file called uni.dat.

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/q1.1.c wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

1.2 Load the uni.dat file into python and plot the empirical CDF of U using the samples in uni.dat. The CDF is defined as

$$F_U(x) = \Pr\left(U \le x\right) \tag{1.1}$$

**Solution:** The following code plots Fig. 1.2

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/q1.2.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.1.2

\$ python3 q1.2.py

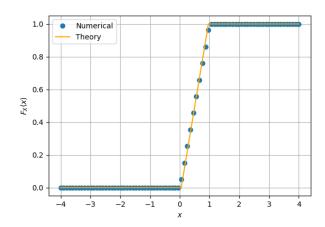


Fig. 1.2: The CDF of U

1.3 Find a theoretical expression for  $F_U(x)$ . **Solution:** Given U is a uniform Random Variable

$$p_U(x) = 1 \text{ for} (1.2)$$

$$F_U(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_U(x) dx \qquad (1.3)$$

$$F_U(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_U(x) dx \qquad (1.3)$$

$$\Longrightarrow F_U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x \le 0 \\ x & 0 < x < 1 \\ 1 & x \ge 1 \end{cases} \qquad (1.4)$$

1.4 The mean of U is defined as

$$E[U] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} U_i$$
 (1.5)

and its variance as

$$var[U] = E[U - E[U]]^2$$
 (1.6)

Write a C program to find the mean and variance of U.

Solution: Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/q1.4.c wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/

## randomvar/blob/main/code/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

1.5 Verify your result theoretically given that

$$E\left[U^{k}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{k} dF_{U}(x) \tag{1.7}$$

### **Solution:**

$$\operatorname{var}[U] = E\left[U - E\left[U\right]\right]^{2}$$

$$(1.8)$$

$$\Rightarrow \operatorname{var}[U] = E\left[U^{2}\right] - E\left[U\right]^{2}$$

$$(1.9)$$

$$E\left[U\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x dF_{U}(x)$$

$$(1.10)$$

$$E\left[U\right] = \int_{0}^{1} x \qquad (1.11)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[U\right] = \frac{1}{2} \qquad (1.12)$$

$$E\left[U^{2}\right] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{2} dF_{U}(x)$$

$$(1.13)$$

$$E\left[U^{2}\right] = \int_{0}^{1} x^{2} dF_{U}(x)$$

$$(1.14)$$

$$\Rightarrow E\left[U^{2}\right] = \frac{1}{3} \qquad (1.15)$$

$$\operatorname{var}[U] = \frac{1}{12} = 0.0833 \qquad (1.16)$$

#### 2 Central Limit Theorem

2.1 Generate  $10^6$  samples of the random variable

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^{12} U_i - 6 \tag{2.1}$$

using a C program, where  $U_i$ , i = 1, 2, ..., 12 are a set of independent uniform random variables between 0 and 1 and save in a file called gau.dat

**Solution:** Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/q2.1.c wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

2.2 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical CDF of *X* using the samples in gau.dat. What properties does a CDF have?

**Solution:** The CDF of X is plotted in Fig. 2.2 using the code below

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/randomvar/blob/main/code/q2.2.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.2.2

\$ python3 q2.2.py

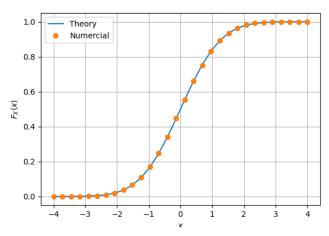


Fig. 2.2: The CDF of X

Some of the properties of CDF

- a)  $\lim_{x\to\infty} F_X(x) = 1$
- b)  $F_X(x)$  is non decreasing function.
- c) Symmetric about one point.
- 2.3 Load gau.dat in python and plot the empirical PDF of *X* using the samples in gau.dat. The PDF of *X* is defined as

$$p_X(x) = \frac{d}{dx} F_X(x) \tag{2.2}$$

What properties does the PDF have?

**Solution:** The PDF of *X* is plotted in Fig. 2.3 using the code below

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/randomvar/blob/main/code/q2.3.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.2.3

\$ python3 q2.3.py

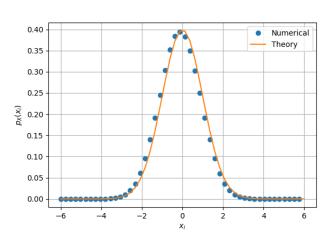


Fig. 2.3: The PDF of X

Some of the properties of the PDF:

- a) Symmetric about  $x = \mu$  in this case
- b) Decreasing function for  $x > \mu$  and increasing for  $x < \mu$  and attains maximum at  $x = \mu$
- c) Area under the curve is unity.
- 2.4 Find the mean and variance of *X* by writing a C program.

**Solution:** Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/q2.4.c wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands

\$ gcc q2.4.c -lm \$ ./a.out

2.5 Given that

$$p_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right), -\infty < x < \infty, \quad (2.3)$$

repeat the above exercise theoretically.

#### **Solution:**

1) CDF is given by

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \tag{2.4}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \times \sqrt{2\pi} \tag{2.5}$$

$$= 1 \tag{2.6}$$

2) Mean is given by

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) dx \qquad (2.7)$$

$$= 0 \qquad + \qquad (2.8)$$

3) Variance is given by

$$E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) = 0 \tag{2.9}$$

$$E\left[X^{2}\right] \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \times x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^{2}}{2}\right) dx \qquad (2.10)$$

$$Var(U) = x \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) \Big|_{\infty}^{\infty}$$
 (2.11)

$$+ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 1 \times \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right)$$
 (2.12)

$$= x \times 0 + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} 1 \times \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right)$$
 (2.13)

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) \tag{2.14}$$

$$Var(X) = \sqrt{2} \tag{2.15}$$

#### 3 From Uniform to Other

3.1 Generate samples of

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.1}$$

and plot its CDF.

**Solution:** Download the following files and execute the C program.

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/q3.1.c wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/ randomvar/blob/main/code/coeffs.h

Download the above files and execute the following commands \$ gcc q3.1.c -lm

\$ ./a.out

The CDF of *V* is plotted in Fig. 3.1 using the code below

wget https://github.com/VishalBurra27/randomvar/blob/main/code/q3.1.py

Download the above files and execute the following commands to produce Fig.3.1

\$ python3 q3.1.py

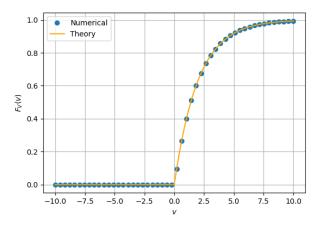


Fig. 3.1: The CDF of X

3.2 Find a theoretical expression for  $F_V(x)$ .

**Solution:** If Y = g(X), we know that  $F_Y(y) = F_X(g^{-1}(y))$ , here

$$V = -2\ln(1 - U) \tag{3.2}$$

$$1 - U = e^{\frac{-V}{2}} \tag{3.3}$$

$$U = 1 - e^{\frac{-V}{2}} \tag{3.4}$$

$$F_V(x) = F_U(1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}})$$
 (3.5)

$$\implies F_V(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 - e^{\frac{-x}{2}} & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$
 (3.6)