

1st dl housing dataset

```
import tensorflow as tf
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn import metrics
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
from tqdm.notebook import tqdm
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

boston = tf.keras.datasets.boston_housing

dir(boston)

boston_data = boston.load_data()

(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) =
tf.keras.datasets.boston_housing.load_data(path='boston_housing.npz', test_split=0.2,
seed=42)

x_train.shape, y_train.shape, x_test.shape, y_test.shape

scaler = StandardScaler()

x_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test_scaled = scaler.transform(x_test)
y_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(y_train.reshape(-1, 1))
y_test_scaled = scaler.transform(y_test.reshape(-1, 1))

model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
    tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(13,), name='input-layer'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(100, name='hidden-layer-2'),
    tf.keras.layers.BatchNormalization(name='hidden-layer-3'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(50, name='hidden-layer-4'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(1, name='output-layer')
])

tf.keras.utils.plot_model(model, show_shapes=True)
```

```

model.summary()

model.compile(
    optimizer='adam',
    loss='mse',
    metrics=['mae']
)

history = model.fit(x_train_scaled, y_train_scaled, batch_size=32, epochs=20,
validation_data=(x_test, y_test))

pd.DataFrame(history.history).plot(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Metrics graph")
plt.show()

y_pred = model.predict(x_test)

sns.regplot(x=y_test, y=y_pred)
plt.title("Regression Line for Predicted values")
plt.show()

def regression_metrics_display(y_test, y_pred):
    print(f"MAE is {metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)}")
    print(f"MSE is {metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred)}")
    print(f"R2 score is {metrics.r2_score(y_test, y_pred)}")

regression_metrics_display(y_test, y_pred)

```

2nd pract

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
data_df = pd.read_csv('letter-recognition.csv')
data_df.head()

transposed_df = data_df.transpose()
transposed_df.head()

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
import tensorflow as tf

```

```

X = data_df.iloc[:, 1:].values
y = data_df['letter'].values
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
y_encoded = label_encoder.fit_transform(y)
y_onehot = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(y_encoded)
y_onehot

scaler = StandardScaler()
X_normalized = scaler.fit_transform(X)
X_normalized

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_normalized, y_onehot, test_size=0.2,
random_state=42)
input_dim = X_train.shape[1]
output_dim = y_train.shape[1]
model = tf.keras.Sequential([
tf.keras.layers.InputLayer(input_shape=(input_dim,)),
tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
tf.keras.layers.BatchNormalization(name='hidden-layer-3'),
tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.5),
tf.keras.layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
tf.keras.layers.Dense(output_dim, activation='softmax')
])
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
loss='categorical_crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()

history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=32, validation_split=0.1)
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(f"Test Loss: {loss:.4f}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}")

history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=32, validation_data=(X_test, y_test))
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model loss')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
plt.show()

y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

```

```

y_pred_classes = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1)
y_true_classes = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)
results_df = pd.DataFrame({
    'Predicted': label_encoder.inverse_transform(y_pred_classes),
    'Actual': label_encoder.inverse_transform(y_true_classes)
})
print(results_df.head(30))

print(results_df.head(30))

```

DL 3

pip install mlxtend

```

import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from mlxtend.plotting import plot_confusion_matrix
from sklearn import metrics
import random
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")

```

pip install idx2numpy

```

import idx2numpy
trainX=idx2numpy.convert_from_file(r"C:\Users\Gites\Downloads\archive
(28)\train-images-idx3-ubyte")
testX=idx2numpy.convert_from_file(r"C:\Users\Gites\Downloads\archive
(28)\t10k-images-idx3-ubyte")
trainy=idx2numpy.convert_from_file(r"C:\Users\Gites\Downloads\archive
(28)\train-labels-idx1-ubyte")
testy=idx2numpy.convert_from_file(r"C:\Users\Gites\Downloads\archive
(28)\t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte")

trainX=trainX.reshape(trainX.shape[0],28,28,1)
testX=testX.reshape(testX.shape[0],28,28,1)

```

```

trainy_cat=to_categorical(trainy)
testy_cat=to_categorical(testy)

train_norm = trainX.astype('float32')
test_norm = testX.astype('float32')
train_norm = train_norm / 255.0
test_norm = test_norm / 255.0

class_names = ['T-shirt/top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat',
               'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker', 'Bag', 'Ankle boot']

plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
for i in range(25):
    plt.subplot(5,5,i+1)
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.grid(False)
    plt.imshow(trainX[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
    plt.xlabel(class_names[trainy[i]])
plt.show()

model=tf.keras.models.Sequential([

tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64,kernel_size=(3,3),input_shape=(28,28,1),activation='relu',padding='same',name='conv-layer-1'),
    tf.keras.layers.AvgPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),name='pooling-layer-1'),
tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(32,kernel_size=(3,3),input_shape=(28,28,1),activation='relu',padding='same',name='conv-layer-2'),
    tf.keras.layers.AvgPool2D(pool_size=(2,2),name='pooling-layer-2'),
    tf.keras.layers.GlobalAveragePooling2D(name='pooling-layer-3'),
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(len(class_names),activation='softmax',name='output-layer')
])

model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              optimizer='adam',
              metrics=['accuracy'])

history=model.fit(trainX,trainy_cat,epochs=10,validation_data=(testX,testy_cat))

model.summary()

pd.DataFrame(history.history).plot(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Metrics Graph")
plt.show()

```

```

model.evaluate(testX, testy_cat)

predictions = model.predict(testX)
predictions = tf.argmax(predictions, axis=1)
y_test = tf.argmax(testy_cat, axis=1)
y_test = tf.Variable(y_test)
print(metrics.accuracy_score(y_test, predictions))

print(metrics.classification_report(y_test, predictions))

cm = metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions)
plot_confusion_matrix(cm, figsize=(10,7), class_names=class_names)
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

images = []
labels = []
random_indices = random.sample(range(len(testX)), 10)
for idx in random_indices:
    images.append(testX[idx])
    labels.append(testy_cat[idx])
images = np.array(images)
labels = np.array(labels)

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 8))
rows = 2
cols = 5
x = 1
for image, label in zip(images, labels):
    fig.add_subplot(rows, cols, x)
    prediction = model.predict(tf.expand_dims(image, axis=0))
    prediction = class_names[tf.argmax(prediction.flatten())]
    label = class_names[tf.argmax(label)]
    plt.title(f"Label: {label}, Prediction: {prediction}")
    plt.imshow(image/255.)
    plt.axis("off")
    x += 1

```

## DL4

```

import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns

```

```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import warnings
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras import Sequential
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score

df=pd.read_csv(r"GOOGL.csv",thousands=',')
df.head()

axis1=df.plot(x="Date",y=['Open','High','Low','Close'],figsize=(10,7),title="Open,High,Low,Close
Stock Prices Of of Google Stocks")
axis1.set_ylabel("Stock Prices")
axis2=df.plot(x="Date",y=['Volume'],figsize=(10,7))
axis2.set_ylabel("Stock Volume")

df.isnull().sum()

df[['Open','High','Low','Close','Volume']].plot(kind='box',layout=(1,5),subplots=True,sharex=False
,sharey=False,figsize=(10,7),color='red')

df.hist(figsize=(10,7))

scaler=MinMaxScaler()
data_without_date=df.drop("Date",axis=1)
scaled_df=scaler.fit_transform(data_without_date)
scaled_df=pd.DataFrame(scaled_df)
scaled_df.hist(figsize=(10,7))

plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
sns.heatmap(df.drop("Date",axis=1).corr())
plt.show()

scaled_df=scaled_df.drop([0,2,3],axis=1)
scaled_df

def split_seq_multivariate(sequence,n_past,n_future):
    x=[]
    y=[]
    for window_start in range(len(sequence)):
        past_end=n_past+window_start
        future_end=past_end+n_future

```

```

        if future_end>len(sequence):
            break
        past=sequence.iloc[window_start:past_end,:]
        future=sequence.iloc[past_end:future_end,-1]
        x.append(past)
        y.append(future)
    return np.array(x),np.array(y)

n_steps=60
x,y=split_seq_multivariate(scaled_df,n_steps,1)
scaled_df.shape

x.shape,y.shape

X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
X_train.shape,X_test.shape,y_train.shape,y_test.shape

model=Sequential([
    LSTM(64,input_shape=(n_steps,3)),
    Dense(50,activation='relu'),
    Dense(50,activation='relu'),
    Dense(50,activation='relu'),
    Dense(1)
])

model.summary()

model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='mse',metrics=['mae'])

history=model.fit(X_train,y_train,epochs=10,batch_size=32,verbose=2,validation_data=(X_test,y_test))

pd.DataFrame(history.history).plot(figsize=(10,7))

model.evaluate(X_test,y_test)

predictions=model.predict(X_test)
predictions.shape

plt.plot(y_test,c='r')
plt.plot(predictions,c='y')
plt.xlabel('Day')
plt.ylabel('Stock Price Volume')
plt.title('Stock Price Volume Prediction Graph using RNN(LSTM)')

```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))  
plt.show()
```