# **SET FUNCTION**

```
my_set = \{1, 3, 4, 5, 6\}
print(my_set)
# ADD
my_set.add(2)
print("ADD VALUE : ",my_set)
# update
my_set.update([6,7,8,9])
print("UPDATE",my_set)
# discard
my_set.discard(4)
print("DISCARD",my_set)
# remove
my_set.remove(6)
print("REMOVE",my_set)
my_set.remove(2)
print(my_set)
# discard
my_set.discard(2)
print(my_set)
# POP
my_set.pop()
print("POP",my_set)
my_set.pop()
print("POP",my_set)
# COPY
set1 = my_set.copy()
print("COPY",set1)
# CLEAR
print("CLEAR",set1.clear())
# SET OPERATION
A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}
B = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}
C = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}
D = \{4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}
```

```
# UNION
print("UNION")
print(A | B)
print(A.union(B))
print(B.union(A))
# Intersection
print("Intersection")
print(A & B)
print(A.intersection(B))
print(B.intersection(A))
# Intersection_update
C.intersection_update(D)
print("intersection_update",C)
D.intersection_update(C)
print("intersection_update",D)
# isdisjoint()
print("C TO D isdisjoint()",C.isdisjoint(D))
print("C TO E isdisjoint()",C.isdisjoint(E))
X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}
Y = \{1,2,3\}
# issubset()
print("SUB SET ",X.issubset(Y))
print("SUB SET ",Y.issubset(X))
# issuperset()
print("SUPER SET ",X.issubset(Y))
print("SUPER SET ",Y.issubset(X))
#Difference
print("Difference")
print(A - B)
A.difference(B)
print(B - A)
B.difference(A)
# Difference_update
print("C ",C)
```

print("D",D)

 $E = \{6,7,8,9,10\}$ 

```
C.difference_update(D)
print("After C set\ndifference_update",C)
D.difference_update(C)
print("After D set\ndifference_update",D)
#Symmetric Difference
print("Symmetric Difference")
print(A ^ B)
print(A.symmetric_difference(B))
print(B.symmetric_difference(A))
Z= {6,8,1,3,9,10,4,7,5,2}
print("Z",Z)
print("ALL",all(Z))
print("ANY",any(Z))
Z1={}
print("ALL",all(Z1))
print("ANY",any(Z1))
print("SORTED", sorted(Z))
print("enumerate",type(enumerate(Z)))
print("LEN",len(Z))
print("MAX",max(Z))
print("MIN",min(Z))
print("SUM",sum(Z))
```

### **frozenset**

A= frozenset([1, 2, 3, 4])
B = frozenset([3, 4, 5, 6])
print(A.isdisjoint(B))
print(A.difference(B))
print(A | B)
A.add(3) # Error

### **FILE HANDLING**

```
P-1
fo = open("student.txt", "wb")
print ("Name of the file: ", fo.name)
print ("Closed or not: ", fo.closed)
print ("Opening mode : ", fo.mode)
fo.close()
P-2
file = open("e://student.txt","w")
str1="THIS IS FIRST PROGRAM TO FILE HANDLING"
file.write(str1)
file.close()
P-3
file = open("e://student.txt", "r")
                                       # Open a file
for i in file:
  print(i)
file.close()
P-4
file = open("e://student.txt", "r")
str1 = file.read(30)
print ("Read String is: ", str1)
file.close()
P-4
file = open("e://student.txt", "r")
                                       # Open a file
print(file.readline())
print(file.readline())
print(file.readline())
file.close()
P-5
file = open("e://student.txt", "r")
                                       # Open a file
str = file.read(30)
print ("Read String is : ", str)
position = file.tell()
                                         # Check current position
print ("Current file position : ", position)
```

```
position = file.seek(0, 0)  # Reposition pointer at the beginning once again str = file.read(15)  print ("Again read String is : ", str)  file.close() # Close opened file
```

# **Function AS Object**

```
def fact(n):
  """Assumes that n is an int > 0 Returns n!"""
  if n == 1:
    return n
  else:
    return n*fact(n - 1)
def apply(L, f):
  """Assumes L is a list, f a function Mutates L by replacing each element, e, of L by f(e)"""
  #print(type(f))
  for i in range(len(L)):
      L[i] = f(L[i])
L = [1, -4, 6.66]
print('L =', L)
print ('Apply abs to each element of L.')
apply(L, abs)
print('L =', L)
print ('Apply int to each element of', L)
apply(L, int)
print ('L =', L)
print ('Apply factorial to each element of', L)
apply(L, fact)
print ('L =', L)
```

#### MODULE -1

HEllO.py (File Save)	
def print_v(name):	import Hello # Hello File Import
print("Hello", name)	Hello.print_v("SANDIP")
return	

#### MODULE -2

```
Number.py (File SAVE)
def armstrong(n):
                                       import number as n1 # import number
                                       n = int(input("Enter Number"))
 sum1=0
 d=0
                                       n1.armstrong(n)
                                       n1.digitsum(n)
 ex=n
 while (n!=0):
   d=n%10
   sum1=sum1+(d*d*d)
   n=int(n/10)
 if(ex==sum1):
   print("Number Is Artmstromg")
   print("Number is Not Armstyrong")
 return
def digitsum(n):
 sum2=0
 d=0
 while (n!=0):
   d=n%10
   sum2=sum2+d
   n=int(n/10)
 print(" Sum of Digit is %d" %sum2)
 return
```