
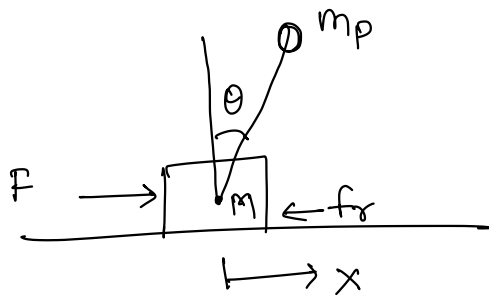


# Cart - Pendulum Model

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$f_r$  = friction coefficient

$X$  = cart displacement

$X_m, Y_m$  = pendulum mass ( $m$ ) displacement.

$F$  = applied force on pendulum.

$\theta$  = pendulum angle with vertical axis ( $Y$ )

$M$  = mass of cart

$m$  = mass of pendulum

$I$  = Inertia of pendulum

$L, l$  = length of pendulum.

$$X_m = X + l \sin \theta \quad Y_m = l \cos \theta$$

$$\dot{X}_m = \dot{X} + l \cos \theta \cdot \dot{\theta} \quad \dot{Y}_m = -l \sin \theta \cdot \dot{\theta}$$

Kinetic energy of pendulum :

$$= \frac{1}{2} m [(\dot{X} + l \cos \theta \cdot \dot{\theta})^2 + (-l \sin \theta \cdot \dot{\theta})^2] + \frac{1}{2} I \dot{\theta}^2$$

Kinetic energy of cart:

$$= \frac{1}{2} M \dot{x}^2$$

Total kinetic energy (T)

$$= \frac{1}{2} M \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}^2 + l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \cos^2 \theta + 2l \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta + l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin^2 \theta) + \frac{1}{2} I \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} M \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}^2 + l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + 2l \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta) + \frac{1}{2} I \dot{\theta}^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (M+m) \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} (ml^2 + I) \dot{\theta}^2 + ml \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta$$

Potential Energy (V)

$$= m \cdot g \cdot h = m \cdot g \cdot l \cos \theta.$$

Lagrangian (L) = T - V

$$L = \frac{1}{2} (M+m) \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} (ml^2 + I) \dot{\theta}^2 + ml \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \cos \theta - m \cdot g \cdot l \cos \theta.$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = F - f_r \dot{x}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} = (M+m) \dot{x} + ml \dot{\theta} \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = (M+m) \ddot{x} + ml \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta - ml \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x} = 0$$

$$(M+m) \ddot{x} = F - f_r \dot{x} - ml \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + ml \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta} = 0 \quad \text{--- ①}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} = (ml^2 + I) \dot{\theta} + ml \dot{x} \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) = (ml^2 + I) \ddot{\theta} + ml \ddot{x} \cos \theta - ml \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta} = -ml \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta + mgl \sin \theta$$

$$(ml^2 + I) \ddot{\theta} = -ml \ddot{x} \cos \theta + ml \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta - ml \dot{x} \dot{\theta} \sin \theta + mgl \sin \theta$$

$$(ml^2 + I) \ddot{\theta} = -ml \ddot{x} \cos \theta + mgl \sin \theta \quad \text{--- ②}$$

$$(ml^2 + I) = \lambda$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = -\frac{m\lambda \cos\theta}{\lambda} \ddot{x} + \frac{mgl \sin\theta}{\lambda}$$

Put this  $\ddot{\theta}$  in (1)

$$[\lambda(M+m) - m^2 l^2 \cos^2\theta] \ddot{x} = F\lambda - f_r \dot{x} \lambda + m\lambda \dot{\theta}^2 \sin\theta \cdot \lambda + m^2 l^2 g \cos\theta \sin\theta$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{-f_r \lambda \dot{x} + m\lambda \dot{\theta}^2 \sin\theta \cdot \lambda - m^2 l^2 g \cos\theta \sin\theta + F\lambda}{(\lambda(M+m) - m^2 l^2 \cos^2\theta)}$$

at equilibrium  $\dot{\theta} = 0$ ,  $\sin\theta = \theta$ ,  $\cos\theta = 1$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{-f_r \cdot \lambda \cdot \dot{x} - m^2 l^2 \cdot g \cdot \theta + F\lambda}{\lambda(M+m) - m^2 l^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\hookrightarrow m M l^2 + \cancel{m^2 l^2} + I(M+m) - \cancel{m^2 l^2} \\ &= I(M+m) + m M l^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$A_{22} = \frac{-f_r \lambda}{I(M+m) + m M l^2} \quad A_{23} = \frac{-m^2 l^2 g}{I(M+m) + m M l^2}$$

$$B_{21} = \frac{\lambda}{I(M+m) + m M l^2}$$

$$\ddot{x} = \frac{F - f_r \dot{x} - m l \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + m l \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta}{(M+m)}$$

Put this value of  $\ddot{x}$  in eq<sup>n</sup> ②

$$l \ddot{\theta} = -m l \cos \theta \left( \frac{F - f_r \dot{x} - m l \ddot{\theta} \cos \theta + m l \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta}{(M+m)} \right) + m g l \sin \theta$$

$$\left( \frac{f_r m l \cos \theta}{(M+m)} - m^2 l^2 \cos^2 \theta \right) \ddot{\theta} = -m l \cos \theta F + f_r m l \cos \theta \dot{x} - m^2 l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + (M+m) m g l \sin \theta$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{-m l \cos \theta F + f_r m l \cos \theta \dot{x} - m^2 l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + (M+m) m g l \sin \theta}{(M+m) l - m^2 l^2 \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{f_r m l \cos \theta \dot{x} - m^2 l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin \theta \cos \theta + (M+m) m g l \sin \theta - m l \cos \theta F}{(M+m) l - m^2 l^2 \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\dot{\theta}^2 = 0 \quad \sin \theta = 0 \quad \cos(0) = 1$$

$$A_{42} = \frac{f_r m l}{I(M+m) + m M l^2} \quad A_{43} = \frac{(M+m) m g l}{I(M+m) + m M l^2}$$

$$B_{41} = \frac{-m l}{I(M+m) + m M l^2}$$