Chapter 4 Module Quiz

Due 7 Jun at 23:59	Points 10	Questions 10	Available until 12 Jun at 23:59	Time limit None
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Instructions

This is a graded quiz worth 1% of your course grade. The quiz covers the key learning objectives of Chapter 4.

Attempt history

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	3 minutes	10 out of 10

Score for this quiz: **10** out of 10 Submitted 31 May at 3:05 This attempt took 3 minutes.

	Question 1	1 / 1 pts
	How are pie and doughnut charts different?	
	O Doughnut charts are better for showing lots of categories.	
	Pie charts use colour, while doughnut charts use value labels.	
Correct!	Doughnut charts have a hole in the middle.	
	O Doughnut charts are based on area, while pie charts are based on angle.	

Question 2		1 / 1 pts
Which one of the following is the mai pie charts?	n visual variable used to interpret the propo	ortions depicted in
O Angle		
Colour		
OPosition		
Area		

Correct!

Correct!

There are many issues with pie and doughnut charts. Which one of the following is NOT a recognised issue. Pie and doughnut charts fail to draw peoples' attention. Small proportions are hard to see and label in pie and doughnut charts. Pie and doughnut charts are inaccurate when proportions are similar. Pie and doughnut charts are limited in the number of categories they can effectively convey.



Which deceptive method does the following data visualisation demonstrate?



Source: <u>CNBC</u> (https://www.cnbc.com/2019/06/12/tesla-looks-like-netflix-did-in-2011and-it-may-see-a-similar-recovery.html)

Correct!

5.1.5	prof 1 modulo Quiz. Bata violation and Communication (2110)
 Truncated axis 	
Dual axes	
 Changing the plot asp 	pect ratio
 Visual bombardment 	



	Use of pies and doughnut charts
Correct!	Area and size as quantity

Question 6	1 pts
For a time series plot, if you increase the width of the plot relative to the height, changes act time will appear	ross
o more pronounced.	
less pronounced.	
○ the same.	
○ Impossible to tell.	
	For a time series plot, if you increase the width of the plot relative to the height, changes act time will appear more pronounced. less pronounced. the same.

	Question 7	1 / 1 pts
	Which one of the following practices go against data visualisation convention?	
	Putting the y-axis scale's label on the left of the plot.	
	Adding gridlines to help read values from the x and y axis.	
Correct!	Putting a time variable on the y-axis	
	Using colour to represent a quantiative variable.	

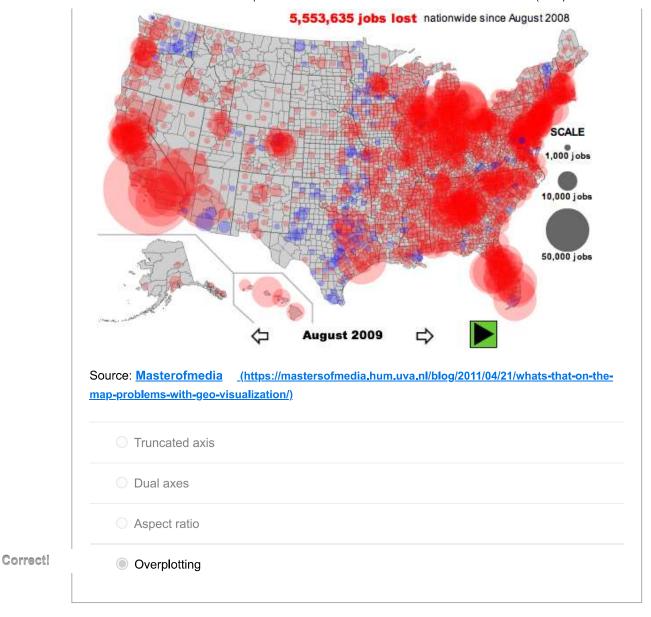
1 / 1 pts **Question 8** Which one of the following methods will help reduce the chances of visually bombarding your audience? Visualise as many variables as possible.

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Use multiple plots to visualise different elements of your story.
Use lots of different colours for different purposes.
O Plot all your groups in a categorical variable, regardless of how many there are.

	Question 9 1 / 1 pts
	Which one of the following statements best explains when to start a data visualisation scale at 0.
	Only bar charts need to start at 0 on the y-axis.
	All plots should plot 0 on the scale for numeric variables.
Correct!	When the data visualisation is focusing on relative comparisons across time or between groups on count, proportions and percentages.
	Only time series plots do NOT need to start their axis scale at 0.

Question 10 Which deceptive method does the following data visualisation demonstrate?



Quiz score: 10 out of 10