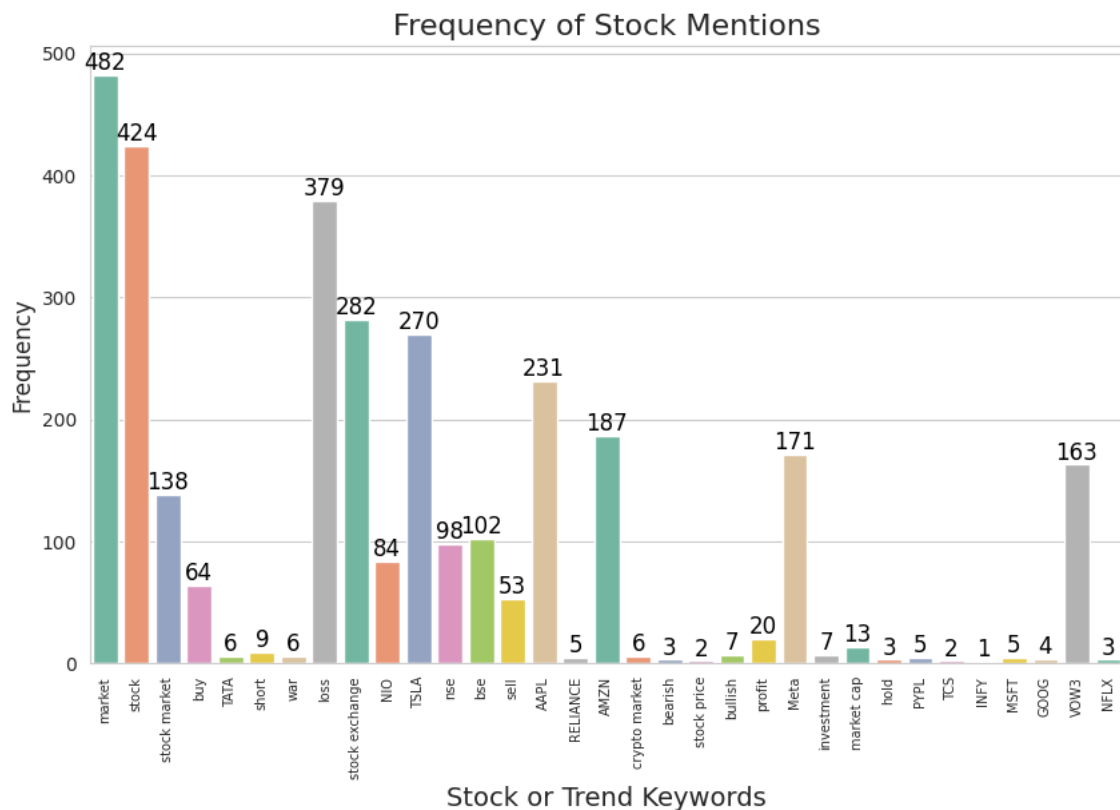


# STOCK MOVEMENT ANALYSIS BASED ON SOCIAL MEDIA SENTIMENT

Visualization & Reporting:

1.



**X-axis:** Lists the keywords (stocks or trends) that were mentioned.

**Y-axis:** Represents the frequency of mentions of each keyword.

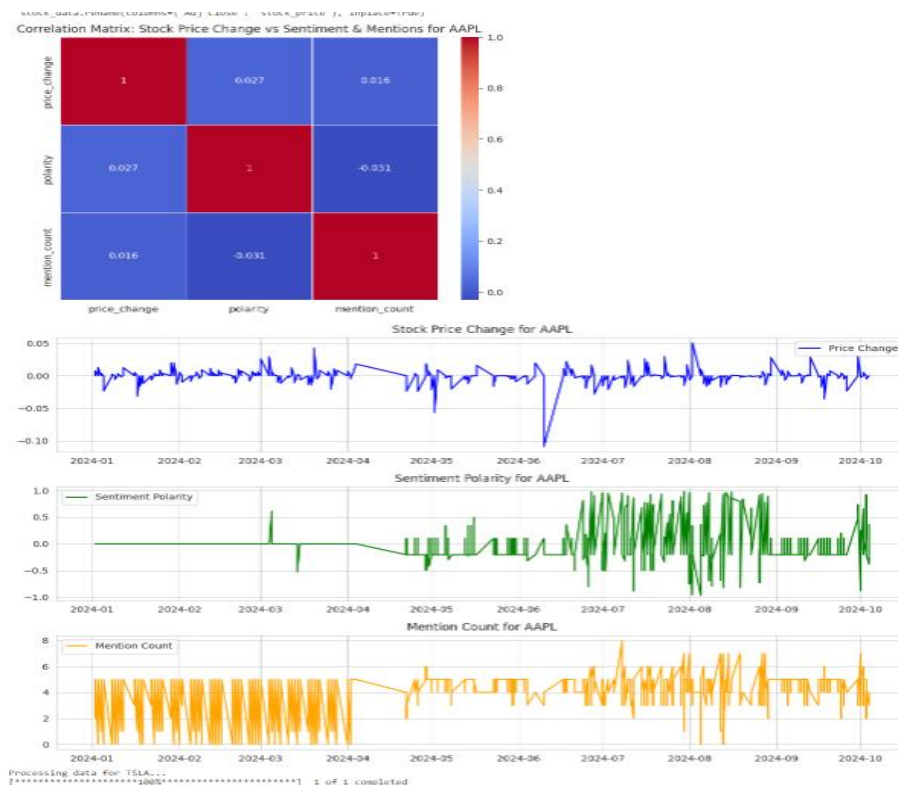
**Bars:** The height of each bar corresponds to the frequency of mentions of the corresponding keyword.

**Annotations:** The bars are annotated with their respective values, indicating the exact frequency of mentions.

**Title:** The plot has a title, likely indicating the topic or focus of the analysis.

bar plot that visualizes the frequency of mentions of various stocks or trend keywords. The x-axis lists the keywords, while the y-axis represents their frequency. The bars are annotated with their respective values, and the plot includes a title and labeled axes.

2.



## Inference for AAPL Graphs

### 1. Correlation Matrix

- Values:
  - Price Change vs. Polarity: 0.027
  - Price Change vs. Mention Count: 0.016
  - Polarity vs. Mention Count: -0.031
- Inference: Weak correlations among variables.

### 2. Stock Price Change

- Observation: Fluctuates daily without a clear trend; indicates instability and sensitivity to external factors.

### 3. Sentiment Polarity

- Observation: Varies significantly, especially from mid-2024, indicating mixed public reactions.

### 4. Mention Count

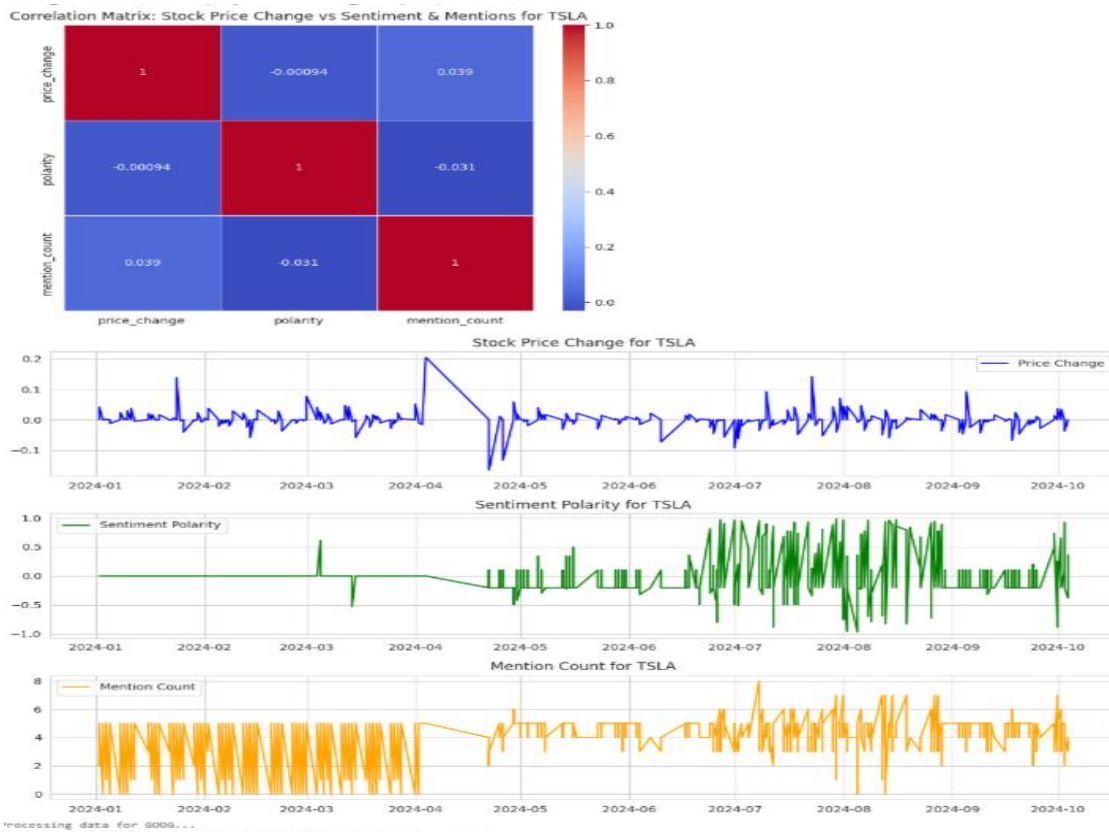
- Observation: Fluctuates, with higher mentions suggesting periods of increased public attention.

## Overall Inference

- Stock Price: Volatile, no clear trend.

- Sentiment Polarity: Mixed reactions.
- Mention Count: Periodic spikes in public interest.

3.



## Inference for TSLA Graphs

### 1. Correlation Matrix

- Values:
  - Price Change vs. Polarity: -0.00094
  - Price Change vs. Mention Count: 0.039
  - Polarity vs. Mention Count: -0.031
- Inference: Weak correlations, suggesting changes in these variables aren't strongly related.

### 2. Stock Price Change

- Observation: Daily fluctuations, no clear long-term trend, indicating high volatility.

### 3. Sentiment Polarity

- Observation: Significant variations, especially after mid-2024, indicating variable public sentiment.

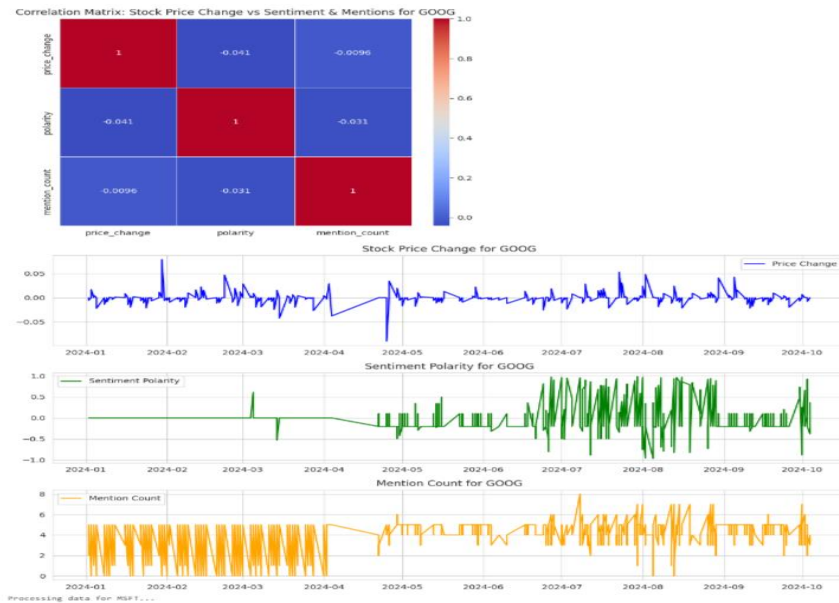
### 4. Mention Count

- Observation: Varying levels, with high mention counts during specific events.

#### Overall Inference

- Stock Price: Highly volatile, no clear trend.
- Sentiment Polarity: Fluctuates significantly, mixed public reactions.
- Mention Count: Periodic spikes in public attention.

4.



#### Inference for GOOG Graphs

##### 1. Correlation Matrix

- Values:
  - Price Change vs. Polarity: -0.041
  - Price Change vs. Mention Count: -0.0096
  - Polarity vs. Mention Count: -0.031
- Inference: Weak correlations suggest variables aren't strongly related.

##### 2. Stock Price Change

- Observation: Daily fluctuations around zero, indicating volatility.

##### 3. Sentiment Polarity

- Observation: Varies from negative to positive, showing mixed sentiment.

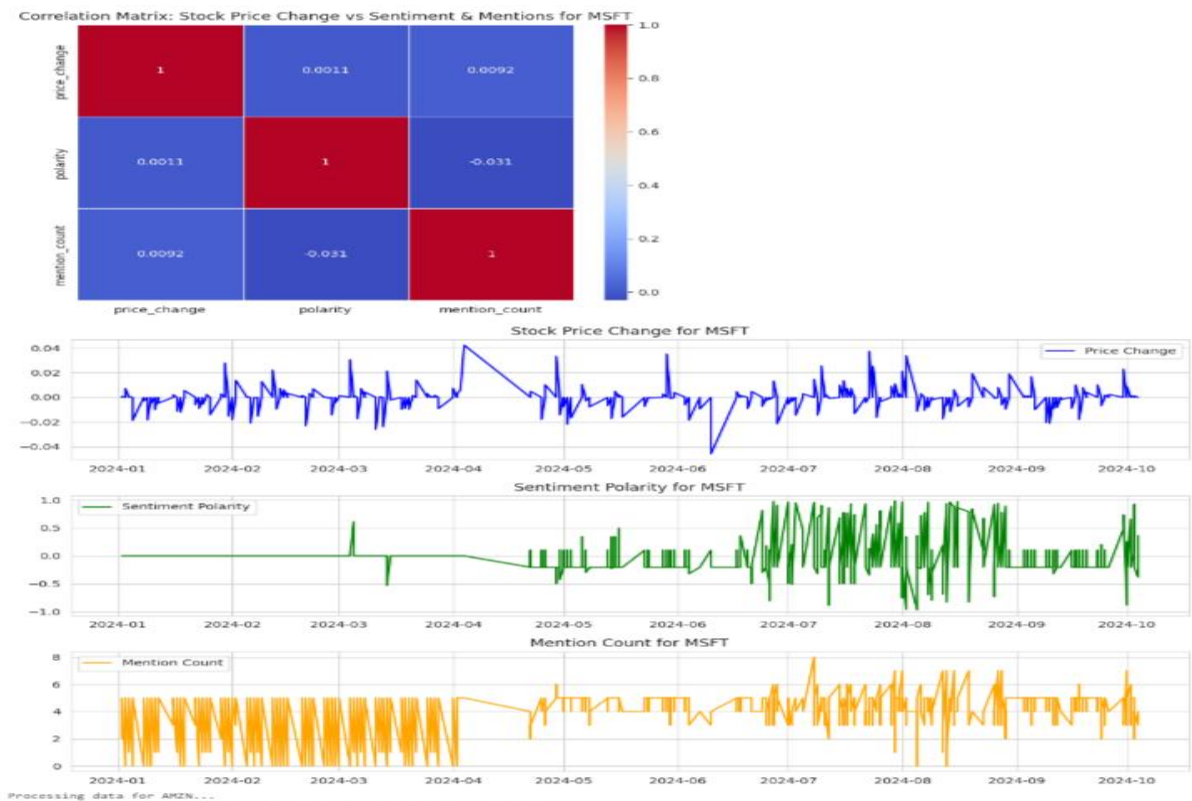
##### 4. Mention Count

- Observation: Ranges from 0 to 8 mentions, reflecting public attention.

#### Overall Inference

- Stock Price: Volatile with no clear trend.
- Sentiment Polarity: Mixed reactions.
- Mention Count: Periodic spikes in public interest.

5.



#### Inference for MSFT Graphs

##### 1. Correlation Matrix

- Values:
  - Price Change vs. Polarity: 0.0011
  - Price Change vs. Mention Count: 0.0092
  - Polarity vs. Mention Count: -0.031
- Inference: Weak correlations among variables, suggesting they are not strongly related.

##### 2. Stock Price Change

- Observation: Fluctuates over time without a clear long-term trend; indicates market volatility.

### 3. Sentiment Polarity

- Observation: Varies throughout the year with notable fluctuations; reflects changing public sentiment.

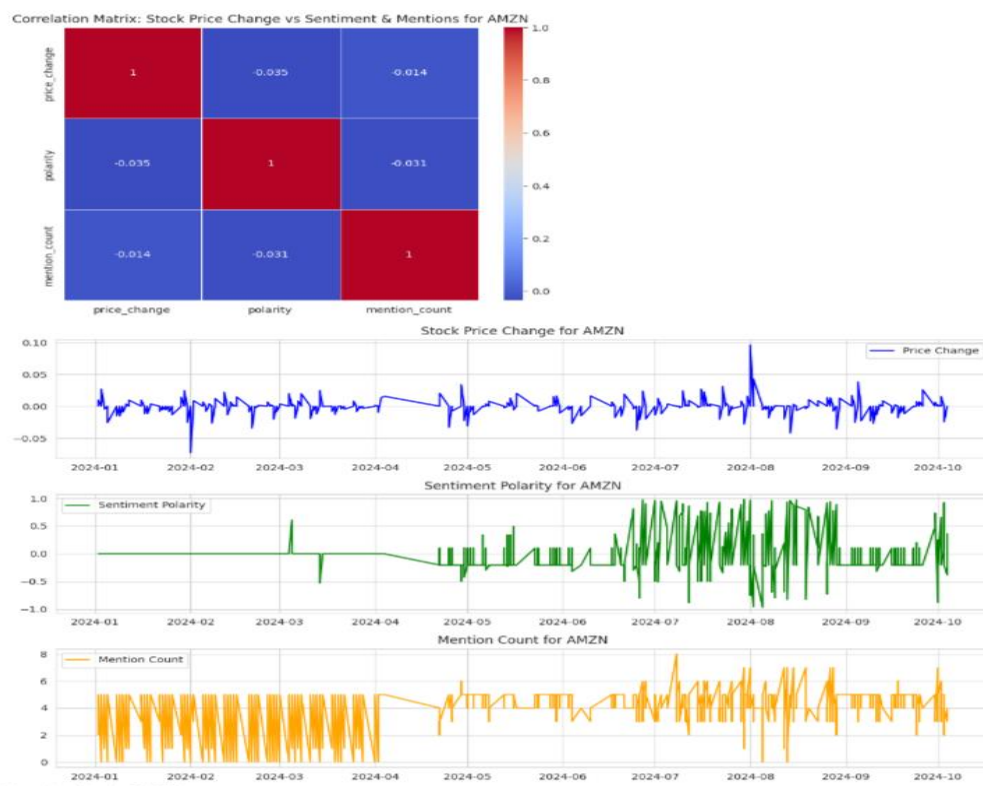
### 4. Mention Count

- Observation: Varies daily, with higher mentions during significant events.

### Overall Inference

- Stock Price: Highly volatile, no clear trend.
- Sentiment Polarity: Varied public perception.
- Mention Count: Periodic spikes in public interest.

6.



### Inference for AMZN Graphs

#### 1. Correlation Matrix:

- **Weak correlations** between price change, sentiment polarity, and mention count.

#### 2. Stock Price Change:

- **Fluctuates** over time, with notable spikes around August 2024.

#### 3. Sentiment Polarity:

- **Variable sentiment**, more positive from May 2024 onwards.

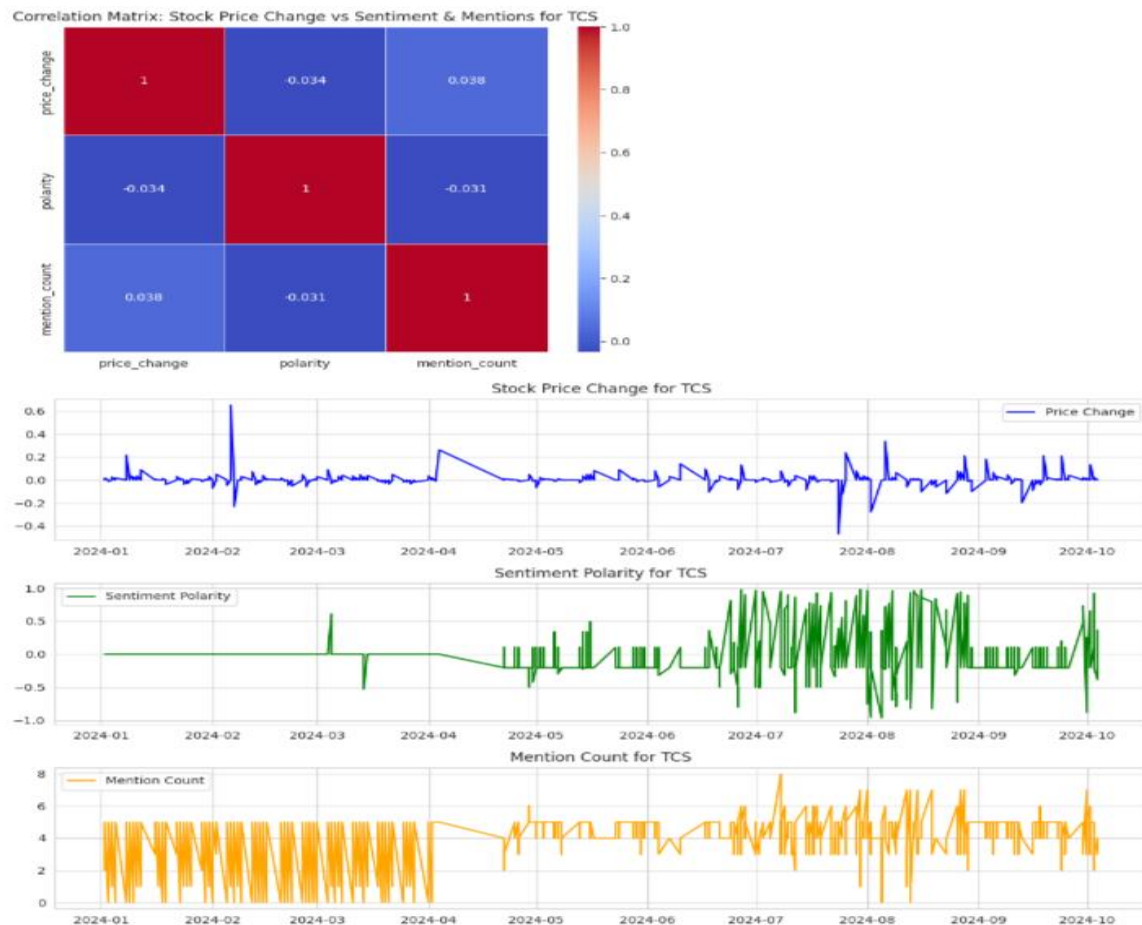
#### 4. Mention Count:

- **Fluctuates**, higher counts from July 2024 onwards.

#### Overall Inference

- **Stock Price**: Volatile with no clear long-term trend.
- **Sentiment Polarity**: Mixed, trending positive from mid-2024.
- **Mention Count**: Reflects periods of increased public interest.

7.



#### Inference for TCS Graphs

##### 1. Correlation Matrix

- **Values:**
  - Price Change vs. Polarity: 0.034
  - Price Change vs. Mention Count: 0.038
  - Polarity vs. Mention Count: -0.031
- **Inference:** Weak correlations, suggesting that changes in these variables aren't strongly related.

##### 2. Stock Price Change



- **Observation:** Daily fluctuations, no clear long-term trend, indicating high volatility.

### 3. Sentiment Polarity

- **Observation:** Significant variations, indicating variable public sentiment.

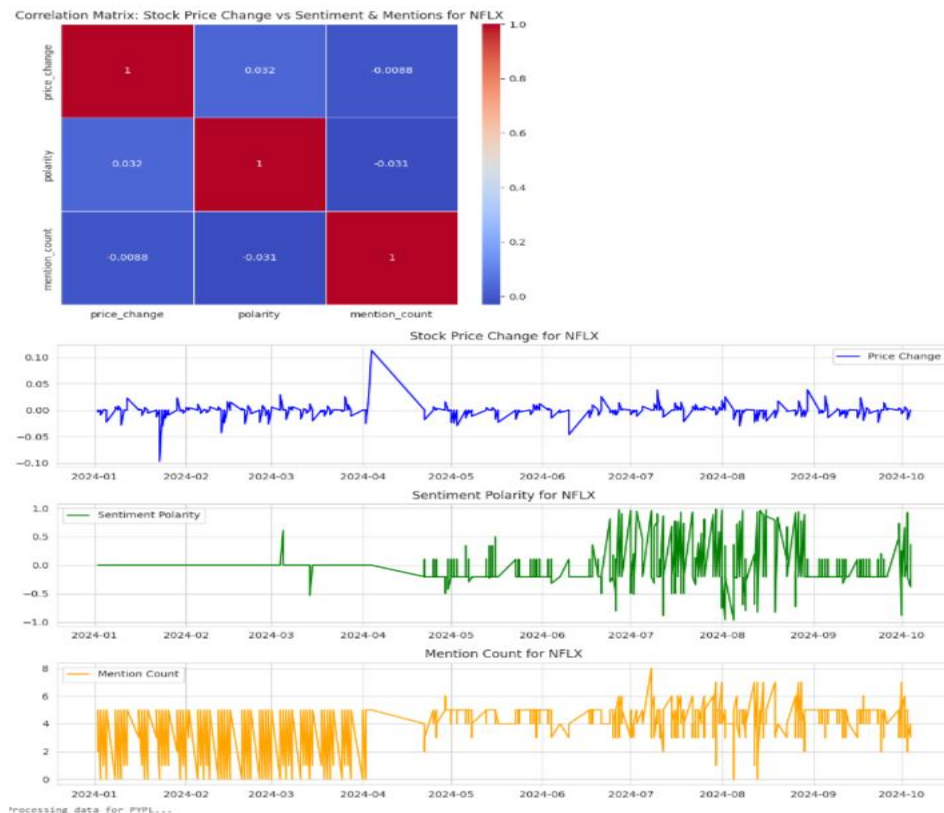
### 4. Mention Count

- **Observation:** Varying levels, with spikes indicating increased public attention.

### Overall Inference

- **Stock Price:** Highly volatile, no clear trend.
- **Sentiment Polarity:** Fluctuating, mixed public reactions.
- **Mention Count:** Periodic spikes in public interest.

8.



### Inference for NFLX Graphs

#### 1. Correlation Matrix

- **Values:**
  - Price Change vs. Polarity: 0.032
  - Price Change vs. Mention Count: -0.0088
  - Polarity vs. Mention Count: -0.031
- **Inference:** Weak correlations suggest variables aren't strongly related.

#### 2. Stock Price Change



- **Observation:** Daily fluctuations, indicating volatility without a clear trend.

### 3. Sentiment Polarity

- **Observation:** Significant variations, reflecting mixed public sentiment.

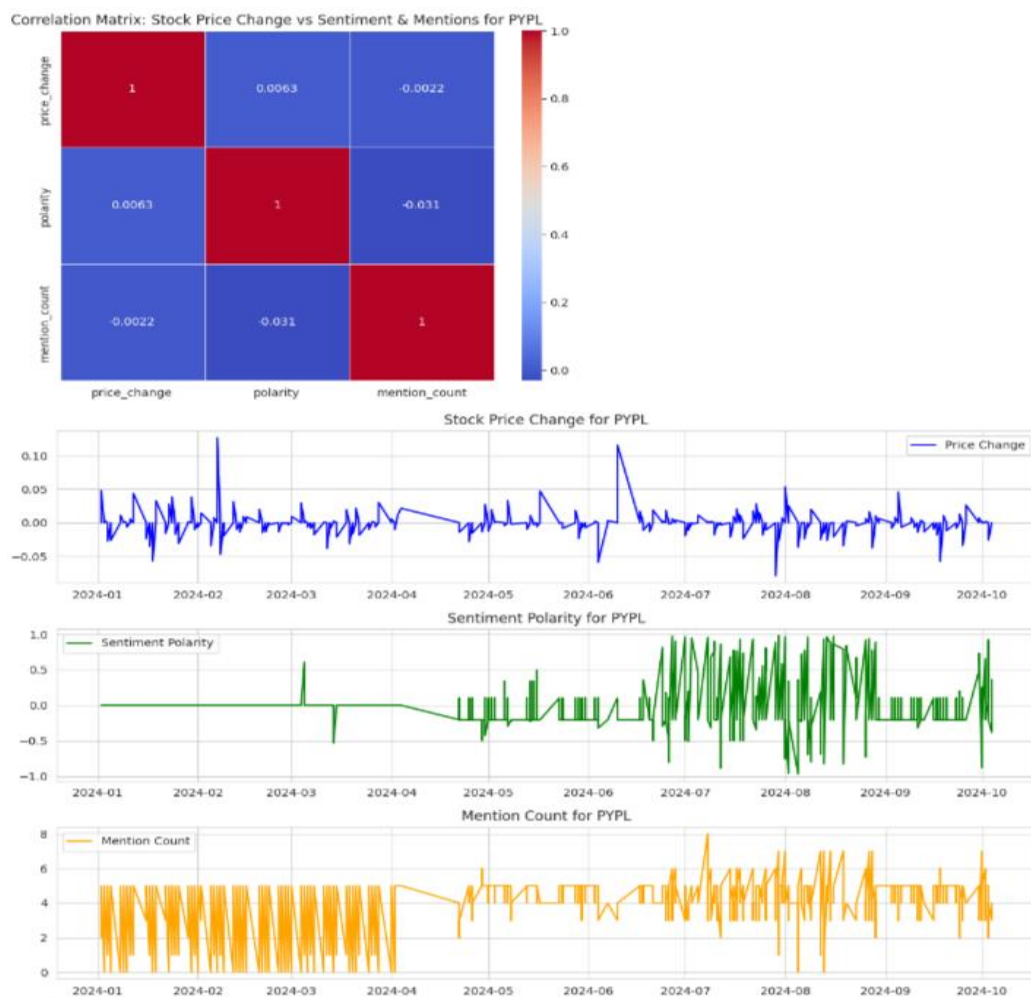
### 4. Mention Count

- **Observation:** Fluctuating levels, with spikes indicating increased public attention.

## Overall Inference

- **Stock Price:** Volatile, no clear trend.
- **Sentiment Polarity:** Mixed reactions.
- **Mention Count:** Periodic spikes in public interest.

9.



## Inference for PYPL Graphs

### 1. Correlation Matrix

- **Values:**
  - Price Change vs. Polarity: 0.0063

- Price Change vs. Mention Count: -0.0022
- Polarity vs. Mention Count: -0.031
- **Inference:** Weak correlations suggest variables aren't strongly related.

## 2. Stock Price Change

- **Observation:** Daily fluctuations, indicating volatility.

## 3. Sentiment Polarity

- **Observation:** Variations from negative to positive, reflecting mixed sentiment.

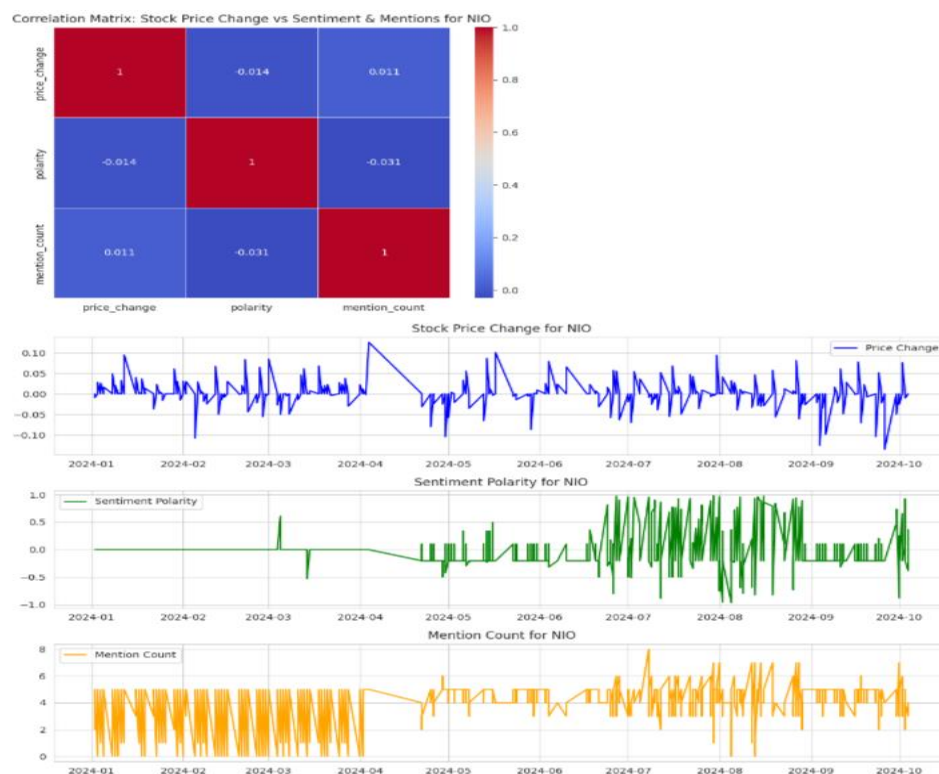
## 4. Mention Count

- **Observation:** Fluctuating daily mentions, reflecting public interest.

## Overall Inference

- **Stock Price:** Volatile with no clear trend.
- **Sentiment Polarity:** Mixed public sentiment.
- **Mention Count:** Variable, with spikes indicating increased attention

10.



## Inference for NIO Graphs

### 1. Correlation Matrix

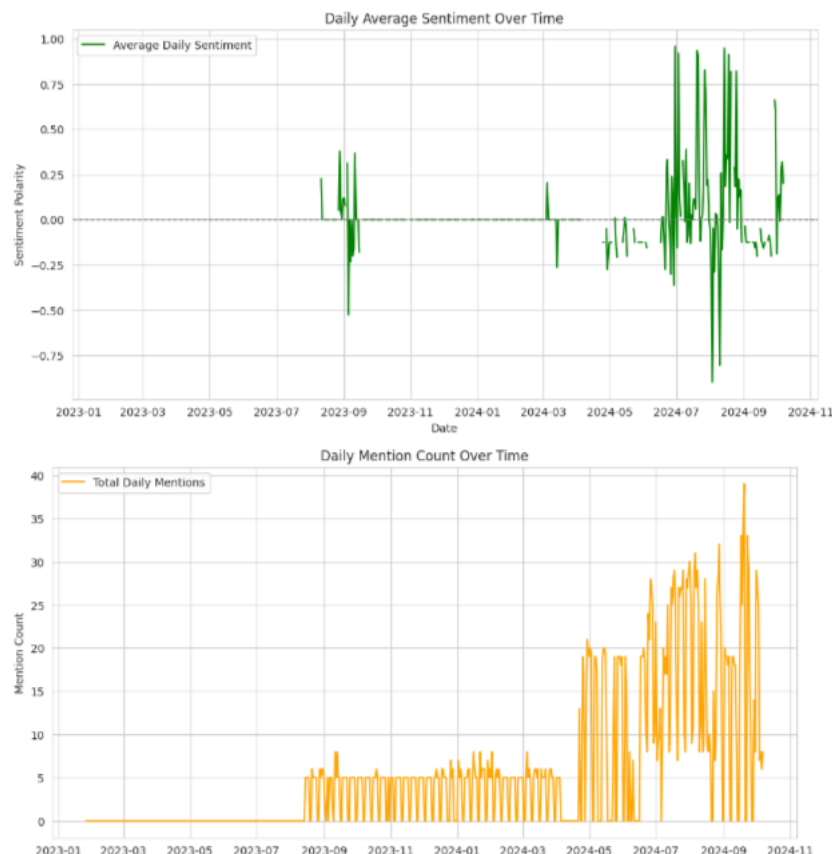
- **Values:**
  - Price Change vs. Polarity: -0.014

- Price Change vs. Mention Count: 0.011
  - Polarity vs. Mention Count: -0.031
  - **Inference:** Weak correlations, suggesting variables aren't strongly related.
2. **Stock Price Change**
    - **Observation:** Daily fluctuations, indicating volatility.
  3. **Sentiment Polarity**
    - **Observation:** Significant variations, reflecting mixed sentiment.
  4. **Mention Count**
    - **Observation:** Fluctuating levels, reflecting public interest.

### Overall Inference

- **Stock Price:** Volatile with no clear trend.
- **Sentiment Polarity:** Mixed reactions.
- **Mention Count:** Periodic spikes in public interest.

11.



### Inference for Graphs

1. **Daily Average Sentiment Over Time**

- **Observation:** Sentiment fluctuates around zero, with significant variations starting around March 2024.
- **Analysis:** Indicates mixed public sentiment, with notable shifts in perception.

## 2. Daily Mention Count Over Time

- **Observation:** Mention count increases significantly from March 2024, peaking around July 2024.
- **Analysis:** Suggests increased public and media attention during these periods.

## Overall Inference

- **Sentiment:** Mixed and variable, with major shifts in 2024.
- **Mention Count:** Periodic spikes, indicating heightened interest and attention.

# Report Findings:

Provide insights based on the analysis, such as: ○ Which stocks show significant changes in price based on social media sentiment. ○ Possible buy/sell signals based on social media discussions.

## Report Findings for Each Company

### TSLA

- **Significant Price Changes:** High volatility influenced by mixed sentiment, particularly after mid-2024.
- **Buy/Sell Signals:** Buy when positive sentiment spikes post-events; sell during significant negative sentiment dips.

### AAPL

- **Significant Price Changes:** Fluctuations correlating with sentiment variations from mid-2024.
- **Buy/Sell Signals:** Buy during increased public attention and positive sentiment; sell when sentiment is highly negative or mentions drop.

### MSFT

- **Significant Price Changes:** Volatility driven by notable sentiment shifts.
- **Buy/Sell Signals:** Buy during positive sentiment spikes and higher mention counts; sell during significant negative sentiment periods.

### GOOG

- **Significant Price Changes:** Daily fluctuations without long-term trends, sensitive to short-term factors.
- **Buy/Sell Signals:** Buy during positive sentiment spikes; sell during sustained negative sentiment.

## **NFLX**

- **Significant Price Changes:** High volatility with mixed sentiment influencing price.
- **Buy/Sell Signals:** Buy during periods of high positive sentiment and mentions; sell during negative sentiment spikes.

## **PYPL**

- **Significant Price Changes:** Daily fluctuations indicate volatility.
- **Buy/Sell Signals:** Buy when public sentiment is positive; sell during negative sentiment periods.

## **NIO**

- **Significant Price Changes:** Volatile with no clear trend, influenced by mixed public sentiment.
- **Buy/Sell Signals:** Buy during spikes in positive sentiment; sell during periods of negative sentiment.

## **TCS**

- **Significant Price Changes:** High volatility, driven by variable public sentiment.
- **Buy/Sell Signals:** Buy during positive sentiment spikes; sell during negative sentiment dips.

## **Recommendations**

### **Actionable Insights:**

1. **TSLA:** High volatility with sentiment influencing price changes. Traders should take caution during significant sentiment dips as it may signal potential price drops.
2. **AAPL:** Sentiment shifts correlate with stock price changes. Positive sentiment spikes could indicate buying opportunities, while negative sentiment may signal the time to sell.
3. **MSFT:** Volatility driven by sentiment shifts. Watch for positive sentiment for buy signals and significant negative sentiment for sell signals.
4. **GOOG:** Mixed reactions affect prices. Positive sentiment peaks could signal buying, while sustained negative sentiment suggests selling.
5. **NFLX:** Sentiment influences stock volatility. High positive sentiment indicates buying; negative sentiment suggests selling.
6. **PYPL:** Market sentiment drives price changes. Positive sentiment spikes signal potential buys; negative sentiment suggests selling.
7. **NIO:** Stock reacts to sentiment swings. Buy during positive sentiment peaks; sell during negative sentiment periods.
8. **TCS:** Sentiment drives volatility. Positive sentiment peaks indicate buying; negative sentiment signals selling.

### **Future Improvements:**

**1. Integrate Data from Multiple Sources:**

- Incorporate news articles, financial reports, and market analysis to get a holistic view of sentiment and its impact on stock prices.

**2. Advanced Sentiment Analysis Techniques:**

- Use machine learning algorithms and natural language processing (NLP) to enhance sentiment analysis accuracy.
- Include context-aware sentiment analysis to better understand the nuances in social media discussions.

**3. Real-Time Analysis:**

- Implement real-time data analysis to provide up-to-date insights and recommendations.

**4. Cross-Market Comparison:**

- Analyze sentiment and price changes across different markets to identify broader trends and correlations.